

SunVTS™ 4.1 Test Reference Manual

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Preface

SunVTSTM 4.1 is the Sun MicrosystemsTM Validation Test Suite. SunVTS is a comprehensive software diagnostic package that tests and validates SunTM hardware by verifying the configuration and functionality of most hardware controllers, devices, and platforms.

SunVTS is primarily used from a graphical user interface (GUI), which may be either Common Desktop Environment (CDE) or OPEN LOOK. This book describes SunVTS tests that run on machines with SPARCTM architectures. The descriptions include specific test options, procedures, and error messages.

This book is primarily written as a reference for SunVTS test specific information. Refer to the *SunVTS 4.1 User's Guide* for overall SunVTS information. Developers or experienced users who want to run the SunVTS diagnostic application will find these documents useful.

Before You Read This Book

In order to make full use of the information in this document, you may need access to the following documents:

- SunVTS 4.1 User's Guide
- SunVTS Quick Reference Card

How This Book Is Organized

This book is organized as follows:

Chapter 1 describes SunVTS requirements, test modes, user interfaces, the collection of tests, and how to run a test from the command line.

The remaining chapters describe the individual SunVTS tests, their options, applicable test modes, and command-line syntax. These chapters are arranged in alphabetical order according to each test name.

Appendix A provides information about the serial and parallel port loopback connectors that are required by some of the SunVTS tests.

Using UNIX Commands

This document does not contain information on basic UNIX® commands and procedures such as shutting down the system, booting the system, and configuring devices.

See one or more of the following for this information:

- Solaris Handbook for Sun Peripherals
- AnswerBook2TM online documentation for the SolarisTM 8 software environment
- Other software documentation that you received with your system

Typographic Conventions

Typographic Conventions

Typeface or Symbol	Meaning	Examples
AaBbCc123	The names of commands, files, and directories; on-screen computer output.	Edit your .login file. Use ls -a to list all files. % You have mail.
AaBbCc123	What you type, when contrasted with on-screen computer output.	% su Password:
AaBbCc123	Book titles, new words or terms, words to be emphasized. Command-line variable; replace with a real name or value.	Read Chapter 6 in the <i>User's Guide</i> . These are called <i>class</i> options. You <i>must</i> be root to do this. To delete a file, type rm <i>filename</i> .

Shell Prompts

TABLE P-2 Shell Prompts

Shell	Prompt
C shell	machine_name%
C shell superuser	machine_name#
Bourne shell and Korn shell	\$
Bourne shell and Korn shell superuser	#

Related Documentation

This manual covers SunVTS revision 4.1 tests. It serves as a reference companion to the SunVTS 4.1 manuals listed below.

TABLE P-3 Related Documentation

Application	Title	Part Number
Installation and Navigation	SunVTS 4.1 User's Guide	806-4985-10
Quick Reference	SunVTS Quick Reference	806-2059-10

Ordering Sun Documentation

Fatbrain.com, an Internet professional bookstore, stocks select product documentation from Sun Microsystems, Inc.

For a list of documents and how to order them, visit the Sun Documentation Center on Fatbrain.com at:

http://www1.fatbrain.com/documentation/sun

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docfeedback@sun.com

Please include the part number (806-4986-10) of your document in the subject line of your email.

Introduction

This manual describes SunVTSTM Version 4.1 tests that are distributed on the Sun Computer Systems Supplement CD.

The SunTM Validation and Test Suite (SunVTS) software runs multiple diagnostic hardware tests from a single user interface. SunVTS verifies the connectivity, functionality, and reliability of most hardware controllers and devices.

SunVTS is composed of many individual tests that support testing of a wide range of products and peripherals. Most of the tests are capable of testing devices in a 32-bit or 64-bit SolarisTM environment.

Use SunVTS to test one device or multiple devices. Some of the major test categories are:

- Audio tests
- Communication (serial and parallel) tests
- Graphic/video tests
- Memory tests
- Network tests
- Peripherals (disks, tape, CD-ROM, DVD-ROM, printer, floppy) tests
- Processor tests
- Storage tests

Such flexibility means that the proper test modes and options need to be selected to maximize its effectiveness. This book covers the individual test options and requirements. For overall test configuration modes and options refer to the *SunVTS 4.1 User's Guide*.

Note – When an error occurs in VTS testing, the test message window displays the error number, the error description, the probable cause of the error, and the recommended actions. Because this information is displayed at the time of the error, error messages are not included in this manual.

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The default installation directory for SunVTS is /opt/SUNWvts. However, when you are installing SunVTS, you can specify a different directory. Refer to the *SunVTS 4.1 User's Guide* for installation information.

Test Requirements

SunVTS version 4.1 was first introduced and designed to run in the Solaris 8 10/00 operating environment. It is recommended that you run SunVTS 4.1 in the Solaris 8 10/00 operating environment.

The operating system kernel must be configured to support all peripherals that are to be tested.

Some SunVTS tests have special requirements such as the connection of loopback connectors, installation of test media, or the availability of disk space. These requirements are listed for each test in the corresponding chapter in this book.

Collection of SunVTS Tests

Many individual tests make up the collection of tests in the SunVTS application. Each test is a separate process from the SunVTS kernel. Each test can be run individually from the command line or from the SunVTS user interface.

When SunVTS is started, the SunVTS kernel automatically probes the system kernel to determine the hardware devices. The devices are then displayed on the SunVTS control panel with the appropriate tests and test options. This provides a quick check of your hardware configuration, and no time is wasted trying to run tests that are not applicable to your configuration.

During testing, the hardware tests send the test status and messages to the SunVTS kernel through interprocess communication (IPC) protocols. The kernel passes the status to the user interface and logs the messages.

SunVTS has a shared object library that contains test-specific probing routines. At runtime, the SunVTS kernel dynamically links in and calls these probing routines to initialize its data structure with test-specific information. You can add new tests into the SunVTS environment without recompiling the SunVTS source code.

As of SunVTS 3.0, the SunVTS kernel and most tests support 32-bit and 64-bit operating environments. When the sunvts command is used to start SunVTS, the appropriate tests (32-bit or 64-bit versions) are presented.

32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests

Because each test is a separate program, you can run individual tests directly from the command line. When this is done, care must be taken to run the appropriate test (32-bit or 64-bit) that corresponds to the operating system that is running (32-bit or 64-bit). This is done by running tests from specific directories as follows:

- 32-bit tests—/opt/SUNWvts/bin/testname
- 64-bit tests—/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname
 - The test is an actual 64-bit binary test if *testname* is a binary file.
 - The test is a 32-bit test capable of running in the 64-bit environment if *testname* is a symbolic link.

Note – The SUNWvtsx package must be installed for 64-bit SunVTS support. For more information on SunVTS packages and installation procedures refer to the *SunVTS 4.1 User's Guide*.

If you use the sunvts command to run SunVTS, SunVTS automatically allocates 32-bit or 64-bit tests based on the 32-bit or 64-bit Solaris operating environment that is running. Therefore, the only time that you need to be concerned with the 32-bit or 64-bit operation is when you run the SunVTS kernel or SunVTS tests from the command line.

If you are not sure which operating system is running, refer to the *Solaris 8 10/00 System Administration* manuals. In Solaris 8, the following command can be used to identify the application support of your system.

isainfo -v

Note - The isainfo command is not available in Solaris 2.6 or earlier releases.

SunVTS Test Modes

A SunVTS test session runs in one of two test modes—*Connection test mode* and *Functional test mode*.

In addition, Functional test mode runs differently based on whether SunVTS was invoked to run on a system in an *offline* or *online* state. TABLE 1-1 describes how Functional test mode differs in these states. The *SunVTS User's Guide* describes how to start SunVTS in the different system states.

TABLE 1-1 SunVTS Test Modes

System State	Connection Test Mode	Functional Test Mode
Offline: No applications are running. All system resources are available for a test session. This is the default, assumed system state	Performs a low-stress, quick test to verify the availability and connectivity of the tested device. This mode is non-intrusive in offline and online states.	Performs robust testing that uses whatever system resources are required for thorough testing. All test options are modifiable for optimum test configurations.
Online: Other applications are running. The test session must not interfere with them. The correct configd package for your system must be installed. For details about configd packages, refer to the Installation chapter of the SunVTS User's Guide. SunVTS must be started with the vtsui.online command. Refer to the SunVTS User's Guide for more details.	Same as above	Performs non-intrusive functional testing by running in a restricted fashion. Many test options are "fixed" to prevent modifications that could alter the non-intrusive test behavior.

Note - Not all tests run in all test modes. For test-specific information refer to the appropriate test chapter in this manual.

As of SunVTS 3.0, access to SunVTS online testing is no longer available through Sun^{TM} Management Center, formerly known as Sun Enterprise SyMONTM. Use the vtsui.online command to start SunVTS on an online system.

SunVTS User Interfaces

You can run SunVTS tests from various interfaces: The CDE and OPEN LOOK (OL) graphical user interfaces, or the TTY interface. SunVTS tests can also be run individually from a shell tool command line, using the command-line syntax for

each test (refer to "Running a Test From the Command Line" on page 7). TABLE 1-2 describes the various SunVTS user interfaces. Refer to the *SunVTS 4.1 User's Guide* for more information on these interfaces.

TABLE 1-2 SunVTS System Interfaces

SunVTS System Interfaces	Description
Graphical user interfaces (GUIs)	Users can select tests and test options by pointing and clicking with a mouse button in the CDE or OPEN LOOK (see note below) interface.
TTY interface	Users can run SunVTS from a terminal or modem attached to a serial port. This feature requires that users use the keyboard instead of the mouse, and it displays one screen of information at a time.
Command-line execution	Lets users run each of the SunVTS tests individually from a shell tool command line using the command-line syntax. Each test description in this book contains the corresponding command-line syntax.

Note – The SunVTS OPEN LOOK user interface does not support the latest SunVTS features and will be discontinued when the OPEN LOOK environment is discontinued in the Solaris operating environment. For full feature support, use the SunVTS CDE or TTY interface. Refer to the Solaris "End-of-Software Support Statements" section of the Solaris operating environment release notes for the latest end of support news.

Running a Test From a User Interface

The common way to run SunVTS testing is through a SunVTS user interface—CDE, OPEN LOOK, or the TTY interface.

Test configuration, control, and results are easily accessed through buttons and dialog boxes. These buttons and dialog boxes are covered in the *SunVTS User's Guide*. However, the Test Parameter Options dialog box is unique for each test, and is therefore covered in this manual.

Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

The options displayed in this menu differ for each test, but the lower set of buttons are generic and are described below.

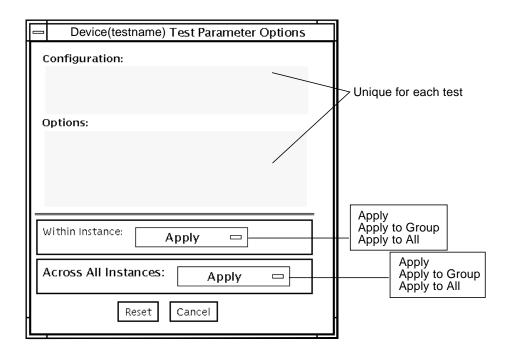


FIGURE 1-1 Test Parameter Options Dialog Box (CDE)

TABLE 1-3 Test Parameter Options Dialog Box Items

Menu Item	Description
Configuration	Information such as device type, capacity, revision, and serial numbers for the selected device. This information cannot be changed.
Options	A list of test options that are used to customize the testing of the selectable device, group, or all devices. The options are specific for each test and are covered in the test specific-chapters in this manual.
Within Instance	 Provides the means to apply the settings: to this device only with Apply, or to all devices within this group with Apply to Group, or to all devices (of the <i>same device type</i> for <i>all controllers</i>) with Apply to All. The option settings are only applied to one instance of the test.

TABLE 1-3 Test Parameter Options Dialog Box Items (Continued)

Menu Item	Description
Across All Instances	Provides the means to apply the settings globally: • to this device only with Apply, or • to all devices within this group with Apply to Group, or • to all devices (of the <i>same device type</i> for <i>all controllers</i>) with Apply to All. The option settings are applied to all instances.
Reset	Returns the option values to their default settings and closes the test parameter option menu.
Cancel	Ignores any changes made to option values and closes the test parameter option menu.

Note – The Test Parameter Options Dialog Box descriptions also apply to the Test Parameter Options menu in the TTY interface.

Note – The Test Parameter Options Dialog Box descriptions also apply to the OPEN LOOK interface. However, the Apply to Group and Apply to All buttons are not available in the SunVTS OPEN LOOK user interface.

Note – The SunVTS OPEN LOOK user interface may not support the latest SunVTS features. For full feature support, use the SunVTS CDE or TTY interface. The SunVTS OPEN LOOK user interface will be sustained, but not enhanced, as long as OPEN LOOK is supported in the Solaris environment.

Running a Test From the Command Line

In some cases it may be more convenient to run a single SunVTS test from the command line rather than through a SunVTS user interface. The following information describes how to do this.

Unless specified, the test runs without the SunVTS kernel (vtsk). All events and errors are sent to stdout or stderr and are not logged in the log files.

When you run a test in this way, you must specify all test options in the form of command-line arguments.

There are two types of command-line arguments:

■ Standard arguments—common to all tests. Refer to TABLE 1-4 for details.

■ Test specific arguments—unique to a specific test. Refer to the test-specific chapters in this book for details.

The standard syntax for all SunVTS tests is:

testname [-scruvdtelnf] [-i number] [-w number] [-o test_specific_arguments]

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Standard Command-Line Arguments

The following table defines the standard SunVTS command-line arguments:

TABLE 1-4 Standard Command-Line Arguments

Argument	Description	
-s	Runs a test as though it were invoked from the SunVTS kernel (vtsk). The default is to send the output to stdout or stderr.	
-c	Enables a core image of the test process to be created in the current working directory upon receipt of certain signals, otherwise those signals are caught and handled to prevent a core from being generated. The default is to disable the creation of a core image.	
-r	Enables run on error so that when an error occurs, the test continues with the next test sequence instead of exiting. The default is false.	
-u	Displays command-line usage information.	
-Λ	Runs the test in Verbose mode and displays messages with more detailed information about the testing process. The default is false.	
-d	Runs the test in debug mode and displays messages to help programmers debug their test code. The default is false.	
-t	Runs the test in test Trace mode and displays messages that track function calls and sequences currently in use by the test code. The default is false.	
-е	Runs the test in Stress mode by increasing the system load. The default is false.	
-1	Runs the test in Online Functional mode. This is the same mode that tests run in when executed with the vtsui.online command. It is a non-intrusive version that will not significantly affect other applications. See the note below. The default is true.	

TABLE 1-4 Standard Command-Line Arguments (Continued)

Argument	Description		
-n	Runs the test in Connection mode. See the note below. The default is false.		
-f	Runs the test in full Functional test mode. This mode assumes that the test has complete control of the device under test. See the note below. The default is false.		
-i number	Defines the number of instances for scalable tests.		
-w number	For scalable tests, defines to which instance the test is assigned.		
-0	Used to indicate that the options and arguments that follow are test specific.		

Note — Separate each test-specific argument by commas, with no space after each comma.

Note – If you choose to specify a test mode with the l, n, or f option, specify only one option at a time because only one test mode can be selected at a time.

Test-Specific Arguments

There are test-specific arguments, as described in TABLE 1-5. Test-specific arguments follow the format specified in the <code>getsubopt(3c)</code> man page. For information about test-specific arguments refer to the specific test chapter in this book.

 TABLE 1-5
 SunVTS Test-Specific Arguments

Argument	Description		
-0	Separate each test-specific argument by commas, with no space after the each comma. For example: #./sample -v -o dev=/dev/audio,volume=78		
	The test option format is specified by the man page getsubopt(3C).		

Testing Frame Buffers

▼ To Activate a Frame Buffer Test

- 1. If you are using the CDE or OPEN LOOK SunVTS interface, go to the Option menu of the graphic test and select Enable for the frame buffer locking option.
- 2. If you are working from the command line, you can enable frame buffer locking with the lock=e/d option. For example, to run the generic frame buffer test (fbtest) with a locked frame buffer, type:

```
# ./fbtest -o dev=cgthree0,lock=enable
```

(See the test command line argument descriptions in this manual.)



Caution — If frame buffer locking is disabled (unlocked) on frame buffers that are running vtsui, or you move the mouse, you will receive false error messges. Even a slight mouse movement can cause a test to fail.



Caution – Do not run TTY mode and frame buffer tests concurrently on the console monitor. The frame buffer test may fail.

Testing Multiple Frame Buffers

The following rules apply when you test multiple frame buffers (displays) simultaneously:

- Only the console monitor can run the window environment (such as CDE or OPEN LOOK). The console monitor is the monitor connected to the frame buffer appointed by /dev/fb. SunVTS enables frame buffer locking on the console monitor by default.
- The frame buffer that is running the window environment must have window locking enabled to avoid false test failures. All other frame buffers must have window locking disabled.

Remote Testing of Frame Buffers

If you start sunvts or vtsk from a screen other than the console monitor, frame buffer locking is not available. In this case:

- disable the window locking option on the remote screen to d.
- enable frame buffer locking for the console monitor, as shown in the example above. The SunVTS user interface cannot display on a monitor if locking is disabled.

Do not run any graphic programs (including vtsui) on the remote frame buffer during graphic testing.

Advanced Frame Buffer Test (afbtest)

afbtest verifies the functionality of the advanced frame buffer.

afbtest can detect and adapt to the various video modes of the advanced frame buffer (AFB). Instead of only running in one standard graphics mode, all tests can run in any mode. In stereo mode, all tests write into the right and left eyes unless you specify otherwise.

You can interrupt afbtest using Control-c. Turn off all other keyboard input if OPEN LOOK is running on the unit being tested.

Test accuracy is checked using a checksum algorithm. Possible locations of failing pixels are colored chartreuse to help visually identify their position.



Caution – Do not run any other application or screen saver program that uses the AFB accelerator port while running afbtest. This combination causes SunVTS to return incorrect errors.

afbtest Test Requirements

Disable all screen savers before testing any graphics device. Type xset s off at a UNIX® prompt to disable the Solaris screen saver.

afbtest requires approximately 29 Mbytes of disk space in the /tmp directory to extract its working files. If this space is not available, the diagnostic will fail and report warning and error messages, indicating a lack of disk space.

Note – Do not run Open Windows across multiple monitor while running afbtest, otherwise the test will return errors.

afbtest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

By default, all afbtest options are enabled.

- AFB(afbtest)	Test	Ра	rameter	Options
Options :				
3DRAM:	Enail	le	Disable	
3DRAM Legic	Enai	le	Disable	
RAMDAC	Enai	le	Disable	
Micro code:	Enail	de	Disable	
Rendering Pipeline:	Enail	le	Disable	
Fast Fill/Vertical Scroll:	Enait	le	Disable	
Pixel Processor:	Enai	le	Disable	
AFE Dats:	Enat	le	Disable	
AFE Lines:	Enst	le.	Disable	
AFE Triangles:	Enat	le	Disable	
Lighting:	Enel	le	Disable	
Texture Processor:	Enail	le	Disable	
AFB Misc	Enait	le	Disable	
Picking:	Enail	le	Disable	
Arbitration:	Enat	le :	Disable	
Stereo:	Enat	le :	Disable	
UART:	Enail	le	Disable	
Subtest Repeat:	1,	1	D====	99
Test Loop Repeat:	1	1	D==	99
Pattern:	D P	and	tom	
Processor Affinity:	0 K	lore	,	
Within instance: Apply 🗁				
Across All Instances: Apply ==				
Reset Cancel				

FIGURE 2-1 afbtest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

TABLE 2-1afbtest Options

afbtest Options	Description		
3DRAM test	The 3DRAM test thoroughly tests the video memory in the AFB using 512-bit reads and writes. 3DRAM makes a full-screen pass, consisting of a write and a read to each pixel location, for each access mode on the list below. The data used can be either random or specified by the user. A second pass is made with the one's complement of the data used in the first pass so that each memory location is tested with both a zero and a one.		
	Errors in this subtest are attributes to the 3DRAM. A failing chip is indicated by (X, Y) locations and device-specific "U" numbers. • DFB8R, DFB8G, DFB8B, DFB8X—Buffer A • DFB24—Buffer A • DFB32—Buffer A • SFB8R, SFB8G, SFB8B, SFB8X—Buffer A • SFB8R, SFB8G, SFB8B, SFB8X—Buffer B • SFB32—Buffer A • SFB32—Buffer B • SFB32—Buffer C • SFB64—Buffers A and C • SFB64—Buffers B and C		

 ${\tt TABLE\ 2-1} \quad {\tt afbtest\ Options}$

afbtest Options	Description
3DRAM Logic test	The 3DRAM Logic test provides logical functionality to the AFB.
J	The following services are tested:
	Compare Controls—Match AB
	Compare Controls—Magnitude AB
	Compare Controls—Match C
	Compare Controls—Magnitude C
	Match Mask—AB
	Magnitude Mask—AB
	• Match Mask—C
	• Magnitude Mask—C
	Raster Operations—RGB
	• Raster Operations—X
	 Raster Operations—YZ
	Plane Mask—RGB
	• Plane Mask—X
	• Plane Mask—Y
	• Plane Mask—Z
	• Group Enable—R, G, B, X
	• Group Enable—Y, Z
	Each function is tested separately with a series of SFB64 writes. A total of 16 writes are made for each different test case with Y coordinate values varying from 0 to 30 in increments of 2 pixels. This dotted column organization provides page thrashing and block flashing in all screen resolutions. For each operation all possible combinations are tested. For example, in ROP RGB $new = old$ there are three possible values: $new < old$, $new = old$, and $new > old$. Each
	of these cases are tested. Five passes of the functions are made. Each pass writes into a different AFB address space: SFB32-A, SFB32-B, SFB32-C, SFB64-AC, and SFB64-BC. Note that the passes that write into the SFB32 address spaces are writing two pixels at a time because the tests use SFB64 writes.
	Care is taken to ensure that all 3DRAM chips are tested. Errors in this subtest are attributed to the 3DRAM.

TABLE 2-1afbtest Options

afbtest Options	Description		
RAMDAC test	RAMDAC registers are tested using simple read/write patterns to determine if there are any bad bits. This includes all LUTs (4 CLUTs, PWLUT and OWLUT). afbtest ensures that data is actually being read from the RAMDAC and not being supplied by the driver.		
	RAMDAC on AFB can be in SEP8 or Combined mode. RAMDAC test detects the RAMDAC mode and tests the RAMDAC output for that mode. The RAMDAC Signature Register captures the pixels going to the screen. This test determines that all of the different data paths within the RAMDAC are functioning properly.		
	The data pattern is designed so all the data paths are tested. i.e., All CLUTs, PWLUTs, and OWLUTS. A cursor is also displayed on the screen.		
	Errors in this test are attributed to the RAMDAC.		
Microcode test	Microcode test generates the checksum for the microcode of the each enabled float and compares all the checksums for equality.		
	Errors in this test are attributed to the microcode PROMS & SRAMS.		
Rendering Pipeline test	Rendering Pipeline test uses the rendering pipeline tests developed for the FFB stand-alone diagnostics. Each FFB primitive is tested thoroughly with a variety of sources and configurations: • Dots • Anti-aliased dots • Lines using all four line drawing primitives		
	• Triangles		
	• Polygons		
	RectanglesFonts		
	Errors in this test are attributed to the Draw Chips.		
Fast Fill/Vertical Scroll test	Fast Fill/Vertical Scroll primitives are separated from the Rendering Pipeline tests because of their dependence on screen type. There are three different tests, one for each screen type. Each test uses both block and page mode fast fills.		
	Errors in this test are attributed to the Draw Chips.		

 ${\tt TABLE\ 2-1} \quad {\tt afbtest\ Options}$

afbtest Options	Description		
Pixel Process test	The Pixel Processor test, a subtest, exercises the options selected by the AFB's Pixel Processor Control (PPC) register: • Auxiliary clipping (additive and subtractive) • Depth cueing • Alpha blend • Viewport clip (2D and 3D) • Area pattern (transparent and opaque)		
	Errors in this test are attributed to the Draw Chips.		
AFB Dots test	This test uses the AFB primitive tests developed for the AFB standalone diagnostics. AFB Dots are tested thoroughly with a variety of sources and configurations: • Dots • Anti-aliased dots • Big dots		
	Errors in this test are attributed to the Command & Draw Chips.		
AFB Lines test	This test uses the AFB primitive tests developed for the AFB standalone diagnostics. AFB Lines are tested thoroughly with a variety of sources and configurations: • Jaggy lines • Anti-aliased lines • Lines with patterns • Bresenham lines • Wide lines drawn as lines and triangles Errors in this test are attributed to the Command & Draw Chips.		
AFB Triangles test	This test uses the AFB primitive tests developed for the AFB stand alone diagnostics. AFB Triangles are tested thoroughly with a variety of sources and configurations: • Triangles drawn clock wise & counter clockwise • Triangles drawn as stripes • Independent triangles • Triangles drawn as stars • Triangles with facet normals		
	Errors in this test are attributed to the Command & Draw Chips.		

TABLE 2-1afbtest Options

afbtest Options	Description		
Lighting test	The Lighting test exercises AFB float and lighting microcode. This test lights an object with maximum number of lights (32) that AFB can handle in hardware. A checksum is generated for the rendered image and compared with the checksum generated for the same image on a known good system.		
	Errors in this test are attributed to the Float & Microcode SRAMS.		
Texture Processor test	The Texture Processor test exercises the different options of the AFB's Texture Pixel Processor Control (TPPC) register: • Texture Minification • Texture Magnification • Blend • Decal • Modulation		
	Errors in this test are attributed to the Draw Chips.		
AFB Mix test	The AFB Mix test draws different primitives with variety combinations of sources and configurations, exercising all the Draw, Float, Microcode, and 3DRAM chips on AFB. This test is to stress the AFB.		
	Errors in this test are attributed to Draw, Float, Microcode, and/or 3DRAM Chips.		
Picking test	The Picking test exercises the pick detect login of the 3DRAM. We define a pick detect window and make sure that writes to the window are picked, and writes outside the window are not picked. The test is repeated once for each 3DRAM.		
	Errors in this test are attributed to the 3DRAM.		
Arbitration test	The Arbitration test, a subtest, continuously renders an object into the accelerator port while doing reads and writes through the direct port. A picture is rendered into all 32 planes of the B buffer while the other process does 32-bit DFB reads and writes in the A plane. This subtest simulates conditions in the real world, where rendering processes and windows operations run concurrently.		
	Errors in this test are attributed to the Context switching between DFB and SFB.		

TABLE 2-1 afbtest Options

afbtest Options	Description		
Stereo test	Stereo test displays an object in stereo mode with different images for the right and left eye. The user can verify proper operation by looking at the screen with stereo glasses and following the instructions being displayed. If the monitor type is not 1280x1024 at 76MHz, this test prints a warning message and does not execute. To prevent this message from being displayed or written to the SunVTS information log, disable the stereo test in the Test Parameter Options dialog box. Only Sony P4 and N2 monitors support stereo resolutions. This test temporarily switches the monitor into stereo mode, renders a stereo image, performs a signature analysis on the stereo image (using the RAMDAC signature capture register), and after displaying the image for five seconds, restores the monitor to its previous resolution.		
	Errors in this test are attributed to the RAMDAC.		
UART test	The UART test tests both UART0 and UART1. First, UART memory is tested using simple read/write patterns to determine if there are any bad bits. Then data is written to UART 0/1 and the written data is read using the internal loopback in polling mode. The read data is verified with written data.		
	Errors in this test are attributed to UART and its SRAM memory chip.		

afbtest Test Modes

Due to the nature of graphic tests, reading data from, or writing data to the frame buffer during graphic tests will disturb user operation. For this reason, afbtest is only available in offline Functional test mode.

 TABLE 2-2
 afbtest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	No	Not supported.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Runs the full set of tests.
Functional (Online)	No	Not supported.

afbtest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/afbtest standard_arguments -o dev=device_name,
s=subtest_number,F=#_of_subtest_loops,B=#_of_test_loops,P=test_pattern

TABLE 2-3 afbtest Command-Line Syntax

<pre>device_name is the relative path name of the device being tested with respect to /dev/fbs; The default is afb0.</pre>	
<pre>device_name is the relative path name of the device being tested with respect to /dev/fbs; The default is afb0.</pre>	
<i>subtest_number</i> is the test number of the subtest to be run. Select from the subtests below. You can run multiple subtests by adding the subtest numbers together. For example, $n=0x3$ runs both test 1 and test 2; $n=0x180$ runs both test $0x080$ and test $0x0100$. You do not need the leading zeros.	
• n—0x00001 3DRAM	
• n-0x00002 3DRAM Logic	
• n—0x00004 RAMDAC	
• n-0x00008 Micro code	
• n-0x00010 Rendering Pipeline	
• n—0x00020 FastFill/Vertical Scroll	
• n—0x00040 Pixel Processor	
• n-0x00080 AFB Dots	
• n—0x00100 AFB Lines	
• $n-0$ x00200 AFB Triangles	
• n-0x00400 Lighting	
• n—0x00800 Texture Processor	
• n—0x02000 AFB Mix Test	
• n-0x04000 Picking	
• n—0x08000 Arbitration	
• n-0x10000 Stereo	
• n—0x40000 UART	
The number of times to repeat each subtest. The default is 1. The number of times to repeat a test loop before passing. The default is 1.	

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname. If the test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Note – Errors returned by afbtest are nonspecific: It is not possible to determine which component caused a failure. In all error conditions, the field replaceable unit (FRU) is the entire AFB.

Alarm Card Test (alarmtest)

The Alarm Card is a hot-swappable add-on option for the Netra ct systems which provides secure remote access for system monitoring, failure recovery, and alarm notification. The alarm card can be used in both front- and rear-access systems.

This test is not scalable.

Note — Do not run alarmtest and rsctest at the same time. Tests may return incorrect results.

alarmtest Subtests

alarmtest consists of six subtests which test and report on the following:

- **■** Ethernet
- Serial ports
- PC-card (PCMCIA) socket
- Flash memory
- SEEPROM
- TOD

alarmtest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the SunVTS User's Guide for more details.

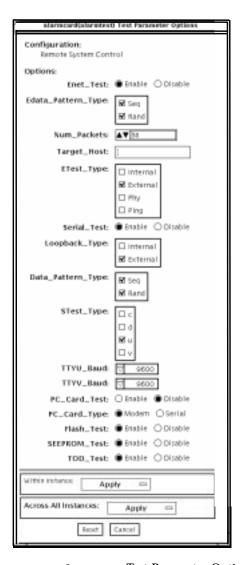


FIGURE 3-1 alarmtest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

TABLE 3-1 alarmtest Options

Option	Description
Enet_Test	Enables or disables Ethernet testing.
Edata_Pattern_Type	Selects the type of data pattern for Enet_Test: Sequential, Random, or both.
Num_Packets	Specifies the number of data packets to be sent in one test loop.

TABLE 3-1 alarmtest Options

Option	Description	
Target_Host	Specifies the IP address of a host to use for the ping test.	
Etest_Type	Selects any or all internal, external, Phy (ethernet transceiver), or ping tests.	
Serial_Test	Enables or disables serial_test.	
Loopback_Type	Selects internal loopback, external loopback, or both.	
Sdata_Pattern_Type	Selects the type of data pattern for serial_test: Sequential, Random, or both.	
STest_Type	Selects ports to be tested: c, d, u, or v.	
TTYU_Baud	Selects the alarm card's COM1 port baud rate.	
TTYV_Baud	Selects the alarm card's COM2 port baud rate.	
PC_Card_Test	Enables or disables PC card (PCMCIA) testing.	
PC_Card_Type	Specifies the card type for the PC Card: modem or serial i/o.	
Flash_Test	Enables or disables the flash checksum test.	
SEEPROM_test	Enables or disables the SEEPROM checksum test.	
TOD_test	Enables or disables the TOD checksum test.	

Loopbacks

The loopback tests use the following external loopbacks:

- Ethernet loopback test—standard RJ-45 connector. Connect pin 1 to pin 3, and pin 2 to pin 6.
- Serial loopback test for Netra ct 800—DB-9 connector. Connect pin 2 to pin 3, pins 4 and 6 to pin 1, and pin 7 to pin 8.
- Serial loopback test for Netra ct 400—RJ-45. Connect pin 6 to pin 3, pin 1 to pin 8, and pin 2 to pin 7.

alarmtest Test Modes

TABLE 3-2 alarmtest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	Reports the status of the alarm card.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Runs the subtests for Ethernet, Serial, Flash, PCMCIA, SEEPROM, and TOD.
Functional (Online)	No	Not supported.

alarmtest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/alarmtest standard_arguments -o enet=E(nable)/D(isable), epattype=seq+rand, epkts= $number_packets$, target= $IP_address$, etest=I+E+H+P, serial=E(nable)/D(isable), slb=I+E, spattype=seq+rand, stest=c+d+u+v, pccard=E(nable)/D(isable), pccardtype=modem/serial, flash=E(nable)/D(isable), seeprom=E(nable)/D(isable), tod=E(nable)/D(isable), ttyubaud= $ALL/specific_baud$, ttyubaud= $ALL/specific_baud$

TABLE 3-3 alarmtest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation
enet=E(nable)/D(isable)	Enables or disables Ethernet testing.
epattype=seq+rand	Selects the type of data pattern for Enet_Test: Sequential, Random, or both.
epkts=number_packets	Specifies the number of data packets to be sent in one test loop.
target=IP_address	Specifies the IP address of a host to use for the ping test.
etest= <i>I</i> + <i>E</i> + <i>H</i> + <i>P</i>	Selects any or all internal, external, Phy, or ping tests.
serial = E(nable)/D(isable)	Enables or disables serial_test.
$\mathtt{slb} = I + E$	Selects internal loopback, external loopback, or both.
spattype=seq+rand	Selects the type of data pattern for serial_test: Sequential, Random, or both.

TABLE 3-3 alarmtest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation (Continued)
stest=c+d+u+v	Selects ports to be tested: c, d, u, or v.
pccard=E(nable)/D(isable)	Enables or disables PC card (PCMCIA) testing.
pccardtype=modem/ serial	Specifies the card type for the PC Card: modem or serial i/o . Default is modem.
flash=E(nable)/D(isable)	Enables or disables the flash checksum test.
${\tt seeprom=}E(nable)/ \ D(isable)$	Enables or disables the SEEPROM checksum test.
tod=E(nable)/D(isable)	Enables or disables the TOD checksum test.
ttyubaud=ALL specific_baud	Defines baud rates to be used in testing the alarmcard's COM1 port.
ttyvbaud=ALL specific_baud	Defines baud rates to be used in testing the alarmcard's COM2 port.

Note – 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/ sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

SunATM Adapter Test (atmtest)

atmtest checks the functionality of the SunATM $^{\text{\tiny TM}}\text{-}155$ and SunATM-622 SBus and PCI bus adapters.

It runs only in loopback (external or internal) mode. The asynchronous transfer mode (ATM) adapter, and ATM device driver must be present. To run the atmtest in external loopback mode, a loopback connector must be attached to the ATM adapter. The internal loopback mode does not require a loopback connector.

atmtest uses DLPI RAW mode to talk to the device driver. It establishes a virtual circuit (VC) to send a message, receive a message, and compare messages. If the message does not match, or the message is out of sequence, it displays an error message.

Using a random number generator, atmtest sends data into a data buffer and then sends each message from a different starting point. This assures that no two consecutive messages are the same.

atmtest can test more than one virtual circuit. The more virtual circuits used increases the stress level of the test. atmtest automatically selects the virtual circuit number which is unique to the test.

atmtest is nonscalable as it provides for more than one virtual circuit to be tested for each instance, which is adequate for the purpose of a stress test.

atmtest Test Requirements

atmtest can only be selected when the Intervention mode is enabled since it requires a loopback connector for external loopback testing. While Intervention mode is enabled, atmtest and nettest are both available as default selections, however, you must deselect nettest when testing the ATM device.

Bring the ATM interface down to make sure that the interface is in offline mode before running atmtest.

