

SunVTS[™] 2.1 Test Reference Manual

Solaris[™] 2.6

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Preface

The Sun Validation and Test Suite (SunVTSTM) product is a system exerciser that verifies the configuration, functionality, and reliability of hardware controllers and devices. SunVTS is primarily used from a graphical user interface (GUI), which may be either OPEN LOOK or Common Desktop EnvironmentTM (CDE). This book contains descriptions of SunVTS tests that run on machines with SPARCTM architectures. The descriptions include specific test options, procedures, and error messages.

This manual is primarily written for hardware testing and verification purposes. It can also be used by developers or experienced users who want to run SunVTS diagnostic applications in a test environment.

How This Book Is Organized

This manual is organized as follows:

Chapter 1, Introduction, describes how the tests are grouped and directs you to the glossary for definitions of unfamiliar terms. You are told how to access SunVTS, the hardware and software requirements for running SunVTS, how to test frame buffers, and how to do remote testing.

Chapters 2 through 41, describe the SunVTS tests, options, command line syntax, other applicable test modes, and error messages.

Appendix A, Loopback Connectors, provides information about the serial and parallel port loopback connectors that are required by some of the SunVTS tests.

UNIX Commands

This document may not include specific software commands or procedures. Instead, it may name software tasks and refer you to operating system documentation or the handbook that was shipped with your new hardware.

The type of information that you might need to use references for includes:

- Shutting down the system
- Booting the system
- Configuring devices
- Other basic software procedures

See one or more of the following:

- Solaris Handbook for SMCC Peripherals contains Solaris[™] 2.6 software commands.
- Online AnswerBook[™] for the complete set of documentation supporting the Solaris 2.6 software environment.
- Other software documentation that you received with your system.

Typographic Conventions

The following table describes the typographic changes used in this book.

TABLE P-1 Typographic Conventions

Typeface or Symbol	Meaning	Example
AaBbCc123	The names of commands, files, and directories; on-screen computer output	Edit your .login file. Use ls -a to list all files. machine_name% You have mail.
AaBbCc123	What you type, contrasted with on-screen computer output	machine_name% su Password:
AaBbCc123	Command-line placeholder: replace with a real name or value	To delete a file, type rm <i>filename</i> .
AaBbCc123	Book titles, new words or terms, or words to be emphasized	Read Chapter 6 in the <i>User's Guide</i> . These are called <i>class</i> options. You <i>must</i> be root to do this.

Shell Prompts

The following table shows the default system prompt and superuser prompt for the C shell, Bourne shell, and Korn shell.

TABLE P-2 Shell Prompts

Shell	Prompt
C shell	machine_name%
C shell superuser	machine_name#
Bourne shell and Korn shell	\$
Bourne shell and Korn shell superuser	#

Related Documentation

The following table lists other SunVTS documents and related manuals:

TABLE P-3 SunVTS Documents

Document Title	Part Number
SunVTS 2.1 User's Guide	802-7299
SunVTS 2.1 Quick Reference Card	802-7301

Ordering Sun Documents

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France	0-800-90-61-57	0-800-90-61-58
Belgium	02-720-09-09	02-725-88-5
Luxembourg	32-2-720-09-09	32-2-725-88-5
Germany	01-30-81-61-91	01-30-81-61-92
The Netherlands	06-022-34-45	06-022-34-46
Sweden	020-79-57-26	020-79-57-27
Switzerland	0-800-55-19-26	0-800-55-19-27
Japan	0120-33-9096	0120-33-9097

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Introduction

The Sun Validation and Test Suite (SunVTS) software runs multiple diagnostic hardware tests from a single user interface. SunVTS verifies the configuration, functionality, and reliability of most hardware controllers and devices.

SunVTS works from either the Common Desktop Environment (CDE) user interface or the OPEN LOOK (OL) user interface, which lets you set test parameters quickly and easily while running the diagnostic tests. The sample screens and menus in this manual are of SunVTS using the CDE user interface.

This manual describes SunVTS Version 2.1, which is on the $SMCC\ Updates\ CD$. The default installation directory for SunVTS is <code>/opt/SUNWvts</code>. When you are installing SunVTS, you can specify a different directory to install the software.

Accessing SunVTS

You can access SunVTS from various interfaces: CDE, OL, or the TTY interface. SunVTS tests can be run from a shell command line, using the command line syntax for each test. The SunVTS kernel probes for hardware devices installed on your system or on a remote system. Table 1-1 describes the various SunVTS system interfaces.

TABLE 1-1 SunVTS System Interfaces

SunVTS System Interfaces	Description
Graphical User Interfaces (GUIs)	Lets users select tests and test options by pointing and clicking with a mouse button. You can use the CDE or OL interface
TTY Interface	Lets users run SunVTS from a terminal or modem attached to a serial port. This feature requires that you use the keyboard instead of using the mouse, and it displays one screen of information at a time. However, it emulates the window system whenever possible
Command Line Interface	Lets users run each of the SunVTS tests individually from a shell command line using the command line syntax. Each test description contains the corresponding command line syntax. For more information about running individual tests from the command line, refer to the specific test description in this manual and "Standard Command Line Arguments" on page 2.

Standard Command Line Arguments

Different types of command line arguments can be applied to a test: generic command arguments (common to all tests), and test-specific command arguments. Because the code for each test defines test-specific arguments, this section only addresses generic command parameters.

The standard usage for all SunVTS tests is:

Usage: testname [-scruvdtelnf] [-p number][-i number] [-w number]
[-o test specific arguments]

The following table defines the standard SunVTS command line arguments:

Standard SunVTS Command Line Arguments TABLE 1-2

Argument	Definition	
-s	Runs a test in SunVTS mode	
-c	Enables a core dump; the test creates a core file if a system crash occurs	
-r	Runs on Error; if an error occurs, the test continues the next test sequence instead of exiting	
-u	Displays the Usage statement	
-v	Runs the test in Verbose mode; the test displays VERBOSE messages that tell more about the testing process	
-d	Runs the test in Debug mode; the test displays DEBUG messages to help programmers debug their test code	
-t	Runs the test in test function trace mode; the test displays TRACE messages that track down function calls and sequences currently being used by the test code	
-e	Runs in stress mode; the test runs under increased system load	
-1	Runs in online mode	
-n	Runs in Connection test mode	
-f	Runs in Functional test mode	
-i number	Defines the number of instances for scalable tests	
-p number	Defines the number of passes	
-w number	For scalable tests, defines which instance the test is assigned	

Test-Specific Arguments

Test-specific arguments should follow the format specified in the getsubopt(3c) man page. There should be at least one test-specific argument, as described in TABLE 1-3.

 TABLE 1-3
 SunVTS Test-Specific Arguments

Argument	Definition
-0	Separate each test-specific argument by commas, with no space after the each comma. For example: # ./sample -v -o dev=/dev/audio,volume=78
	The test option format is specified by the man page getsubopt(3C).

Test Modes

SunVTS has two test modes that you can select during testing. The test modes are Connection, and Functional. For more information about these test modes, refer to the specific test description in this manual.

Hardware Verification

The SunVTS kernel automatically probes the system kernel for installed hardware devices. Those devices are then displayed on the SunVTS control panel with the appropriate tests and test options. This provides a quick check of your hardware setup.

Hardware and Software Requirements

The SunVTS Version 2.1 software runs on any system with the Solaris 2.5, 2.5.1, or 2.6 operating environment installed. The operating system kernel must be configured to support all peripherals that are to be tested.

Software Requirements

The default Graphical User Interface (GUI) is the Common Desktop Environment (CDE). The CDE GUI requires that the CDE end user software be installed, or at least the SUNWdtbas package from it. See your system administrator for assistance with installing the CDE software. The CDE GUI runs on either the OPEN LOOK desktop or the CDE desktop.

You must meet the following requirements to run SunVTS with the OPEN LOOK GUI:

- Run Solaris 2.5 operating system
- Run OPEN LOOK, Version 3.3
- Set the correct openwin path Set the Openwinhome environment variable to point to the location where OPEN LOOK is installed on your system. You can ignore this requirement if you use the default location, /usr/openwin.

Otherwise, use the following command and substitute the *pathname* variable for the actual path where OPEN LOOK is installed.

```
% setenv OPENWINHOME pathname
```

Check the existing OPENWINHOME by typing env.

■ Set the correct library path. Set the LD_LIBRARY_PATH environment variable to point to the location of the Windows library directory on your system. If you use the default location, /usr/openwin/lib, you can ignore this requirement.

Otherwise, use the following command and substitute the *pathname* variable for the actual path where OPEN LOOK library is installed.

```
% setenv LD_LIBRARY_PATH pathname
```

Check the existing LD_LIBRARY_PATH by typing env.