Note - Do not run nettest while running atmtest.

atmtest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

Sa0(atmtest) Te	st Parameter Options
Configuration: Host_Name: ss5–4–no Host Address: 172.18. Host ID: 80720852 Domain Name: nettes	191.34
Options:	
Total_packets:	▲ ▼ [10000
Number_of_VC:	▲ ▼ [2
MAX_PKT_LEN:	
Outstanding_Pkts:	≜ ₹ [4
First_VC_no:	▲ ▼ [30
Bandwidth:	▲ ▼ [14
Print_Warning:)Enable 🛞 Disable
Within instance: Apple	y 🗆
Across All Instances:	Apply =
Reset	ancel

FIGURE 4-1 atmtest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

TABLE 4-1 atmtest Options

Options	Description
Configuration	The post address, host ID, and domain name of the system being tested.
Total packets	The total number of packets sent. The default number of packets sent is 10000.
Number of VC	The number of virtual circuits to be set up by one instance. The default number of virtual circuits is 2 for each instance. The atmtest uses these two virtual circuits to send out messages simultaneously. The message is received in sending order.
Loopback	Enables the user to select either the external loopback field or internal loopback field. The default selection is the external loopback field. A loopback connector is only needed for external loopback testing.
MAX_PKG_LEN	The maximum packet length to be used by the test to send out the data. The default number is 9140.
Outstanding_pkts	Describes the maximum number of outstanding packets. atmtest stops sending messages when the outstanding packet count is more than the number of packets this field specifies.
First_VC_no	Enables the user to set up the starting virtual circuit number to be used for each atmtest instance. atmtest can automatically avoid virtual circuit numbers that have already been used.
Bandwidth	Enables the user to select different bandwidths to test. The default number is 14.

atmtest Test Modes

TABLE 4-2 atmtest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	No	Not supported.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Runs the full set of tests.
Functional (Online)	No	Not supported.

atmtest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/atmtest standard_arguments -o
dev=device,tpkts=n,nv=n,ml=n,bw=n,opkts=n,ld,sd,sl,nc,ns,vcf

 $\textbf{TABLE 4-3} \quad \text{atmtest } Command\text{-}Line \; Syntax$

Argument	Description	
dev=device	Specifies the device name to be tested, such as ba0 or sa0.	
tpkts=n	Specifies the number of packets to loopback [1.2147483647].	
nv=num_vc	Specifies the number of simultaneous virtual circuits to be tested.	
ml=max_len	Specifies the maximum length of the random packet.	
bw=bandwidth	Specifies the bandwidth in MBits/s of a virtual circuit.	
opkts=n	Specifies the number of packets for each virtual circuit that can be transmitted without receiving a corresponding packet.	
ld	The internal loopback mode is selected.	
sd	Changes the payload data to static instead of random.	
sl	Changes all packets to their maximum length.	
nc	Instructs the test not to check the receive payload (improves throughput).	
ns	Instructs the test not to exit on a packet reception failure.	
vcf=n	Specifies the first virtual circuit number used.	

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname. If the test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Audio Test (audiotest)

The audiotest verifies the hardware and software components of the audio subsystem. This test supports all Sun audio implementations.

This test will work with exclusive access devices (only one process or application available at a time), or with newer audio devices which support the software mixer feature available in the Solaris 8 operating environment.

Note — audiotest turns the mixer off automatically at run time. Shut down all audio applications before running audiotest, as Online mode is not supported. The mixer is restored after testing.

This test is not scalable.

The availability of the following subtests depends on the particular audio implementation being tested.

audiotest Subtests

 TABLE 5-1
 audiotest Subtests

Subtest	Description
Record/Play test	This test plays and records one second of data. It does not check data. This test is run on all audio implementations.
Crystal test	The crystal test measures the accuracy of the crystal that generates the sample rate clock. It does this by playing a one-second signal and then measuring the actual time required to play the signal. This measurement is performed for each of the eight standard sample rates. This test is available for dbri(7) and audiocs(7) audio implementations
Loopback tests	This test verifies the functionality and signal quality of the audio ports. The test simultaneously plays and records a known signal. The recorded signal is analyzed for loop gain and signal-to-noise ratio plus distortion. This is repeated at various sample rates, encodings, precisions and channels.
	The audio ports that are supported depend on the audio implementation under test. The audiocs(7) implementation supports loopbacks from/to headphone, line-out, microphone, and line-in ports. The dbri(7)/speakerbox implementation supports fewer ports. The audioamd(7) implementation does not support loopback tests. Most tests require a stereo loopback cable.
	Note: The microphone loopback tests require special hardware and are used by manufacturing centers and special test facilities. Do not invoke the microphone loopback tests unless you have the required hardware.
Controls test	This test verifies the three control buttons on the Sun speakerbox. The Controls test plays music while the user is prompted to press the Volume Down, Volume Up, and Mute buttons in a specific order. If no button is pressed in 30 seconds the test fails. This test is only supported on the dbri(7)/speakerbox implementation.
Audio test	This test plays a 30-second music file out of the speaker or headphone. The full benefit of this test is only realized if the user listens to the output. Badly distorted audio or inaudible music indicates a problem. This test is supported on all audio implementations.

audiotest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

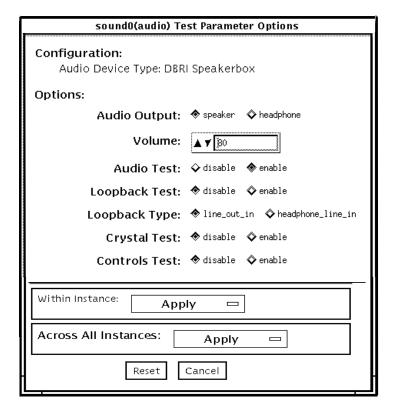


FIGURE 5-1 audiotest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

Note — Upon startup, the SunVTS probe utility determines which audio implementation is present and adjusts the audiotest Option menu appropriately. Your dialog box may look different than the one pictured here, but will contain some or all of these options.

Note – The internal loopbacks are only active if the audio jacks are unused (nothing connected).

Some options can only be selected through the command line. See the command-line option descriptions in "audiotest Command-Line Syntax" on page 41.

TABLE 5-2audiotest Options

Option	Description
Audio Output	Selects the output port for the Music Play test.
Volume	Sets the volume for the Music Play test.
Audio test	Enables or disables the Music Play test. This test is enabled by default.
Loopback test	Enables or disables the Loopback test. A loopback cable must be installed between the selected ports to run external loopback tests. This test is disabled by default.
Loopback type	Selects the type of Loopback test to run.
Crystal test	Enables or disables the Crystal test. This test is disabled by default.
Controls test	Enables or disables the speakerbox Controls test. This is an interactive test. The user is prompted to press the control buttons on the speakerbox. This test is disabled by default.

Note – Do not run the Crystal test while running other SunVTS tests. The Crystal test is timing-dependent. If the system is too busy, it fails due to time-out errors.

audiotest Test Modes

TABLE 5-3 audiotest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection test	Yes	A simple open and close is performed. No data is transferred. The test returns a pass if the device can be opened and closed successfully. If the device cannot be opened because it is busy, then it is assumed that the device is successfully connected to another process and the test passes.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	The record/play test is run and you can choose to run any of the tests described earlier. In this mode, the test will fail if the device is busy.
Functional (Online)	No	Not supported.

audiotest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/audiotest standard_arguments -o dev=/dev/sound/ unit_no, I = /devioctl_device, M, L, Q, S, T = loopback_test_type, X, E, LE, CD, CDD=CD_device_name, CDT=track_number, CDG=play_gain, CDL=play_time, w, MF=filename, TF=filename

TABLE 5-4 audiotest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=/dev/audio_device	Specifies the audio device to be tested. The default is dev=/dev/audio.
I=/dev/ioctl_device	Specifies the audio ioctl device to be tested. The default is /dev/audioctl.
м	Enables the Music Play test.
L	Enables the Loopback test.
Q	Enables the Quality test. This option does the same thing as ${\tt L}$ option except that it prints an extra status message upon completion.

 TABLE 5-4
 audiotest Command-Line Syntax (Continued)

Argument	Description
S	Enables the speakerbox Controls test.
T=loopback_test_type	Specifies the type of Loopback test. The default is 1; the choices are listed below: • 0—Codec Internal Loopback (CS4231 audio only) • 1—Line-in/Line-out • 2—Headphone/Line-in • 3—Headphone/Microphone • 4—Speaker/CD-input • I1—Internal Line-in/Line-out • I2—Internal Spk/Mic • I3—Internal Headphone/Aux1 • I4—Internal Speaker/Aux1 • I5—Internal Headphone/Mic Note: Test type 0 is always run by default on CS4231 audio implementations. Test types 3 and 4 require special hardware, and are used by manufacturing centers and special test
	facilities. Do not invoke these tests unless you have the required hardware.
X	Enables the Audio Crystal test.
E LE	Continues testing if an error occurs. Loops on error. This plays the signal data in a continuous
TIE	loop.
CD	Enables the cdtest. This is for systems with an internal CD ROM drive. A CD-ROM with music tracks must be loaded prior to running this test.
CDD=CD_device_name	Specifies the raw device name for the CD-ROM drive. The default is CDD=/dev/rdsk/c0t6d0s0.
CDT=number	Specifies the track number of the CD-ROM to play. The default is to play the first track on the disc.
CDG=play_gain	Specifies the play gain of the CD Play test (0 to 255). The default is 120.
CDL=play_time	Specifies the number of seconds to run the CD Play test. The default is 30 seconds.

TABLE 5-4 audiotest Command-Line Syntax (Continued)

Argument	Description
W	Shows warning messages during the Loopback test.
MF=filename	Selects an optional music file.
TF=filename	Specifies an optional tolerance file.
	Note: The tolerance file is used by manufacturing centers and special test facilities. Do not use this option unless you are familiar with the tolerance file format.

Note - 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/ sparcv9/testname. If the test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Bidirectional Parallel Port Printer Test (bpptest)

bpptest verifies the functionality of the bidirectional parallel port. SBus printer cards have two printer ports: one for any SPARCprinterTM device and one for a parallel port printer.

The bpptest verifies that your SBus card and its parallel port are working properly by attempting to transfer a data pattern from the SBus card to the printer.

Two indications show that the card and printer are functioning properly: First, you can see from the SunVTS Status window that bpptest made a successful pass, and second, that the pattern transmitted to the printer printed correctly.

If the bpptest passes successfully, you know that the SBus DMA circuitry, the printer, and the device driver are functioning properly.

Note – Large PostScriptTM files or raster files may require that the printer has 2 Mbytes or more of memory. Otherwise, the printout may appear on two different sheets of paper.

bpptest Hardware and Software Requirements

The SBus printer card and device drivers must be installed to run bpptest. A printer must be connected to the SPARCprinter or bidirectional parallel port, and be powered-up. If both a SPARCprinter and a parallel port printer are connected to the SBus card, you can test both devices at the same time.

Note – For a SPARCstation 10, SPARCstation LX, or SPARCclassic[™] system, you can connect a printer directly to the onboard parallel port to run bpptest.

If you are testing the SPARCprinter port, be sure the magnets on the SPARCprinter paper tray are set to the correct paper size. For more information, see the SPARCprinter Installation and User's Guide and the label on the paper tray.

bpptest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

bpp0(bpptest) Test Parameter Options	
Configuration: Logical name: bpp0	
Options:	
Access: Writeonly readonly	
Loopback: Oenabled Odisabled	
Mode: ▽ fast	
Within Instance: Apply —	
Across All Instances: Apply —	
Reset Cancel	

FIGURE 6-1 bpptest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

 TABLE 6-1
 bpptest Options

Option	Description
Access	Determines the direction of data transfer; this field is informational only. Writeonly is the only option currently available. Data is transferred only from the SBus printer card to the printer.
Mode	Sets the print intervals. This option lets you select the intervals at which the test image is printed. The default setting is fast. In the online and Functional tests this option is set to medium. In the Functional test, the choices are:
	 Fast—prints an image every 10 seconds.
	 Medium—prints an image every 12 minutes.
	 Extended—prints an image every 30 minutes.

bpptest Test Modes

This test supports Connection and Functional test modes.

 TABLE 6-2
 bpptest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	In this mode, bpptest verifies that a bidirectional parallel port is configured on the system. The success of the bpptest in this mode indicates that the bidirectional parallel port hardware and the software driver are installed on the system.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	The testing done in this mode is the same as in the online mode, except that the test registers a failure if the port is found busy. This is because SunVTS tests make the assumption that all the resources will be available for testing in the Functional test and therefore the unavailability of the device is interpreted as an indication of a fault condition.
Functional (Online)	Yes	The test attempts to verify the functionality of the parallel port and the path between the parallel port and the host memory. An internal loopback test is performed and if a printer is attached to the port, a data pattern is transferred to the printer.

bpptest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/bpptest standard_arguments -o
dev=device_name,access=writeonly|readonly,mode=mode,loop=disable|enable

TABLE 6-3 bpptest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=device_name	Specifies the name of the device. This should be of the form /dev/bpp#, where # is the minor number of the device.
access=writeonly readonly	Determines test mode: <i>writeonly</i> or <i>readonly</i> . Note: This flag is mandatory.
mode=mode	Sets the test image print rate. The test image is a continuous printout of the ASCII character set. Possible rates are: • Fast—prints the test image at 10-second intervals. • Medium—prints the test image at 12-minute intervals. • Extended—prints the test image at 30-minute intervals.

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Compact Disc Test (cdtest)

cdtest checks the CD-ROM unit by reading the CD.

cdtest is not a scalable test.

Each track is classified as follows:

- Mode 1 uses error detection/correction code (288 bytes).
- Mode 2 uses that space for auxiliary data or as an audio track.

Note – Load a compact disc into the drive before starting the test. See the explanation of CD types in TABLE 7-1.

Volume Management and Compact Discs

cdtest tests the CD-ROM drive(s) even if the Volume Manager is not running. If the Volume Manager is running and no media is installed in the CD-ROM drive(s), SunVTS prompts you to install media in the drive before selecting the test.

The test fails if you try to run it without a CD in the drive.

cdtest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

c0t6d0(cdtest) Test Parameter Options	
Configuration: CDROM(No media present)	
Options: CD Type: ☑ other	
%Data/Track: ▲▼ 10	
Read Mode: 🔵 random 🔵 sequential	
Audio Test: 🔵 enable 🔵 disable	
Volume: ▲▼[125	
Within Instance: Apply —	
Across All Instances: Apply —	
Reset Cancel	

 $\textbf{FIGURE 7-1} \quad \texttt{cdtest} \; \textbf{Test} \; \textbf{Parameter} \; \textbf{Options} \; \textbf{Dialog} \; \textbf{Box}$

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{TABLE 7-1} & \textbf{cdtest Options} \\ \end{tabular}$

Options	Description
CD Type	The types of compact discs that can be tested are listed in the CD Type menu. The choices are: pdo, multi-session, or other (the default CD type is other). In the Connection test, this option has a default value of other.
	Note: Your choice must correspond with the disc used for testing.
% Data/Track	Tests a percentage of data on each track. Type a value between 0 and 100 in this field to indicate the percentage. In the online and connection tests this option has a canned value of 2%.
Read Mode	cdtest reads the CD either in Random or Sequential mode. In Random mode, data blocks are read from random track positions; in Sequential mode, data blocks are read in sequence. For both modes, the total number of blocks read is determined by the <code>%_of_data</code> option. In the online and Connection tests this option has a canned value of random.
Audio Test	Enables or disables the audio test. You must connect headphones or a speaker to the audio jack on the CD player to hear audio output. In the Connection test, this option has a default value of disable.
Volume	Adjusts the volume. Type a value between 0 and 255 in this field. In the online and connection tests this option has a default value of 125.

cdtest Test Modes

This test supports Connection and Functional tests.

TABLE 7-2 cdtest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	In this mode, cdtest verifies that a CD-ROM drive is connected to and configured in the system.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	This mode is similar to Functional online mode except that the test registers a failure if the device is found to be busy. This is because SunVTS tests make the assumption that all the resources will be available for testing in the Functional test and the unavailability of a device is interpreted as an indication of a fault condition.
Functional (Online)	Yes	This mode attempts to verify the functionality of the drive by accessing and reading the media in the drive. If the media contains audio and the audio test is enabled, cdtest tries to play it. Only a small percentage of the media is read, as this is sufficient to verify the functionality of the drive and keeps the test runtime from being unnecessarily extended. If the device is busy at the time of testing, the test exits after printing a message indicating that the device is unavailable for testing. The pass and error counts are unaffected.

cdtest Command-Line Syntax

 $\label{local_continuous_continu$

TABLE 7-3 cdtest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=raw_device_name	Specifies the name of the raw device to be tested.
read=random/sequential	Indicates random or sequential read access.
data=%_of_data	Sets the percentage of data to be tested. You can specify 0 to 100 percent.

 TABLE 7-3
 cdtest Command-Line Syntax (Continued)

Argument	Description
vol=volume	Controls the audio volume. You can specify 0 through 255; the default is 255.
audio=enable disable	Enables or disables the audio test. You must connect headphones or a speaker to the audio jack on the CD player to hear audio output.
type=CD_type	Specifies the type of CD used for the test. The choices are: pdo, multi-session, sunos and other; the default is other.

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Color Graphics Frame Buffer Test (cg14test)

cg14test checks the cg14 frame buffer card. cg14test is specific to the VSIMM (Video SIMM) devices in the SPARCstation 10 SX and the SPARCstation 20 SX.



Caution – Due to possible conflicts between SunVTS cg14 frame buffer tests and OPEN LOOK applications that use the cg14 frame buffer, the following restrictions apply when running cg14test:

Do not run graphic applications other than OPEN LOOK while SunVTS is running frame buffer tests.

Do not run OPEN LOOK programs that generate video updates outside or on top of the SunVTS window.

Do not close the SunVTS window to an icon while it is running frame buffer tests.

cg14test Requirements

Ensure that the frame buffer locking option is enabled from the Options window (see "Testing Frame Buffers" on page 10 for details).

cg14test Groups

There are nine test groups in cgl4test:

- 1. MDI and VBC Chip Control Registers
- 2. Memory Chips
- 3. MDI Chip Cursor Registers
- 4. MDI Chip CLUT Registers
- 5. DAC Chip Registers
- 6. MDI Chip XLU Registers
- 7. CG14 Display (visual only)
- 8. MDI Chip Testmode Readback in 8-bit mode
- 9. Driver IOCTLs

TABLE 8-1cg14 Test Groups

Test Groups	Description
Hardware (Groups 1-6)	These test groups are tested by opening /dev/fbs/cgfourteenX, mapping the MDI Control Address Space, modifying the target test location (using direct writes to the mapped address space), reading from the mmapped address space for verification, and closing the device.
Visual Pattern (Group 7)	This subtest loads a visual pattern of 256 colors, then rotates the pattern around. You verify this test by seeing it display.
Data Propagation (Group 8)	This test group is tested by loading the frame buffer (FB) memory with four neutral data patterns, then setting a target FB pixel with data that triggers the test mode readback latch. The result is read from the readback register after vertical blanking occurs. Two different trigger patterns are used at each FB pixel. All four MDI pixel paths (A - D) are used, and the pixel locations for each trigger are designed to detect gross MDI input data opens or short, VRAM SAM addressing, and VRAM-to-SAM transfer addressing. The screen shows four horizontal bars, which are either greyscale or colored. These bars change each time the trigger data is inverted, and as it completes the testing of a raster pattern. Note: If the resolution and VRAM size permits, 8-bits per pixel mode are tested.

 TABLE 8-1
 cg14 Test Groups (Continued)

Test Groups	Description
Driver (Group 9)	Test all IOCTL calls that have not yet been used to verify proper driver communication to the hardware. Call the driver to perform a hardware update, and then confirm that the update was successful by using the complementary driver read, or reading the mmap'ed address space and comparing it against the stimulus.
	cgl4test performs the appropriate steps before and after each test (if possible) to maintain context and prevent visual confusion by saving the register data before it is overwritten, disabling video (if possible), performing the specific test, and restoring the saved register data information.
	The data used for register testing is optimized to include all 0's, all 1's, and walking a 1 through each bit being tested.
MDI and VBC Chip Control Registers (Group 1)	 Master Control Register bits 7-0 write/read verify Packed Pixel Register bits 3-0 write/read verify Master Status Register bits 7-4 read-only verify 0x00 and 0x30 occur Horizontal Blank Start Register bits 9-0 write/read verify Horizontal Blank Clear Register bits 9-0 write/read verify Horizontal Sync Set Register bits 9-0 write/read verify Horizontal Sync Clear Register bits 9-0 write/read verify Composite Sync Clear Register bits 9-0 write/read verify Vertical Blank Start Register bits 11-0 write/read verify Vertical Blank Clear Register bits 11-0 write/read verify Vertical Sync Set Register bits 11-0 write/read verify Vertical Sync Clear Register bits 11-0 write/read verify Transfer Cycle Set Register bits 9-0 write/read verify (MDI revision 0 only) Transfer Cycle Clear Register bits 9-0 write/read verify Auto-increment Address Register bits 15-0 write/read verify Auto-increment Address Space Register bits 7-0 write/read verify Video Base Register bits 23-12 write/read verify
Memory Chips (Group 2)	The Memory Chips test group includes VRAM Testing, Memory Retention, and Test Write Recovery. VRAM Testing: The Data Bus test uses 18 NTA patterns (Nair, Thatte, and Abraham's testing procedure for RAM) to check for data and address faults. This test is performed in MDI_CHUNKY_XBGR_MAP access mode only. See TABLE 8-2.

 TABLE 8-1
 cg14 Test Groups (Continued)

Test Groups	Description
Memory Chips (Group 2) Continued	VRAM Testing (Continued) The test ascends through the frame buffer memory, clearing it to 0's. The NTA pattern test number <i>x</i> reads a location to make sure test data <i>y</i> is present. It then writes new data <i>z</i> to that location. The location ascends through the FB sequentially. See TABLE 8-2.
	Memory Retention: The VRAM Data Retention test checks for gross problems with the VRAM refresh. Since refresh is active during this test, no retention problems should occur unless the refresh is defective.
	This test turns off the video, writes 0's to all the VRAM, waits the specified memory_hold time (the default is five seconds), then reads and compares all VRAM data. This process is repeated with data of f's, then the video is restored and the test is complete.
	Two command-line parameters are related to this test: R=number and H=number. R= lets the user specify the refresh interval from 128-1023. The time between refresh cycles and the system default is 123. H= lets the user specify the retention test hold time in seconds
	Write Recovery: A Write Recovery test is used in all the EMC mapping modes to write data to 0's followed by immediately reading that data location to see if the VRAM can recover from a write correctly. This is done to all sequential ascending locations. Next, a second independent pass of memory is made with the complementary data of <code>Oxfffffffff</code> written to descending locations of the FB memory buffer.
	The EMC mapping access modes are: • MDI_CHUNKY_XGBR_MAP • MDI_CHUNKY_BGR_MAP • MDI_PLANAR_X16_MAP • MDI_PLANAR_C16_MAP • MDI_PLANAR_X32_MAP • MDI_PLANAR_B32_MAP • MDI_PLANAR_G32_MAP • MDI_PLANAR_G32_MAP

 TABLE 8-1
 cg14 Test Groups (Continued)

Test Groups	Description
MDI Chip Cursor Registers (Group 3)	The MDI Chip Cursor Registers are: Cursor Plane 0 Register bits 31-0 write/read verify Cursor Plane 1 Register bits 31-0 write/read verify Cursor Plane 0 Register bits 31-0 write/read verify (with auto increment) Cursor Plane 1 Register bits 31-0 write/read verify (with auto increment) Cursor Control Register bits 2-0 write/read verify Cursor Color Register 1 bits 28-0 write/read verify Cursor Color Register 2 bits 28-0 write/read verify X-Cursor Location Register bits 11-0 write/read verify Y-Cursor Location Register bits 11-0 write/read verify Cursor Plane 0 Non-Auto Registers test Cursor Plane 1 Non-Auto Registers test Cursor Plane 1 Auto Registers test Cursor Plane 8 Retry A test Cursor Planes Retry B test
MDI Chip CLUT Registers (Group 4)	 The MDI Chip CLUT Registers are: LUT1 Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify LUT1 Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify (with auto increment) LUT1D Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify (with auto increment) LUT1D Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify (with auto increment) LUT2 Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify LUT2 Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify (with auto increment) LUT2D Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify (with auto increment) LUT2D Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify LUT3 Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify LUT3 Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify (with auto increment) LUT3D Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify LUT3D Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify LUT3D Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify LUT3D Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify

 TABLE 8-1
 cg14 Test Groups (Continued)

	•
Test Groups	Description
DAC Chip Registers (Group 5)	The DAC Chip Registers test group includes the RAMDAC registers and control registers.
	RAMDAC Registers:
	 Address Register bits 7-0 (0x7 maximum) write/read verify
	• Mode Register bits 7-0 (skip bit 5) bits write/read verify
	Control Registers:
	• ID Register bits 7-0 r/o verify data is 0x8C
	 Pixel-Mask Register bits 7-0 write/read verify (skipped if dac rev= 2)
	 Command2 Register bits 7-0 write/read verify (skipped if dac rev = 2)
	• Command3 Register bits 7-0 write/read verify (skipped if dac rev = 2)
MDI Chip XLUT	The MDI Chip XLUT Registers are:
Registers (Group 6)	• XLUT Registers 0-255 bits 7-0 write/read verify
	 XLUT Registers 0-255 bits 7-0 write/read verify (with auto increment)
	 XLUTD Registers 0-255 bits 7-0 write/read verify
	 XLUTD Registers 0-255 bits 7-0 write/read verify (with auto increment)

 TABLE 8-1
 cg14 Test Groups (Continued)

Test Groups	Description		
CG14 Display (visual only) Group 7)	This test visually displays 256 boxes on the screen (each in a different color), and then shifts the CLUT1 entries giving the visual impression of the pattern mirroring itself from left to right horizontally. The pattern then rotates up, down, followed by mirroring itself horizontally left to right. This test mode reads back register bits 23-0 in read-only and verify modes. • MDI_GET_CFGINFO check # of CLUT's, pixel height, pixel width, and pixel mode against hardware • FBIOGATTR check real_type, fb_height, fb_width, fb_depth, fb_cmsize, and fb_size against cfginfo values • FBIOGTYPE check fb_type, fb_height, fb_width, fb_depth,fb_size, and fb_cmsize against driver defines or cfginfo values • FBIOGVIDEO check status returned against hardware • FBIOSVIDEO set off, off, on, on, off verifying against hardware • FBIOVERTICAL (imbedded in FBIOSVIDEO) • MDI_VRT_CNTL turn off, off, on, on, off the video interrupt enable and verify the hardware agreesMDI_SET_PIXELMODE set different modes and verify against the hardware • MDI_SET_PPR set the different modes and verify against the hardware • MDI_SET_COUNTERS set HSS, HSC, XCC, HBC, XCS, HBS, CSC, VSS, VSC, VBC, VBS, HCT, and VCT then verify against hardware • MDI_SET_CLUT set xlut and verify against hardware • MDI_SET_CLUT set clut (1-3 as applicable) and verify against hardware • MDI_GET_CLUT get clut (1-3 as applicable) and verify against hardware • MDI_GET_CLUT get clut (1-3 as applicable) and verify against hardware • FBIOSCURAP verify clut1 matches get • FBIOSCURAP verify set and verify clut1 matches • FBIOGCURMAX verify x and y size match driver defines • FBIOGCURSOR verify set at 3 locations matches hardware • FBIOGCURPOS verify set at three locations matches hardware • FBIOGCURPOS verify set at three locations matches hardware • FBIOGCURPOS verify set at three locations matches hardware • FBIOGCURPOS verify driver knows what set(s) just did • MDI_SET_CURSOR set then check CCR, XCU, and YCU cursor hardware registers		
MDI Chip Test Mode Readback Register (Group 8)			
Driver IOCTLs (Group 9)			

TABLE 8-2cg14test NTA Testing Patterns

ITA Test Pattern Test Data = y lumber = x		New Data = z	
1.0	0x00000000 0x01010101		
1.5	0x01010101	0xffffffff	
2.1	0xffffffff	0xf1f1f1f1	
2.2	0xf1f1f1f1	0x33333333	
3.1	0x33333333	0xf0f0f0f0	
3.2	0xf0f0f0f0	0x0f0f0f0f	
4.1	0x0f0f0f0f	0x5555555	
4.2	0x5555555	0xaaaaaaaa	
5.1	0xaaaaaaaa	0x05050505 (1x) 0x88888888 (2x)	
5.2	0x88888888	0xf5f5f5f5	
6.1	0xf5f5f5f5	0x00000000 (1x) 0x5f5f5f5f (2x)	
6.2	0x5f5f5f5f	0x11111111	
7.1	0x11111111	0x00000000 (1x) 0xccccccc (2x)	
7.2	0xccccccc	0xdbdbdbdb	
8.1	0xdbdbdbdb	0x6d6d6d6d	
8.2	0x6d6d6d6d	0x6b6b6b6b	
9.1	0x6b6b6b6b	0x0000000	
9.2	0x00000000	-	

cg14test Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

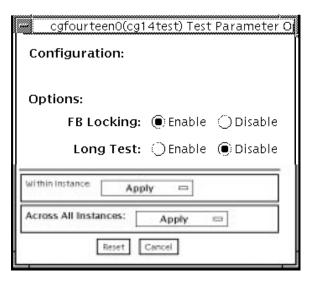


FIGURE 8-1 cg14test Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

TABLE 8-3cg14test Options

Options	Description See "Testing Frame Buffers" on page 10 for details.	
FB Locking		
Long Test	When enabled, the color bar screen(s) in the MDI Testmode Readback test checks all SAM transfers in clock=0 mode and clock=1 mode. If Long test is disabled, clock=1 runs checks on the first eight addresses and the first SAM transfer only.	
Processor Affinity	For multiprocessor systems, indicates the processor to be tested.	

cg14test Test Modes

Due to the nature of graphic tests, reading from or writing to the frame buffer during graphic tests will disturb user operation. This test is only available in offline Functional test mode.

TABLE 8-4 cg14test Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	No	Not supported.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	This mode uses all subtests to test the cg14 frame buffer. The user can select the long mode for TRMB subtest.
Functional (Online)	No	Not supported.

cg14test Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/cg14test standard_arguments -o dev=device_name, lock=E(nable)/D(isable), L, I

TABLE 8-5 cg14test Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Specifies the path of the cg14 device file to be tested; for example: /dev/fbs/device_name.	
dev=device_name		
lock=E(nable)/ D(isable)	Enables and disables the window system locking option. See "Testing Frame Buffers" on page 10 for details. Do not use when your device is the window system display.	
L	Enables the long TMRB test.	
I	Enables optional driver ioctl tests for cursor. Note: Do not move the mouse during the cgl4test when you run this option.	

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Frame Buffer, GX, GXplus, and TurboGX Options Test (cg6test)

The cg6test verifies the GX, GXplus, and TurboGXTM frame buffer and the graphics options offered with most SPARCTM based workstations and servers. This test stresses the frame buffer with the subtests described below.

Note – Disable all screen savers before testing any graphics device. Type **xset** s off at the prompt to disable the Solaris screen saver.

To start SunVTS with vtsui, but without vtsk, add the host name to xhost as: xhost + hostname.

cg6 Subtests

TABLE 9-1 cg6 Subtests

Subtests	Description	
Cursor test	cg6 visually checks the overlay registers of the RAMDAC. A pointer is drawn on the screen and moved to predetermined locations. There is a problem if the pointer disappears. This visual test ensures that the overlay is working properly	
Fast Copy in double buffer test mode	Creates two full-size screen raster images in double buffer mode, writing different patterns to each. The hidden buffer is copied to the visible buffer, and the data is compared. An error message is returned if there are inconsistencies. Then the buffer is flipped and the process is repeated.	
	Note: This test only applies to Sun Microsystems GX+ graphic accelerators with double-buffering capacity.	
TEC test	Verifies that the transformation engine and cursor control logic are accessible to confirm that further TEC access is performed correctly.	
FBC test	Verifies that the frame buffer controller logic is accessible to confirm that further FBC access is performed correctly.	
Frame Buffer test	Verifies that the frame buffer memory is working. A "walking ones" pattern is written to memory, with a specific color signifying one of eight bits. The screen is divided into eight equally wide vertical stripes. A "walking one" is written to each stripe, causing eight iterations of these stripes. The value written is read back and checked. If the values do not match, an error is reported.	
Screen test using blits	Draws blocks of color and performs blit transfers to other portions of the screen. First, the entire screen is drawn with cyan, then a black block is placed in the upper-left corner. This subtest blits this block on the upper-right, lower-right, and lower-left corners, then "or's" the whole image.	
Blit test	Draws a block of data and blit into a location at the bottom-right rectangle.	

cg6 Subtests TABLE 9-1

Subtests	Description	
Line test	Draws lines on the screen in different colors with different data values. The data is read back and compared with the expected values. An error is returned in the case of a mismatch.	
Polygon test	Draws hourglass-shaped polygons on the screen, using the four vertices. After all the polygons are rendered in the video memory, they are read back and the data compared with expected values. If there is a mismatch, an error is displayed.	
Colormap test	Loads all 256 locations in the color map with a greyscale, both backward and forward. This means decreasing values are loaded to all R, G, and B values.	
	Note: If the system being tested has a monochrome or greyscale monitor, visual color problems are undetectable.	

cg6 Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the SunVTS User's Guide for more details.

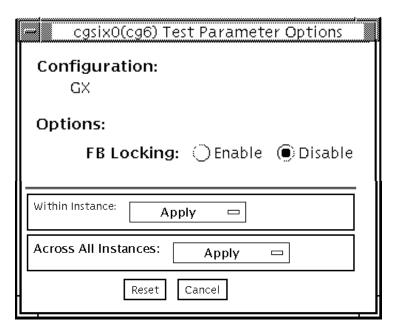


FIGURE 9-1 cg6 Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

Note – See "Testing Frame Buffers" on page 10 for details about frame buffer locking.

cg6 Test Modes

Due to the nature of graphic tests, reading from or writing to the frame buffer during graphic tests will disturb user operation.

TABLE 9-2 cg6test Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	No	Not supported
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Runs the full set of tests
Functional (Online)	No	Not supported

cg6 Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/cg6test standard_arguments -o dev=device_name, lock=E(nable)/D(isable), Passes=number

TABLE 9-3 cg6 Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description	
dev=device_name	Specifies the path of the cg14 device file to be tested, for example, /dev/fbs/device_name.	
lock=E(nable)/D(isable)	Enables/disables the window system locking option. See "Testing Frame Buffers" on page 10 for details. Do not use when device is the window system display.	
Passes=number	The number of passes to run. The default is 1.	

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Note – Extra swap space of 5 MBytes is required.

CPU Test (cputest)

The cputest checks specific aspects of SPARC processor datapath functionality.

The cputest comprises two subtests:

- g0 subtest—tests a processor's g0 register functionality. The g0 subtest is only supported on UltraSPARC-based systems.
- CUC subtest—tests a processor's ability to correctly execute a Compress/ Uncompress/Compare (cmp) command sequence on machines with the SPARC-V9 architecture.

As the CUC subtest runs, it creates four files in the /tmp/sunvts directory. The CUC subtest uses the following file naming conventions where nnn represents the processor unit number and x represents a random character string appended to the file name:

- PnnnPx— original pattern file (size determined by the cputest File Size option)
- PnnnZx— compressed version of the pattern file
- PnnnUx— uncompressed data from the PnnnZx file
- PnnnCx— comparison data between the PnnnPx and PnnnUx files

With the cputest file retention mode, you can control whether these files are deleted or not, so that in the event of a miscompare, you can view the contents of the files to analyze the miscompared data. The exact names of the files are displayed in the SunVTS message window whenever the files are saved such as when there is a compression miscompare or when the file retention mode is set to save. Refer to "cputest Options" on page 76 for more details.



Caution — Do not run the CUC subtest with the retention mode set to save for numerous passes, otherwise the files that are saved in /tmp/sunvts can fill the /tmp capacity. If /tmp is mounted to the swap area, the swap space may become filled to capacity.

Note - Only one instance of cputest per processor is possible.

Note – When cputest is run with other tests, it may give the error message "exec'd program compress failed with code 1". This can be an indication of a failed compression program, not necessarily a failed CPU. If this occurs, stop all other tests and run cputest alone. If the message occurs again, the CPU is failing.

cputest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the SunVTS User's Guide for more details.

cpu_unit/(cpute	st) Test Parameter Ontions	
<u> </u>		
Configuration: Type:SPARC V9 based FPU clock-frequency: 336 MHz.		
Options:		
Iterations:	▲▼ 200	
Test List:	☑ CUC ☑ g0	
File Size (KBytes):	▲▼ 1024	
File Retention Mode:	∇ OnError	
Processor Affinity:	Processor 4 Processor 5	
Within Instance: Apply 🗁		
Across All Instances: Apply 🗆		
Reset Cancel		

 $\textbf{FIGURE 10-1} \ \ \, \texttt{cputest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box}$

 TABLE 10-1
 cputest Option Dialog Box Descriptions

Option	Description
Iterations	Specifies the number of times to loop on the selected subtests. Use the up/down arrows to select a value from 1 to 8192. The default varies depending on the SunVTS test mode.
Test List	 Specifies which subtests to run. The choices are: CUC—the compress/uncompress/compare subtest. g0—the g0 register subtest. Refer to the general test description at the beginning of this chapter for subtest descriptions. If no subtest is selected, both subtests run.
File Size (KBytes)	Specifies the size of the CUC pattern file in KBytes. Select a value from 1 to 8192. The default varies depending on the SunVTS test mode.
File Retention Mode	 Specifies whether the cputest removes the CUC pattern files or not. The choices are: Purge—unconditionally removes the four subtest files. Save—does not remove any of the four subtest files. OnError—removes the four subtest files unless the CUC resulted in a miscompare. In this case, do not remove the files. The default is OnError. Refer to the Caution at the beginning of this chapter regarding the Save value.
Processor Affinity	Although the test parameter dialog box displays the processor affinity "bound to" selection box, the processor that corresponds to this instance of the cputest is determined when the SunVTS kernel probes for devices. Therefore, switching processor affinity in this dialog box is not supported.

cputest Test Modes

The following table describes how the cputest functions in the different test modes.

TABLE 10-2 cputest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	Both subtests are selected. The test options are fixed with the following values: • Iterations=5 • File Size=64 KBytes • File retention=OnError
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Both subtests are selectable, and all the test options are available to scale the cputest as needed.
Functional (Online)	Yes	Both subtests are selected. The test options are fixed with the following values: • Iterations=20 • File Size=256 Kbytes • File retention=OnError

cputest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/cputest standard_arguments -o dev=device_name,count=count_number,test=testlist,size=file_size ,retain=mode

TABLE 10-3 cputest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=device_name	Specifies the name of the device to test, for example, cpu-unit5
count=count_number	Defines the number of times to loop on the subtests. Use a number from 1 to 8192. The default is 200.
test=testlist	Specifies which subtests to run. The choices are: • CUC • g0 • CUC+g0
size=file_size	Specifies the size of the CUC pattern file in KBytes. Select a value from 1 to 8192. The default is 1024.
retain=mode	Specifies whether the cputest removes the CUC pattern files or not. The choices are: • Purge—unconditionally remove the four subtest files • Save—do not remove any of the four subtest files • OnError—remove the four subtest files unless the CUC resulted in a miscompare. In this case do not remove the files.
	The default is OnError.
	Refer to the Caution at the beginning of this chapter regarding the Save value.

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/ sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Disk and Floppy Drives Test (disktest)

disktest verifies the functionality of hard drives and diskette drives using three subtests (see TABLE 11-1): Media, File System, and Asynchronous I/O. Most disk drives, such as SCSI disks, native or SCSI floppy disks, IPI, and so on, are supported. The type of drive being tested is displayed at the top of the Test Parameter Options dialog box.

The disktest Test Parameter Options dialog box shows all the partitions that are available for testing. The file System subtest can only be run if the selected partition is mounted (described below). The WriteRead option of the Media subtest is allowed only if a selected partition is *not* mounted.

disktest Test Requirements

By default, disktest does not mount any partitions. To have SunVTS pre-mount all mountable partitions, set the environment variable BYPASS_FS_PROBE to 0 (zero) before starting SunVTS. Pre-mounting can be disabled by unsetting BYPASS_FS_PROBE or changing it to a value other than 0 (zero).

The mount point used by disktest is the word *disktest* appended by the name of the disk partition. For example, if the disk partition name is /dev/dsk/c0t3d0s0, disktest mounts it as superuser under the name /disktest_c0t3d0s0



Caution – If a power failure occurs while the Media subtest is running in WriteRead mode, disk data may be destroyed.



Caution – Running the Media subtest on a disk partition in the WriteRead mode may cause data corruption if the same partition is being used by other programs. Only select this mode when the system is offline (not used by any other users or programs).

disktest tests the floppy drive regardless of whether the Volume Management software is running or not. The following mount point names are used:

- If the Volume Management software is running, disktest tests the disk drive with the mount point name in the /etc/mnttab file.
- If the Volume Management software is not running, disktest tests the disk drive with the device name dev=/dev/diskette. Do not edit the /etc/vold.conf file to change the diskette drives. Currently, the SunVTS software is hard-coded to use these path names as the default logic names.

Loading an option file (refer to the SunVTS User's Guide for option file details) that was created when BYPASS_FS_PROBE was set to 0 (zero) might not work if the BYPASS FS PROBE environment variable is no longer set to 0. Testing may fail with the following error:

SUNWvts.disktest.8088 07/24/98 15:47:22 disktest c0t0d0 FATAL: "Couldn't get file system information on /disktest_s0t0d0s0, statvfs() system call failure error: No such file or directory.

This error is caused when SunVTS expects to use the predefined mount point names that are created when BYPASS_FS_PROBE is set to 0 (zero), but these mount points do not exist while BYPASS_FS_PROBE is not set to 0.

To use option files with disktest, create two separate option files for the two different states of the BYPASS_FS_PROBE environment variable.

TABLE 11-1 describes the disktest subtests.

TABLE 11-1 disktest Subtests

Subtest	Description
Media subtest	Verifies disk media by writing data to and reading data from the disk. The Media subtest treats a disk as one large chunk of contiguous data.
	This is a scalable test that can run multiple copies in read/write mode on the same disk partition. To avoid data corruption, all simultaneous instances of disktest communicate through a shared memory service. This ensures that different copies of the media subtest do not overlay the same disk block at the same time.
File System subtest	Verifies the disk system's integrity. The File System subtest exercises the partition being tested to determine if it is mounted. If the partition is not already mounted or premounted, then the test is blocked. The test opens two temporary files (of the size specified on File System File Size) and performs a Read/Write test.
Asynchronous I/O subtest	Uses the asynchronous read/write feature of the Solaris disk driver to exercise the disk. In read-only mode, the test sends a maximum of four asynchronous read packets, each with a random size and a random offset into the selected partition. The test then waits for all outstanding I/O activity to complete before issuing another round of packets. This process continues until the whole area is tested. In read-write mode, one write packet is issued in every four read packets as a spot check of the write operation. Before data is written to a particular location, data is backed up, write-verified, and restored to its original state.

disktest Test Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

c0t0d0(disktes	t) Test Parameter Options
Configuration: Capacity: 1.98GB Controller: fas0 Vendor: SEAGATE SUN Id: ST32171W SUN2.1G Firmware Rev: 7462 Serial Number: 9726S14051	
Options:	
Partition:	▽ 0(/)
Test Media:	○ Enable ○ Disable
Media Write Read Mode:	Readonly WriteRead
Media Test Method:	✓ SyncIO✓ AsyncIO
Media Coverage(%):	▲▼ [30
Media Transfer Size:	□ 32KB
Test File System:	☐ Enable ☐ Disable
File System File Size:	∇ 512KB
File System Transfer Size:	▽ 512B
File System Test Pattern:	▽ sequential
Instance:	▲▼ [<u>*</u> 1
Within Instance: Apply	
Across All Instances:	Apply \Box
Reset	Cancel

FIGURE 11-1 disktest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

TABLE 11-2 describes the ${\tt disktest}$ option menu for different test modes.

TABLE 11-2 disktest Configurations and Options

disktest Options	Description
Partition	Displays the partition for the Media subtest. If a partition is mounted, its mount point is appended after the partition number, such as $1(/usr)$, where 1 is the partition number, and $/usr$ is the mount point.
Test Media	Enables or disables the Media subtest.
Media Write Read Mode	Enables Read-Only or Read mode after write, with or without backup.
Media Test Method	Enables or disables the Media Test Methods (SyncIO and AsyncIO).
Media Coverage (%)	Enables users to test all or part of a partition (in percentages).
Media Transfer Size	Displays the transfer size of the media subtest.
Test File System	Enables or disables the File System subtest.
File System File Size	Creates a file system file size twice the size of what is specified.
File System Transfer Size	Displays the transfer size of the File System subtest.
File System Test Pattern	Test pattern of File System subtest.
Connection Test for Hard Disk	 Option Menu for hard disk partition—0 - 7 [default] Test Media—[Enable](fixed to Enable) Media Write Read Mode—[Read Only](fixed to Read Only) Media Test Method-[SyncIO] (fixed to SyncIO) Media Coverage(%)—1 Media Transfer Size—[2KB] Test File System—[Disable](fixed to Disable)

 TABLE 11-2
 disktest Configurations and Options (Continued)

disktest Options	Description
Online Mode for Hard Disk	 Partition—0 - 7 [default] Test Media—[Enable] [Disable] Test Mode—[Read-only~](fixed to Read-only) Media Coverage(%)—[10] Media Transfer Size—[2KB]] Test File System—[Disable~](fixed to Disable)
Functional Test for Hard Disk	 Partition—0 - 7 [default] Test Media—[Enable] [Disable] Media Write Read Mode—[Read-only] [WriteRead] Media Test method—[SyncIO] [AsyncIO] Media Coverage(%)—[30] Media Transfer Size—[2KB] [16KB] [32KB] [64KB] [128KB] [256KB] [512KB] Test File System—[Enable] [Disable] File System File Size—[512KB] [2MB] [8MB] [20MB] [100MB] [200MB] File System Transfer Size—[512B] [1024B] [10KB] [40KB] [80KB] File System Test Pattern—[sequential] [0x00000000] [0xffffffff] [0x5aa55aa5] [0xdb6db6db] [random]
Functional Test for Floppy Disk	 (under Other-Devices group)—partition: 0 - 7 [default] Test Media—[Enable]- [Disable] Media Write Read Mode—[Read-only] [BackupWriteRead] Media Test Method—[SyncIO] [AsyncIO] Media Coverage(%)—[30] Media Transfer Size—[2KB] [10KB] [20KB] Test File System—[Enable] [Disable] Floppy File Size— [100KB] [200KB] Floppy Transfer Size—[512B] [1024B] [10KB] File System Test Pattern—[sequential] [0x00000000] [0xffffffff] [0x5aa55aa5] [0xdb6db6db] [random]

disktest Test Modes

TABLE 11-3 disktest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	Only one instance of disktest (which monitors UNIX error messages) is allowed for each disk device. disktest displays messages and reports errors. The test also opens the hard disk, checks the disk configuration, reads a few blocks, and then closes the hard disk. No File System subtest is run. No Write option is available in Connection test.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	This mode does not allow disktest to monitor UNIX error messages. More than one instance of disktest is allowed for one disk device. The File System subtest, Media subtests, and floppy test can be run in offline Functional test mode.
Functional (Online)	Yes	In this mode, disktest also opens the hard disk, checks the disk configuration, and executes the Media subtest. Next, disktest performs random seek checks. No File System subtest is run. When the test finishes, disktest closes the disk device being tested. No Write option is available in online Functional mode.

disktest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/disktest $standard_arguments$ -o p=n,-i=n, -w=n,dev= $device_name$,partition=0-7,rawsub=E/D,rawrw=Readonly | Writeread, rawcover=n,rawiosize=2 | 16 | 32 | 64 | 128 | 256 | 512,fssub=E/D, fssize=n,fsiosize=n, fspattern=data pattern

TABLE 11-4 disktest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
p= number	Sets the number of passes for the test to run. Default is 1.
i= number	Sets the number of total instances for the test. Default is 1.
w= number	Determines which instance this test is assigned. Default is 0.
dev=device_name	Specifies the name of the disk to be tested, such as c0t3d0.

TABLE 11-4 disktest Command-Line Syntax (Continued)

Argument	Description
partition=0-7	Specifies the partition number to test as partition=6(/export/s6) if mounted on partition 6.
rawsub=Enable/ Disable	Enables or disables the media subtest.
rawrw= Readonly WriteRead	Specifies the Media subtest Read and Write mode: • Read only • Write, read then backup
rawcover=number	Specifies media coverage from 0-100% of the partition.
rawiosize=2KB,16KB,32 KB,64KB,128KB,256KB,512 KB	Specifies the media size to transfer.
fssub=Enable/ Disable	Enables or disables the File System subtest.
fssize=file_system_size	Indicates the file system subtest size in kilobytes or megabytes • K/k/KB/kb—kilobytes • M/m/MB/mb—megabytes • {512KB, 2MB, 8MB, 20MB, 100MB, 200MB}
fsiosize= file_system_I/O_transfer _size	Indicates the size of the file system subtest I/O transfer in bytes or kilobytes: $\{512B/1024B/10KB/40KB/80KB\}$
fspattern=data_pattern	Specifies the file system data pattern as sequential or random. $ \{ seq(uential)/0x0(0000000)/0xf(fffffff)/0xa \ (5a5a5a5)/0x5(a5a5a5a)/ran(dom)/0xd(b6db6db) \} $

Note - 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/ sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Sun StorEdge Hardware RAID Adapter Test (dpttest)

The dpttest exercises the Sun StorEdge™ PCI SCSI Hardware RAID adapter card. The dpttest can test this card with or without devices attached (see notes below).

The test runs firmware tests on the card to check the system interface as well as to verify functionality.

The dpttest performs the following subtests:

- DMA subtest—Transfers a 512-byte data block to the card, and then transfers it back. The test compares the result against the original data block and verifies the ECC code that is generated.
- BIST subtest—Re-runs the adapter's built in self test (BIST). BIST tests include:
 - Compare local RAM to flash RAM (quick RAM verify)
 - Data Path test to Domino RAM (cache)
 - Data path test to PLX module
 - Domino RAM test
- MEM-CHECK subtest—Checks the installed add-on memory (cache) to verify that the correct size and number of SIMMs are installed.

Note – If there are disks attached to the adapter, further diagnostic coverage can be obtained by running the disktest on any attached disks and/or RAID configurations.

Note – If the card has devices attached, some tests (the BIST RAM subtest) may not run. However, no error will be reported. This is the normal Functional test mode and allows the test to be run on a system that is currently in use.

dpttest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the SunVTS User's Guide for more details.

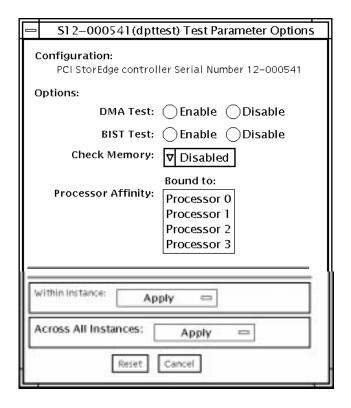


FIGURE 12-1 dpttest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

TABLE 12-1 dpttest Options

dpttest Options	Description
DMA test	Enables or disables the DMA subtest. Default value—enabled for functional test mode, disabled for connection test mode.
BIST test	Enables or disables the BIST subtest. Default value—enabled for all test modes.
Check Memory	Enables or disables the memory subtest. Default—disabled for all test modes. Note: Sun currently supports 64 megabytes of cache on the SRC/P Hardware RAID card. To check the memory amount, set "Check Memory" to 64 M.

dpttest Test Modes

TABLE 12-2 dpttest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	The dpttest polls for the card, and runs only the BIST test.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	All subtests are run
Functional (Online)	Yes	All subtests are run

dpttest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/dpttest [standard_arguments] -o dev=dev_serial_number, dma=Enable | Disable, bist=Enable | Disable, ${\tt memchk=} Disabled\,|\,16M\,|\,32M\,|\,48M\,|\,64M\,|\,128M\,|\,192M\,|\,256M$

TABLE 12-3 dpttest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=dev_serial_number	Specifies the serial number of the target card to test. The serial number can be found on a label on the back side of the main card. Do not reference the serial numbers of the battery unit or the SCSI daughter card. There is no default value. This option must be specified.

 TABLE 12-3
 dpttest Command-Line Syntax (Continued)

Argument	Description
dma=Enable Disable	Enables or disables the DMA subtest. Default—Enabled for functional test mode, disabled for connection test mode.
bist=Enable Disable	Enables or disables the BIST subtest. Default—Enabled for all test modes.
memchk=Disabled 16M 32M 48M 64M 128M 192M 256M	Specifies the amount of memory to check with the Memory Check subtest. If disabled, no memory verification is done. If the value is set to one of the valid values, the test verifies the configuration of that amount of memory in the adapter. Default—Enabled for functional test mode, disabled for connection test mode. Note: Sun currently supports 64 megabytes of cache on the SRC/P Hardware RAID card. To check the memory amount, set "Check Memory" to 64 M.

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

DVD Test (dvdtest)

The dvdtest tests the DVD by reading a DVD-ROM in the drive.

The dvdtest runs even if the Volume Manager is not running. If the Volume Manager is running and no media (DVD or CD) is installed in the drive, SunVTS prompts you to install media in the drive before selecting the test.

dvdtest Test Requirements

Load a DVD-ROM into the DVD drive before running this test or the test will fail.

When a DVD-ROM is loaded in the drive, SunVTS uses the dvdtest to test the drive. When a CD (non-DVD type) is loaded, SunVTS uses the cdtest to test the drive. Whenever you change the media in the drive you must perform a reprobe (refer to the SunVTS User's Guide for details) so the SunVTS kernel will associate the correct test (dvdtest or cdtest) based on the media that is loaded in the drive.

dvdtest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

c0t2d0(dvdtest) Test Parameter Options
Configuration: DVD Vendor:TOSHIBA SUN Id:DVD-ROM SD-M1202 DVD Firmware Rev:1020 DVD Others:08/10/98 Media Type:DVDROM Media Block Size:2048 Media Capacity:2330.48MB
Options:
%Data/Track: ▲▼[10
Read Mode: 🔘 random 🔘 sequential
Instance: ▲▼[i1
Within Instance:
Apply
Across All Instances: Apply —
Reset Cancel

FIGURE 13-1 dvdtest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

 TABLE 13-1
 dvdtest Option Menu Descriptions

Option	Description
% Data/Track	Specifies a percentage of data to test for each track. Use a number between 0 and 100.
Read Mode	Specifies either Random or Sequential mode. Random mode reads data blocks from random track positions. Sequential mode reads data blocks in sequence. For both modes, the total number of blocks read is determined by the % Data/Track value.

dvdtest Test Modes

The following table describes how the ${\tt dvdtest}$ functions in the different test modes.

TABLE 13-2 dvdtest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	Requests and displays information from the drive and reads two blocks of data from the media to confirm connectivity. An error is reported if no media is loaded in the drive.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Requests and displays information from the drive, then reads data from the media based on the options that are set in the Test Parameter Options Dialog Box. An error is reported if no media is loaded in the drive.
Functional (Online)	Yes	Runs the same as in Functional Offline mode. However, the default option values restrict dvdtest to only read a small percentage of the media. This adequately verifies the functionality of the drive and keeps the test run time short.

dvdtest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/dvdtest standard_arguments
-o dev=device_name,read=random|sequential,data=%_of_data

TABLE 13-3 dvdtest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=device_name	Specifies the name of the device to test, for example /dev/rdsk/cntndn.
read=random sequential	Indicates random or sequential read access.
data=%_of_data	Sets the percentage of data to test. Use a number from 0 to 100.

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

ECP 1284 Parallel Port Printer Test (ecpptest)

The ecpptest verifies the functionality of the ecpp(7) IEEE 1284 parallel printer port device.

The ecpp(7) device is an *exclusive use device*. Only one application can interface with it at a time.

This test is not scalable.

ecpptest Hardware and Software Requirements

The ecpp(7) driver is installed with the operating system if the system being tested supports the ecpp(7) device. To run the optional printer subtest, a Centronics or ECP-mode printer must be attached to the printer port. To run the optional external loopback test, a passive loopback connector must be installed on the printer port.

Note – The external loopback test is intended for Sun internal manufacturing use only. It requires a custom loopback connector not available to an external customer.

ecpptest Subtests

TABLE 14-1 ecpptest Subtests

Subtest	Description
Internal Test FIFO Loopback	Verifies DMA and PIO accesses to the ecpp device. It uses an Internal Test FIFO on the ecpp device. There are no printer or loopback connectors required. This test is always executed.
External Passive Loopback	This verifies the parallel port I/O connections to the back panel connector. This test requires a passive loopback connector (Sun part no. 270-2965-01). This test is disabled by default and must be manually enabled by the user.
	Note: The external loopback test is intended for Sun internal manufacturing use only. It requires a custom loopback connector that is not available to an external customer.
Printer test	This verifies the parallel port printer operation. It outputs a half page of ASCII character data. The output mode (for example, ECP and Centronics) is determined by which mode the printer and ecpp driver automatically negotiate. It will not change the current mode. The user must verify that data printed properly. This test is disabled by default and must be manually enabled by the user.

ecpptest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the SunVTS User's Guide for more details.

ecpp0(ecpptest)	Test Parameter Options
Configuration: IEEE 1284 parallel port (ECP/nibb	ole/centronics modes)
Options:	
External Loopback:	♦ Enable ♦ Disable
Printer:	♦ Enable ♦ Disable
Printer_data_type:	■ ascii □ postscript
Printer_delay_seconds:	▲▼ [io
Internal_loop_during_delay:	♦ Enable ♦ Disable
Within Instance: App	oly \square
Across All Instances:	Apply \Box
Reset	Cancel

FIGURE 14-1 ecpptest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

 TABLE 14-2
 ecpptest Options

ecpptest Options	Description
External Loopback	Enables or disables the external loopback test. This test requires a special loopback plug.
Printer	Enables or disables the printer test; this test requires a printer to be attached to the parallel port.

 TABLE 14-2
 ecpptest Options

ecpptest Options	Description
Printer_data_type	Choose whether ascii text or PostScript data is sent to the printer. The printer test must be enabled for this to be meaningful. A postscript printer must be attached to print postscript data.
Printer_delay _seconds	Allows the user to choose a delay between passes of the printer test. This prevents continuous printing of data that could quickly empty the paper supply. This is only meaningful if the printer test is enabled.
Interrnal_loop_ during_delay	Enables the Internal Test FIFO loopback test during the printer delay time. This is only meaningful if the printer test is enabled.

ecpptest Test Modes

 TABLE 14-3
 ecpptest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	Opens and closes the ecpp(7) device. No data is transferred. The test passes if the device can be open and closed successfully. The test also passes if the device cannot be opened because the device is busy with another process.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Runs the internal loopback test and the user can optionally run the External loopback test and Printer test. The test will fail if the device is busy.
Functional (Online)	Yes	This mode runs the internal loopback test. If the device cannot be opened because it is busy, then it is assumed that the device is successfully connected to another process.

ecpptest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/ecpptest $standard_arguments$ -o [dev=device_name] [ext_loop= $Enable \mid Disable$][printer= $Enable \mid Disable$][,data= $ascii \mid postscript$][,delay=0.86400][,dloop= $Enable \mid Disable$]

TABLE 14-4 ecpptest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=device_name	Specifies the name of the device. This should be of the form /dev/ecpp#, where # is the minor number of the device. The default device is /dev/ecpp0.
ext_loop=Enable Disable	If enabled, the external loopback test is run. The external loopback plug must be attached to the printer port.
printer=Enable Disable	If enabled, the printer test is run. A Centronics or ECP mode parallel port printer must be attached

TABLE 14-4 ecpptest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
data=ascii postscript	Choose whether ASCII text or PostScript data is sent to the printer. A PostScript printer must be attached to print postscript data.
delay=0-86400	Allows the user to choose a delay between passes of the printer test. This prevents continuous printing of data that could quickly empty the paper supply.
dloop=Enable Disable	Enables the Internal Test FIFO loopback test during the printer delay time.

Note – 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/ sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Sun StorEdge A5x00 Test (enatest)

enatest is used to provide configuration verification, fault isolation, and repair validation of the Sun StorEdgeTM A5x00 subsystem. The enatest tests Sun StorEdge models A5000 (14 slot disk array) and A5200 (22 slot disk array).

The Sun StorEdge A5x00 is a high availability mass storage subsystem consisting of:

- SCSI Fibre Channel protocol host adapters with dual 100-Megabyte FC-AL ports.
- A disk enclosure.
- A front panel display for configuration information.
- Up to two interface boards in the enclosure, which provide FC-AL connections to the enclosure and also provide status information and control of the conditions within the enclosure.
- Other field-replaceable units (FRUs) within the enclosure include power supply units, fan trays, and backplane.

Note – Do not run enatest and socaltest at the same time, otherwise test failures might occur.

Note – The Sun StorEdge A5x00 was formally known as the Sun Enterprise Network ArrayTM. The enatest tests both of these disk array subsystems.

enatest detects all Sun StorEdge A5x00 enclosures connected to the host and collects relevant configuration information. FIGURE 15-1 shows the Test Parameter Options menu which contains a sample configuration listing and test parameters. TABLE 15-1 describes the extent of the test coverage and provides samples of the configuration information that is displayed.

TABLE 15-1 enatest Coverage

Test Coverage	Description
Host Connections	enatest searches for all the active and inactive connections between the host and the enclosure and reports the number of existing active connections. If the VERBOSE mode is enabled, the port on the host side and the GBIC port on the enclosure side is reported for each active connection. The test also diagnoses any inactive connection(s) and reports the possible causes for the failure. The test will fail if there are one or more inactive connections. See the section on "enatest Fault Isolation Capability" on page 111 for more information.

 $\textbf{TABLE 15-1} \quad \texttt{enatest } Coverage$

Test Coverage	Description
Sample Output, fo	r an enclosure attached to an SBus socal card:
"MYBOX: Lower-Rig SUNW,socal@0,0:1" SUNWvts.enatest.10 "MYBOX: Interface installed and OK" SUNWvts.enatest.60 ERROR: "MYBOX: Ca	010 06/05/97 13:48:53 enatest ses0 VERBOSE: nt GBIC connected to host via /devices/sbus@lf,0/ 006 06/05/97 13:48:53 enatest ses0 VERBOSE: Board (Bottom one in the enclosure) detected to be 023 06/05/97 13:48:53 enatest ses0 nnot communicate with the enclosure via 0/SUNW,socal@0,0:0; possibly connected to Lower-Left
GBIC in the enclo Probable_Cause(s) (1)Signal too (2)Faulty cal (3)Faulty GB	sure" lo low at the GBIC module in the enclosure only one of the control of the
	n(s): c cables are properly connected ntact your service representative
	006 06/05/97 13:48:53 enatest ses0 INFO: connections to the host: 1"
Disk Access	During the testing, each disk is accessed through each active connection leading to that disk. The enatest opens partition 2 on the disk and reads 512 bytes of raw data. If there are any failures, the test tries to isolate the fault to either an enclosure element, the cable, the host adapter card, or the OE module on the host adapter. See the section on "enatest Fault Isolation Capability" on page 111 for more information.
Enclosure Status The status of the enclosure is obtained by querying the S Enclosure Services (SES) device in the enclosure. Detailed information regarding the status of the elements within t enclosure is reported. The test fails if a critical condition i in the enclosure. The table below shows how the status in is reported.	

TABLE 15-2 Element Enclosure Status

Enclosure Element	Information			
Disk	 Fault Sensed—Yes/No Status of ports A and B—Connected or Bypassed 			
Power Supply	 Status—ON/OFF Temperature—OK/Critical Overtemp/Abnormal AC Input—OK/Not OK DC Output—OK/Not OK 			
Fan	Status—On/OffSpeed—High/Low/Stopped			
Backplane	Status—OK/FailedStatus of ports A and B—Connected/Bypassed			
Interface Board	 Temperature—OK/Critical Overtemp Loop A status—OK/Failed Loop B status—OK/Failed 			
GBIC	Status—Disabled/EnabledSignal Level—OK/Too lowTransmitter—OK/Failed			

enatest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

ENA(enatest) Test Parameter Options	
Configuration:	
Product SENA 1.01	
Interface Board Firmware rev. 1.01	
DISKSCFront0/2 Installed	
0: installed	
1: Not installed	
2 Not installed	
3: Not installed	
4 Not installed	
5: Not installed	
6: Installed DISKS/Reark2 Installed	
0 imtalled	
1 Not installed	
2 Not installed	
3: Not installed	
4 Not installed	
5: Not installed	
6 installed	
Interface Boards: 2 Installed	
Top: installed	
GBIC Modules/Not Installed on Right; Not Installed on Left	
Bottom: Installed GBIC Modules installed on Bight installed on Left	
Power Supplies: 3 installed	
Front 2 installed: Rear 1 installed	
Panc 2 Installed	
Front installed; Rear: installed	
Loop Configuration Single Loop	
Options:	
Disk Access: Oenable Odisable	
Display Enclosure Status: Oenable Odicable	
Enclosure Services Functional Test: Oenable Odisable	
Check All Connections: Oenable Odisable	
Pass Delay: ▲▼DI	
Bound to:	
Processor Affinity: Processor 0	
Processor 1	
500.755.00	
HC5	
Within Instance: Apply	
Apply —	l
Across All Instances: Apply —	
Дрргу 🗀	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Reset Cancel	

 $\textbf{FIGURE 15-1} \hspace{0.2cm} \textbf{enatest} \hspace{0.1cm} \textbf{Test} \hspace{0.1cm} \textbf{Parameter Options} \hspace{0.1cm} \textbf{Dialog} \hspace{0.1cm} \textbf{Box}$

TABLE 15-3 enatest Options

enatest Options	Description
Enclosure Services Functional test (general description)	Certain control operations are performed on devices in the enclosure through the SES device and verified that the operation was performed successful. This functional test involves the following steps: 1. Perform control operation. 2. Verify control operation was successful. 3. Restore state to what it was before 1. 4. Verify restore operation was successful. The test will fail if any one of the above steps fails. This test targets the disks and the fans in the enclosure.
Enclosure Services Functional test (detailed Disk test description)	 Control Operation—Each port of the disk is toggled from its original state. A port that was originally connected will be bypassed and vice-versa. Verify Control Operation—This is done in two ways. First, the new status of the disk ports is verified by reading the status through the SES device. The test will fail if the status read back does not reflect the change. Next, disk access is attempted through the port that was originally connected but has now been bypassed. The test will fail if the access attempt is successful. Restore State—The port states are restored to what they were before the Control Operation. Verify Restore Operation—This is done in two ways. First the status of the disk ports is verified by reading the status through the SES device. The test will fail if the status read back does not reflect the change. Next, disk access is attempted through the port that have been reconnected. The test will fail if the access attempt is unsuccessful.
Enclosure Services Functional test (detailed Fan test description)	 Control Operation—The speed of each fan is toggled. Possible speeds are HIGH and LOW. Verify Control Operation—The status is read back through the SES device and the speeds are compared. Failure to vary the speed in this case will result in an INFO message indicating that the fan speed could not be changed but does not result in a test failure. This is because SES can ignore fan speed change requests if required because of existing ambient temperature conditions. Restore State—Restore the fan speed to the original speed. Verify Restore Operation—This is similar to the Verify Control Operation step above.

enatest Fault Isolation Capability

In the case of a failure, the test aids in fault isolation by reporting the possible cause(s) of failure. The fault isolation capability varies depending on the nature of the fault and the system configuration. enatest can detect and isolate hard faults. The following table shows the fault isolation capability for different configurations. A Yes indicates that fault isolation capability is available for that component in that configuration and a No indicates lack of fault isolation capability for that component in that configuration.

The following table is not applicable when using the PCI-based Fibre Channel card due to the card's lack of fault isolation capabilities.

TABLE 15-4 enatest Fault Isolation Configurations

Connections	System	SOC+ Host Adapter	Host Side GBIC or Cable	Enclosure Elements			
to Enclosure	Architecture			Disk	Backplane	IB	GBIC
Multiple	sun4u	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Multiple	sun4d	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
Single	sun4u	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
Single	sun4d	Yes	No	No	No	No	No

enatest Test Modes

TABLE 15-5 enatest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection test	Yes	In this mode, the host connections and the status of the enclosure are checked. The test fails if there are any broken connections or if a critical enclosure condition is detected. Noncritical conditions result in a warning. A sample of the output follows.
Connection t	est startin	g
ses0		
Sta	tus: Connec	cted
Enc	:losure:	
	Product An	emones Enterprise Network Array,
	Enclosure	Name=MYBOX,
Hos	t Connection	ons:
	Number of	Active Connections=2,
Enc	losure Stat	ce:
	Critical C	onditions=None, Non-Critical Conditions=None
Connection t	est complet	е
Functional (offline)	Yes	All test options are allowed in this mode.
Functional (online)	Yes	The Enclosure Services Functional test is not allowed and the Disk Access option is disabled by default.

enatest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/enatest standard_arguments -o dev=device_name,
disk_access=enable | disable, disks=disk1:disk2:disk3:...diskn, disp=enable | disable,

esfunc=enable | disable,conn=enable | disable,delay=delay_in_seconds

 TABLE 15-6
 enatest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=device_name	Specifies the name of an ses device in the enclosure.
disk_access=enable disable	Enables or disables disk access.
disks=disk1:disk2:disk3: diskn	Lists the disks contained in this enclosure that the disk_access test should attempt to access. The disk names are separated by colons (:). If this option is disabled, the test will access all disks found in the enclosure.
disp=enable disable	Enables or disables the display of detailed status information regarding the enclosure elements.
esfunc=enable disable	Enables or disables the Enclosure Services Functional test.
conn=enable disable	Displays information about the connection to the host.
delay=delay_in_seconds	Sets the minimum delay (in seconds) between successive invocations of the test.

Note - 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/ sparcy9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Sun StorEdge 1000 Enclosure Test (enctest)

enctest tests the Sun StorEdge™ 1000 enclosures. The enclosure can support either 12 1" 4GB drives or 8 1.6" 9GB drives and have redundant power and cooling. Two enclosure models are available:

- Sun StorEdge A1000—Disk tray with the hardware RAID controller
- Sun StorEdge D1000—Disk tray without the hardware RAID controller

enctest can be used for validation, configuration verification, repair verification, and fault isolation of both models.

The enctest probe detects all the connected Sun StorEdge enclosures and displays the status of the various elements in the enclosure.

enctest sets the Sun StorEdge D1000 LEDs as follows:

TABLE 16-1 enctest Status LEDs

LED State	Indicated Condition
On	Unrecoverable or critical condition
Blinking	Non-critical condition
Off	Informational or no condition to report

Note — The ses driver must be present on the system with the Sun StorEdge enclosure(s). If the ses driver is not present, SunVTS will not detect the Sun StorEdge hardware. Use the following command to see if the ses driver is present: pkginfo SUNWSES

Install the package if necessary.

enctest reports the status of the various elements in the enclosure. An error is registered if an unrecoverable or critical condition is detected. Noncritical conditions are reported through warning messages. The table below describes the information that is reported for each enclosure element.

TABLE 16-2 enctest Enclosure Status Report

Enclosure Element	Information reported (per device slot)
Disk	Present/Not Present Failed/OK
Power supply	Present/Not Present Failed/OK
Fan	Present/Not Present Failed/OK
Temperature	OK/Over temperature
RPA cache Battery (StorEdge A1000 only)	OK/Low Charge

enctest Options

ses1(enctest) Test Parameter Options	-
Configuration: Model: StorEdge D1000 Firmware Rev: 2	
Options:	
Display Enclosure Status: ○enable ○disable	
LED Test: ○enable ○disable	
Interval Between Passes: ▲▼[30	_
Within Instance: Apply -	
Across All Instances: Apply —	
Reset Cancel	

FIGURE 16-1 enctest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

TABLE 16-3 enctest Options

enctest Options	Description
Display Enclosure Status	When enabled, the status of the enclosure elements are displayed as messages in the SunVTS console. These messages are also logged in the SunVTS info log file.
LED Test	When enabled, the LEDs associated with the disks are flashed for a short period of time.
Interval Between Passes	Sets the minimum delay between successive invocations of the test.

enctest Test Modes

TABLE 16-4 enctest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connectivity	Yes	The enclosure status summary bits are read. Detailed information is reported only if an unrecoverable or critical condition is detected.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	All options are allowed.
Functional (Online)	Yes	The LED test is not allowed and the Display Enclosure Status option is disabled by default.

enctest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/enctest standard_arguments -o dev=device_name, disp=enable | disable,led=enable | disable,delay=delay_in_seconds

TABLE 16-5 enctest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=device_name	This is the name of a ses device in the enclosure.
disp=enable disable	Detailed status information regarding the enclosure elements will be displayed if enabled.
led=enable disable	Option to enable or disable the LED test.
delay=delay_in_seconds	Minimum delay between successive invocations of the test.

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/ sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Environmental Test (envtest)

envtest exercises the I2C bus on the Sun Enterprise™ 450 product line. envtest contains five subtests to test and report on the power supply status, system temperature status, fan speed, disk LEDs, and front panel and keyswitch.

envtest is not scalable.

Note – Do not run envtest while the system is under a heavy load or false failures may be reported.

envtest Options

envctri0(envtest)	Test Parameter Options
Configuration: I2C Environmental Contol Bus	
Options:	
Disk LEDS Test:	♦ Enable
Fan Test:	♦ Enable
Front Panel/Keyswitch Test:	♦ Enable
Power Supply Status:	♦ Enable
Temperature Status:	♦ Enable
Processor Affinity:	Processor 0 Processor 2
Within Instance: App	ly \Box
Across All Instances:	Apply \Box
Reset	Cancel

FIGURE 17-1 envtest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

TABLE 17-1 envtest Options

envtest Options	Description
Disk LEDs test	Illuminates each LED on the disk backplane(s) to green, then amber, and then back to its original state. The test then illuminates all disk LEDs to green, then amber, and then back to their original state. This test is only enabled in Functional test mode.
Fan test	Cycles each fanbank speed to low, medium, and high, then verifies the correct speed. Next, each fanbank is stopped, one at a time. The test then verifies that a fan fault has occurred. Next, the watchdog timer is invoked to simulate a catastrophic failure. The test verifies that the system set all fanbanks to high and then resets the fan speed to normal. This test is only enabled in Functional test.
Front Panel and Keyswitch test	Flashes each individual LED on the front panel to ON (green or amber), then OFF, and then back to its original state. The test then illuminates all front panel LEDs then sets them back to their original state. The power on LED is Read Only and will not be cycled. The test then displays the current keyswitch position. This test is only enabled in Functional test mode.
Power Supply Status	Identifies the number of power supplies that are in the system, and the state of each power supply, and verifies that the power supply temperatures are within normal operating parameters. This test is enabled in all modes.
Temperature Status	Identifies the current temperature of each CPU in the system, and the ambient temperature of the system, and envtest verifies that all temperatures are within normal operating parameters. This test is enabled in all modes.

envtest Test Modes

envtest supports Connection and Functional tests.