Testing Multiple Frame Buffers

These rules apply when you test multiple frame buffers (displays) simultaneously:

■ You can test multiple frame buffers on a system at the same time, but only one frame buffer can run the OPEN LOOK software.

■ To avoid incorrect test failures, the frame buffer that runs the OPEN LOOK software must have window locking enabled. Any other frame buffers must have window locking disabled.



Caution – If window locking is disabled (unlocked) on frame buffers that are running OPEN LOOK software, the SunVTS tests can return spurious error messages if you move the mouse during testing. Even a slight mouse movement can cause a test to fail.

- By default, SunVTS enables window locking on the console monitor (frame buffers that are pointed by /dev/fb).
- If you are running a frame buffer test from a command line, you can disable window locking by specifying a command line argument (see the test command line descriptions in this manual). For example, when running the generic frame buffer test (fbtest), use the lock=e/d option to disable or enable frame buffer locking. Frame buffer locking is being enabled in the example below:

#./fbtest -o dev=cgthree0,lock=e

Remote Testing

The frame buffer locking option does not work when you start sunvts or vtsk remotely. In this case, set the frame buffer locking option to disable. Do not run any graphic programs (including vtsui) on that frame buffer during graphic testing.

Advanced Frame Buffer Test(afbtest)

afbtest can detect and adapt to the video modes of the advanced frame buffer (AFB). Instead of running in one standard graphics mode, all tests can run in any mode. In stereo mode, all tests write into the right and left eyes unless you specify otherwise.

You can interrupt afbtest using Control-C. Turn off all other keyboard input if OPEN LOOK is running on the unit being tested.

Test accuracy is checked using a checksum algorithm. The location of the failing pixels are colored chartreuse to help you visually identify their position.



Caution – While running afbtest do not run any other application or screen saver program that uses the AFB accelerator port. This combination causes SunVTS to return incorrect errors.

Note – Disable all screen savers before testing any graphics device. Type **xset** s off at a UNIX prompt.

To start SunVTS with vtsui, but without vtsk, you must add the host name to xhost as: xhost + <hostname>.

Note — afbtest requires approximately 2-Mbytes of disk space in the /tmp directory to extract its working files. If this space is not available, the diagnostic will fail and report warning and error messages that indicate a lack of disk space.

afbtest Options

By default, all tests are enabled.

. − #	Fast FB	
Options :		
3DRAM:	Enable Disable	
3DRAM Logic:	Enable Disable	
RAMDAC:	Enable Disable	
Rendering Pipeline:	Enable Disable	
Fast Fill/Vertical Scroll:	Enable Disable	
Pixel Processor:	Enable Disable	
Picking:	Enable Disable	
Arbitration:	Enable Disable	
Stereo:	Enable Disable	
Subtest Repeat:	1 ⊨ 99	
Test Loop Repeat:	1 1 0==================================	
Pattern: ▽ Random		
Reset Apply		

FIGURE 2-1 afbtest Option Menu

TABLE 2-1afbtest Test Options

afbest Options	Description
Texture Processor	Exercises the options (Texture Minification, Texture Magnification, Blend, Decal, and Modulation) selected by the AFB's Texture Pixel Processor Control (TPPC) register. Errors in this subtest are attributed to the FBC.
Decompression	Decompression exercises the decompression unit. This test uncompresses the compressed image data and renders the image to the frame buffer. Checksum is generated for the rendered image and compared with the checksum generated for the same uncompressed image on a known good system. Errors in this test are attributed to the Command chip.
AFB Dots	This test uses the AFB primitive tests developed for the AFB stand alone diagnostics. AFB dots are tested thoroughly with a variety of configurations, such as, dots anti-aliased dots, and big dots. Errors in this test are attributed to the Command chip and FBC.
AFB Triangles	This test uses the AFB primitive tests developed for the AFB stand alone diagnostics. AFB Triangles are tested thoroughly with these configurations: triangles drawn clockwise and counter clockwise, triangles drawn as stripes, independent triangles, triangles drawn as stars, and triangles with facet normals. Errors in this test are attributed to the Command chip and FBC.
Lighting	Lighting test exercises AFB float and lighting microcode. This test lights an object with the maximum number of lights that the AFB can handle in hardware (32). Checksum is generated for the rendered image and compared with the checksum generated for the same image on a known good system. Errors in this test are attributed to the Float and Microcode SRAMS.
Microcode	Microcode test generates the checksum for the microcode and compares it with the checksum generated for the microcode on known good board. Errors in this test are attributed to the Microcode PROMS and SRAMS.

afbtest Test Modes

Due to the nature of graphic tests, reading from or writing to the frame buffer during graphic tests will disturb user operation. This test is only available in Functional Test and Stress modes.