TABLE 17-2 envtest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	Reports the status of the power supplies, the temperature sensors within the system, and verifies normal operating parameters.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Tests the disk back panel, front panel LEDs, and fan control circuitry. Also uses the same functionality as online Functional mode and connection mode
Functional (Online)	Yes	envtest runs in Connection test mode (see description above).

envtest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/envtest [standard arguments] -o dev=raw_device_name,diskleds=E/D,fans=E/D,fpanel=E/D, psupply=E/D, temp=E/D

TABLE 17-3 envtest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=raw_device_name	Specifies the name of the raw device to test.
diskleds=enable disable	Enables or disables the Disk LEDS test.
fans=enable disable	Enables or disables the Fans test.
fpanel=enable disable	Enables or disables the Front Panel test.
psupply=enable disable	Enables or disables the Power Supply test
temp=enable disable	Enables or disables the Temperature test.

Note - 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/ sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Environmental Test (env2test)

env2test exercises and validates the I2C bus on the Sun Enterprise 250 systems.

Five subtests in env2test test and report the status of the power supply, system temperature, fan speed, disk LEDs, front panel, and keyswitch.

env2test is not scalable.

Note – Do not run env2test while the system is under a heavy load or false failures may be reported.

env2test Options

envctrltwo0(env2t	est) Test Parameter Options
Configuration: I2C Environmental Control Bus	
Options:	
Disk LEDS Test:	● Enable
Fan Test:	● Enable
Front Panel/Keyswitch Test:	● Enable
Power Supply Status:	● Enable
Temperature Status:	● Enable
Within Instance: App	ly 🗆
Across All Instances:	Apply \Box
Reset	Cancel

 $\textbf{FIGURE 18-1} \ \, \textbf{env2test Test Parameter Options Dialog Box}$

 $\textbf{TABLE 18-1} \quad \texttt{env2test Options} \\$

env2test Options	Description
Disk LEDs test	Determines the number of disks that are present and the state of each disk. Illuminates each LED on the disk backplane to amber, and then back to its original state. The test then illuminates all disk LEDs to amber, and then back to their original state. This test is only enabled in Functional mode.
Fan test	Sets the fanbank speed to halfway between the current speed and max speed, then verifies the correct speed. Next, the fanbank speed is set to max speed, and the speed is verified. The fanbank speeds are then returned to normal, and then verified. This test is only enabled in Functional mode.
Front Panel and Keyswitch test	Flashes each individual LED on the front panel to On (green or amber), then Off, and then back to its original state. The test then illuminates all front panel LEDs then sets them back to their original state. The power on LED is read-only and will not be cycled. The test then displays the current keyswitch position. This test is only enabled in Functional mode.
Power Supply Status	Identifies the number of power supplies that are in the system and the state of each power supply. This test is enabled in all modes.
Temperature Status	Identifies the current temperature of each CPU in the system, the ambient temperatures of the system, the temperature on the SCSI and power distribution boards, and verifies that all temperatures are within normal operating parameters. This test is enabled in all modes.

env2test Test Modes

env2test supports Connection and Functional tests as described in the table below.

TABLE 18-2 env2test Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	Reports the status of the power supplies and the temperature sensors within the system, and verifies normal operating parameters
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Tests the disk back panel, front panel LEDs, and fan control circuitry. Also uses the same functionality as online mode and connection test
Functional (Online)	Yes	env2test performs the same functionality as Connection test (see above).

env2test Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/env2test [standard arguments] -o dev=device_name,diskleds=E/D,env_mon=poll_interval,fans=E/D, fpanel=E/D, psupply=E/D, temp=E/D

TABLE 18-3 env2test Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=raw_device_name	Specifies the name of the raw device to test.
diskleds=enable disable	Enables or disables diskleds test.
env_mon=poll_interval	Displays all system environmental statics every poll_interval seconds. (Display ONLY, does not test.)
fans=enable disable	Enables or disables Fan test.
fpanel=enable disable	Enables or disables Front Panel test.
psupply=enable disable	Enables or disables Power Supply test.
temp=enable disable	Enables or disables Temperature test.

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Environmental Test (env3test)

env3test is an environmental control test for the Sun Blade 1000 and Sun Blade 100 systems. The test monitors the system by reading temperatures and fan speeds, as well as their limits. It reports whether the temperatures and fan speeds fall within system environmental condition limits.

The MAX1617 temperature sensor keeps a set of hard limits for the maximum and minimum temperatures allowed within the system. If the temperature passes one of these limits, the system performs a hard shutdown to protect hardware components. env3test also checks against the environmental monitor daemon, which keeps its own limits.

By reading these temperature values, the test reports the possibility of a failure of the system environmental feedback loop between the fans and the temperature sensors.

Note – If env3test fails to register temperature values, the system temperature indicators may be faulty.

Note – env3test will not run on operating environments earlier than the Solaris 8 10/00 operating environment.

env3test Options

0	max1617(env3test) Test Parameter Options
	Configuration: I2C Environmental Control Bus system-fan (fan, 470000040d) devfs-path /pci@8.700000/ebus@5/i2c@1.30/fan-control@0.48:0 name system-fan cpu-fan (fan, 4700000413) devfs-path /pci@8.700000/ebus@5/i2c@1.30/fan-control@0.48:2 name cpu-fan power-supply-fan (fan, 4700000419) devfs-path /pci@8.700000/ebus@5/i2c@1.30/fan-control@0.48:4 name power-supply-fan cpu (temperature-sensor, 47000003f4) devfs-path /pci@8.700000/ebus@5/i2c@1.30/sensor@0.30:die_temp name cpu cpu-ambient (temperature-sensor, 4700000401) devfs-path /pci@8.700000/ebus@5/i2c@1.30/sensor@0.30:amb_temp name cpu-ambient
	Options: Log_File: True OFalse
	Within Instance: Apply 🗅
	Across All Instances: Apply
	Reset

FIGURE 19-1 env3test Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

If the Log File option is set to True, the test logs two lines of information read from the system into the log file /var/opt/SUNWvts/logs/env3test.log. The first line is a time stamp. The second line is a list of names and the read values, as shown below:

```
Wed May 24 13:55:57 2000
system-fan , 19, cpu-fan , 49, power-supply-fan , 100, cpu , 81,
cpu-ambient ,24
```

The values for fan settings refer to the percentage of performance at which each fan is running. The system fan, for example, is running at 19% of its capacity. The temperature values are in degrees Celsius. The cpu in the above example is running at 81 degrees C.

env3test Test Modes

TABLE 19-1 env3test Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
	- Сирропои	
Connection	Yes	Attempts connection to the device.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Reports the received information to the GUI logging window in verbose mode.
Functional (Online)	No	Not supported.

env3test Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/env3test [standard arguments] -o dev=driver_name, logging=true | false

TABLE 19-2 env3test Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=driver_name	Specifies the driver name for this test. The driver for the Sun Blade 1000 is $max1617$.
logging=true false	Enables or disables the logging feature.

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Environmental Test (env4test)

env4test exercises and validates the I2C bus on the Sun Ct800 systems.

There are nineteen subtests in env4test that test and report the status of the following:

- Continuity LED flash test
- Slot LED flash test
- Disk LED flash test
- Power supply LED flash test
- Fan LED flash test
- System controller board LED flash test
- Front transition module LED flash test
- Green LED's blink register
- Register read/write test, 3N march
- Register read/write test, 5N march
- Register read/write test, Crosstalk
- FRU presence test
- I/O slot health test
- I/O slot reset test
- Power remote on/off test
- Fan speed switch test
- CPU temperature status display test
- Power supply status display test
- Fan status display test

env4test is not scalable.

env4test Options

user1(env4tes	t) Test Parameter Options
Options:	
	○True
LEDS ON Continuity Test:	⊕ Enable
Slot LEDS Test:	○ Enable
Disk LEDS Test:	○ Enable
Power Supply LEDS Test:	○ Enable
Fan LEDS Test:	○ Enable
SCB LEDS Test:	○ Enable
FTM LEDS Test:	○ Enable
Green LED Blink Test:	○ Enable
Register R/W Test:	₩ NONE
	□ 3N
	□sn
	☐ Cross Talk
FRU Presence Test:	○ Enable
Health Test:	○ Enable
Reset Test:	○ Enable
Power Supply Test:	○ Enable
Fan Test:	○ Enable
Poll Interval:	
Temperature Status:	
Power Supply Status:	
	⊕ Enable ⊝ Disable
All Tests:	○ Enable
Within Instance: Apply	0
Across All Instances:	Apply =
Reset Ca	ncel

 $\textbf{FIGURE 20-1} \ \, \textbf{env4test Test Parameter Options Dialog Box}$

TABLE 20-1 env4test Options

env4test Options	Description
LEDS ON Continuity test	Asserts all LEDs in the system display panel except for the PDU LEDs. This verifies the ability of the System Controller Board (SCB) to perform sequential writes while automatically advancing the address pointer internally.
Slot LEDS test	Repeatedly flashes all I/O slot LEDs.
Disk LEDS test	Repeatedly flashes all disk LEDs.
Power Supply LEDS test	Repeatedly flashes all power supply LEDs.
Fan LEDS test	Repeatedly flashes all fan LEDs.
SCB LEDS test	Repeatedly flashes all system controller board LEDs.
FTM LEDS test	Repeatedly flashes all front transition module LEDs.
Green LED Blink test	Tests hardware functionality that enables blinking for the green LEDs.
Register R/W test	A pattern write test to interrupt registers and LED registers (read/write) to isolate the stuck-at-1, stuck-at-0, and cross talk fault categories. The test execution time from shortest to longest is: 3N march, 5N march, Cross Talk.
FRU Presence test	Reads and displays FRU presence signals.
Health test	Reads and displays I/O slot health signals.
Reset test	Sequentially resets individual I/O slots.
Power Supply test	Tests the remote power on/off signals in systems with redundant power supplies. This test is only valid when 2 power supplies are inserted in a single drawer.
Fan test	Tests the functionality of fan speed changes.
Poll interval	Displays all system environmental statics every poll_interval seconds.
Temperature Status test	Identifies the current temperature of the CPU, the ambient temperature of the system, and verifies that the temperature is within normal operating parameters. This test is enabled in all modes.

TABLE 20-1 env4test Options

env4test Options	Description
Power Supply Status test	Detects assertion of Presence signal in the SCB and reads the power supply status register via the I2C bus. The encoded bit status is displayed to the console.
Fan Status test	Detects assertion of Presence signal in the SCB and reads the fan status register via the I2C bus. The encoded bit status is displayed to the console.
All tests	Executes all tests sequentially.

env4test Test Modes

env4test supports Connection and Functional tests as described in the table below.

TABLE 20-2 env4test Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	Reports the status of the power supplies, the temperature sensors within the system, and verifies normal operating parameters.
Functional (offline)	Yes	Tests the disk back panel, front panel LEDs, and fan control circuitry. Also uses the same functionality as Online mode and Connection test mode.
Functional (online)	Yes	${\tt env4test}$ performs the same functionality as Connection test mode (see above).

env4test Command-Line Syntax

 ${\tt FRUPresenceTest=} E/D, {\tt HealthTest=} E/D, {\tt ResetTest=} E/D,$ ${\tt PowerSupplyTest=} E/D, {\tt FanTest=} E/D, {\tt env_mon=} poll_interval, {\tt TempStatus=} E/D, {\tt env_mon=} poll_interval, {\tt en$ PsupplyStatus=E/D,FanStatus=E/D, AllTests=E/D

TABLE 20-3 env4test Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation
dev=raw_device_name	Specifies the name of the raw device to test.
${\tt ContinuityTest=} \textit{Enable} \textit{Disable}$	Turns on all LED's except for PDU.
${\tt SlotLedsTest=} {\it Enable} {\it Disable}$	Enables or disables the slot LED flash test.
${\tt DiskLedsTest=} Enable Disable$	Enables or disables the disk LED flash test.
PsupplyLedsTest= Enable Disable	Enables or disables the power supply LED flash test.
${ t FanLedsTest=} Enable Disable $	Enables or disables the fan LED flash test.
${ t ScbLedsTest=} Enable Disable $	Enables or disables the scb LED flash test.
${\tt FtmLedsTest=} Enable Disable $	Enables or disables the ftm LED flash test.
GreenLedsBlinkTest= Enable Disable	Enables or disables the green LED hardware blink test.
${\tt RegTest=} 3N 5N {\it Cross_Talk}$	Enables or disables the 3N, 5N, or Cross Talk register test.
${\tt FRUPresenceTest=} \ \textit{Enable} \ \ \textit{Disable}$	Enables or disables the FRU presence test.
${\tt HealthTest=\it Enable \it Disable}$	Enables or disables the health test.
ResetTest = Enable Disable	Enables or disables the reset test.
PowerSupplyTest= Enable Disable	Enables or disables the power supply remote on/off test.
${\tt FanTest=} Enable Disable$	Enables or disables the fan speed change test.
env_mon=poll_interval	Displays all system environmental statics every poll_interval seconds. (Display ONLY, does not test.)
${\tt TempStatus=} Enable Disable $	Enables or disables display of CPU temperature.
${\tt PsupplyStatus=} Enable Disable $	Enables or disables display of power supply status.
${ t FanStatus=} Enable Disable$	Enables or disables display of fan status.
$All Tests = Enable \mid Disable$	Performs all tests in sequence.

Note - 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/ sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Frame Buffer Test (fbtest)

fbtest is a generic test for all dumb frame buffers used with the Solaris 2.x and Solaris 7 software.

The fbtest checks the frame buffer by sequentially writing, reading, and verifying small blocks of random patterns across the entire video RAM. The block size is 64 x 64 pixels. If a miscompare occurs, the test stops with an error message that indicates the location of the error.

If a generic frame buffer device name (dvc/fb) is specified, fbtest automatically detects the depth of the frame buffer, and adjusts testing to the frame buffer size.

fbtest Options

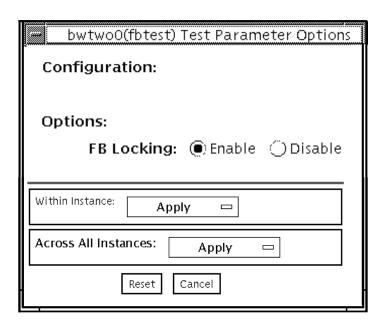


FIGURE 21-1 fbtest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

Note - To start SunVTS with vtsui, but without vtsk, you must add the host name to xhost as: xhost + hostname.

fbtest Test Modes

Due to the nature of graphic tests, reading from or writing to the frame buffer during graphic tests disturbs user operation.

TABLE 21-1 fbtest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	No	Not supported
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Runs the full set of tests
Functional (Online)	No	Not supported

fbtest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/fbtest standard_arguments -o dev=device_name, lock=E(nable)/D(isable)

TABLE 21-2 fbtest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=device_name	Specifies which frame buffer to test.
lock=E(nable)/ D(isable)	Enables or disables the window system locking option. See "Testing Frame Buffers" on page 10 for details. Frame buffer locking is enabled by default on the window server running the Open Windows software.

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Fast Frame Buffer Test (ffbtest)

ffbtest verifies the functionality of the fast frame buffer (FFB).

ffbtest can detect and adapt to the video modes of single- and double-buffer versions of the FFB. All ffbtest tests can run in several screen resolutions such as standard, stereo, and high resolution. In stereo mode, all tests write into the right and left eyes unless you specify otherwise. This test also supports FFB, FFB2, and FFB2+ fast frame buffer configurations. Use the ffbconfig -prconf command to display the configuration of the frame buffer you want to test.

You can interrupt ffbtest using Control-C. Turn off all other keyboard input if OPEN LOOK is running on the unit being tested.

Test accuracy is checked using a checksum algorithm. Possible locations of failing pixels are identified, as well as the likely failing FRU.



Caution – *Do not* run any other application or screen saver program that uses the FFB accelerator port while running ffbtest. Do not run power management software. These programs causes SunVTS to return incorrect errors.

Note – Do not run Open WindowsTM across multiple monitors or the test could fail.

ffbtest Test Requirements

Disable all screen savers before testing any graphics device. Type **xset** s off at a UNIX prompt to disable the Solaris screen saver. Disable the Power Management™ software if it is running.

ffbtest requires approximately 7 Mbytes of disk space in the /tmp directory to extract its working files. If this space is not available, the diagnostic will fail and report warning and error messages, indicating a lack of disk space.

To start SunVTS with vtsui, but without vtsk, you must add the host name to xhost as: **xhost** + <hostname>.

ffbtest Options

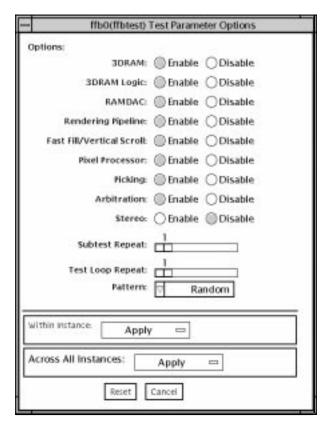


FIGURE 22-1 ffbtest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

By default, all tests are enabled except the stereo test.

TABLE 22-1 ffbtest Options

ffbtest Options	Description
3DRAM test	The 3DRAM test thoroughly tests the video memory in the FFB using 512-bit reads and writes. 3DRAM makes a full screen pass, consisting of a write and a read to each pixel location, for each access mode on the list below. You can use either random data or specify data at the command line. A second pass is made with the one's complement of the data used in the first pass so that each memory location is tested with both a zero and a one. Notice that some passes are skipped on the single-buffered FFB.
	Errors in this subtest are attributes to the 3DRAM. A failing chip is indicated by (X, Y) locations and device-specific "U" numbers: • DFB8R, DFB8G, DFB8B, DFB8X—Buffer A • DFB24—Buffer A • DFB32—Buffer A
	 SFB8R, SFB8G, SFB8B, SFB8X—Buffer A SFB8R, SFB8G, SFB8B, SFB8X—Buffer B (double buffer only) SFB32—Buffer A SFB32—Buffer B (double buffer only) SFB32—Buffer C (double buffer only) SFB64—Buffers A and C (double buffer only) SFB64—Buffers B and C (double buffer only)
3DRAM Logic test	3DRAM Logic provides logical functionality to the FFB. The following services are tested: • Compare Controls—Match AB • Compare Controls—Magnitude AB • Compare Controls—Magnitude C (double buffer only) • Compare Controls—Magnitude C (double buffer only) • Match Mask—AB • Magnitude Mask—AB • Magnitude Mask—C (double buffer only) • Magnitude Mask—C (double buffer only) • Raster Operations—RGB • Raster Operations—X • Raster Operations—YZ (double buffer only) • Plane Mask—RGB • Plane Mask—X • Plane Mask—X • Plane Mask—Z • Group Enable—R, G, B, X

 TABLE 22-1
 ffbtest Options (Continued)

ffbtest Options	Description
3DRAM Logic test (Continued)	ffbtest tests each function separately with a series of SFB64 writes. A total of 16 writes are made for each different test case with Y coordinate values varying from 0 to 30 in increments of 2 pixels. This dotted column organization provides page thrashing and block flashing in all screen resolutions. For each operation, all possible combinations are tested. For example, ROP RGB new==old has three possible values: new < old, new == old, and new > old. ffbtest tests each of these cases.
	Five passes of the functions are made. Each pass writes into a different FFB address space: SFB32-A, SFB32-B, SFB32-C, SFB64-AC, and SFB64-BC. Note that the passes that write into the SFB32 address spaces are writing two pixels at a time because the tests use SFB64 writes.
	For FFB2+ boards, additional testing is performed on the new stencil and passin capabilities if the board is DBZ.
	Care is taken to ensure that all 3DRAM chips are tested. Errors in this subtest are attributed to the 3DRAM.
RAMDAC Test	RAMDAC registers are tested using simple read/write patterns to determine if there are any bad bits. This includes all LUTs. ffbtest ensures that data is actually being read from the RAMDAC and not being supplied by the driver.
	Next, the RAMDAC Signature Register captures the pixels going to the screen. This test determines that all of the different data paths within the RAMDAC are functioning properly.
	 The following modes are tested: 24-bit true color from A 24-bit true linear color from A 24-bit direct color from A 24-bit true color from B (double buffer only) 24-bit true linear color from B 24-bit direct color from B (double buffer only) 8-bit pseudo color (from each plane in RGB) from A 8-bit pseudo color (from each plane in RGB) from B (double buffer only) 8-bit non-linear grayscale (from each plane in RGB) from A 8-bit non-linear grayscale (from each plane in RGB) from B (double buffer only) 8-bit linear grayscale (from each plane in XRGB) from A 8-bit linear grayscale (from each plane in XRGB) from B (double buffer only) 8-bit overlay pseudo color (from buffer A, X plane)

 TABLE 22-1
 ffbtest Options (Continued)

ffbtest Options	Description	
RAMDAC test (Continued)	This test displays a total of 11 different types of windows on the screen for the single-buffered configuration; 22 for double-buffered. A cursor is also displayed on the screen.	
	RAMDAC on FFB2+ board supports three modes (SEP8, SEP4, and Combined). This test detects the RAMDAC type and tests the original and additional features like increased number of CLUTs, increased WLUT size, additional overlay WLUT.	
	Errors in this test are attributed to the RAMDAC.	
Rendering Pipeline test	Rendering Pipeline uses the rendering pipeline tests developed for the FFB stand-alone diagnostics.	
	Each primitive is tested thoroughly with the following sources and configurations: • Dots	
	Anti-aliased dotsLines using all four line drawing primitives	
	• Triangles	
	• Polygons	
	• Rectangles	
	• Fonts	
	Errors in this test are attributed to the FBC.	
Fast Fill/Vertical Scroll test	The Fast Fill/Vertical Scroll primitives are separated from the Rendering Pipeline tests because of their dependence on screen type. There are three different tests, one for each screen type. Each test uses both block and page mode fistfuls.	
	Errors in this test are attributed to the FBC.	
Pixel Process test	Pixel Processor, a subtest, exercises the following options selected by the FFB's Pixel Processor Control (PPC) register: • Auxiliary clipping (additive and subtractive)	
	Depth cueingAlpha blend	
	Viewport clip (2D and 3D)	
	Area pattern (transparent and opaque)	
	Errors in this test are attributed to the FBC.	
	Errors in this test are attributed to the 100.	

 TABLE 22-1
 ffbtest Options (Continued)

ffbtest Options	Description
Picking test	The Picking test exercises the pick detect login of the 3DRAM. ffbtest defines a pick detect window and checks that writes to the window are picked, and writes outside the window are not picked. The test is repeated once for each 3DRAM.
	Errors in this test are attributed to the 3DRAM.
Arbitration test	The Arbitration subtest continuously renders an object into the accelerator port while performing reads and writes through the direct port. For single-buffered configurations, a picture is rendered into the RGB planes while another process does DFB reads and writes in the X plane. For doubled buffered configuration, a picture is rendered into all 32 planes of the B buffer while the other does 32-bit DFB reads and writes in the A plane. This subtest simulates conditions in the real world, where rendering processes and windows operations run concurrently.
	Errors in this test are attributed to the FBC.

 TABLE 22-1
 ffbtest Options (Continued)

ffbtest Options Description	
Stereo Test	The Stereo test displays an object in stereo mode with different images for the right and left eye. The user can verify proper operation by looking at the screen with stereo glasses and following the displayed instructions. If the monitor type is not 1280x1024 at 76MHz, this test prints a warning message and does not run. To prevent this message from being displayed or written to the SunVTS information log, disable the stereo test in the test option menu. Only Sony P4 and N2 monitors support stereo resolutions.
	This test temporarily switches the monitor into stereo mode, renders a stereo image, performs a signature analysis on the stereo image (using the RAMDAC signature capture register), and after displaying the image for five seconds, restores the monitor to its previous resolution.
	Errors in this test are attributed to the RAMDAC.
	Note — If vertical lines are displayed on the console when running SunVTS, this could be caused by the ffbtest stereo test. There is a time-critical period in the FFB hardware when trying to change the screen resolution from standard to stereo and back to standard. When the system is heavily loaded or running all of the SunVTS tests, the FFB device driver may get interrupted while changing screen resolution. If this occurs, FB ASIC and RAMDAC get out of synchronization, resulting in an unusual display on the FFB screen. This problem could also cause a system hang condition. To avoid this type of display problem, disable the ffbtest stereo test when other SunVTS tests are enabled.
	This test is disabled by default because it is only needed when a stereo monitor and stereo glasses are present.

ffbtest Test Modes

Due to the nature of graphic tests, reading from or writing to the frame buffer during graphic tests will disturb user operation. This test is only available in offline Functional test and Stress mode.

TABLE 22-2 ffbtest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	No	Not supported
Functional (Offline)	Yes	The ffbtest verifies both the single- (SFB) and double-buffered (DBZ) fast frame buffer boards.
Functional (Online)	No	Not supported
Stress mode	Yes	Stress mode exercises the frame buffer as much as possible. The Random test generator, constructed as part of the verification effort, is used. Starting from a known seed, random primitives with random attributes are generated. The primitives are checked to ensure that they were rendered in the same way as on a known good system. The test is repeated ten times, with each random picture overlaying the previous one.
		Stress mode is not available on FFB2+ boards.

ffbtest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/ffbtest standard_arguments -o dev=device_name,
s=subtest_number,F=#_of_subtest_loops,B=#_of_test_loops,P=test_pattern

TABLE 22-3 ffbtest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description device_name is the relative path name of the device being tested with respect to /dev/fbs; The default is ffb0.	
dev=device_name		
S=subtest_number	subtest_number is the test number of the subtest to be run. Select from the subtests below. You can run multiple subtests by adding the subtest numbers. For example, n=0x3 runs both test 1 and test 2; n=0x180 runs both test 0x080 and test 0x0100. Note that you do not need the leading zeros. • n=0x00001 3DRAM • n=0x00002 3DRAM Logic • n=0x00004 RAMDAC • n=0x00008 Rendering Pipeline • n=0x00010 FastFill/Vertical Scroll • n=0x00020 Pixel Processor • n=0x00040 Picking • n=0x00080 Arbitration • n=0x00100 Stereo More than one test can be selected by ORing subtest numbers. For	
	example: $n = 0 \times 000009$ selected by 0kmg subtest numbers. For example: $n = 0 \times 000009$ selects 3DRAM and Rendering Pipeline tests. A hex number must be preceded by 0x, decimal numbers are also acceptable.	
F=#_of_subtest_loops	Specifies the number of times to repeat each subtest. The default is 1.	
B=#_of_test_loops	Specifies the number of times to repeat a test loop before passing. The default is 1.	
P=test_pattern	Specifies the test pattern number. The default is r, for random patterns. You may also choose 0 for 0x0000000, 3 for 0x3333333, 5 for 0x5555555, or 9 for 0x9999999.	

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Note – Errors returned by ffbtest are nonspecific. It is not possible to determine which component caused a failure. In all error conditions, the field replaceable unit (FRU) is the entire FFB.

Floating Point Unit Test (fputest)

fputest checks the floating point unit on machines with SPARC architecture.

fputest Subtests

Instruction tests:

- FSR Register test
- Registers test
- NACK test
- Move Registers test
- Positive to Negative test
- Negative to Positive test
- Absolute test
- Single-Precision Integer to Floating Point test
- Double-Precision Integer to Floating Point test
- Single-Precision Floating Point to Integer test
- Double-Precision Floating Point to Integer test
- Single-Precision Round Toward Zero test
- Double-Precision Round Toward Zero test
- Single to Double-Precision Format Conversion test
- Double to Single-Precision Format Conversion test
- Single and Double-Precision Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Square-root, Division, and Compare tests
- Single and Double-Precision Compare and Exception if Unordered tests
- Branching and No Branching on Condition Instructions tests
- Single and Double-Precision Chaining tests
- Weitek Status tests

- Lock test
- Single and Double-Precision Datapath tests
- Timing (load) test

Benchmark tests:

- Linpack test
- Cparanoia test
- Kcsqrt test
- Kcdiv test
- Clorenz test
- Cvector test

fputest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the SunVTS User's Guide for more details.

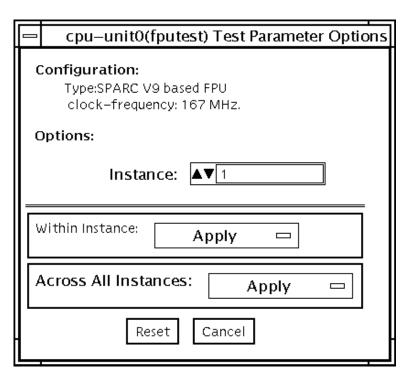


FIGURE 23-1 fputest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

fputest Test Modes

TABLE 23-1 fputest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	In this mode, fputest includes all the instruction tests.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Runs all the instruction tests and all the benchmark tests.
Functional (Online)	Yes	fputest runs linpack test and all the instruction tests.
Stress mode	Yes	This mode runs several fpu benchmark tests.

fputest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/fputest standard_arguments

Note - 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/ sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

IEEE 1394 Camera Test (fwcamtest)

fwcamtest tests the parameters and display functions of an IEEE 1394 digital camera, such as vid mode, frame rate, and frames received. This test currently supports the LG PC-10 camera.

fwcamtest Test Requirements

The system that runs fwcamtest must already be running a window environment, such as CDE or Open Windows. If the system has no window environment, or is only displaying the login window, fwcamtest will neither pass nor fail.

Note – Your window system must be operating in 24-bit depth to run the display test. Instructions for changing this setting are below.

If you are working in CDE, you can change your system to 24-bit depth by editing the file $/ \sqrt{\frac{dt}{config}/X}$ or $/ \frac{dt}{config}/X$ or $/ \frac{dt}{config}/X$ overrides the file $/ \frac{dt}{config}/X$ overrides the file $/ \frac{dt}{config}/X$ or $/ \frac{dt}{co$

:0 Local local_uid@console root /usr/openwin/bin/Xsun :0 -nobanner -dev /dev/fbs/ffb0 defdepth 24 defclass TrueColor

If you are working in Open Windows, start Open Windows by typing the following at the shell prompt:

% openwin -dev /dev/fbs/ffb0 -defdepth 24

fwcamtest Subtests

fwcamtest has three subtests:

- Parameter Test—Tests the digital camera parameters such as vid mode and brightness.
- Framereceive Test—Initializes the vid mode, framerate and ring buffer capacity parameters, then checks for the frame received.
- Display Test—Displays the captured frames. This display test sets up the 1394 bus for asynchronous transfer mode. The display test will only display the frames on the host running the test; it cannot display on a remote host.

fwcamtest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

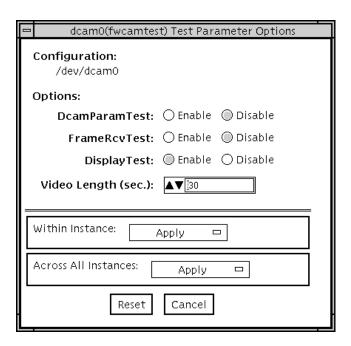


FIGURE 24-1 fwcamtest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

TABLE 24-1 fwcamtest Options

fwcamtest Options	Description
DcamParamTest	Enables or disables the Parameter subtest.
FrameRevTest	Enables or disables the Frame Receive subtest.
DisplayTest	Enables or disables the Display subtest.
Video Length	Determines, in seconds, how long the screen display lasts.

fwcamtest Test Modes

TABLE 24-2 fwcamtest Test Modes

-		
Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	No	Not supported.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Runs the full set of tests.
Functional (Online)	No	Not supported.

fwcamtest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/fwcamtest $standard_arguments$ -o dev=dcam0, $dcamparam=E(nable) \mid D(isable)$, $framercv=E \mid D$, $display=E \mid D$, T=seconds

TABLE 24-3 fwcamtest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=dcam0	Specifies the device name for this test.
$dcamparam=E(nable) \mid D(isable)$	Enables or disables the Parameter subtest.
framercv=E/D	Enables or disables the Frame Receive subtest.
${\tt display=}E/D$	Enables or disables the Display subtest.
T=seconds	Specifies the time period of the display test in seconds.

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname. If the test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Sun GigabitEthernet Test (gemtest)

The Gigabit Ethernet Test (gemtest) has been replaced with the Ethernet Loopback Test (netlbtest). Please see Chapter 33 for further details.

PGX32 Frame Buffer Test (gfxtest)

The gfxtest tests the PGX32 frame buffer card by performing video memory, RAMDAC, and acceleration subtests as described in TABLE 26-1.

TABLE 26-1 gfxtest Subtests

Subtest	Description
Video Memory	Thoroughly tests the 8-Mbytes of video frame buffer memory using random and sequential 8-bit and 32-bit accesses. One pass of this subtest takes a while to complete.
RAMDAC	Tests the internal circuitry of the video output. The RAMDAC CLUT (color Lookup table) is tested using simple/read-write patterns to determine if there are any bad bits in the CLUT. This test only checks the functionality of the digital portion of the RAMDAC. This subtest does not ensure that the analog video signals are produced properly. This subtest takes less then one second to complete.
Acceleration	Thoroughly tests the hardware graphics acceleration of the PGX32 card. It re-initializes the engine, tests primitives such as lines, rectangles, bitblts, tiled and stippled rectangles with on-screen and off-screen memory. The Acceleration test also tests the ALU. This test takes less than one second to complete.



Caution – DO NOT run any other application or screen saver program that uses the PGX32 frame buffer card. Do not run power management software. These programs cause SunVTS to return incorrect errors.

Note – Disable all screen savers before testing any graphics device. Type **xset** s **off** at a UNIX prompt to disable the Solaris screen saver. Disable power management software if it is running.

Note – Due to the nature of graphics tests, reading from or writing to the frame buffer during graphics tests will disturb user operation.

Note - Do not run gfxtest from the SunVTS TTY mode when you are at the console.

Note – DO NOT run Open Windows across multiple monitors.

Note - To start SunVTS with vtsui, but without vtsk, you may need to add the host name to xhost as: **xhost** + hostname.

gfxtest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the SunVTS User's Guide for more details.

gfxp1 (gfxtest) Test Parameter Opti	ons	
Options:		
Memory Test: Enable Disa	ble	
RAMDAC Test: Enable ODisa	ble	
Accelerator Test: Enable ODisa	ble	
Within Instance: Apply -		
Across All Instances: Apply —		
Reset Cancel		

 $\textbf{FIGURE 26-1} \ \ \texttt{gfxtest} \ \ \textbf{Test} \ \ \textbf{Parameter Options Dialog Box}$

 $\textbf{TABLE 26-2} \quad \texttt{gfxtest } Options$

Options	Description
Memory Test	Enables or disables the Video Memory subtest. The default is enabled.
RAMDAC Test	Enables or disables the RAMDAC subtest The default is enabled.
Acceleration Test	Enables or disables the Acceleration subtest. The default is enabled.

gfxtest Test Modes

TABLE 26-3 qfxtest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	No	Not supported.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Runs the full set of tests.
Functional (Online)	No	Not supported.

gfxtest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/gfxtest standard_arguments -o dev=device name, mem=no of passes, ramdac=no of passes, accel=no of passes

TABLE 26-4 gfxtest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=device_name	<pre>device_name is the relative path name of the device being tested with respect to /dev/fbs, for example, /dev/fbs/gfxp0.</pre>
mem=no_of_passes	Specifies the number of times to run the Video Memory subtest. The default is one time.
ramdac=no_of_passes	Specifies the number of times to run the RAMDAC subtest. The default is one time.
accel=no_of_passes	Specifies the number of times to run the Acceleration subtest. The default is one time.

Note - 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/ sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Note – Errors returned by gfxtest are nonspecific. It is not possible to determine which component caused a failure. In all error conditions, the field replaceable unit (FRU) is the entire PGX32 frame buffer card.

Expert3D Frame Buffer Test (ifbtest)

ifbtest verifies the functionality of the Expert3D frame buffer.

ifbtest can detect and adapt to many video modes of the Expert3D frame buffer. All tests can run at a resolution of 1024x768 or higher.

You can interrupt ifbtest using Control-C. Turn off all other keyboard input if OPEN LOOK is running on the unit being tested.

Test accuracy is checked using direct image comparison against compressed images. Failed pixel locations are printed as error messages.



Caution – Do not run any other application or screen saver program that uses the Expert3D accelerator port while running ifbtest. This combination causes SunVTS to return incorrect errors.

ifbtest Test Requirements

Disable all screen savers before testing any graphics device. To disable the Solaris screen saver, type the following at a UNIX prompt:

xset s off

The display resolution must be 1024x768 or higher (the standard resolution). To change resolution, go to a UNIX prompt and type:

fbconfig -res 1280x1024x76

Note – Do not run Open Windows across multiple monitors while running ifbtest. The test will return errors.