TABLE 2-2 afbtest Test Modes

Test Mode	Description
Functional Test	The afbtest verifies the advanced frame buffer boards
Stress mode	The Stress mode exercises the device being tested as much as possible. The Random Test generator, constructed as part of the verification effort, is used. Starting from a known seed, random primitives with random attributes are generated. Then the primitives are checked to ensure that they were rendered the same as on a known good system. The test is repeated ten times, with each random picture overlaying the previous one

afbtest Command Line Syntax

 $\label{loopt_SUNWvts_bin_afbtest} $$ standard_arguments -o $ dev=device_name, $$ S=subtest_number, $F=\#_of_subtest_loops, $$ B=\#_of_test_loops, $$ P=test_pattern $$ $$ $$ P=test_pattern $$ $$ $$ P=test_pattern $$ $$ $$ P=test_pattern $$$

TABLE 2-3 afbtest Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation	
dev=device_name	<pre>device_name is the full path name of the device being tested; the default is /dev/fbs/afb0.</pre>	

 TABLE 2-3
 afbtest Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation (Continued)		
Argument S=subtest_number	subtest_number is the test number of the subtest to be run. Select from the subtests below. You can run multiple subtests by adding the subtest numbers. For example, n=0x3 runs both test 1 and test 2; n=0x180 runs both test 0x080 and test 0x0100. Note that you do not need the leading zeros. n - 0x00001 3DRAM n - 0x00002 3DRAM Logic n - 0x00004 RAMDAC n - 0x00008 Rendering Pipeline n - 0x00010 FastFill/Vertical Scroll n - 0x00020 Pixel Processor n - 0x00040 Picking n - 0x00010 Stereo n - 0x00100 Stereo n - 0x00200 Texture Processor n - 0x00400 Decompression n - 0x001000 AFB Dots n - 0x001000 AFB Lines n - 0x002000 AFB Triangles n - 0x04000 Lighting n - 0x08000 Audio n - 0x10000 Micro code		
	More than one test can be selected by ORing subtest numbers. For example: $n = 0x00009$ means 3DRAM and Rendering Pipeline tests. A hex number must be preceded by 0x,decimal numbers are also acceptable		
F=#_of_subtest_loops	Specifies the number of times to repeat each subtest; default is 1.		
B=#_of_test_loops	Specifies the number of times to repeat a test loop before passing; default is 1.		
P=test_pattern	Specifies the test pattern number. The default is r, for random patterns. You may also choose 0 for 0x00000000, 3 for 0x33333333, 5 for 0x5555555, or 9 for 0x99999999.		

afbtest Error Messages

Errors returned by afbtest are nonspecific. It is not possible to determine which component caused a failure. In all error conditions, the field replaceable unit (FRU) is the entire AFB.

 TABLE 2-4
 afbtest Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
1	Data compare error		Error messages 1-7 all occur
2	Cannot gain control of mouse: <reason></reason>		during the screen locking procedure where afbtest is _interacting with the X window
3	Cannot gain control of keyboard: <reason></reason>		system. The test only supports AFB devices on display 0 -
ļ	DGA error grabbing window on screen < <i>value</i> >		most machines only have display with multiple screens, but it is possible to have
5	DGA error getting window from token on screen < <i>value</i> >		multiple displays. Make sure you are using OPEN LOOK —windows from SunSoft - other
6	No AFB device found on display 0		windows from Sunson: - other window systems are not
7	There is an inconsistency with the version of the X Window System		supported and may not work.
8	Can't access XWindows - may need to run xhost(1).	The afbtest process must have write access to the X Windows display on the AFB. To grant access, run 'xhost +'	
9	<pre><test name=""> error: 3DRAM Memory error <plane group=""> Plane at (<x>, <y>) Expected = <value>, actual = <value>, xor = <value>.</value></value></value></y></x></plane></test></pre>	The value written to the frame buffer was not the same as the value read back. This usually indicates a faulty 3DRAM chip. The u-number (AFB board position) of the failing chip is indicated in the error message. This message may be reported by the 3DRAM test or the arbitration test.	