Preparation for ifbtest

You should complete a few steps in advance to ensure that ifbtest runs as smoothly as possible.

If you are running ifbtest in a window system (such as CDE or OPEN LOOK):

- Turn off Power Management if it is enabled.
- Make sure that no other program is running that might modify the screen during the test.
- Make sure you have permission to lock the X server. ifbtest is designed to lock the X server during testing to prevent screen changes.
- The CDE login window should not be displayed during testing.
- Check that the window system is only running on one Expert3D frame buffer.

If you are not running ifbtest in a window system:

- Turn off Power Management if it is enabled.
- Make sure that no other program is running that might modify the screen during the test.
- Make sure the Expert3D frame buffer being tested is not the console device.
 Console messages may modify the screen.

ifbtest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

By default, all ifbtest options are enabled.

ifb0(ifbtest) Test Parameter Options
Configuration: Device information: NONE
Options:
Frame Buffer Memory: OEnable ODisable
Texture Memory: OEnable ODisable
Display List Memory: OEnable ODisable
Geometry Engine: Enable Disable
Rasterization: Enable Disable
Pixel Processor:
Subtest Repeat:
TestLoop Repeat:
Apply Reset Cancel

 $\textbf{FIGURE 27-1} \hspace{0.1in} \textbf{ifbtest} \hspace{0.1in} \textbf{Test} \hspace{0.1in} \textbf{Parameter Options Dialog Box}$

TABLE 27-1 ifbtest Options

ifbtest Options	Description	
Frame Buffer Memory test	Thoroughly tests the Expert3D video memory by using read and write requests. Tests for shorts or failed connections on the data bus by writing the following values to every address:	
	• 0xfffffff	
	• 0xFFFF0000	
	• 0x0000FFFF	
	• 0xFF00FF00	
	• 0x00FF00FF	
	• 0xF0F0F0F0	
	• 0x0F0F0F0F	
	• 0xccccccc	
	• 0x33333333	
	• 0xAAAAAAA	
	• 0x5555555	
	Tests for shorts or failed connections on the address bus by writing the offset of each memory location to each location and reading them back. This may also catch speed-related problems due to the volume of read/writes.	
	Errors in the test are reported as an error in a particular address, not attributed to a specific chip. To help distinguish bit-related errors, the errors are summarized to list which bits had at least one error in the test.	
	This test shows on the screen as random pixels.	
Texture Memory test	This test is identical in process to the frame buffer memory test (above). Since this test produces no visible effect, rectangles are drawn in rows across the screen to show progress.	
Display List Memory test	This test is identical in process to the frame buffer memory and texture memory tests (above), and is applied to direct burst memory.	
	This test takes little time and no progress is displayed.	
Geometry Engine test	Loads diagnostic microcode into the geometry engine and confirms that the processor operates correctly. This is a pass/fail test.	

 $\textbf{TABLE 27-1} \quad \text{ifbtest } Options \\$

ifbtest Options	Description
Rasterization test	Renders many primitives with minimal fragment processing, to test the rasterization of the primitives.
	The primitives used are:
	• Dots
	Anti-aliased dots
	 Lines using all for line-drawing primitives
	Anti-aliased lines using all for line-drawing primitives
	 Triangles, Quads, and Polygons in point, line, and fill modes
	• Rectangles
	This tests for the following rasterization attributes:
	 pixel coverage
	 constant value registers for color, Z, and stencil
	 interpolation of color, Z, and texture coordinates along lines and spans in polygons
	texture map sampling
	Resulting images are compared against stored images. Errors
	indicate which operation type and value was being tested, and the coordinate of the failed pixel.

TABLE 27-1 ifbtest Options

ifbtest Options Description		
Pixel Processor test	Tries the various pixel processing operators using a variety of fragment values. This tests the following fragment processing operations: • Depth Buffering • Blending • Alpha Test • Color Test • Color Clamp • Logic Operations • Color Matrix and Bias	
	 Color Table Control Planes Fast Clear Stencil Scissor Clipping Desktop Clipping Mask Clipping Write Masks Window Origin Fog Pixel Texture Accumulation Buffer Pixel Buffers 	
	Resulting images are compared against stored images. Errors indicate which operation type and value was being tested and the coordinate of the failed pixel.	

ifbtest Test Modes

Due to the nature of graphic tests, reading data from, or writing data to the frame buffer during graphic tests will disturb user operation. For this reason, ifbtest is only available in Offline Functional test mode.

TABLE 27-2 ifbtest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	No	Not supported.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Runs the full set of tests.
Functional (Online)	No	Not supported.

ifbtest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/ifbtest standard_arguments -o dev=device_name, fbmem=E(nable)/D(isable), texmem=E/D, dlmem=E/D, geomeng=E/D, rasterization=E/D, pixelproc=E/D, subtest_repeat=number, test repeat=number

TABLE 27-3 ifbtest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
Argument	Description
dev=device_name	<pre>device_name is the relative path name of the device being tested with respect to /dev/fbs. There is no default.</pre>
fbmem=E/D	Enables or disables the frame buffer memory test.
texmem=E/D	Enables or disables the texture memory test.
${\tt dlmem=} E/D$	Enables or disables the display list memory test.
${\tt geomeng=\it E/\it D}$	Enables or disables the geometry engine test.
${\tt rasterization} = E/D$	Enables or disables the rasterization test.

TABLE 27-3 ifbtest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
pixelproc=E/D	Enables or disables the pixel processing test.
subtest_repeat=number	Defines the number of times to repeat each subtest. The default is 1.
test_repeat=number	Defines the number of times to repeat a test loop before passing. The default is 1.

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname. If the test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Intelligent Fibre Channel Processor Test (ifptest)

ifptest tests the functionality of the PCI FC-AL card when there are no devices attached to the loop. The driver checks for devices on the fibre loop. If devices are detected the driver blocks any diagnostic commands.

Note – When devices are attached to the loop, do not run ifptest. Instead, run disktest tests on the individual devices. This will test the whole subsystem including the FC-AL controller.

ifptest uses the "mailbox" interface to the card. This interface allows certain firmware operations to be performed that normally would not be available to the application layer.

ifptest Subtests

Four subtests are run in online and functional modes:

Mailbox Loopback test

Loads a series of registers into the input mailboxes on the card and then reads the output mailboxes and compares results. This verifies that the system side of the card is operating correctly, and that the internal data paths are okay.

■ Firmware revision check

Reads the firmware revision from the firmware and compares it against a revision loaded by the driver.

■ Checksum firmware test

Runs an internal checksum test on the installed firmware. This verifies that the RISC RAM on the card is fully functional and that the installed firmware is still intact. This test also serves as a quick RAM check of the RISC RAM.

Dump revision levels

Extracts the hardware and firmware revision levels of different submodules on the card.

ifptest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the SunVTS User's Guide for more details.

─ IFP FC_AL Controller	
Configuration : IFP controller at /devices/pci@ Options :	11f;2000/pci1077;2100@2
Mailbox Loopback Test:	Enable Disable
Firmware Revision Check:	Enable Disable
Firmware Checksum Test:	Enable Disable
Check Module Revisions:	Enable Disable
Within Instance: Apply -	
Across All Instances: Apply	
Reset Cancel	

 $\textbf{FIGURE 28-1} \hspace{0.2cm} \textbf{ifptest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box} \\$

TABLE 28-1 ifptest Options

ifptest Options	Description
Mailbox Loopback test	Enables or disables the mailbox loopback command. This test writes data patterns into the mailboxes and then reads them back from the output mailboxes and verifies the data is correct.

TABLE 28-1 ifptest Options

ifptest Options	Description
Firmware revision check	Enables or disables the firmware revision check command. This test extracts the firmware revision from the RISC firmware code and verifies against expected values.
Firmware checksum test	Enables or disables the firmware checksum command. This command instructs the interface's RISC processor to calculate the checksum on the current microcode and then compare it against the checksum that was loaded in with the microcode.
Check Module Revisions	Enables or disables the firmware check module command. This command returns the revision level of several submodules on the interface card. Although this test is executed when enabled, the module revision levels are only printed out in VERBOSE mode.

ifptest Test Modes

TABLE 28-2 ifptest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	Performs only an open/close operation.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Runs the full set of mailbox tests.
Functional (Online)	Yes	Runs the full set of mailbox tests.

Note – Connection test mode will only open the controller to verify that the path is still viable.

ifptest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/ifptest standard_arguments
-o dev=device name,mbox=Enable | Disable,fwrevcheck=Enable | Disable,checksum=Enable | Disable,modrevcheck=Enable | Disable

TABLE 28-3 ifptest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=	The name of the device to test.
mbox=Enable Disable	Enables or disables the mailbox loopback command. This test writes data patterns into the mailboxes and then reads them back from the output mailboxes and verifies the data is correct.
fwrevcheck= Enable Disable	Enables or disables the firmware revision check command. This test extracts the firmware revision from the RISC firmware code and verifies against expected values.
checksum= Enable Disable	Enables or disables the firmware checksum command. This command instructs the interface's RISC processor to calculate the checksum on the current microcode and then compare it against the checksum that was loaded in with the microcode.
modrevcheck= Enable Disable	Enables or disables the firmware checksum command. This command returns the revision level of several sub-modules on the interface card. Although this test is executed when enabled, the module revision levels are only printed out in VERBOSE mode.

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Dual Basic Rate ISDN (DBRI) Chip (isdntest)

isdntest verifies the functionality of the ISDN portion of the Dual Basic Rate ISDN (DBRI) chip.

isdntest Subtests

isdntest is actually a set of several subtests. Three main channels exist within an ISDN: D, B1 and B2. Each channel runs as an independent thread. In each of the following subtests (unless otherwise indicated), the settings are as follows:

TABLE 29-1 isdntest Channel Settings

Channel	Data Mode	Packet Size	Packet Count	
D	Basic Rate HDLC	256 bytes	10 packets	
B1	56-kbps HDLC	1024 bytes	10 packets	
B2	64-kbps HDLC	1024 bytes	10 packets	

TABLE 29-2 isdntest Subtests

isdntest Subtests	Description
Local Loopback test	The local loopback test checks the initial activation state of the Network Termination (NT) and Terminal Equipment (TE) interfaces to make sure they are deactivated. The test then activates each interface using the "force activation" capability of DBRI. Each interface is put into local loopback mode. Data residing in host memory is written to each interface, which loops the data back to itself. The data is then read back into host memory and verified. Each channel—D, B1, and B2—is tested (with the exception of the TE D channel, which cannot be tested in local loopback mode). The local loopback test runs internal to the DBRI chip and does not require an NT-to-TE external loopback connector.
Activation/ Deactivation test	The Activation/Deactivation test runs through the Activation/Deactivation sequence for the NT and then the activation sequence for the TE. The T101 and T103 timers are set to five seconds. This subtest requires an NT-to-TE external loopback connector.
Remote Loopback test	The remote loopback capability is tested next. The TE interface is put into remote loopback mode, and the NT transmits data to the TE on all three channels, D, B1 and B2. The TE loops all data back to the NT and reads a copy of it. Data is then verified. Next, the whole process is repeated with the TE transmitting to the NT, which is placed in remote loopback mode. This subtest requires an NT-to-TE external loopback connector.
Read/Write test	Next, the Read/Write test is performed on all six ISDN channels: TE D, TE B1, TE B2, NT D, NT B1, and NT B2. The external loopback connector connects each channel on the TE interface to its corresponding channel on the NT. A unique data pattern is used for each path. Packets read are compared against packets written. The test is repeated with the B1 channels placed in 64-kbps HDLC data mode and the B2 channels in 56-kbps HDLC data mode. This subtest requires an NT-to-TE external loopback connector.
Packet Size test	The next subtest is the Packet Size test. A read/write test, similar to the previous one, is performed with a packet count of 100. Each packet transmitted and received is a unique size, computed randomly. This subtest requires an NT-to-TE external loopback connector.
Data Path test	The last subtest is the Data Path test. Using the ISDN_SET_CHANNEL ioctl, data is routed through a series of short pipe interconnects within DBRI. This subtest requires an NT-to-TE external loopback connector.

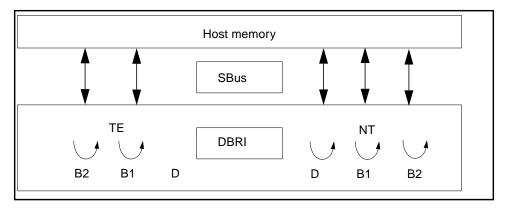


FIGURE 29-1 isdntest Local Loopback Subtest

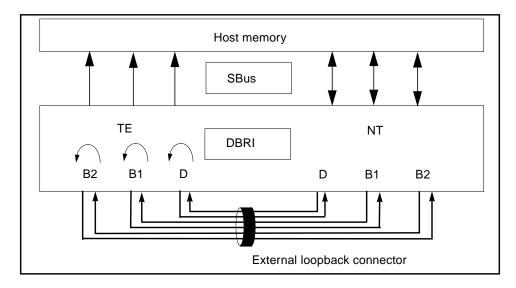


FIGURE 29-2 isdntest Remote Loopback Subtest

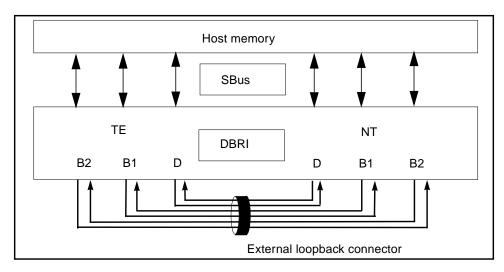


FIGURE 29-3 isdntest Read/Write Subtest

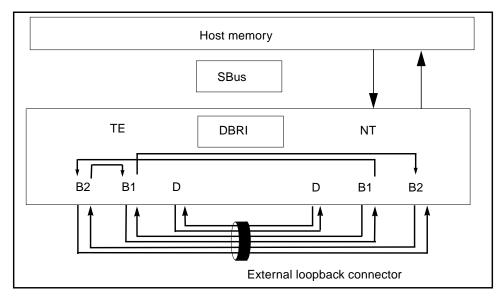


FIGURE 29-4 isdntest Data Path Subtest

isdntest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

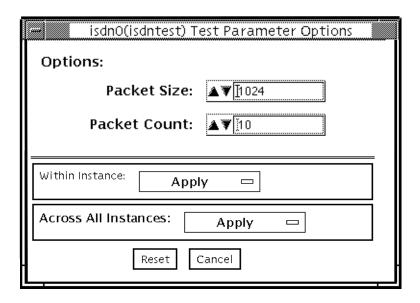


FIGURE 29-5 isdntest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

TABLE 29-3 isdntest Options

isdntest Options	Description
Packet Size	The byte size of the B channel packets. The default size is 1024 bytes for the B channels and 256 for the D channels. The maximum packet size is 8186 bytes for the B channels, and the minimum packet size is 1 byte. The D channel packet size is set to 256, except during the packet size test, when it is set to random values between 1 and 256.
Packet Count	Number of packets to be transmitted and received for all channels. The default packet count is 10 packets. The maximum packet count is 100 packets.

isdntest Test Modes

TABLE 29-4 isdntest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	No	Not supported.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Runs the full set of tests.
Functional (Online)	No	Not supported.

isdntest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/isdntest standard_arguments -o size=packet_size, count=packet_count

TABLE 29-5 isdntest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
size=packet_size	The byte size of the B channel packets.
•	The B channel default size is 1024 bytes.
	The D channel default size is 256 bytes.
	The B channel maximum packet size is 8186 packets.
	The B channel minimum packet size is 1 packet.
	The D channel packet size is 256 (except during the packet size test, when it is set to random values between 1 and 256).
count=packet_count	Number of packets to be transmitted and received for all channels. The default count is 10 packets. The maximum packet count is 100 packets.

Note - 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/ sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

M64 Video Board Test (m64test)

m64test tests the PCI-based M64 video board by performing the following subtests:

- Video Memory test
- RAMDAC test
- Accelerator Port test



Caution – *Do not* run any other application or screen saver program that uses the M64 video board while running m64test. Do not run Power Management™ software. These programs cause SunVTS to return incorrect errors.

Note – Disable all screen savers before testing any graphics device. Type **xset** s **off** at a UNIX prompt to disable the Solaris screen saver. Disable Power Management software if it is running.

Note – *Do not* run Open Windows across multiple monitors.

Note - To start SunVTS with vtsui, but without vtsk, you must add the host name to xhost as: **xhost** + hostname.

m64test Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the SunVTS User's Guide for more details.

By default, all options are enabled except frame buffer locking.

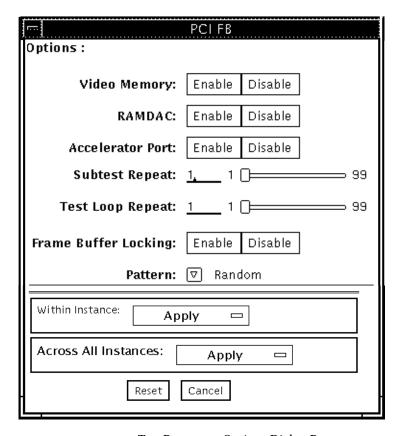


FIGURE 30-1 m64test Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

TABLE 30-1 m64test Options

m64test Options	Description
Video Memory test	Thoroughly tests the on-screen video memory (the memory part that is mapped on to the monitor) of the M64 video board in 8-bit, 16-bit, 32-bit, 64-bit, and 64 byte (block) modes. Entire on-screen video memory is tested by testing 512 bit blocks at a time (8x8 pixel block). Each block is tested in two passes. Each pass consists of a data write and read. In the first pass user specified data or random data is used and in the second pass one's complement of the data used in the first pass is used so that each on-screen video memory location (bit) is tested with a zero (electrical low state) and one (electrical high state).
RAMDAC test	Tests the RAMDAC in three phases. In the first phase the RAMDAC CLUT (Color LookUp Table) is tested using simple write/read patterns to determine if there are any bad bits in CLUT. The data patterns used are: Random data Complement of the random data (used as first data pattern) The data pattern 0101 The data pattern 10101
	In the second phase, four different patterns are drawn on the screen. Each pattern stays on the screen for approximately three seconds. The four patterns are listed below. For each pattern the signature is captured and compared with the signature obtained for the same pattern on a known good board. This test verifies that all the different data paths within the RAMDAC are functioning properly.
	Patterns drawn on screen: Red ramp with cursor at top-left corner of the screen Blue ramp with cursor at top-right corner of the screen Green ramp with cursor at bottom-left of the screen Grey ramp with cursor at bottom-right of the screen
	In the last (third) phase of the RAMDAC test the Vertical Retrace Interrupt is tested for 300 interrupts.

TABLE 30-1 m64test Options

m64test Options	Description
Accelerator Port test	Tests all of the following: • Data paths (sources: fixed color, host data, blit, fixed pattern) • Arithmetic and logic unit (ALU) • Color comparator • Primitives (destinations: line, rectangle) • Mono to color expansion logic
	Primitives are drawn using a combination of different data paths (allowed), ALU functions, and color comparator functions. A checksum is generated for each data combination and is compared with the checksum generated for the same data combination on a known good board.
Frame Buffer Locking	This option is set to <i>disable</i> if the M64 is not the console device. When Sunvts GUI is brought up FB Locking is enabled by default if M64 is console device. If M64 is not console device, FB Locking is disabled by default.

m64test Test Modes

Due to the nature of graphics tests, reading from or writing to the frame buffer during graphics tests will disturb user operation. This test is only available in the Offline Functional test mode.

TABLE 30-2 m64test Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	No	Not supported
Functional (Offline)	Yes	The ${\tt m64test}$ verifies the M64 video board.
Functional (Online)	No	Not supported

m64test Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/m64test standard_arguments -o dev=device_name,
S=subtest_number,F=#_of_subtest_loops,B=#_of_test_loops,L=disable,P=test_pattern

TABLE 30-3 m64test Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description	
dev=device_name	<i>device_name</i> is the relative path name of the device being tested with respect to /dev/fbs. The default is m640.	
S=subtest_number	<code>subtest_number</code> is the test number of the subtest to be run. Select from the subtests below. You can run multiple subtests by adding the subtest numbers. For example, $n=0\times00003$ runs both test 00001 and test 00002; $n=0\times00005$ runs both test 0x00001 and test 0x00004. Note that you do not need the leading zeros.	
	• n-0x00001 VRAM • n-0x00002 RAMDAC	
	• n-0x00002 RAMDAC • n-0x00004 Accelerator port test (Rendering Pipeline)	
	More than one test can be selected by ORing subtest numbers. For example: $n = 0x00005$ means VRAM and Rendering Pipeline tests. A hex number must be preceded by 0x, decimal numbers are also acceptable.	
F=#_of_subtest_loops	Specifies the number of times to repeat each subtest. The default is 1.	
B=#_of_test_loops	Specifies the number of times to repeat a test loop before passing; default is 1.	
L=disable	Disables the frame buffer lock. Disable the lock when the m64 is not the console or when the server is not running on the m64 under test.	
P=test_pattern	Specifies the test pattern number. The default is r, for random patterns. You may also choose 0 for 0x0000000, 3 for 0x3333333, 5 for 0x5555555, or 9 for 0x9999999.	

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Note – Errors returned by m64test are nonspecific. It is not possible to determine which component caused a failure. In all error conditions, the field replaceable unit (FRU) is the entire M64 video board.

Multiprocessor Test (mptest)

mptest verifies the functionality of multiprocessing hardware. This test allocates a page of virtual memory for the test—declaring the page shared—locks the page against swapping, and creates threads to each of the processors being tested. Up to 1024 processors can be tested by mptest in a CPU.

The *processor mask* argument can used during test probing. The mptest verifies that the current processor mask matches the argument you entered in the command line or from the GUI/TTYUI.

mptest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

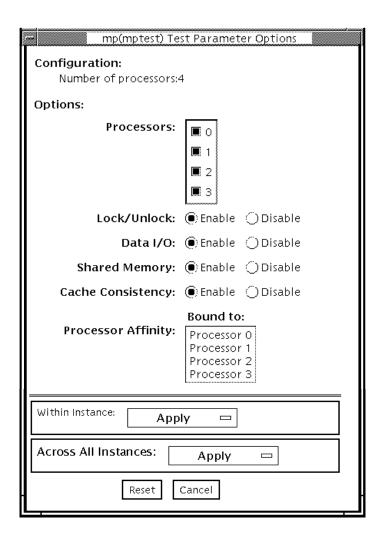


FIGURE 31-1 mptest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

The processors that can be tested are listed in the Configuration area of the menu. You can enable or disable the multiprocessing test for individual processors on this menu.

The options listed in TABLE 31-1 can be run alone or concurrently with other options.

TABLE 31-1 mptest Options

mptest Options	Description
Processors	You can test specific processors by clicking Select on the check boxes to enable or disable each processor. A check mark means the processor is enabled for testing. The default setting is all processors enabled.
	Note: mptest requires at least two enabled processors to test multiprocessing systems.
Lock/Unlock	Tests the lock/unlock mechanism that guarantees exclusive access to a physical page to one processor. A thread is created at each of the processors. Each processor uses the SPARC atomic instruction ldstub to write to the same shared physical memory page. While one processor is attempting the write, the other processors should be free spinning for their turn. As each processor acquires the lock, it writes an ordinal number to a shared trace buffer using a shared write pointer. After the test cycle is complete, the trace buffer is dumped for analysis.
	This test fails and returns an error message if the trace buffer does not contain an equal number of ordinal numbers for each processor. For example, if the specified loop count is 5, the trace buffer should contain five 0s, five negative 1s, five 2s, and so on.

 TABLE 31-1
 mptest Options (Continued)

mptest Options	Description	
Data I/O	Requires two or more threads, each of which locks onto one of the processors. Each processor, in turn, writes data to a temporary file that has been mapped to the physical address. The modified data is immediately read by other processors being tested. This test hangs and fails if the processors do not recognize the expected data.	
Shared Memory	A shared memory buffer is divided into a number of contiguous chunks, one for each of the CPUs participating in the test. Each CPU is assigned a unique chunk based upon its ID (1-N). This subtest has two parts.	
	First, each CPU locks and writes data to its data chunk. Identical data is written for each CPU. Then each CPU reads and compares the information on its data chunk with that of another CPU. If two CPUs do not confirm consistent data, the test fails and returns an error message. If that happens, testing stops and this test is run again in verbose mode to return more detailed information.	
Cache Consistency	Requires two or more processors to access and write to the same physical address. This test verifies that a change in physical address by one processor is confirmed by another.	
	If two processors do not confirm consistent data, the test continues to run, but the Pass Count in the SunVTS status window stops incrementing. If this happens, stop testing and run the test again in verbose mode for a more detailed picture of the problem.	

mptest Test Modes

TABLE 31-2 mptest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description	
Connection	Yes	Checks the current processors on the system with the original processor mask. An error is reported if the two values do match. The original processor mask is set during probing which shows the processors on system during the probestatus of each selected processor is checked by processor_bind.	
Functional (Offline)	Yes	This test mode verifies that the current processor mask is the same as that from the command line, or the same as that from the $GUI/TTYUI$.	
Functional (Online)	Yes	This test verifies that the current processor mask is the same as that from the command line, or the same as that from the GUI/TTYUI.	

mptest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/mptest standard_arguments
-o M=0+1+2+3...,NL,ND,NS,NC,omask=hexidecimal_number

TABLE 31-3 mptest Command-Line Syntax

Arguments	Description
M=0+1+2+3	Use 0, 1, 2 to specify the processors to test.
NL	Disables the Lock/Unlock subtest.
ND	Disables the Data I/O subtest.
ns	Disables the Shared Memory subtest.
NC	Disables the Cache Consistency subtest.
omask=hexidecimal_number	Original mask of processors. Bit 0 represents processor 0 and bit 1 represents processor 1. For example, 03333320.

Note - 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/ sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Network Hardware Test (nettest)

nettest checks all the networking hardware on the system CPU board and separate networking controllers (for example, a second SBus Ethernet controller). For this test to be meaningful, the machine under test must be attached to a network with at least one other system on the network.

Note – This version of nettest is used for *all* networking devices, including Ethernet (ie and le), token ring (tr, trp), quad Ethernet (QED), fiber optic (fddi, nf, bf, pf), SPARCclusterTM 1 system (em), ATM (sa, ba), HiPPI, and 100-Mbits per second Ethernet (be, hme) devices.

The nettest mainly uses the Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP), and requires at least two machines on a network—the machine under test and another machine reliable enough to be a test target. Both machines must support the transport control protocol/interface program (TCP/IP) (ICMP is part of TCP/IP). The target machine must either be configured to respond to ICMP broadcast or to RPC broadcast.

First nettest determines the target machine(s) to test against. If no targets are specified, it sends an ICMP broadcast to find them. If it fails to find all necessary targets, it tries RPC broadcast to the RPC port mapper daemon. If you specify the targets, nettest uses the specified target(s) instead.

After finding the necessary targets, nettest performs the following tests:

- Random test—sends out 256 packets with random data length and random data.
- Incremental test—sends out packets with length from minimum to maximum packet size using incremental data. (Minimum and maximum values differ for each device.)
- Pattern test—sends 256 packets of maximum length, where each packet contains one test pattern, and all byte patterns (0 to 0xFF hex) are used. That is, the first packet contains pattern 0, the second packet contains pattern 1, and so on, until the last packet pattern of 0xFF.

Note - nettest is a scalable test. However, the maximum number of networked devices allowed on a system is 255, and the number of instances for each device is limited to 200. So, if you start the SunVTS exerciser using the -i option to specify a default number of instances for all tests, nettest cannot assign more than 200 instances per each networked device.

nettest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the SunVTS User's Guide for more details.

hme0(nettest) ∃	Test Parameter Options
Configuration: Host_Name: seelie Host Address: 129.14 Host ID: 808d212b Domain Name: smcc.	
Options:	
Target Host:	
Number_of_Retry:	Random Increment Pattern
Instance:	▲▼ [*] 1
Within Instance:	Apply \Box
Across All Instances:	Apply —
Reset	Cancel

 $\textbf{FIGURE 32-1} \hspace{0.2cm} \textbf{nettest} \hspace{0.1cm} \textbf{Test} \hspace{0.1cm} \textbf{Parameter} \hspace{0.1cm} \textbf{Options} \hspace{0.1cm} \textbf{Dialog} \hspace{0.1cm} \textbf{Box}$

The Configuration section specifies the host name, host ID, host address, and domain name of the system being tested.

TABLE 32-1 nettest Options

nettest Options	Description
Target Host	Specifies one or more targets to be tested against. Target host entries can be either a host name or an Internet address. When no target host is specified, the test finds necessary targets through broadcasting. The default setting leaves this field empty.
Receive Timeout field	The default is 120 seconds, but can be changed. Use a range from 0 to 600 seconds.
Number of Retries field	The default number of retries before flagging an error is three, but can be changed. Use a range between 0 to 128 retries.
Print Warning	Disabled by default. Click Enable to see warning errors, such as retry on timeout.

nettest Test Modes

All three modes are supported by nettest. Different test schemes are performed on the network device based on the mode selected.

TABLE 32-2 nettest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	Checks whether the device is connected. It searches through all the network interfaces for a specified device name. If nettest does not find the device connected the test fails, otherwise it returns: device is connected.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Performs all three tests (Random test, Incremental test, and Pattern test) sequentially. It allows you to specify options that will perform heavy stress testing.
Functional (Online)	Yes	nettest is aware that the user's application may be running. It tries to minimize the influence on the application while it is testing. So nettest uses only the random test in online mode. Since the network device is shared and system resources are available, applications are minimally affected.

nettest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/nettest standard_arguments -o target=h1+h2+..., dev=interface,test=type,packets=n,pattern=hex,delay=seconds, timeout=seconds,retry=n,warn

TABLE 32-3 nettest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description	
target=h1+h2+	A list of test targets by host name or Internet address.	
dev=interface	Network interface name. The default value is $le0$ for Ethernet networks.	
test=type	The test type. Type Random, Increment, or Pattern for the desired test. The default value is Random+Increment+Pattern where all tests run.	
packets=n	Number of random/pattern packets. The default is 256.	
pattern=hex	Specifies a data pattern, in hexadecimal form. The default is all patterns from 0 to $0xff$.	
delay=seconds	Indicates the time between subtests in seconds; the default is 30 seconds.	
timeout=seconds	Indicates the number of seconds to wait before a timeout; the default is 20 seconds.	
retry=n	Indicates the number of test timeout retries; the default is three retries.	
warn	When enabled, prints warning messages.	

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Ethernet Loopback Test (netlbtest)

The netlbtest replaces the gemtest previously included in SunVTS. It provides functional test coverage of the devices whose device drivers support the Ethernet loopback test. These include eri (the Ethernet device in the RIO chip) and ge (Gigabit Ethernet). It runs in loopback (external/internal) mode and must be selected mutually exclusive with the nettest.

You must have the Ethernet card and the device driver installed, a loopback connector in place, and Intervention mode enabled before running netlbtest. Even though the netlbtest does not depend on the network interface configuration status of the Ethernet interface, the interface should be brought down with the ifconfig command (refer to the ifconfig(1M) man page) to avoid erroneous messages.

The netlbtest uses DLPI RAW mode to talk to the device driver. For the purpose of this test, a packet is defined as an Ethernet header followed by the Ethernet data payload (refer to the IEEE 802.3z standard). The test generates and sends out the desired number of packets (a tunable parameter) and expects to receive the same number of packets through the loopback interface, external or internal. If an error occurs (for example, packet mismatch or timeout), an error message indicating the type of error, its probable cause(s) and recommended action(s) is displayed on the SunVTS console.

The data sent out is generated by a random number generator, and put into a data buffer. Each time the packet sent is selected from a different starting point of the data buffer, so that any two consecutively transmitted packets will not be the same.



Caution – *Do not* run nettest and netlbtest at the same time or the tests may fail.

netlbtest Test Requirements

To run netlbtest, a loopback connector must be connected to the Ethernet interface, net1btest cannot run if the network interface is connected to a live network, however the link must be up. A loopback connector provides the network interface driver the necessary link for testing, while maintaining isolation from a live network. The loopback connector is required for both internal and external tests of the Ethernet device.

The loopback cable for ge is based on the following specifications: multimode, duplex, 62.5/125 micron, sc connector, 850nm. The cable can be made by splitting a standard fiber optic cable in two. The two ends of the cable should be connected to the TX and RX ports of the adapter (the order does not matter), thus forming a loop.

The loopback connector for the eri device is a standard RJ45 connector. Pin 1 should be connected to pin 3, and pin 2 connected to pin 6.

netlbtest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the SunVTS User's Guide for more details.

geO(netlbtest) Test Parameter Options
Configuration: Port Address: Unknown Host ID: 809fc16a Domain Name: smcc.eng.sun.com
Options:
Total_packets: ▲▼[1000
Packet_Size: ▲▼ 1000
Loopback: CExternal Internal
Print_Warning: CEnable Disable
Within Instance: Apply —
Across All Instances: Apply —
Reset Cancel

FIGURE 33-1 netlbtest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

Refer to TABLE 33-1 for test parameter descriptions.

TABLE 33-1 netlbtest Options

netlbtest Options	Description
Configuration	Specifies the Port Address, Host ID, and Domain Name of the system under test.
Total Packets	Specifies the total number of the packets to send. The default number of packet is 1000.
Packet size	Determines the size (in bytes) of the packets to be transmitted. 60 <= packet size <= 1514. The default packet size is 1000 bytes.

TABLE 33-1 netlbtest Options

netlbtest Options	Description
Loopback	Determines the external and internal loopback mode. The default setting is internal loopback mode.
Print_Warning	Enables or disables the printing of warning messages. The default setting is Disable.
Processor Affinity	Binds the test to a specific processor. If no processor is specified, the test migrates between processors. This option is only available on multiprocessor systems.

netlbtest Test Modes

TABLE 33-2 netlbtest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	No	Not supported.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Runs the full set of subtests. It is assumed that the host is not connected to the network through the intended test device(s).
Functional (Online)	No	Not supported.

Since netlbtest requires a loopback connector, it can only be selected when Intervention mode is enabled.

netlbtest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/net1btest standard_arguments
-o dev=device,tpkts=n,pksz=pkt_size,1b=Internal
,warn=Disable

 TABLE 33-3
 netlbtest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=device_name	Specifies the device to test such as ge0 or eri0.
tpkts=n	[1100000], count of packets to loopback.
pksz=pkt_size	[60 1514], packet size in bytes.
lb=Internal	Selects internal (or external) loopback mode.
warn=Disable	Enables or disables printing of warning messages.

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

PCMCIA Modem Card Test (pcsertest)

posertest verifies the functionality of the PCMCIA modem card. The posertest issues a series of commands to the modem that instructs the modem's firmware to run an internal analog loopback diagnostic test. Upon completion, the firmware sends back a three-digit status message indicating whether the test passed or failed.

As an option, the posertest tests socket I/O cards. This test writes an 8-Kbyte incrementing data pattern to the I/O card, which is then looped back, read, and verified.

Note – When testing socket I/O cards, a 9-pin loopback connector is required. However, no loopback connector is required when testing the default modem card. See Appendix A for loopback connector wiring instructions.

pcsertest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

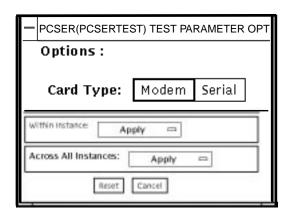


FIGURE 34-1 posertest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

The default card type for each PCMCIA slot is a modem card. If only one modem card is plugged in, the empty slot is ignored.

From the posertest Option window, you can choose to test socket I/O cards. To test a socket card, choose Socket on the Card type switch. If you choose to test a socket I/O card in an empty slot, the test fails.

Any combination of modem and socket I/O cards can be placed in the PCMCIA slots. However, you must select the correct type of card in the Options dialog box. If you select an incorrect card type, the test fails.

pcsertest Test Mode

TABLE 34-1 posertest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	No	Not supported.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Runs the full set of tests.
Functional (Online)	No	Not supported.

pcsertest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/pcsertest standard_arguments -o dev=device_name,
type=card_type

TABLE 34-2 pcsertest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=device_name	The device name (for example, dev=pc0 and pc1)
type=card_type	The card type for the previously specified device name (for example, type=serial). You do not need to specify the type if the device is a modem, since modem is the default card type.

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

SPARCstorage Array Controller Test (plntest)

plntest checks the functionality of the controller board on the SPARCstorageTM Array. The SPARCstorage Array (SSA) is a large disk storage I/O subsystem capable of housing up to 30 SCSI hard drives. The SSA communicates with a host system over a fiber-optic link provided by an SBus-based host adapter card in the host system and the corresponding SSA controller board hardware.

The SSA controller card is an intelligent, CPU-based board with its own memory and ROM-resident software. In addition to providing a communications link to the disk drives, it also buffers data between the host system and disk drives in its nonvolatile RAM (NVRAM). For data to go from the host to a particular disk, it must first be successfully transferred to this NVRAM space.

The host machine, SBus host adapter card, Fibre Channel connection, and the SSA controller board must be working properly to perform this data transfer operation. By verifying and stressing this operation, plntest can isolate failures on the SSA disk drives from failures on the SSA controller board.

Note — disktest transfers data on the SSA disk drives over the same path mentioned above. However, disktest does not transfer data as quickly as plntest.

plntest Controller Test

The plntest exercises the hardware and software by invoking SCSI read buffer commands of various sizes to the NVRAM. These operations exercise the host Fibre Channel hardware, the SSA Fibre Channel hardware, the SSA resident management

software, and the hardware component interaction on the SSA controller card (all components except the SCSI devices). In addition, the plntest reports failure of the fan module and the NVRAM battery module of the SPARCstorage Array.

Probing for SSA Controller Devices

Unlike most other hardware devices, the SSA controller card does not have a logical device name (one you would find in the /dev directory). Therefore, the SSA controller card is identified by its longer, physical device name.

Note – The physical device name of the SSA controller card cannot be used to run plntest.

When running plntest from the command line, the physical device name of the SSA controller card cannot be used, so a logical name must be specified. ANSI standards require commas as delimiters between items. Since the physical name of the SSA controller contains embedded commas, if you use a physical name that contains commas as a command-line option, plntest misinterprets the option.

There are two ways that you can create a logical name:

■ Run the SunVTS kernel (vtsk), which automatically creates a logical name entry for the SSA controller under the /dev directory, such as:

```
# /dev/ssaXX , where XX represents the decimal number of the
controller
```

Use this name as the parameter for the dev= option of plntest.

■ Manually make a soft link from the actual physical device name to a logical name of your choice (under /dev). Use this name as the parameter for the dev= option of plntest, as shown in the following example:

```
machine# ./plntest -o "?"

1: /devices/io-unit@f,e3200000/sbi@0,0/SUNW,soc@1,0/SUNW,
pln@0c0d,0e0f0102:ctlr
2: /devices/io-unit@f,e0200000/sbi@0,0/SUNW,soc@3,0/SUNW,
pln@0c0d,0e0f0102:ctlr

machine# ln -s \ /devices/io-unit@f,e3200000/sbi@0,0/SUNW,soc@1,0/SUNW,
pln@0c0d,0e0f0102:ctlr \ /dev/ssa1
machine# /opt/SUNWvts/bin/plntest dev=/dev/ssa1
```

plntest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

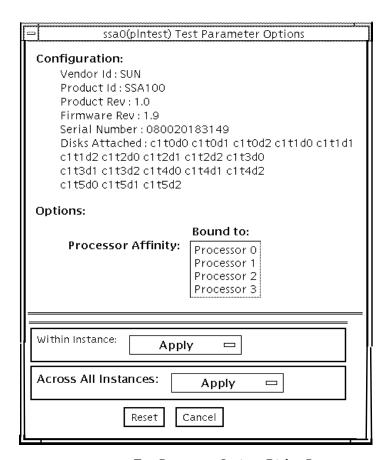


FIGURE 35-1 plntest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

Configuration lists the names of all the logical disk drives (both single and grouped) that are attached to the SPARCstorage Array controller board. plntest is not a scalable test.

Note – If no disks are present, none is displayed under the Attached Disks heading.

plntest Test Modes

TABLE 35-1 plntest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	In this mode, plntest checks the state of the battery module and the fan module of the SPARCstorage Array.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	plntest checks the state of the battery module and the fan module of the SPARCstorage Array. The plntest issues a SCSI command, READBUFFER, causing the entire NVRAM to be read. This test uses different transfer buffer sizes.
Functional (Online)	Yes	${\tt plntest}$ performs the same as when SunVTS in invoked in offline mode.

plntest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/plntest standard_arguments -o ?,dev=device_name,x

TABLE 35-2 plntest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
?	Probes the system for valid SSA controller devices and prints them to screen (see "Probing for SSA Controller Devices" on page 222).
dev=device_name	Specifies the physical path name of the SSA controller card to be tested. This argument <i>must</i> be included when running plntest from the command line, unless the ? argument is used.
x	Probes the specified SSA controller card for the single and grouped disks attached to the controller card, and prints their logical names to the screen.
	Note: The dev = <i>device_name</i> option must be specified for this option to work.

Note - 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/ sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Physical Memory Test (pmemtest)

The pmemtest checks the physical memory of the system. The pmemtest locates parity errors, hard and soft error correction code (ECC) errors, memory read errors, and addressing problems. The pseudo driver mem(7) is used to read the physical memory.

This test reads through all available physical memory. It does not write to any physical memory location.

pmemtest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

mem(pmemtest) Test Parameter Options	
Configuration: System memory size:128MB	
Options:	
Amount of Memory(%):	
ECC Report Threshold:	
Section Id: -1	
Instance: ▲▼[1	
Within Instance: Apply -	
Across All Instances: Apply 🗆	
Reset Cancel	

FIGURE 36-1 pmemtest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

 $\textbf{TABLE 36-1} \quad \texttt{pmemtest } Options$

pmemtest Options	Description
Configuration	Shows the total amount of physical memory, rounded up to the nearest megabyte, probed by the SunVTS kernel.
Amount of Memory	Specifies the percent of the physical memory to be tested. The default is 33%.

 $\textbf{TABLE 36-1} \quad \texttt{pmemtest } Options$

pmemtest Options	Description
ECC Report Threshold	Determines how many correctable ECC errors occurred in the elapsed time before pmemtest reports a test failure. A value of zero results in no report of any correctable ECC errors. The default is 2. This option is only available on UltraSPARC TM systems.
Section ID	When set to -1, pmemtest will test one memory section in each pass, automatically testing each subsequent memory section as testing progresses. When set to a number other than -1, only the section specified will be tested. A section is defined by the pass and instance number settings. This option is only available on UltraSPARC systems.
Instance	The number of copies of pmemtest to run simultaneously on the memory you are testing.

pmemtest Test Modes

TABLE 36-2 pmemtest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection Test	Yes	In this mode, one percent of the memory is read. pmemtest also informs the user how much physical memory is available. For sun4m, sun4u, and UltraSPARC servers, the test reports the ECC errors that have occurred since it was last invoked. The test reports ECC errors for a particular CPU or memory board when physical mapping is selected, otherwise it provides the SIMM number of the ECC memory error.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	In Functional test mode, the amount of memory to be read can vary. For UltraSPARC servers, this test mode reports all ECC errors that have occurred since the system was brought online
Functional (Online)	Yes	A variable amount of memory is read. For UltraSPARC servers, the ECC error reporting is the same as for the Connection test.

pmemtest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/pmemtest standard_arguments -o size=[1-100],dev=device_name,threshold=report_threshold ,bdinfo=number,section=section_id

TABLE 36-3 pmemtest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
size=[1-100]	Specifies the percentage of memory to be tested. The default is 33%.
dev=device_name	Specifies the device to test, for example, mem.

TABLE 36-3 pmemtest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
threshold=report_ threshold	Determines how many correctable ECC errors occur before they are reported as an error causing pmemtest to report a failure. A value of zero results in no report of any correctable ECC errors. The default is 2. This option is only available on UltraSPARC systems.
bdinfo=number	For UltraSPARC servers, indicates board number information. For example, if board 0 and board 5 have memory and you want the test to read the memory on both boards, then $bdinfo=33 \ (2^{**}5+2^{**}0)$.
section=section_id	When set to -1, pmemtest will test one memory section in each pass, automatically testing each subsequent memory section as testing progresses. When set to a number other than -1, only the section specified will be tested. A section is defined by the pass and instance number settings. This option is only available on UltraSPARC systems.

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Qlogic 2202 Board Test (qlctest)

qlctest is made up of several subtests that test the functions of the Qlogic 2202 FC/AL Crystal. Unlike the earlier single-port Q2100 board, the Q2202 is a two-port board which has greater diagnostic support.

This test is not scalable.

Note – Do not run customer data while running <code>qlctest</code>, as the test will take priority over customer data requests. The customer will be unable to access data while <code>qlctest</code> is running.

Note — Do not run other tests while qlctest is running. qlctest may cause other tests to fail.

Note - qlctest is an intervention mode test. No subtests can be selected unless intervention is set.

qlctest Subtests

There are nine possible subtests to run in intervention and functional modes:

- Fcode revision check
- Firmware revision check
- Board revision check
- Checksum Firmware subtest
- Selftest

- Mailbox Loopback subtest
- Internal 10-bit Loopback subtest
- Internal 1-bit Loopback subtest
- External Loopback subtest

The external loopback test is an intervention test. To test the fibre loop, leave the QLC port attached to the storage. In the Test Parameters Options dialog box, set the "Test if Connected to Storage" option to "Yes". To test the Qlogic 2202 board alone, connect a loopback cable to the QLC port. This cable can be made by taking a regular cable and splitting it apart. Then loop the transmitter side of the port to the receiver side of the port.

For subtest descriptions, see TABLE 37-1 on page 235.

qlctest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the SunVTS User's Guide for more details.

qlc3(qlctest) Test Parameter Options
Configuration: QLC controller at /devices/pci@6/2000/pci@2/SUNW;glc@5/fp@0;0 devcti
Options:
Test if Connected to Storage: Yes No
Online Selftest:
Mailbox Loopback Test: Enable Disable
Firmware Checksum Test: Enable Disable
Internal Loopback Test 10 bit: Enable Disable
Internal Loopback Test 1 bit: Enable Disable
External Loopback Test: CEnable Disable
Loopback Transfer Count: 0x10000
Loopback Iteration Count: 🖂 10
Loopback Data Pattern: Dx7e7e7e7e
Bound to:
Processor Affinity: Processor 0
Processor 1
Processor 4
Processor 5
Within Instance: Apply 🗆
Across All Instances: Apply =
Reset Cancel

 $\textbf{FIGURE 37-1} \hspace{0.2cm} \textbf{qlctest} \hspace{0.1cm} \textbf{Test} \hspace{0.1cm} \textbf{Parameter} \hspace{0.1cm} \textbf{Options} \hspace{0.1cm} \textbf{Dialog} \hspace{0.1cm} \textbf{Box}$

 $\textbf{TABLE 37-1} \quad \texttt{qlctest } Options$

qlctest Options	Description
Fcode revision check	Retrieves the fcode revision string. A core subtest that is always run but not shown in the Options dialog box.
Firmware revision check	Retrieves the firmware revision string. A core subtest that is always run but not shown in the Options dialog box.
Board revision check	Retrieves the board revision levels. A core subtest that is always run but not shown in the Options dialog box.
Test if Connected to Storage	Runs qlctest while connected to storage.

TABLE 37-1 qlctest Options

qlctest Options	Description
Selftest	Evaluates the functionality of ISP hardware by performing the following tests: • Transmit FIFO test • Receive FIFO test • SRAM test • Misc. Register tests Run by default, but can be deselected.
Mailbox Loopback subtest	Loads a series of registers into the input mailboxes on the card and then reads the output mailboxes and compares results. This verifies that the system side of the card is operating correctly, and that the internal data paths are correct. Run by default, but can be deselected.
Firmware Checksum subtest	Runs an internal checksum test on the installed firmware. This verifies that the RISC RAM on the card is fully functional and that the installed firmware is still intact. This test also serves as a quick RAM check of the RISC RAM. Run by default, but can be deselected.
Internal 10-bit Loopback subtest	Performs internal loopback test within the host adapter ISP hardware at the 10-bit interface. This test is done with data sourcing from the system memory and going to the system memory. The desired data pattern, transfer length, and iteration count can be selected via the test parameters menu. Run by default, but can be deselected.
Internal 1-bit Loopback subtest	Performs internal loopback test within the host adapter ISP hardware at the 1-bit interface. This test is done with data sourcing from the system memory and going to the system memory. The desired data pattern, transfer length, and iteration count can be selected via the test parameters menu. Run by default, but can be deselected.
External Loopback subtest	Performs an external loopback test. This test is done with data sourcing from the system memory and going to the system memory. The desired data pattern, transfer length, and iteration count can be selected via the test parameters menu. This is an intervention test, because a loopback cable is needed from the transceiver to the receiver of the QLC port when testing this port by itself. This subtest can also test the entire fibre channel loop when the loop is connected to the storage to be tested. Not run by default, but can be selected.

 $\textbf{TABLE 37-1} \quad \texttt{qlctest } Options$

qlctest Options	Description
Loopback Transfer Count	Controls the packet size used in the internal 10-bit, internal 1-bit, and external loopback tests. Default value is 0×10000 .
Loopback Iteration Count	Sets the number of times to loop the internal 10-bit, internal 1-bit, and external loopback tests. Default value is 10.
Loopback Data Pattern	Selects the data pattern to loop for the internal 10-bit, internal 1-bit, and external loopback tests. Default value is $0x7e7e7e7e$.

qlctest Test Modes

TABLE 37-2 glotest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	Opens and closes the QLC port.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Runs the full set of tests.
Functional (Online)	Yes	Runs the full set of tests.

qlctest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/qlctest standard_arguments -v -o dev=device name, run_connect=Yes | No, selftest=Enable | Disable, $mbox=Enable \mid Disable$, $checksum=Enable \mid Disable$, $ilb_10=Enable \mid Disable$, ilb=Enable | Disable , elb=Enable | Disable , xcnt=Oxtransfer_count , icnt=iteration_count, lbfpattern=0xpattern

TABLE 37-3 qlctest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev	The name of the device to test.
run_connect=Yes No	If run_connect is set to Yes, qlctest will run when the tested port is connected to storage. If the port being tested is not connected to storage, this option has no effect.
selftest= Enable Disable	Enables or disables the selftest command. Evaluates the functionality of the ISP hardware.
mbox=Enable Disable	Enables or disables the mailbox loopback command. This test writes data patterns into the mailboxes and then reads them back from the output mailboxes and verifies the data is correct.
checksum= Enable Disable	Enables or disables the checksum command. Runs an internal checksum test on the installed firmware. This verifies that the RISC RAM on the card is fully functional and that the installed firmware is still intact. This test also serves as a quick RAM check of the RISC RAM.

TABLE 37-3 qlctest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description	
ilb_10=Enable Disable	Enables or disables the internal 10-bit test. Performs internal loopback test within the host adapter ISP hardware at the 10-bit interface.	
ilb=Enable Disable	Enables or disables the internal 1-bit test. Performs internal loopback test within the host adapter ISP hardware at the 1-bit interface.	
elb=Enable Disable	Enables or disables the external loopback test. The desired data pattern, transfer length, and iteration count can be selected via the test parameters menu. Requires a cable for this intervention test.	
xcnt=0xtransfer_count	Controls the packet size to be transferred, for example, 0x1000.	
icnt=iteration_count	Controls the number of times the loopback test will run, for example, 100.	
lbfpattern=0xpattern	Lists the data pattern to loop, for example, 0x7E7E7E7E.	

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Remote System Control (rsctest)

The rsctest exercises the Remote System Control (RSC) feature on the Sun Enterprise 250.

The RSC provides secure remote access for system monitoring, firmware updates and failure recovery. The RSC hardware consists of the controller, flash, SEEPROM, 10MB Ethernet port and an external console serial port. The RSC communicates with the host through two internal serial lines, the I2C bus, and reset lines.

rsctest Subtests

The rsctest consists of four subtests that test and report on the Ethernet, flash checksum, SEEPROM checksum, and the internal and external serial ports. The subtests call test modlets that are written in the native Real Time Operating System (RTOS) that resides in the RSC firmware. The rsctest subtests execute the test modlets, passes parameters, and retrieves results from the RSC using a test protocol on the host to RSC internal serial lines. The rsctest is not scalable.

rsctest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

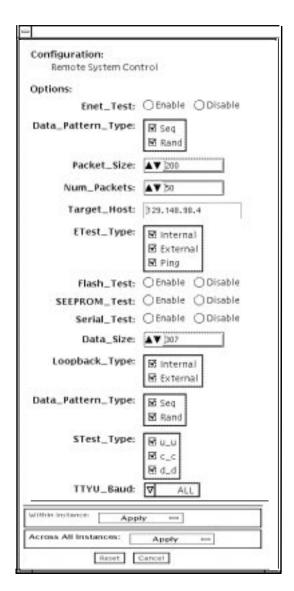


FIGURE 38-1 rsctest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

TABLE 38-1 rsctest Options

rsctest Options	Description	
Enet test	Enables or disables RSC Ethernet testing.	
Data Pattern Type	Selects Sequential, Random, or both types of data patterns.	
Packet Size	Defines the size of each data packet to be sent for all tests.	
Num Packets	Specifies the number of data packets to send in one test loop.	
Target Host	Specifies the IP address of a host to use for the ping test.	
Enet Test Type	Selects any or all Internal, External, or ping test.	
Flash test	Enables or disables the flash checksum test.	
SEEPROM test	Enables or disables the SEEPROM checksum test.	
Serial test	Enables or disables the RSC serial test.	
Data Size	Defines the data size to be sent.	
Loopback Type	Selects Internal, External, or both. External requires a loopback plug.	
Data Pattern Type	Selects Sequential, Random, or both types of data patterns.	
Serial Test Type	Selects serial ports to be tested, u to u, c to c, or d to d.	
TTYU_Baud	Selects the RSC's console port baud rate.	

rsctest Test Modes

rsctest supports Connection and Functional tests as described in the table below.

TABLE 38-2 rsctest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported ?	Description
Connection	Yes	Reports the status of the RSC.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Tests the RSC's Ethernet, flash, SEEPROM, and serial devices. All tests use internal modes as defaults. The rsctest will not run the serial test on ttyc if the console has been redirected to the RSC. The ttyu tests will not run if there is an open login on ttyu.
Functional (Online)	No	Not supported.

rsctest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/rsctest standard_arguments -o enet=E/D, epattype=seq+rand,esize=packet_size,epkts=number_packets,target=IP_address, etest=I+E+P,flash=E/D,seeprom=E/D,serial=E/D,sdatsize= $data_size$, slb=I+E, spattype=seq+rand, $stest=u_u+c_c+d_d$, ttyubaud=ALL | $specific_baud$

TABLE 38-3 rsctest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
enet=enable disable	Enables or disables RSC Ethernet test.
epattype=seq+rand	Predefined pattern options used for Enet test.
esize=packet_size	Data size for each packet in the Enet test.
epkts=number_packets	Number of packets to send for Enet test.
target=IP_address	IP address of target system for Enet ping test.
etest=Internal+External+Ping	Test modes for RSC Enet test.
flash=enable disable	Enables or disables RSC Flash Checksum test.
seeprom=enable disable	Enables or disables RSC SEEPROM checksum test.

TABLE 38-3 rsctest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
serial=enable disable	Enables or disables RSC serial test.
sdatsize=data_size	Data size for the rsc serial tests.
slb=Internal+External	Loopback type. External N/A on ports C and D.
spattype=seq+rand	Predefined pattern options used for RSC serial test.
$stest=u_u+c_c+d_d$	Defines port and configuration to use for RSC serial test.
ttyu_baud=ALL/specific_baud	Defines baud rates to be used in testing the RSC's console port.

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the <code>sparcv9</code> subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Serial Asynchronous Interface (PCI) Test (saiptest)

saiptest checks the functionality of the serial asynchronous interface (SAI) card through its device driver.

saiptest Hardware Requirements

Before running the SunVTS diagnostics software, make sure you install the device driver and the cards to be tested. Also, you should reboot your system with the boot -r command to reconfigure the system and allow the SunVTS kernel to recognize the new driver.

Note - You must run the saiptest in Intervention mode.

The following minimum hardware configuration is required to successfully run the Internal test:

- PCI-based SPARC system with a PCI slot
- Serial asynchronous interface card, installed in one of the PCI slots

The following hardware is also required to run other SunVTS Serial Asynchronous Interface tests:

- Serial asynchronous interface patch panel (part no. 370-2810)
- 25-pin serial loopback plugs (part no. 540-1558)
- RS-232 serial cables (part no. 530-1685)
- TTY terminal

saiptest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the SunVTS User's Guide for more details.

saipO(saiptest) Test Parameter Options		
Configuration: Ports: term/a000 – term/a007		
Options:		
Test Mode: ☐ Internal		
Stop Bit: ○1		
Baud Rate: ▼ 9600		
Char Size: ∇8		
Parity: ▽ none		
Flow Control: 🔽 xanoff		
Data Type: ▼ random		
Serial Port term: ▽ AII		
Timeout: ▲▼[120		
Within Instance: Apply -		
Across All Instances: Apply -		
Reset Cancel		

FIGURE 39-1 saiptest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

The Configuration section of the Options dialog box displays the asynchronous serial ports available for the SAI board. Table 4-1 shows the available ports.

TABLE 39-1 saiptest Asynchronous Serial Ports

Board Number	Board Device	Serial Ports
0	saip0	term/a000-a007
1	saip1	term/b000-b007
2	saip2	term/c000-c007
3	saip3	term/d000-d007
4	saip4	term/e000-e007
5	saip5	term/f000-f007
6	saip6	term/g000-g007
7	saip7	term/h000-h007
8	saip8	term/i000-i007
9	saip9	term/j000-j007
10	saip10	term/k000-k007
11	saip11	term/l000-l007
12	saip12	term/m000-m007
13	saip 13	term/n000-n007
14	saip 14	term/o000-o007
15	saip 15	term/p00-p007

TABLE 39-2 saiptest Options

saiptest Option	Description	
Internal Test	Performs internal loopback testing on the SAI card(s) installed in PCI slots. You do not need to attach anything to the card(s) to perform this test.	
25-pin Loopback	Provides full-duplex transmission and full-modem loopback testing of the serial port selected in the Serial Port section of the option menu. Attach the 25-pin loopback plug to the serial port on the serial asynchronous interface patch panel that is being tested. This test cannot be run concurrently with the Echo-TTY option enabled.	
Echo-TTY	Checks the proper operation of the serial port selected in the Serial Port selection of the option menu by echoing characters typed on a TTY terminal keyboard to the TTY terminal screen. The characters you type on your TTY keyboard display on the TTY screen.	
	Note: A TTY connection to the serial asynchronous interface serial port requires corresponding character size se up. For example, if a TTY attachment is running with 8-bit character size, then the Char Size saiptest option should be set to 8- bits. If you do not type any characters within two minutes, this test times-out.	
Baud Rate	Specifies the baud rate. Choose 110, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, or 38400 baud. Note: The baud rate of 38400 can only be used if the Internal test is disabled and you are testing one port at a time.	
Char Size	Specifies the character length. Choose 5, 6, 7, or 8 characters.	
Stop Bit	Specifies the number of stop bits. Choose 1 or 2 bits.	
Parity	Specifies the selectable parity. Choose none, odd, or even.	
Flow Control	Specifies the selectable flow control. Choose XOnOff, rtscts, or both.	
Data Type	Specifies the selectable data type pattern. Choose 0x555555555 (0x55), 0xaaaaaaaaa (0xaa), or random.	
Serial Port	Specifies the serial port to be tested. The available ports are listed in the Configurations section at the top of the saiptest options menu.	
Timeout	Specifies the number of seconds until the test times out. The default is 120 seconds.	

saiptest Test Modes

TABLE 39-3 saiptest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	No	Not supported.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Runs the full set of tests.
Functional (Online)	No	Not supported.

saiptest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/saiptest standard_arguments -o dev=device_name,
M=test_mode,B=baud_rate,Size=character_size,Stop=#of_stop_bits,
Parity=parity,F=flow_control,Data=test_pattern,sp=serial_port,tout=time_out

TABLE 39-4 saiptest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description	
dev=device_name	Specifies the asynchronous serial ports of the PCI card slots tested. Since there is no default, you must type a device name—either a board(saip0-16) or an individual port (term/x000-term/x007, where x is a-p): •saip0 = the 8 asynchronous serial ports in the first card •saip1 = the 8 asynchronous serial ports in the second card •saip2 = the 8 asynchronous serial ports in the third card •saip3 = the 8 asynchronous serial ports in the fourth card •saip4 = the 8 asynchronous serial ports in the fifth card •saip5 = the 8 asynchronous serial ports in the sixth card •saip6 = the 8 asynchronous serial ports in the seventh card •saip7 = the 8 asynchronous serial ports in the eighth card •saip9 = the 8 asynchronous serial ports in the ninth card •saip10 = the 8 asynchronous serial ports in the tenth card •saip11 = the 8 asynchronous serial ports in the twelfth card •saip12 = the 8 asynchronous serial ports in the thirteenth card •saip13 = the 8 asynchronous serial ports in the fourteenth card •saip14 = the 8 asynchronous serial ports in the fourteenth card •saip15 = the 8 asynchronous serial ports in the sixteenth card or /dev/term/x00m Where x is a-p and m is 0 to 7 (any of the asynchronous serial ports in PCI card slots).	
M=test_mode	Specifies Internal, 25_pin_loopback, or Echo_TTY test mode.	
B=baud_rate	Sets the baud rate to 110, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400; the default is 9600.	
Stop=#of_stop_bits	Toggles the number of stop bits between 1 or 2. The default is 1.	
Size=character_size	Sets the character size as an integer between 5 and 8.	
Parity=parity	Specifies the parity as none, odd, or even. The default is none.	
F=flow_control	Specifies flow control as xonoff, rtscts, or both.	
Data=test_pattern	Specifies test pattern as 0x55555555, 0xAAAAAAA, or random.	
sp=serial_port	Specifies the terminal and asynchronous serial port number, such as $term/a00n$ (sp= n).	
tout=time_out	Specifies the number of seconds until the test times out. The default is 120 seconds.	

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Note – The saiptest error messages are generated when the SunVTS Serial Asynchronous Interface discovers errors. The error descriptions that appear in the VTS interface identify probable causes for the card or test failure, and identify the Field Replaceable Unit (FRU) and recommended action, if possible. The two FRUs under test are: the Serial Asynchronous Interface card, and the patch panel with the cable attached.

Sun Enterprise Cluster 2.0 Network Hardware Test (scitest)

scitest verifies the functionality of the Sun Enterprise Cluster 2.0 by checking the networking hardware. For this test to be meaningful, the cluster must already be configured before the test is run. For details on how to configure the cluster, refer to Sun Enterprise Cluster 2.0 Hardware Site Preparation, Planning, and Installation Guide.

scitest reads the /etc/sma.ip file to determine the target nodes in the cluster. scitest mainly uses the Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) to test the connections between cluster nodes.

After finding the cluster nodes (targets), scitest performs the following tests:

- Random test—sends out 256 packets with random data length and random data.
- Incremental test—sends out packets with length from minimum to maximum packet size using incremental data.
- Pattern test—sends 256 packets of maximum length, where each packet contains one test pattern and all byte patterns (0 to 0xFF) are used.

Note — scitest is a scalable test. The maximum number of instances is two per SCI card.

scitest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

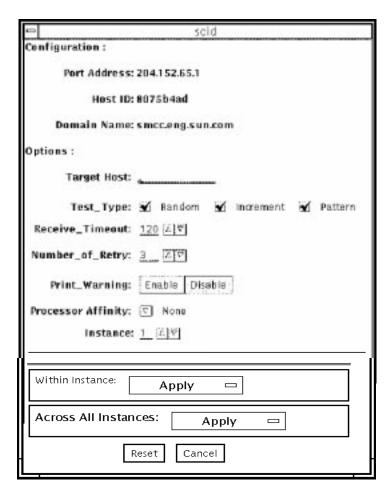


FIGURE 40-1 scitest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

TABLE 40-1 scitest Options

scitest Options	Description
Target Host	Not used.
Receive Timeout field	Specify a number between $0-600$ seconds. The default is 120 seconds.
Number of Retries field	The number of retries before an error is flagged. Specify a number between $0{\text -}128$.
Print Warning	Disabled by default. Choose Enable to see warning errors, such as retry on timeout errors.

scitest Test Modes

Connection, Functional, and Online modes are supported by scitest. Different test schemes are performed on the network device based on the mode selected.

TABLE 40-2 scitest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	scitest checks if the device is connected. It searches through all the network interfaces for the specified device name. scitest finds the device not connected the test fails, otherwise, it returns device is connected.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	scitest performs all three tests (Random test, Incremental test, and Pattern test) sequentially. It allows you to specify an option in such a way that scitest performs a very stressful test.
Functional (Online)	Yes	scitest is aware that the user's application may be running, it tries to minimize the influence on the application while it is testing by only running the random test. Since the network device is shared and system resources are available, applications will not be heavily impacted.

scitest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/scitest standard_arguments -o
dev=interface,test=type,packets=n,pattern=hex,delay=seconds,
timeout=seconds,retry=n,warn

TABLE 40-3 scitest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=interface	Network interface name. The default value is $le0$ for Ethernet networks.
test=type	The test type. Specify random, increment, or pattern. The default value is random+increment+pattern to run.
packets=n	Number of random/pattern packets. The default is 256.

TABLE 40-3 scitest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
pattern=hex	Specifies a data pattern in hexadecimal form. The default is all patterns from 0 to $0xff$.
delay=seconds	Indicates the time between subtests in seconds. The default is $30 \ \text{seconds}$.
timeout=seconds	Indicates the number of seconds to wait before a timeout. The default is 20 seconds.
retry=n	Indicates the number of test timeout retries. The default is three retries.
warn	When enabled, prints warning messages.

Note – 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/ sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Smart Card Test (sctest)

The Smart Card test (sctest) consists of a series of subtests to exercise smart cards and smart card readers. This test works with the Internal I2C SCM smart card reader, the SCMstc and Ibutton external serial smart card readers, and the Cyberflex and Ibutton smart cards. It exercises the JavaTM card terminal reader driver, the Solaris I2C SCM device driver, and the serial device driver.

sctest is only run as an intervention test. To select it, click the Intervention button in the Select Devices panel.



Caution – Do not use a smart card with real data for sctest. Allocate a scratch smart card for testing purposes only. Both the sctestinit.sh script and functions of sctest will delete any existing data on the card.

Note – Do not run sctest and sptest at the same time. Test results will conflict if sptest is enabled when sctest is run. (Because it is an intervention test, sptest is disabled by default.)

sctest Test Requirements

The following five requirements must be met before running sctest:

- You must enable the SunVTS intervention mode.
- You must have a scratch smart card ready.
- You must run the scrdrconfig.sh script as root at least once to configure the card reader, if the reader has not been configured already. See "To Configure Your Card Reader" on page 260.

- The OpenCard Framework daemon (ocfserv) must be running. Solaris starts ocfserv automatically when it begins. See "To Check for ocfserv" on page 261.
- You must run the sctestinit.sh script to initialize the test card.

To run the sctestinit.sh script, type the following at the command prompt:

```
% /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sctestinit.sh -load
```

Initialize the test card with the sctestinit.sh script before any test session, or any time a Write mode test is aborted. The script takes a few minutes to complete.

See "sctest Subtests" on page 263 for instructions on whether to insert the card during the test, or have it inserted before the test begins.

Once you have fulfilled the above five requirements, you are ready to run sctest.

▼ To Configure Your Card Reader

1. Run the scrdrconfig.sh script as root to configure the card reader.

For example, to configure an internal i2c reader, type the following:

```
# /opt/SUNWvts/bin/scrdrconfig.sh -i2c
```

To configure an external serial reader attached to serial port A, type the following:

```
# /opt/SUNWvts/bin/scrdrconfig.sh -a
```

For help with this script, you can type:

```
# /opt/SUNWvts/bin/scrdrconfig.sh -help
```

2. Make sure your card reader has been configured.

The property OpenCard.terminals is defined in the file /etc/smartcard/opencard.properties. To check this property's status, type:

```
% grep 'OpenCard.terminals' /etc/smartcard/opencard.properties
```

In this file, note that a line preceded with the pound sign (#) denotes a comment.

3. Restart the OpenCard Framework daemon (ocfserv) for the latest configuration to take effect.

To restart ocfserv, type the following three commands:

```
# pkill inetd
# pkill ocfserv
# inetd -s
```

You have now configured your smart card reader.

The scrdrconfig.sh script is a sequence of /bin/smartcard commands to update the /etc/smartcard/opencard.properties file. For details on the /bin/smartcard commands, please consult the *Solaris Smart Cards Administration Guide*.

▼ To Check for ocfserv

To run sctest properly, the ocf server (/usr/sbin/ocfserv) must be running. Solaris starts ocfserv automatically when it begins.

1. To check that ocfserv is running, go to a shell prompt and type:

```
# ps -eaf | grep ocfserv
```

You can also check the process ID for ocfserv by typing the following at the shell prompt:

```
# pgrep ocfserv
```

Note – The current version of ocfserv does not support the smart card FileAccessCardService tests.

To Delete Your Card Reader

1. If you want to delete a configured reader, type the following command:

```
# /bin/smartcard -c admin -t terminal -r SunInternalCardReader
-x delete
```

sctest Subtests

TABLE 41-1 sctest Subtests

Subtest	Description	
Card Presence Detect test	Checks whether a card is present in the reader. Place the card in the reader to begin the test.	
Card Lock/Unlock test	Exercises the functions that lock and unlock a card. Place the card in the reader to begin the test.	
Insertion/Removal test	Tests detection of card insertion and removal. If the card is already in the reader, remove and reinsert when prompted. This test is disabled by default, since it requires user intervention.	
PinCardService test	Waits for a card to be inserted, then performs authentication of the default PIN (\$\$\$java). Note: this subtest assumes the card has been initialized by the sctestinit.sh script.	
Simple Authentication test	Waits for a card to be inserted, then performs authentication of the default PIN (\$\$\$\$java). Displays the username and password of an example user called AAA. This test only works for cards that have been initialized by the sctestinit.sh script. This subtest requires the PinCardService test to first validate the PIN on the smart card.	
UserInfoCardService test	Waits for a card to be inserted, then performs authentication of the default PIN (\$\$\$java). Displays the user information such as the username and password of example user called AAA. If Write mode is enabled, the test will also create default user information for an example user BBB. If Verbose mode is enabled, this user information will be displayed. Next, the test deletes the user information for BBB. When the test queries for user information for BBB, it expects an exception (since this information is already deleted). This subtest requires that the PinCardService test has validated the PIN on the smart card.	

sctest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the SunVTS User's Guide for more details.

a(sctest) Test Parameter Options	
Configuration: Device information: /dev/cua/a	
Options:	
Mode: ○ ReadWrite ○ ReadOnly	
OCFBasedTests: OEnable ODisable	
CardRemovalTest: O Enable O Disable	
Within Instance: Apply -	
Across All Instances: Apply -	
Reset Cancel	

FIGURE 41-1 sctest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

TABLE 41-2 sctest Options

sctest Options	Description
Mode	Enables or disables the Write mode for the UserInfoCard Service subtest.
OCF Based tests	Enables or disables all of the following subtests: Card Presence Detect, Card Lock/Unlock, Insertion/Removal, PinCardService, Simple Authentication, and UserInfoCard.
Card Removal test	Enables or disables the Insertion/Removal subtest.

sctest Test Modes

TABLE 41-3 sctest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	No	Not supported.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Runs the full set of tests.
Functional (Online)	No	Not supported.

sctest Command-Line Syntax

 $\label{local_continuity} $$ \operatorname{dev=a/b/i2cscmN,Mode}=ReadWrite/ReadOnly,OCFBasedTests=Enable/Disable, $$ \operatorname{CardRemovalTest}=Enable/Disable $$ $$$

TABLE 41-4 sctest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=a b i2cscmN	Names the type of device. The value ${\bf a}$ or ${\bf b}$ implies ttya or ttyb. ${\bf N}{=}0,1,2,$ and so on.
Mode=Enable Disable	Enables or disables the Write mode for the UserInfoCard Service subtest.
OCFBasedTests= Enable Disable	Enables or disables all of the following subtests: Card Presence Detect, Card Lock/Unlock, Insertion/Removal, PinCardService, Simple Authentication, and UserInfoCard.
CardRemovalTest= Enable Disable	Enables or disables the Insertion/Removal subtest.

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Environmental Sensing Card Test (sentest)

sentest checks the SCSI Environmental Sensing card (SEN) installed in the SPARCstorage RSM to monitor the enclosure environment. The SEN card monitors the enclosure's over-temperature condition, fan-failures, power-supply failures, and drive activity.

sentest verifies the SEN card by first setting each control function to a predetermined value, and then reading it back to verify if the value is correct.

sentest verifies the following control functions in the enclosure:

- Alarm (enable/disable)—sentest toggles the alarm to the disable state, then to the enable state.
- Alarm time (0-0xff seconds)—sentest sets the time (from 0 to 4095), then reads it back to verify the time setting.
- Drive fault LED (DL0-DL6)—sentest toggles each LED to its OFF and ON states.

sentest is a nonscalable test. It cannot verify the control function settings correctly if another instance is changing the setting.

sentest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.



FIGURE 42-1 sentest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

TABLE 42-1 sentest Options

sentest Option	Description	
Test Type	Specifies the test to be performed. Norm test type performs normal testing as alarm enable/disable, alarm time setting, and drive LED on/off testing. Interactive test type reports the current enclosure status.	
Enc_state	Specifies which subsystem's status in the enclosure is reported. Default is ALL. This test is only used with the inter test type and in Functional test. The test options are: • Alarm enable/disable status • Drive present status • Drive LED status • Power modules status • Fan modules status • Over temperature, abs (abnormal, no immediate attention needed), chk (abnormal, immediate attention needed) status • All of the above	

sentest Test Modes

 ${\tt sentest}$ supports all three test modes. Each mode performs a different test scheme on the SEN card.

TABLE 42-2 sentest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	Checks the device connection by opening the device. If the device does not open, the device is not connected.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Checks three components within the enclosure. It checks alarm enable/disable, alarm time setting, and the drive LEDs. It does not test the power on/off function (only functions whose values can be changed are tested).
Functional (Online)	Yes	sentest opens the device and reports the current enclosure status.

sentest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sentest standard arguments
-o dev=interface,test=type,enc=component

TABLE 42-3 sentest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=interface	SEN card device name. The default value is ${\tt ses0}$.
test=type	Specifies the test type. Select Norm for normal testing or Inter for interactive testing; the default value is Norm. Possible values are: norm and inter.
enc=component	Indicates which part of the enclosure status is reported. The default value is ALL. Possible values are: enalm, dp, dl, pm, fan, ovt, and ALL.

Note - 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/ sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Soc+ Host Adapter Card Test (socaltest)

socaltest aids the validation and fault isolation of the SOC+ host adapter card. In the case of a faulty card, the test tries to isolate the fault to the card, the GBIC module, or the DMA between the host adapter card and the host memory.

Note — Do not run socaltest and enatest at the same time, otherwise test failures might occur.

Note – Do not run socaltest and disktest at the same time, otherwise test failures might occur.

Note – Do not run socaltest with a high system load. Running this test with a large number of instances and concurrency might cause resource limitations that cause this test to fail.

socaltest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

□ socal2_0(socalt	est) Test Parameter Options	
Options:		
Internal_Loopback_Test:	○enable ○disable	
External_Loopback_Test:	○enable ○disable	
Loopback_Frame_Test:	○enable ○disable	
Loopback_Frame_Pattern:	▽ 0x7e7e7e7e	
Processor Affinity:	Bound to: Processor 0 Processor 1	
Within Instance: Apply —		
Across All Instances: Apply —		
Reset Can	cel	

FIGURE 43-1 socaltest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

TABLE 43-1 socaltest Options

socaltest Options	Description	
Internal Loopback test	Checks the host adapter card and the direct memory access (DMA) with the host system. This is accomplished as follows:	
	 A frame is created in the host adapter local memory, sent out through the SOC+ transmitter and internally looped back to the SOC+ receiver. The received data is compared with the original data. 	
	 A frame is created in the host adapter local memory, sent out through the SOC+ transmitter and looped back through the SERDES (serialiser-deserialiser) chip on the host adapter card. The received data is compared with the original data. A frame is created in the host main memory, transferred through the DMA to the host adapter transmitter, looped back within the SOC+ chip, and transferred from the receiver to the host main memory through the DMA. The received frame is compared with the original transmitted frame, which tests the host memory to the host adapter DMA path. 	
External Loopback test	The External Loopback test verifies the proper functioning of the GBIC module. A frame is created in the host adapter local memory, sent out and looped back through the external loopback connector attached to the port. If the external loopback test is run together with the internal loopback test, the DMA path is also tested by creating a frame in host main memory, transferring it to the host adapter through the DMA, looping it back through the external loopback connector and transferring the received frame back to the host main memory by DMA.	
Loopback Frame test	Sends out a buffer initialized with the selected pattern and compares it with the looped back frame. It passes if the two compare and fails if they do not.	
Loopback Frame Pattern	List of selectable patterns for the Loopback Frame test.	

Note — In addition to the tests described above, socaltest also tests the basic functions of the SOC+ chip, the on-board XRAM, and the host control buffer by invoking the appropriate tests implemented in firmware.

socaltest Test Modes

TABLE 43-2 socaltest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	No	Not supported
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Runs the full set of tests
Functional (Online)	No	Not supported

Note – You cannot run the Internal and External Loopback tests if the port is connected to a disk array.

socaltest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/socaltest standard arguments -o dev=device name,elb=enabled|disabled,ilb=enabled|disabled,lbf=enable|disable,ptn=pattern

TABLE 43-3 socaltest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description	
dev=device name	The name of the socal port to be tested.	
elb=enabled disabled	Enables or disables the External Loopback test.	
ilb=enabled disabled	Enables or disables the Internal Loopback test.	
lbf=enable disable	Enables or disables the Loopback Frame test.	
ptn=pattern	Specify the pattern in hexadecimal, for example: $ptn=0x7e7e7e7e$	

Note - 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/ sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Serial Parallel Controller Test (spiftest)

The spiftest accesses card components such as the cd-180 and ppc2 chips, and the serial and parallel ports through the serial parallel controller device driver.

spiftest Hardware Requirements

Before running the SunVTS system exerciser, make sure you install the cards to be tested and the device driver. You should also reboot your system with the boot -r command to reconfigure the system and allow the SunVTS kernel to recognize the new driver.

Note - The spiftest must be run in Intervention mode.

The following minimum hardware configuration is required to successfully run the Internal test:

- SBus-based SPARC desktop system with an SBus slot
- Serial parallel controller card, installed in one of the SBus slots

The following hardware is also required to run the other SunVTS serial parallel controller tests:

- Serial parallel controller patch panel (part number 540-2007)
- 96-pin loopback plugs (part number 370-1366)
- 25-pin serial loopback plugs (part number 540-1558)
- RS-232 serial cables (part number 530-1685)
- TTY terminal

spiftest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the SunVTS User's Guide for more details.

stcO(spif) Test	: Parameter Options	
Configuration: Ports: term/0 – term/7 printers/0		
Options:		
Test Mode:	/ 96_pin_Loopback }	
Printer:)Enable 🦿 Disable	
Stop Bit:	_)1 (2	
Baud Rate:	9600	
Char Size:	48)	
Parity:	none	
Flow Control:	/ xonoff }	
Data Type:	/ random	
Serial Port term :	√ AII.}	
Processor Affinity: Processor 0 Processor 1		
Within instance: Apply		
Across All Instances:		
Reset	Cancel	

FIGURE 44-1 spiftest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

The Configuration section of the Options dialog box displays the serial ports available for the SPC/S board. The available ports are listed in the table below.

TABLE 44-1 spiftest Serial Ports for the SPC/S Board

Board Number	Board Device	Serial Ports	Parallel Ports	
0	stc0	term/0-7	printers/0	
1	stc1	term/8-15	printers/1	
2	stc2	term/16-23	printers/2	
3	stc3	term/24-31	printers/3	
4	stc4	term/32-39	printers/4	
5	stc5	term/40-47	printers/5	
6	stc6	term/48-55	printers/6	
7	stc7	term/56-63	printers/7	

The spiftest options are described in the table below.

TABLE 44-2 spiftest Options

spiftest Option	Description	
96-pin Loopback (LB)	Provides data transmission, full-modem loopback, and parallel port loopback testing. You <i>must</i> attach a 96-pin loopback connector (part number 370-1366) to the card before running this test (see Appendix A, "96-Pin Female Loopback Connector" section).	
Internal test	Performs a quick internal check of the serial parallel controller card(s) installed in SBus slots. You do not need to attach anything to the card(s) to perform this test.	
25-pin Loopback (LB)	Provides full-duplex transmission and full-modem loopback testing of the serial port selected in the Serial Port selection of this menu. You <i>must</i> attach the 25-pin Loopback plug to the serial port on the Serial Parallel Controller Patch Panel that is being tested (see Appendix A). This test cannot be run concurrently with the Echo-TTY option enabled.	

TABLE 44-2 spiftest Options

spiftest Option	Description
Echo-TTY	Checks the proper operation of the serial port selected in the Serial Port section of this menu by echoing characters typed on a TTY terminal keyboard to the TTY terminal screen. The characters you type should be displayed on the TTY screen.
	Note: TTY connection to the spif serial port requires corresponding character size setup. For example, if a TTY attachment is running with 8-bit character size, then the spiftest option 'Char Size' should also be set to 8 bits. If you do not type within two minutes, this test will time-out. Terminate testing by pressing Control-C. After a short delay, the Status window updates the Pass Count.
	This test cannot be run concurrently with the 25-pin Loopback subtest.
Printer	Sends the entire ASCII character set to a parallel printer. You must attach a parallel printer to the parallel port on the Serial Parallel Controller patch panel. Observe the printer output to validate the test.
Baud Rate	Specifies the baud rate; choose 110, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, or 38400 baud. Note: The baud rate of 38400 can only be used if one port is tested at a time and the Internal Test is disabled.
Char Size	Indicates character length. Choose 5, 6, 7, or 8 characters.
Stop Bit	Specifies the number of stop bits. Choose 1 or 2 bits.
Parity	Specifies the selectable parity. Choose none, odd or even.
Flow Control	Specifies the selectable flow control. Choices are xonoff, rtscts, or both.
Data Type	Specifies the selectable data type pattern. It can be 0x55555555 (0x55), 0xaaaaaaaa (0xaa), or random.
Serial Port	Specifies the serial port to be tested. The available ports are listed in the Configurations section at the top of the spiftest Options dialog box.

You can also change the test options by modifying the /opt/SUNWvts/bin/ .customtest file. See "Adding Your Own Tests" in .customtest in the SunVTS User's Guide.

spiftest Test Modes

TABLE 44-3 spiftest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	No	Not supported
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Runs the full set of tests
Functional (Online)	No	Not supported

spiftest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/spiftest standard_arguments -o dev=device_name,
M=test_mode,Ptr=enable/disable,B=baud_rate,Size=character_size,S=#of_stop_bits,
Parity=parity,F=flow_control,Data=test_pattern,sp=serial_port

TABLE 44-4 spiftest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=device_name	Specifies the serial ports in SBus card slots (0-63) being tested. Since there is no default, you must type a board name: • stc0—the 8 serial ports in the first card • stc1—the 8 serial ports in the second card • stc2—the 8 serial ports in the third card • stc3—the 8 serial ports in the fourth card • stc4—the 8 serial ports in the fifth card • stc5—the 8 serial ports in the sixth card • stc6—the 8 serial ports in the seventh card • stc7—the 8 serial ports in the eighth card
M=test_mode	Specifies Internal, 96_pin_Loopback, 25_pin_loopback, or Echo_TTY test mode.
Ptr=printer_test	Enables or disables the Printer subtest.
B=baud_rate	Sets the baud rate to 110, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, or 38400. The default is 9600. To use the 38400 rate, only one port at a time can be tested, and the Internal test must be disabled.

TABLE 44-4 spiftest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
Stop=#of_stop_bits	Toggles the number of stop bits between 1 or 2. The default is 1.
Size=character_size	Sets character size as a number between 5 and 8.
P=parity	Specifies the parity as none, odd, or even. The default is none.
$F=flow_control$	Specifies flow control as xonxoff, rtscts, or both.
Data=test_pattern	Specifies test pattern as 0x55555555, 0xAAAAAAA, or random.
sp=serial_port	Specifies the terminal and serial port number, such as term/3.

Note - 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/ sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Serial Ports Test (sptest)

sptest checks the system's on-board serial ports (zs[0,1], zsh[0,1], se[0,1], se[0,1], se_hdlc[0,1]), as well as any multi-terminal interface (ALM2) boards (mcp[0-3]). Data is written and read in asynchronous and synchronous modes utilizing various loopback paths.

Intervention mode must be enabled to run this test.

This test is nonscalable.

sptest dynamically probes for se, zs, zsh, and se_hdlc ports for testing. All error messages, warning messages, and options in the test parameter options dialog box are set dynamically to the correct port names. For example, if a system's a and b ports are su ports, and c and d are se ports, sptest will test ports c and d. The test parameter dialog box will also show the correct ports in its menu options, such as "Test Type: c to d," etc. See FIGURE 45-1 on page 286 for an example of the test parameter dialog box.

TABLE 45-1 Serial Port Tests

Mode	Description
Asynchronous testing	This mode uses the asynchronous communication protocol as described in the $zs(7D)$ and $se(7D)$ man pages. The termio(7I) interface is used for configuring port characteristics.
	The user can select the loopback paths to use, the amount of data to transfer, and the baud rate to use.
	The test writes and reads data through the loopback path and compares the data to the original data. The test first sends a single character. If no errors or timeouts are detected, the rest of the data is simultaneously written and read, then compared.
Synchronous testing	This mode uses the synchronous hdlc-framing interface as described in the $zsh(7D)$ and $se_hdlc(7D)$ man pages. Data is written and read in checksum-protected packets.
	The user can select the loopback paths to use and the clock rate.
	 The synchronous test runs in three phases: The first phase looks for activity on the port. If no activity is detected for at least four seconds, the test proceeds to the next phase. If activity is detected sptest exits with an error. The second phase attempts to send and receive one packet. If no packets are detected after five attempts, the test exits with an error. If a packet is returned, the result is compared to the original. If the length and content of the packets do not match exactly, the test exits with an error. The third phase attempts to send many packets through the loop. Some packet drops are to be expected especially on a heavily loaded system. The test allows a percentage of the packets to be dropped. The user can set the drop tolerance between 0 percent and 99 percent. The default is 20 percent. If the system is extremely busy then the drop tolerance should be increased. Each packet is compared with its original for length and content. If a mismatch is detected, the test exits with an

sptest Synchronous Testing Software Requirements

If you have zs(7D) serial ports on your machine, the synchronous devices may not exist. Look in the /dev directory for zsh (where h=0 and/or 1). If they do not exist, you can create them.

▼ To Create Synchronous Devices

 Verify that the following two lines are in the /etc/devlink.tab file. If they are not there, add them.

```
type=ddi_pseudo;name=zsh zsh\M0
type=ddi_pseudo;name=clone;minor=zsh zsh
```



Caution – The white spaces in the lines above *must* be a single tab character before and after the zsh variables; using spaces will not work.

- 2. When the lines have been added to the /etc/devlink.tab file, change directories to /kernel/drv and run the add drv zsh command.
- 3. If this command does not work, run the rem_drv zsh command and then run the add_drv zsh command again.

sptest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

zs0(sptest) Test Parameter Options
Configuration: Port a zs0 /dev/term/a:/devices/ a Port b zs1 /dev/term/b:/devices/ b
Options:
Test_Type: □ a_to_b
Loopback_Type: No_modem_a_to_b
Test_Mode: □ async
Data_Type:
Async_Baud_Rate: □ 9600
Async_Data_Size:
Async_Flow_Control:
Sync_Baud_Rate: □ 9600
Sync_Packet_drop_tolerance(%): ▲▼[20
Sync_Poll_Wait(seconds): [20]
Within Instance: Apply -
Across All Instances: Apply —
Reset Cancel

FIGURE 45-1 sptest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

There are a variety of loopback paths available. The internal loopback paths do not require an external connector. Their availability depends on the device. The zs(7D) device has an internal path for synchronous mode and the se(7D) device has an internal path for asynchronous mode. The external loopback connectors are described in Appendix A. The exact type of loopback connector required depends on the system I/O panel.

Some examples of loopback test commands follow. For a full description of command-line syntax, see "sptest Command-Line Syntax" on page 291.

To test /dev/term/b from the command line using internal loopback, type the following:

```
% ./sptest -vf -o M=async,T=b,L=I
```

To test /dev/term/b from the command line using external loopback, type:

```
% ./sptest -vf -o M=async,T=b,L=P
```

For zs(7D) machines, the internal loopback path is only active in synchronous mode:

```
% ./sptest -vf -o M=sync,T=b,L=I
```

The following table lists the possible devices for each port. Below, "a" represents port a of the CPU board (motherboard), "b" represents port b of the CPU board, and the device names of the ports for each CPU board are listed.

TABLE 45-2 sptest Serial Devices

CPU	Port	Async Device	Sync Device
0	a	zs0 or se0	zsh0 or se_hdlc0
	b	zs1 or se1	zsh1 or se_hdlc1
1	a	zs2	zsh2 *
	b	zs3	zsh3 *
2	a	zs4	zsh4 *
	b	zs5	zsh5 *

^{*} Currently, only zsh0 and zsh1 are supported by device drivers.

 TABLE 45-3
 sptest Options

sptest Options	Description
Test Type	Selects how the test will run. Test options include: • a= runs the test on port a • b= runs the test on port b • a_b= runs the test on ports a and b sequentially • a_b_concurrent= runs the test on port a and port b concurrently.
Loopback Type	Selects the loopback test. Options include: • Internal is an internal path for a, b, a_b, and a_b_concurrent test types. • Plug_a_to_a_b_to_b is an external loopback plug for a, b, a_b, and a_b_concurrent test types. • no_modem_a_to_b is an external loopback cable for a_to_b and a_to_b_concurrent test types. • Modem_a_to_b is an external loopback cable with a modem attached to generate synchronous Transmit and Receive clocks in synchronous mode. The modem a_to_b external loopback type is intended for Sun internal use only. It requires custom equipment that is not available.
Test Mode	Selects the mode to put the serial device into before running the test. The modes available are Asynchronous, Synchronous or Both. When Both is selected, the test runs in Asynchronous mode then Synchronous mode.
Data Type	Selects the data pattern to transfer. The user can select: •Random •Sequential •Alphanumeric •0x00-0xff
Async Baud Rate	Selects the baud rate for Asynchronous mode testing. The valid rates are: 110, 300, 600, 1200, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 76800, 115200, 153600, 230400, 307200, 460800, and ALL. The default rate is 9600 baud. Some platforms can only support up to 38400 or 76800. The test will return an error if you try to use a higher baud rate then is supported. For baud rates greater then 153600 the serial line drivers must be set for RS-423 mode and not RS-232 mode. The RS-423 and RS-232 modes are usually selected by a hardware jumper on the motherboard. Consult your hardware installation manual for more information.
Async Data Size	Selects the total number of bytes to transfer in Asynchronous mode. This can range from 1 to 10000.
Async Flow Control	Selects the type of flow control to use in asynchronous mode testing. The user can select Hardware (RTS/CTS), Software (XON/XOFF) or None. The default depends on the loopback type. Software flow control is not allowed on a, b, a_b, or a_b_concurrent loopback types.

 $\textbf{TABLE 45-3} \quad \texttt{sptest Options}$

sptest Options	Description	
Sync Baud Rate Selects the device generated clock rate for synchronoutesting. The valid rates are from 110 to 230400. The rat have to be a specific value as required for async mode The default rate is 9600. Some platforms can only suppose 38400 or 76800. The test will return an error if you try higher rate then is supported. For rates greater then 10 serial line drivers must be set for RS-423 mode and no mode. The RS-423 and RS-232 modes are usually select hardware jumper on the motherboard. Consult your hinstallation manual for more information.		
Sync Packet Drop Tolerance	Selects the tolerance level of Synchronous mode dropped packets during the many_packets subtest. The default is 20 percent. The valid range is from 0 percent to 99 percent. Some packet drops are expected especially at higher clock rates and on a heavily loaded system.	
Sync Poll Wait	Selects the number of seconds in additional time to wait for a Synchronous mode packet to be sent. Additional time may be needed when there is heavy system activity and time-outs are being detected. In general, the user can decrease the value to 0 when the system load is light or increase the value when there is a heavy system load.	

sptest Test Modes

 ${\tt sptest} \ {\tt supports} \ {\tt all} \ {\tt three} \ {\tt SunVTS} \ {\tt test} \ {\tt modes}.$

TABLE 45-4 sptest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	Attempts to open the port to determine if the device is connected. If it fails and the port is not busy, the test exits with an error. If it is successful or fails with a busy or exclusive use error, then the port is considered connected, and the test passes.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Performs the selected loopback test.
Functional (Online)	Yes	Attempts to minimize the impact on the applications that are running. The Online test runs in synchronous and asynchronous modes. If the device supports an internal loopback then the functional test is run utilizing the internal loopback. The zs(7d) device supports an internal synchronous loopback and the se(7d) device supports an internal asynchronous loopback.

sptest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sptest standard_arguments -o dev=device_name,
porta=port_name,T=test_type,L=loopback_type,M=mode,D=data_pattern,
AB=async_baud_rate,S=async_data_size,PAR=parity,F=flow_control,B=sync_baud_rate,
DP=sync_drop_tolerance,P=sync_poll_wait

TABLE 45-5 sptest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=device_name	Identifies the serial port(s) to test. There is no default value. You must specify a
	device name such as:
	• se0,
	• zs0, zs1
	• zs2, zs3
	•,
porta=port_name	The name of the first device of a serial device pair. The default is a.
T=test_type	Specifies the type of test to run:
	• a= runs the test on port a.
	• b= runs the test on port b.
	 a_b= runs the test on ports a and b sequentially.
	 a_b_concurrent= runs the test on port a and port b concurrently.
	 a_to_b= runs the test from port a to port b.
L=loopback_type	The type of loopback connector attached to ports:
	• No_modem_a_to_b
	Internal_a_to_ab_to_b
	Plug_a_to_ab_to_b
	• Modem_a_to_b
M=mode	The default test mode is asynchronous. Specify one of the following modes:
	• asynch
	• synch
	• both
D=data_pattern	Selects the data pattern to transfer. The user can select:
	• Random
	• Sequential
	• Alphanumeric
	• 0x00-0xFF

 TABLE 45-5
 sptest Command-Line Syntax (Continued)

Argument	Description	
AB=async_baud_rate	Asynchronous baud rate (default = 9600). The valid values are between 110 $$ - 460800 .	
	Note: Some platforms can only support asynchronous baud rates up to 38400 or 76800. For baud rates greater then 153600 the serial line drivers must be set for RS-423 mode and not RS-232 mode.	
S=async_data_size	Asynchronous mode total number of bytes to write; from 1 to 10000 bytes.	
F=flow_control	Asynchronous mode flow control: • Hardware (RTS/CTS) • Software (xon/xoff) • None	
B=sync_baud_rate	Synchronous baud rate (default = 9600). The valid rates are between 110 - 256000.	
	Note: Some platforms can only support synchronous rates up to 38400 or 76800. For rates greater then 100000 the serial line drivers must be set for RS-423 mode and not RS-232 mode.	
DP=sync_drop_tolerance	Synchronous mode drop packet tolerance (default=20 percent).	
P=sync_poll_waitt	Synchronous mode additional wait time during poll (in seconds).	

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/ sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

SunButtons Test (sunbuttons)

The sunbuttons test verifies that the SunButtons $^{\text{TM}}$ graphics manipulation device is working correctly.

Note - Do not run sunbuttons and sundials at the same time.

Note — To access this test, you must first install the SUNWvtsol package.

sunbuttons Test Requirements

Install SunVTS making sure that the following packages are installed: SUNWdial and SUNWdialh.

Running the sunbuttons Tests

The following tests verify the functionality of SunButtons:

▼ To Use the .customtest File

Modify the .customtest file as described below to verify that each button functions. Each button lights up in a round-robin fashion.

Note - The .customtest file is located in two places. Modify the 32-bit (in the /opt/SUNWvts/bin directory) or the 64-bit (in the /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9 directory) .customtest file according to the Solaris environment that you are using.

1. Edit the .customtest file to include the following lines:

```
sunbuttons; sunbuttons; Mode<CYCLE | diag | diag | mode>
sundials; sundials; Mode<CYCLE | diag | diag | mode>
```

You may have to execute the xhost + command.

▼ To Configure the Port Using the bdconfig Command

1. Run the /usr/sbin/bdconfig command to configure the /dev/term/a or /dev/term/b port and enable it.

The following example shows how to check a configured serial port b:

```
# ls -1 /dev/bd*
lrwxrwxrwx 1 root other 11 Nov 12 15:39 /dev/bd -> /dev/term/b
```

2. Connect the SunButtons or SunDials device to your configured serial port (a or b).

▼ To Start SunVTS

After starting SunVTS, you should see Customtest as one of the available options with sundials and sunbuttons available for selection.

- 1. Change to the Functional test mode and enable Intervention.
- 2. Enable the sunbuttons and sundials tests.
- 3. Start testing.

In Diag mode, a pop-up window is displayed.

4. Select the Diagnostics button.

Let the test run its course (the Diagnostics button will be selectable again).

5. Close the pop-up window.

The test should register a single pass.

Note – Do not run the sundials and sunbuttons tests at the same time.

▼ To Run the sunbuttons Test From a Shell Command Line

This is an interactive test. The test displays a screen representation of the buttonbox (see FIGURE 46-1) where you can press each of the buttons and see the corresponding button's display change.

- 1. Be sure that the buttonbox is connected to one of the serial ports, and that the buttonbox has a power transformer.
- 2. To run the diagnostic test, select the Diagnostics Button on the top of the menu representation.

The buttonbox buttons on the screen do not change while the diagnostics test is running.

There is no option dialog box for this test.

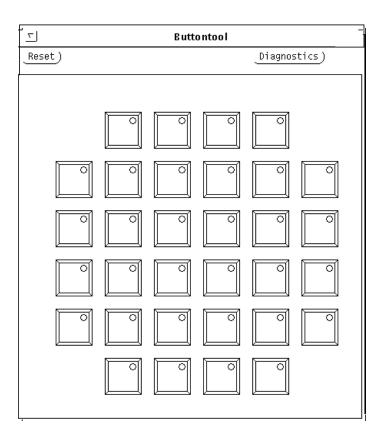


FIGURE 46-1 sunbuttons Test Tool

sunbuttons Test Modes

TABLE 46-1 sunbuttonstest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	No	Not supported
Functional (Offline)	Yes	This mode verifies the functionality of each button, and lights each button in sequence.
Functional (Online)	No	Not supported

sunbuttons Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sunbuttons diag standard_arguments

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

SunDials Test (sundials)

The sundials test verifies that the SunDials $^{\text{TM}}$ graphics manipulation device controls are working properly. sundials also verifies the connection between the dialbox and serial port.

Note – Do not run sundials and sunbuttons at the same time.

Note — To access this test, you must first install the SUNWvtsol package.

Running the sundials Test

The following tests verify SunDial functionality.

- ▼ Using the .customtest File
 - 1. Modify the .customtest file to test the SunDials.

Here is an example of a .customtest entry for sundials:

sundials; sundials; text<TEXT | 20 | -s | >

Note - The .customtest file is located in two places. Modify the 32-bit (in the /opt/SUNWvts/bin directory) or the 64-bit (in the /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9 directory) .customtest file according to the Solaris environment that you are using.

▼ To Run the sundials Test From a Command Line

Running the sundials test from a command line starts an interactive test that displays a screen representation of the dialbox (see FIGURE 47-1). You can move each of the dials and see the corresponding dial's display change.

- 1. Be certain that the dialbox is connected to one of the serial ports and that the dialbox has a power transformer.
- 2. To run the interactive test, select the Diagnostics button on the top of the window representation. The dialbox has a power transformer.

The sundials Test dialog box is shown in FIGURE 47-1. There is no Options dialog box for this test.

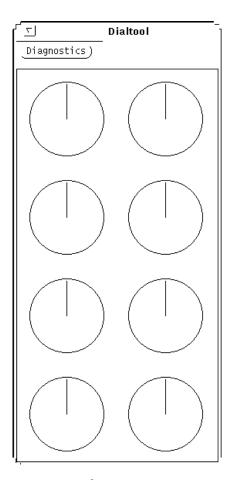


FIGURE 47-1 sundials Test Dialog Box

sundials Test Modes

TABLE 47-1 sundials Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	No	Not supported.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	This mode verifies the connection between the dialbox and serial port. The test also verifies all manipulation device controls.
Functional (Online)	No	Not supported.

sundials Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sundials diag standard_arguments

Note - 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/ sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

SunHSI Board Test (sunlink)

The sunlink test verifies the functionality of the SBus and PCI bus SunHSI $^{\text{IM}}$ boards by using the HDLC protocol. sunlink initializes and configures the selected channel.

Next, sunlink opens a datagram socket and tries to modify the socket to accept ioctl communications with the driver, and receive synchronous mode information from it.

sunlink then opens the ports, linking the upper and lower layers with ioctl calls. After initialization, this test checks for activity before attempting to send or receive data. An error message is returned if activity is detected; otherwise the transmit buffer is filled with random data. Random data is used by default. You may also specify other patterns. The data is then transmitted. If the transmission succeeds, sunlink then receives the returned data and verifies that it is identical to what was sent. Finally, statistics about the send and receive are gathered from the socket.

A full sunlink test takes approximately eight minutes per port and makes a brief check of the board ports before the actual test begins. If the port is bad, the test immediately aborts and returns an error message.

sunlink Test Requirements

This test will not pass unless you install the correct loopback connectors or port to port cables on the ports you are testing. The ports specified for test in the Options dialog box must have loopback connectors attached. See Appendix A for loopback connector part numbers and wiring instructions.

sunlink Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the SunVTS User's Guide for more details.

The Configuration field displays the available ports. (See FIGURE 48-1.)

f hihpO(sunlink)	Test Parameter Options
Configuration: Amount: 400KB Ports: 0 1 2 3 Port type: RS449 Protocol: HDLC	
Options:	
Clock Source:	Baud ○ External
Internal Loopback:	○ Enable ② Disable
Baud_Rate:	▲▼ [100000
Ports:	∇ 0+1+2+3
Within Instance: Ap	ply 🗆
Across All Instances:	Apply 🗆
Reset	Cancel

FIGURE 48-1 sunlink Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

 TABLE 48-1
 sunlink Options

sunlink Options	Description
Clock source	Select either the onboard clock or an external clock for use when using sunlink. To use the external clock option, the transmit, receive, and clock data lines must be physically loopbacked.
Internal Loopback	Enables or disables internal loopback tests. Internal Loopback is only needed when the Loopback setting is not port-to-port, and the clock source is onboard.
Port	Specifies the loopback type—simple single external port loopback, multiple external port loopback, and port-to-port external loopback.

sunlink Loopback Connectors

Refer to Appendix A of this manual for information on Sunlink $^{\text{TM}}$ loopback cables and loopback connectors. Refer to the High Speed Serial Interface hardware manuals for information on null modem cables.

sunlink Test Modes

TABLE 48-2 sunlinktest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	No	Not supported.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Runs the full set of tests.
Functional (Online)	No	Not supported.

sunlink Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sunlink standard_arguments -o dev=device_name,p=port#, P=data_pattern, I, C=clocksource

 TABLE 48-3
 sunlink Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation		
dev=device_name	Specifies the device to be tested.		
	Use hih0 for the HDLC protocol		
p=ports	Specifies the port number to be tested.		
P=data_pattern	Specifies the data_pattern as one of the following: • c—Character (0x55) • i—Incrementing • d—Decrementing • r—Random (default)		
I	Enables internal loopback for HSI.		
c=clocksource	Specifies the clock source value as one of the following: • B—Onboard clock source • E—External clock source		

The following is a typical command-line syntax for testing a SunHSI board:

```
# /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sunlink -o dev=hih0,P=0+1+2+3
```

This command tests the internal loopback for ports 0, 1, 2, and 3. It does not run for the port to port internal loopback test.

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Sun PCi Test (sunpcitest)

The sunpcitest tests the SunPCiTM plug-in PCI card, which is an X86 processor embedded in an add-on card. The sunpcitest also monitors and reports messages from the processor self-tests.

sunpoitest Test Requirements

Before running the test, the X-window for the SunPCi must be shut down. Otherwise, the test will not launch.

sunpcitest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

device0(sunpcitest) Test Paramet	er
Configuration: Device information: x86 Embedded PC	
Options:	
Instance: ▲▼ <u>[</u> 1	
Within Instance: Apply —	
Across All Instances: Apply 🗆	
Reset Cancel	

FIGURE 49-1 sunpoitest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

sunpoitest only runs with the default parameters in place. Thus, this test does not allow any options to be configured specifically for an individual system. The number of instances is preset to 1 (the default value), as only one local copy of the test is supported.

sunpcitest Test Modes

TABLE 49-1 sunpoitest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	No	Not supported
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Runs the full set of tests
Functional (Online)	No	Not supported

sunpoitest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/ftcputest standard_arguments

Note — There are no test-specific options for sunpoitest.

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

SuperI/O Test (sutest)

sutest checks the on-board system serial ports (su[0,1]). Data is written and read in asynchronous mode, using various loopback paths. You can select the loopback paths to use, the amount of data to transfer, and the baud rate.

The test writes and reads data through the loopback path and compares the data to the original data. The test first sends a single character. If no errors or timeouts are detected, the rest of the data is simultaneously written and read, then compared.

This test uses the asynchronous communication protocol. The termio(71)interface is used for configuring port characteristics.

Intervention mode must be enabled to run this test.

This test is nonscalable.

Loopback Connectors

This test requires null modem and plug connectors, which are described in Appendix A "Loopback Connectors".

There are a variety of loopback paths available. The exact type of loopback connector required depends on the system I/O panel.

The loopback for the "Null Modem a to b" option is a female-to-female plug. Its pin configuration is the same as the one described for the "9-Pin to 9-Pin Port-to-Port Loopback Cable" on page 358.

The loopback for the "Plug a to a" option is described in the section "9-pin Female Single-Port Loopback Plug" on page 356.

sutest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the SunVTS User's Guide for more details.

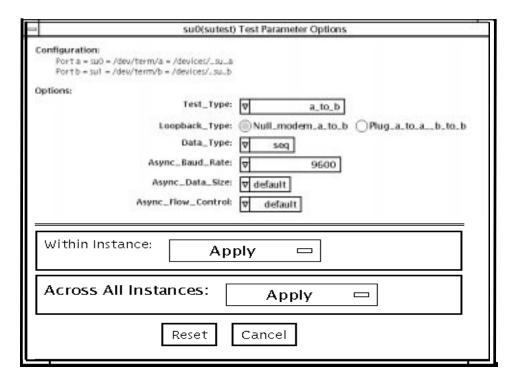


FIGURE 50-1 sutest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

For CPU 0, port a on the CPU board (motherboard) uses the su0 asynchronous device, while port b uses su1.

 $\textbf{TABLE 50-1} \quad \texttt{sutest Options} \\$

sutest Options	Description Selects how the test will run. Test options include: • a= runs the test on port a • b= runs the test on port b • a_b= runs the test on ports a and b sequentially • a_b_concurrent= runs the test on port a and port b concurrently.		
Test Type			
Loopback Type	Selects the loopback test. Options include: •Plug_a_to_a_b_to_b is an external loopback plug for a, b, a_b, and a_b_concurrent test types. •null_modem_a_to_b is an external loopback cable for a_to_b and a_to_b_concurrent test types.		
Data Type	Selects the data pattern to transfer. The user can select: •Random •Sequential •Alphanumeric •0x00-0xff		
Async Baud Rate	Selects the baud rate for Asynchronous mode testing. The valid rates are: 50, 110, 300, 600, 1200, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200, and ALL. The default rate is 9600 baud. Some platforms can only support up to 38400 or 76800. The test will return an error if you try to use a higher baud rate then is supported. For baud rates greater then 153600 the serial line drivers must be set for RS-423 mode and not RS-232 mode. The RS-423 and RS-232 modes are usually selected by a hardware jumper on the motherboard. Consult your hardware installation manual for more information.		
Async Data Size	Selects the total number of bytes to transfer in Asynchronous mode. This can range from 1 to 10000.		
Async Flow Control	Selects the type of flow control to use in asynchronous mode testing. The user can select <code>Hardware</code> (RTS/CTS), <code>Software</code> (XON/XOFF) or <code>None</code> . The default depends on the loopback type. Software flow control is not allowed on a, b, a_b, or a_b_concurrent loopback types.		

sutest Test Modes

sutest supports all three SunVTS test modes.

TABLE 50-2 sutest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	Tries to open the port to determine if the device is connected. If it fails and the port is not busy, the test exits with an error. If it is successful or fails with a busy or exclusive use error, then the port is considered connected, and the test passes.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Performs the selected loopback test.
Functional (Online)	Yes	Tries to minimize the impact on the applications that are running. The Online test runs in asynchronous mode.

sutest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sutest standard_arguments -o dev=device_name, porta=port_name, T=test_type, L=loopback_type, D=data_pattern, AB=baud_rate, BS=write_size, F=flow_control

TABLE 50-3 sutest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation Identifies the serial port(s) to test. There is no default value. You must specify a device name such as su0.	
dev=device_name		
porta=port_name	The name of the first device of a serial device pair. The default is a.	
T=test_type	Specifies the type of test to run: • a= runs the test on port a. • b= runs the test on port b. • a_b= runs the test on ports a and b sequentially. • a_b_concurrent= runs the test on port a and port b concurrently. • a_to_b= runs the test from port a to port b.	
L=loopback_type	The type of loopback connector attached to ports: • Null_modem_a_to_b • Plug_a_to_a_b_to_b	

 TABLE 50-3
 sutest Command-Line Syntax (Continued)

Argument	Explanation (Continued)	
D=data_pattern	Selects the data pattern to transfer. The user can select:	
	• Random	
	• Sequential	
	• Alphanumeric	
	• 0x00-0xFF	
AB=baud_rate	Asynchronous baud rate (default = 9600). The valid values are between 110 - 460800. Note: Some platforms can only support asynchronous baud rates up	
	to 38400 or 76800. For baud rates greater then 153600 the serial line drivers must be set for RS-423 mode and not RS-232 mode.	
BS=write_size	Asynchronous mode write size; from 1 to 10000 bytes.	
F=flow_control	Asynchronous mode flow control	
	• Hardware (RTS/CTS)	
	• Software (xon/xoff)	
	• None	

Note - 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/ sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

System Test (systest)

systest checks the CPU board by exercising the I/O, memory, and CPU channels simultaneously as threads. There is no quick test option for systest; it is a CPU stress test.

systest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

system(systest) Test Parameter Options
Configuration: System Configuration= Sun Microsystems sun4u Memory size= 128 Megabytes System clock-frequency= 83 MHz
Options:
Asynch I/O Test: 🔘 Enable 🔵 Disable
Memory Test: 🔘 Enable 🔘 Disable
Cpu Test: Enable Disable
Within Instance: Apply —
Across All Instances: Apply —
Reset Cancel

FIGURE 51-1 systest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

systest Test Modes

TABLE 51-1 systest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	No	Not supported.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Runs the full set of tests.
Functional (Online)	No	Not supported.

systest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/systest standard_arguments

Note — 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Tape Drive Test (tapetest)

The tapetest synchronous I/O test writes a pattern to a specified number of blocks (or, for a SCSI tape, writes to the end of the tape). The tapetest then rewinds the tape and reads and compares the data just written. The tapetest asynchronous I/O test sends a series of up to five asynchronous read/write requests to the tape drive, writing to the tape and then reading and comparing the data. The tapetest file test writes four files to the tape and then reads them back, comparing the data. For tape library testing, the pass count is incremented only after all tapes in the library have been tested.

tapetest Test Requirements

If you have a tape drive in your system, load a blank writable tape (scratch tape) before you start SunVTS. If you fail to do this, the tapetest option displays drive type:unknown on the option menu for the tapetest.

tapetest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

tapetest supports 4-mm, 8-mm, DLT, 1/4-inch cartridge, and 1/2-inch front-load tape drive testing. The options available for each of the tape devices differ slightly. An example of the Options dialog box for a device is shown in FIGURE 52-1.

The Async I/O subtest uses the asynchronous read and write feature of the Solaris tape driver to exercise tape drives. In read-only mode the test sends a maximum of four asynchronous read packets, each with a random size and a random offset, to the tape drive. The test then waits for all outstanding I/O activity to complete before issuing another round of packets. This process continues until the whole area being tested has been covered. In read-write mode, one write packet is issued for every four read packets to ensure a spot check of the write operation. The area of the tape to be tested is written to first in order for the test to work correctly. This test is only supported under the Solaris 2.6, Solaris 7, and Solaris 8 operating environments and compatible releases.

tape1(tapetest)	Test Parameter Options
Configuration: Drive Type: Archive F	Python 4mm Helical Scan
Options:	
Туре:	DAT) DAT_Stacker
Number_Of_Tapes:	* ¥ 4
Density:	Low \
	_}Readonly ← Write/Read
Length:	/ EOT)
Blocks:	į̃25300
File Test:	Enable Disable
Media Test Method:	¥ SyncIO
Within Instance: App	oly 🗆
Across All Instances:	Apply \Box
Reset	Cancel

FIGURE 52-1 tapetest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box (4-mm Tape Drives)

Note – This test does not immediately stop after being disabled.

FIGURE 52-1 shows an example of the Options menu for a 4-mm tape drive.

Note – The Options dialog box for the 1/4-inch, 1/2-inch, DLT, and 8-mm tape drives differ slightly from FIGURE 52-1.

 TABLE 52-1
 tapetest Options

tapetest Options	Description
Туре	Normal tape drive or tape library (stacker).
# of Tapes	The number of tapes in the tape library. tapetest registers a single tape library pass only after all tapes in the library pass.
Density	 The following settings are available for most tape drives: Low—Tests the 1 tape device. Medium—Tests the m tape device. Compression—Tests the c tape device. All—Tests the 1, m, and c tape devices. For half-inch tape drives, the available settings are 800, 1600, and 6250 BPI (blocks per inch).
	For certain QIC drives select QIC-11 (1-byte block ID) mode, QIC-24 (4-byte block ID) mode, or both.
Mode	If you enable Write/Read mode, the test first writes to the tape and then reads it back to compare. If you enable Read_Only mode, the test assumes the tape has been properly written and merely reads and compares. This mode is useful to check proper head alignment.
Length	The amount of the tape to be tested. The choices are: • -EOT: The default; tests to the entire tape. • -Long: The SCSI tape tests 70,000 blocks of the tape. • -Short: Only the first 1000 blocks are tested. • -Specified: You must type the number of blocks to be tested in the # of blocks field.
# of Blocks	If you select Specified under the Length option, you must type the number of blocks you want to test.
Blocksize	Block size specification. This option is only available for Tandberg QIC tape drives. There are two possible values. 512-bytes is for use with older tape media that have transfer size restrictions, while 64-kbytes is for use with current, high-capacity tape media.

 TABLE 52-1
 tapetest Options

tapetest Options	Description
File Test	The tape file test sequence is as follows:
	1. Writes three files.
	2. Rewinds.
	3. Reads part of the first file.4. Forward spaces to the start of the second file.
	5. Reads the second file.
	6. Forward spaces to the start of the third file.
	7. Tries to read to the end of that file for SCSI tapes only. The tape file test tries to backspace to the start of the second file and read it.
Retension	When enable is selected, the program retensions the tape.
Media Test Method	• Sync I/O—tapetest reads and or writes the number of blocks selected in Length.
	 Async I/O—tapetest makes four asynchronous read requests to the tape drive. If read and write testing is selected, one asynchronous write request is also sent. The test continues after completing the requests.
	Note – When testing Tandberg QIC drives, Async I/O testing is restricted to read-only due to asynchronous behavior differences with other tape drives.

tapetest Test Modes

The tapetest supports all three modes. It performs different test schemes on the tape device, according to the mode you select.

TABLE 52-2 tapetest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	tapetest verifies that the drive can be opened and that the drive type can be determined. If both checks are successful, or if the drive is currently busy, then the test passes. The tapetest fails if the open operation is unsuccessful for any reason other than the drive is busy.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	tapetest checks the status, rewinds the tape, erases and retensions it. If the device is a cartridge tape, tapetest writes a pattern to nblks or eot (default), rewinds the tape, and then reads and compares of the pattern.
Functional (Online)	Yes	tapetest opens the device and reads several blocks from it. If the read operation is successful, the test passes. On the other hand, if the device is busy or if no tape cartridge can be found in the drive, the test cannot run and fails.

tapetest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/tapetest standard_arguments -o dev=device_name,
s=block_count,d=density,m=mode,l=length,method=method,ft=enables|disables,
ret=enables|disables,dat=dat_type,8mm=8mm_type,num=magazine_size,
blocksize=block_size

TABLE 52-3 tapetest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation
dev=device_name	Specifies the device_name of the tape drive (required).
s=block_count	Specifies the number of blocks to be tested.
d=density	Specifies the density of the tape to open.
m=mode	Enables either the Write_Read or Read_Only tests.
1=length	Specifies the length of the test (EOT, Specified, Long, or Short).

 TABLE 52-3
 tapetest Command-Line Syntax (Continued)

Argument	Explanation (Continued)
method=method	Specifies the media test method (SyncI/O and or AsyncI/O) used.
ft=enables disables	Enables or disables the File test.
ret=enables disables	Enable or disables tape retension.
dat=dat_type	If you are testing a digital audio tape drive, specify whether it is a regular DAT drive or a DAT stacker. The choices are DAT and DAT_Stacker.
8mm=8mm_type	If you are testing an 8-mm tape drive, specify whether it is a regular 8-mm tape drive or a tape library. The command line choices are 8mm and 8mm_Library.
num=magazine_size	If you are testing a tape library, specify the magazine size.
blocksize= block_size	If you are testing a Tandberg QIC drive, specify whether to use a 64 kbyte block transfer or a 512 byte block transfer. Use 512 bytes when testing older media in the drive.

Note – 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/ sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

S24 Frame Buffer Test (tcxtest)

Through a series of protocol, memory, acceleration, and colormap tests, textest checks the functionality of the S24 Frame Buffer SBus card used on the SPARCstation 5 and checks the FSV (fast SBus video) ASIC on the SPARCstation 4 motherboard.

Note – Disable all screen savers before testing any graphics device. Type **xset** s off at a UNIX prompt to disable the Solaris screen saver.

textest Test Groups

textest has four distinct test groups.

AFX Protocol tests (in 8/16/32/64-bit mode):

■ WRC

Frame Buffer Memory tests (in 8/16/32/64-bit14 mode):

- address
- constant
- random

Acceleration tests (both User and Raw modes):

- blit
- stip

Colormap and Cursor tests:

- cursor (does not apply to SPARCstation4)
- colormap

tcxtest Subtests

TABLE 53-1 textest Subtests

tcxtest Subtests	Description
WRC	By performing multiple writes and reads, and then verifying the results, the WRC test exercises the FIFO inside the S24 chip. The WRC test is composed of these three subtests: test_afx_alt_wr, test_memafx, and test_afx_random. If these tests fail, they print an error message showing the expected and observed data.
Test_afx_alt_wr	This test performs 16 writes to alternative pages, for example, WR (Page1), WR (Page2), WR (Page1+off), WR (Page2+off), and so on. It then reads back the data and compares it with the expected results. This test also writes to the frame buffer space 16 times, followed by a write to a different page in the frame buffer space. The test then reads this data back and verifies it with the expected results.
Test_memafx	The CPU in the SWIFT chip has closely coupled interfaces for the DRAM and the AFX bus. This test checks the arbitration between the two accesses.
	This test performs a number of alternating writes to the AFX and the CPU memory. After writing to different locations, the test reads and verifies the data. By performing an access across the page boundaries, the test covers both the cached and non-cached accesses.
Test_afx_random	After writing to one page in the DRAM memory, the test performs a few random writes/reads to random locations in the AFX space. The test then writes to a different page in the DRAM space, where it performs random accesses.
	This test does not perform any data verification, it just checks to see if any of these random accesses caused a time out.
Constant	This test writes a data pattern to the whole memory. This pattern is read back and compared with the expected data. Once the memory fill operation is completed, the test reads the memory back and verifies that the value read is correct.
Address	This test writes a data pattern (which is same as the value of the address) to the whole memory. This pattern is then read back to verify that it is the correct value.

TABLE 53-1 textest Subtests

tcxtest Subtests	Description	
Random	This test writes a random data pattern to the whole memory. This pattern is read back and compared with the expected data. After the memory fill operation is completed, the test reads the memory and verifies the values read are correct.	
Blit	This test has two parts; the raw blit test and the user blit test. The raw blit test draws a 64x64x24 pixel image at the top-left corner of screen. Next it blits the image to the screen. The destination images are read back and compared with the original image to verify the raw blit operation has run correctly. The user blit test draws a 64x64x24 pixel image at the top left corner of screen. It then blits the image to the screen. The destination images are read back and compared with the original image. The user blit test is the same as the raw blit test, except the user blit test uses the user data space for the blit command.	
Stip	This test performs numerous corner cases for stipple. The test writes to the destination with different data values using a stipple operation. The destination data is read back and verified. For the fast SBus video (SV), the following is checked: • Walks 1 through pixel mask. • Walks 1 through ROP bits. • Walks 1 through destination byte. • Walks 1 through IDX byte.	
Cursor (does not apply to walking 1 pattern to the cursor data registers. The day read back and verified with the expected results. The repeated using a walking 0 as the data pattern		
Colormap	Loads all locations in the colormap with varying values of RGB.	
	Note: If the system being tested has a monochrome or greyscale monitor, visual color problems are undetectable.	

tcxtest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

FB locking is the only test parameter option for this test. See "Testing Frame Buffers" on page 10 for details.

1. Click enable or disable to configure frame buffer locking. etc.

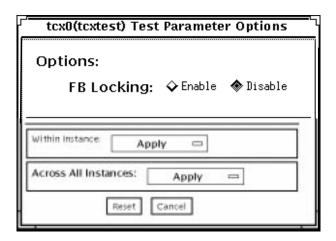


FIGURE 53-1 textest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

textest Test Modes

 TABLE 53-2
 tcxtest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	No	Not supported.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Runs the appropriate subtests for the hardware platform being tested.
Functional (Online)	No	Not supported.

textest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/tcxtest standard_arguments -o dev=device_name,lock=E(nable) | D(isable), x=bit_mode, T=test, s=[dfb8, dfb24, dfb32]

TABLE 53-3 tcxtest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation	
dev=device_name	Specifies the filename of the device to be tested, for example, dev=tcx0.	
lock= E(nable) D(isable)	Enables or disables the window system locking option. See "Testing Frame Buffers" on page 10 for details. Do not use when device is the window system display.	

 TABLE 53-3
 tcxtest Command-Line Syntax (Continued)

Argument	Explanation
X =bit_mode	Specifies the data transfer size. Supported values are: • 8byte • 16short • 32long • 64double word
T=test	Specifies a particular test. To specify an individual test, replace test with: • a=Address • c=Constant • r=Random • b=Blit • s=Stipple • h=Cursor • w=WRC Note: When you select either the Blit or Stipple test, both the User and Raw mode tests are run.
s=[dfb8, dfb24, dfb32]	

Note - 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/ sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.

Sun USB Keyboard Test (usbkbtest)

usbkbtest verifies whether the keyboard(s) attached to the USB bus are USB compliant. The test will flash the LEDs of a compliant keyboard.

usbkbtest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

F	kbd(usbkbtest) ¹	Test Parameter Options	
	Configuration: Device information: USB Keyboard Options:		
	Processor Affinity:	Processor 0 Processor 1 Processor 2 Processor 3	
	Within Instance: Apply —		
	Across All Instances:	Apply —	
	Reset	Cancel	

 $\textbf{FIGURE 54-1} \ \ \textbf{usbkbtest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box}$

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usbkbtest Test Modes

TABLE 54-1 usbkbtest Test Modes

-		
Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	Yes	Runs the full test.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Runs the full test.
Functional (Online)	No	Not supported.

usbkbtest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/usbkbtest standard_arguments -o dev=kbd/usb/hidn

 TABLE 54-2
 usbkbtest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Description
dev=kbd usb/hidn	Specifies what kind of keyboard is being tested. Use <i>kbd</i> for console keyboards and <i>usb/hid</i> n for other keyboards, where n is the instance number.

Virtual Memory Test (vmemtest)

The vmemtest checks virtual memory; that is, it tests the combination of physical memory and the swap partitions of the disk(s).

Note - This test may not stop immediately after being disabled.

This test uses the Solaris valloc (page aligned) system call to allocate, write, read, and compare virtual memory. These operations normally cause heavy paging activity on the system and simulates a stressful environment for the operating system. This test also detects ECC parity errors, memory read errors, addressing problems, and displays the corresponding virtual memory addresses on failure.

vmemtest Swap Space Requirements

Running this test places a significant burden on the operating system, since it uses the majority of swap space available for testing. You should use the <code>vmemtest</code> swap space <code>reserve</code> option when non-SunVTS test processes are started after SunVTS testing has started. See "Swap Space Requirements" in the <code>SunVTS</code> User's <code>Guide</code> for a complete discussion of swap space requirements.

vmemtest Options

To reach the dialog box below, right-click on the test name in the System Map and select Test Parameter Options. If you do not see this test in the System Map, you might need to expand the collapsed groups, or your system may not include the device appropriate to this test. Refer to the *SunVTS User's Guide* for more details.

kmem(vmemtes	t) Test Parameter Options
Configuration: Total Swap: 344MB	
Options:	
Mode:	Regular Page
Reserve:	▲▼ [o
Test Amount:	▲▼ [0
Contiguous Errors:	▲▼ [10
Predefined Pattern:	⊽ address
User Defined Pattern:	
Instance:	▲▼ (<u>*</u> 1
Within Instance: Ap	oply \Box
Across All Instances:	Apply 🗆
Reset	Cancel

FIGURE 55-1 vmemtest Test Parameter Options Dialog Box

 $\textbf{TABLE 55-1} \quad \texttt{vmemtest } Options$

vmemtest Options	Description		
vmemtest Configuration	The amount of memory listed in the Configuration field is equivalent to the sum of the used and available swap space amounts returned by the swap -s command. It indicates the amount of virtual memory found, rounded up to the nearest Kbyte.		
Mode	 Two modes are available: Regular mode tests the amount of memory and is limited by the amount of physical memory available to the system under test. Page mode tests assign virtual memory one page at a time. Each page is mapped to the temporary file /tmp/vmem.page 		
	and is then paged out to storage once test data is written. Next, the temporary page is paged back into memory for a read and compare. When the Stress Test Execution option is selected, the vmemtest allocates the entire assigned system memory (through valloc), writing from beginning to end. The memory is then read back and compared with the original pattern, one		
Reserve	long word at a time. The Reserve option specifies the amount of memory to reserve from being tested by vmemtest. The reserved space is used for other processes running concurrently with the or SunVTS tests. The Reserve option can be used to reserve memory in addition to the default. This option applies only to a specific instance. Trying to reserve more memory than what is assigned to be tested by this instance will cause the test to fail.		
Test Amount	An amount can be specified to test the virtual memory, instead of the default. Specifying a number greater than the available memory, can cause vmemtest or other running tests to fail.		
Contiguous Errors	Specifies the number of memory errors that occur on successive memory locations before testing stops.		

TABLE 55-1 vmemtest Options

vmemtest Options	Description
Predefined Pattern	Select one of the following patterns to use for the test: • Address—uses the virtual addresses of the tested memory locations. • walk_1—uses a pattern that starts with 0x80000000 through 0x00000001 • walk_0—uses a pattern that starts with 0x7fff7fff through 0x7fff7ffe • 0x00000000—uses all ones and zeros for testing • 0x5aa55aa5—uses 0x5aa55aa5 and 0xa55aa55a patterns • 0xdb6db6db—uses 0xdb6db6db and 0x24924924 patterns • UserDefined—uses the pattern that is specified in the User Defined Pattern area (see below).
User Defined Pattern	Only used if the Predefined Pattern is set to UserDefined. The pattern specified should be in the form of a 8-digit, hexadecimal number such as 0x2a341234.
Instance	Specifies how many copies of the vmemtest test to run.

vmemtest Test Modes

TABLE 55-2 vmemtest Test Modes

Test Mode	Supported?	Description
Connection	No	Not supported.
Functional (Offline)	Yes	Runs the full set of tests.
Functional (Online)	No	Not supported.

In Offline Functional mode vmemtest writes a pattern to an amount of virtual memory specified by the user. Then the data is read back and compared. If there is a miscompare, the data is read again and compared. Whenever there is a miscompare, the virtual address is reported. When there is a miscompare on recomparison, an attempt is made to convert the virtual address to the physical address if the SunVTS diagnostic driver is installed.

vmemtest Command-Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/vmemtest standard_arguments -o mode=type,
reserve=number,amount=number,bdinfo=number,cerr=number,pp=pattern,
up=hex_address

TABLE 55-3 vmemtest Command-Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation	
mode=page/regular	 Specifies which mode of the vmemtest to run; Choose: page — tells the write/read memory test to proceed one system memory page at a time. regular — valloc's the entire assigned memory which is read and compared, one long word at a time. 	
reserve=number	Specifies the amount of Mbytes of virtual memory to reserve in addition to the default amount.	
amount=number	Specifies the number of Mbytes of memory to be tested instead of the default (maximum) amount.	
bdinfo=number	Provides the board number information for all the CPU/memory boards in the system. For example, if board 0 and board 5 have memory, then the $bdinfo=33$ ($2^{**}5+2^{**}0$).	
cerr=number	Specifies the maximum number of contiguous errors to be dumped when a memory error occurs.	
pp=pattern	Specifies the test pattern to use for testing. Valid pattern entries are: • Address—uses the virtual addresses of the tested memory locations. • walk_1—uses a pattern that starts with 0x80000000 through 0x00000001. • walk_0—uses a pattern that starts with 0x7fff7fff through 0x7fff7ffe. • 0x00000000—uses all ones and zeros for testing. • 0x5aa55aa5—uses 0x5aa55aa5 and 0xa55aa55a patterns. • 0xdb6db6db—uses 0xdb6db6db and 0x24924924 patterns. • UserDefined—uses the pattern that is specified in the User Defined Pattern area (see below).	
up=hex_address	Only used if the pp argument is set to UserDefined. The pattern specified should be in the form of a 8-digit, hexadecimal number such as $0x2a341234$.	

Note - 64-bit tests are located in the sparcv9 subdirectory: /opt/SUNWvts/bin/ sparcv9/testname. If a test is not present in this directory, then it may only be available as a 32-bit test. For more information refer to "32-Bit and 64-Bit Tests" on page 3.



Loopback Connectors

Loopback connectors are designed for the testing of communication ports. They take the form of either a single plug or a port-to-port cable with some communication connections shorted (looped-back).

Note – Loopback connectors must be wired properly and connected firmly for the Serial Port tests to work correctly. Miswired, poorly soldered, or missing loopback connectors can cause erroneous diagnostic error messages.

Table A-1 depicts the pin assignments for most loopback plugs and cables that may be used when testing a system.

TABLE A-1 Loopback Connector Pin Assignments

Signal Description	EIA	CCITT #	RS- 449 "A"	RS- 449 "B"	DIN 8 8-pin round	DB9 9-pin	DB25 25-pin	Direction	Alpha ID
Chassis/ Frame Ground	AA	101	1	NC*	NC*	NC*	1	None	AA
Transmit Data (TxDa)	BA	103	4	22	3	3	2	Output	BA
Receive Data (RxDa)	BB	104	6	24	5	2	3	Input	BB
Request To Send (RTSa)	CA	105	7	25	6	7	4	Output	CA
Clear To Send (CTSa)	СВ	106	9	27	2	8	5	Input	СВ

 TABLE A-1
 Loopback Connector Pin Assignments (Continued)

Signal Description	EIA	CCITT #	RS- 449 "A"	RS- 449 "B"	DIN 8 8-pin round	DB9 9-pin	DB25 25-pin	Direction	Alpha ID
Data Set Ready (DSRa)	CC	107	11	29	NC*	6	6	Input/ output	CC
Signal Ground (SG)	AB	102	19	NC*	4	5	7	None	AB
Data Carrier Detect (DCDa)	CF	109	13	31	7	1	8	Input	CF
Transmit Clock In (TRxCa)	DB	114	5	23	NC*	NC*	15	Input	DB
Receive Clock In (RTxCa)	DD	115	8	26	8	NC*	17	Input	DD
Data Terminal Ready (DTRa)	CD	108	12	30	1	4	20	Output	CD
External Clock Out (TRxCa)	DA	113	17	35	NC*	NC*	24	Output	DA
Secondary Data Carrier Detect (DCDb)	SC F	122	NC*	NC*	NC*	NC*	12	Input	SCF
Secondary Clear to Send (CTSb)	SC B	121	NC*	NC*	NC*	NC*	13	Input	SCB
Secondary Transmit Data (TxDb)	SB A	118	NC*	NC*	NC*	NC*	14	Output	SBA
Secondary Receive Data (RxDb)	SB B	119	NC*	NC*	NC*	NC*	16	Input	SBB
Secondary Request to Send (RTSb)	SC A	120	NC*	NC*	NC*	NC*	19	Output	SCA

25-Pin RS-232 Loopback Plug

The RS-232 and RS-423 single-port loopback plug is a specially wired male DB-25 connector. It is plugged in to a serial port in the back of the system under test.

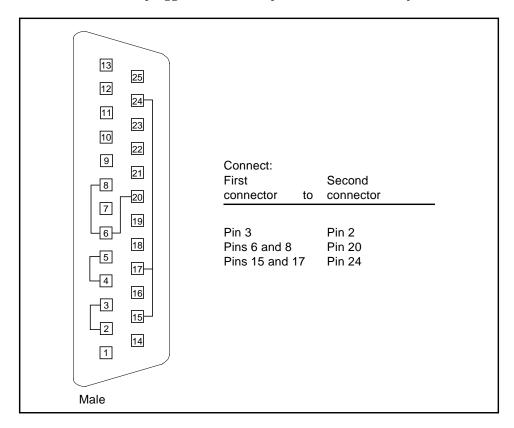


FIGURE A-1 25-pin RS-232 Loopback Plug Wiring Diagram

25-pin RS-232 Port-to-Port Loopback Cable

Use these wiring instructions for 25-pin RS-232 and RS-423 port to 25-pin RS 232 and RS 423 port loopback cables (two DB-25 connections). It is plugged into a pair of serial ports in the back of the system under test. Both connectors are male.

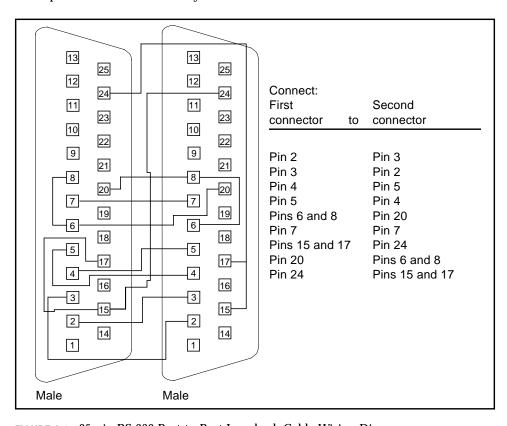


FIGURE A-2 25-pin RS-232 Port-to-Port Loopback Cable Wiring Diagram

8-Pin to 8-Pin Loopback Cable

Use these wiring directions for 8-pin round DIN RS-232 port to RS-423 to 8-pin round-DIN RS-232 and RS-423 port loopback cable. Both connectors are male.

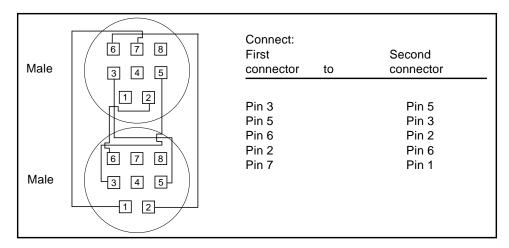


FIGURE A-3 8-Pin to 8-Pin Loopback Cable Wiring Diagram

Pin 8, Receive clock In (DD), remains unconnected.

8-Pin Loopback Plug

Use these wiring directions for male 8-pin round-DIN RS-232 and RS-423 single-port loopback plugs.

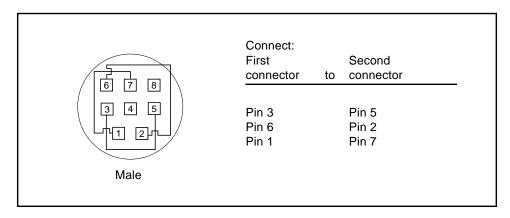


FIGURE A-4 8-Pin Loopback Plug Wiring Diagram

Pin 8, Receive Clock In (DD), remains unconnected.

25-pin Port A-to-Port B Loopback Plug

Use these wiring directions for a 25-pin Port A to Port B loopback plug for most systems.

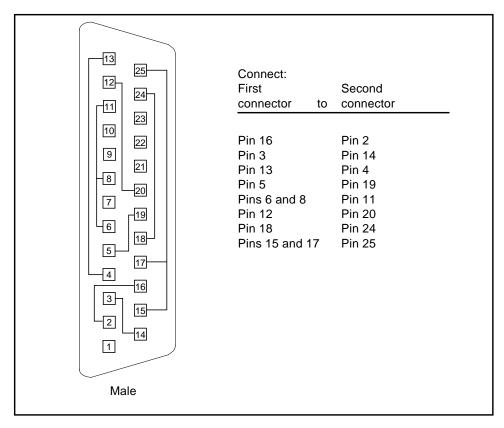


FIGURE A-5 Port A-to-Port B Loopback Plug Wiring Diagram

25-pin Port A-to-A Port B-to-B Loopback Plug

If your system has a single communication port to connect it to peripherals, use these wiring instructions for making a male 25-pin loopback plug for that communication port.

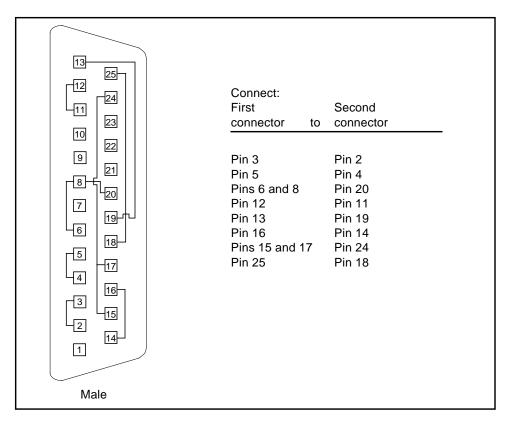


FIGURE A-6 Port A-to-A, Port B-to-B Loopback Plug Wiring Diagram

96-Pin Female Loopback Connector

This 96-pin connector can be ordered from Sun (part number 370-1366).

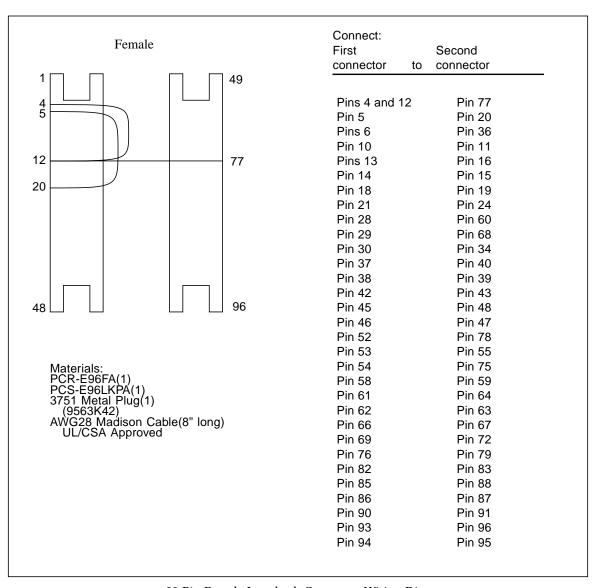


FIGURE A-7 96-Pin Female Loopback Connector Wiring Diagram

96-Pin Female Special Loopback Connector

This 96-pin connector can be ordered from Sun (part number 370-1381).

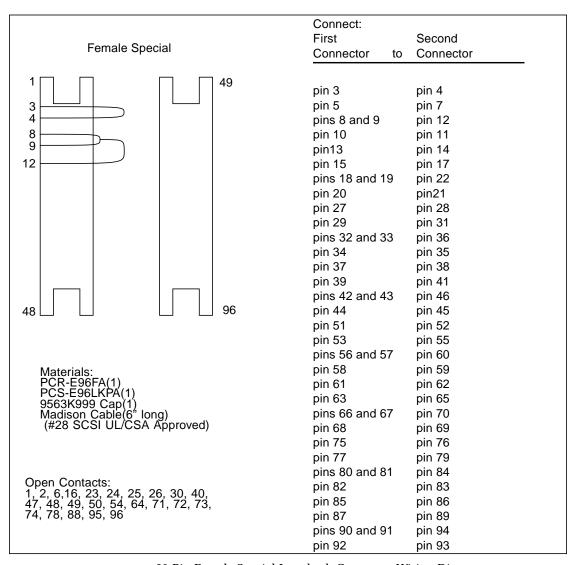


FIGURE A-8 96-Pin Female Special Loopback Connector Wiring Diagram

37-Pin RS-449 Loopback Cable

Use these wiring instructions for a loopback cable for two 37-pin RS-449 synchronous ports.

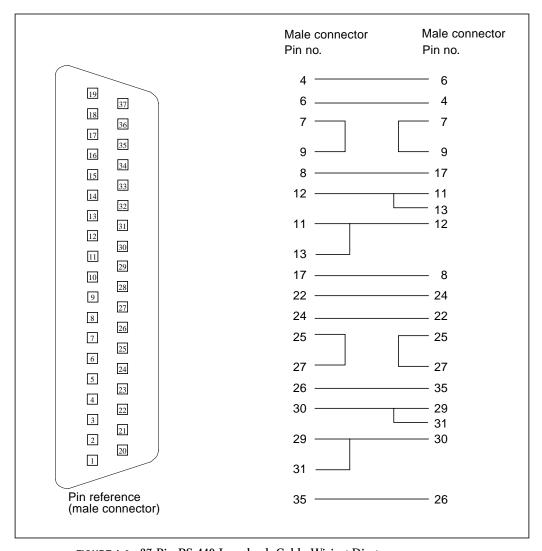


FIGURE A-9 37-Pin RS-449 Loopback Cable Wiring Diagram

37-Pin RS-449 Loopback Plug

Use these wiring instructions for making a male 37-pin RS-449 loopback plug. This connector is also available from Sun (part number 530-1430).

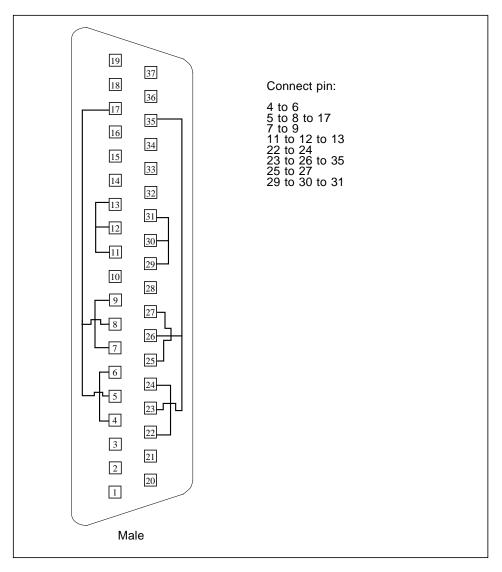


FIGURE A-10 37-Pin RS-449 Loopback Plug Wiring Diagram

9-pin Male Single-Port Loopback Plug

Use these wiring instructions for male 9-pin RS-232 and RS-423 single-port loopback plugs.

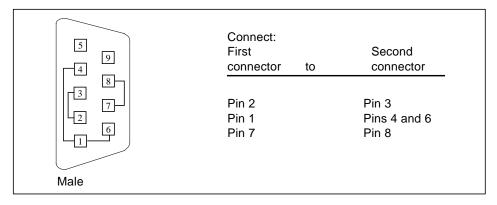


FIGURE A-11 9-Pin Male Single-Port Loopback Plug Wiring Diagram

9-pin Female Single-Port Loopback Plug

Use these wiring directions for female 9-pin RS-232 and RS-423 single-port loopback plugs. Use this loopback plug with the pcmciatest.

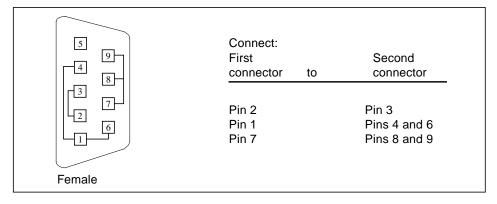


FIGURE A-12 9-Pin Female Single-Port Loopback Plug Wiring Diagram

9-Pin to 25-Pin Port-to-Port Loopback Cable

Use these wiring instructions for a 9-pin RS-232 and RS-423 port to 25-pin RS-232 and RS 423 port loopback cables. Both connectors are male.

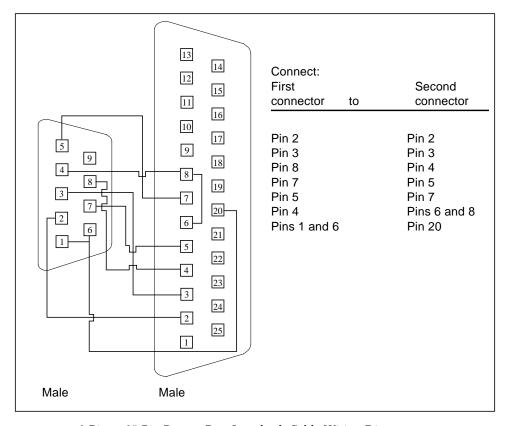


FIGURE A-13 9-Pin to 25-Pin Port-to-Port Loopback Cable Wiring Diagram

9-Pin to 9-Pin Port-to-Port Loopback Cable

Use these wiring instructions for 9-pin RS-232 and RS 423 port to 9-pin RS-232 and RS-423 port loopback cables. Both connectors are male.

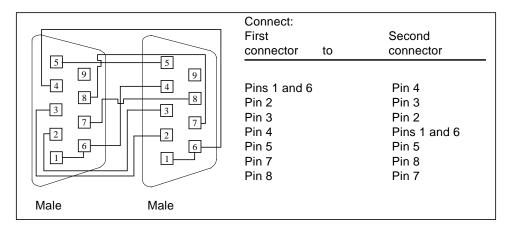


FIGURE A-14 9-Pin to 9-Pin Port-to-Port Loopback Cable Wiring Diagram

Please note that this cable has no Sun part number assigned to it.

NT to TE Loopback Cable

Using two standard RJ45 connectors, and connect pin 1 to pin 1, pin 2 to pin 2, and so on, for all pins. This loopback is a "straight-through" connection.

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