 TABLE 2-4
 afbtest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
10	<test name="">: Down-revved 3DRAM single bit failure detected <plane group=""> Plane at (<x>,<y>) Expected = <value>, actual = <value>, xor = <value>.</value></value></value></y></x></plane></test>	Early production 3DRAM chips exhibited single-bit read back errors on this test. This warning message indicates that your FFB has one of these chips, and the error was detected. The unumber (FFB board position) of the failing chip is indicated in the error message. This message may be reported by the 3DRAM test or the arbitration test.	
11	<test name=""> error. Miscompares, starting at %s, are colored chartreuse.</test>	The image generated by the test does not match the image generated on a known good FFB. The pixels which are colored chartreuse are where the images don't agree. Because of the checksum algorithm used for image comparison, some of the colored pixels may actually have been correct, but incorrect pixels obscured the comparison.	
12	Installed FFB has downrev RAMDAC - skipping RAMDAC test	Early versions of the FFB RAMDAC chip had faulty signature analysis and therefore could not be used for the RAMDAC test. These chips are not necessarily bad, but they cannot be tested with ffbtest.	
13	Unsupported screen resolution - skipping RAMDAC test	Almost all screen resolutions are supported by the RAMDAC test, but a few are not.	
14	Miscompare found in <red Green Blue> channel of CLUT entry <value>. Expected = <value>, Observed = <value>, XOR = <value></value></value></value></value></red 		

 TABLE 2-4
 afbtest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
15	Miscompare found in WID LUT entry < <i>value</i> >. Expected = < <i>value</i> >, Observed = < <i>value</i> >, XOR = < <i>value</i> >	The RAMDAC test writes values to each entry of the lookup tables and then reads back the values. These error messages indicate that the readback value was different from the written value. This could indicate a faulty RAMDAC.	
16	RAMDAC test failed. The on- screen image is incorrect	The RAMDAC test puts up squares of data using all of its different output modes. It then gets a "signature" from the RAMDAC, which is a checksum of the pixels actually being written to the screen. This message indicates that the checksum is different from the checksum generated on a known good AFB. This could indicate a faulty RAMDAC.	
17	Picking test error. Got a pick hit with picking disabled	Error messages 17-19 indicate a failure in the picking test. On the AFB, picking is done by the	
18	Picking test error. Got a pick hit outside the picking area	3DRAM chips, so the u-number (AFB board position) of the failing chip is indicated in theerror message.	
19	Picking test error. Should have detected a pick hit		

 TABLE 2-4
 afbtest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
20	Stereo image incorrect	The Stereo test uses the RAMDAC signature analysis feature to verify that the pixels going to the screen are correct. This message indicates a failure of the test, which probably indicates a faulty RAMDAC.	Error messages 20-22 indicate incorrectly installed or corrupted software installation. Try reinstalling SunVTS
21	Stereo not supported on current monitor type: < <i>value</i> >	Only certain kinds on monitors support Stereo output mode. Only the P4 monitors will work with the afbtest Stereo test. File not found Could not open file < file name>.	Reinstall software
22	Could not open file <i><filename></filename></i> : < reason>. Keyword not Found, line <i><value></value></i>	Suspect data file corruption	_
23	Out of memory	A call to mailloc(3c) or new() failed	Increase swap space
24	/usr/bin/tar failed		Check for existence and/or permissions on < file name>. Also check for available space in /tmp
25	/usr/bin/uncompress failed		Error messages 25-35 indicate that there is a permissions problem. You must be root to run afbtest. These messages may also indicate some other kind of corruption. Try rebooting, and if that fails, reinstall.
26	<pre>fork1(2) failed: <reason></reason></pre>		
27	execl(2) failed: <reason></reason>		_
28	sysinfo(2) failed getting hostname. Must be superuser		_
29	mmap(2) failed: <reason></reason>		_
30	<pre>munmap(2) failed: <reason></reason></pre>		_
31	<pre>close(2) failed: <reason></reason></pre>		_
32	<pre>wait(2) failed: <reason></reason></pre>		

 TABLE 2-4
 afbtest Error Messages (Continued)

-	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
33	signal(2) failed: <reason></reason>		_
34	thr_kill(2) failed		_
35	<pre>thr_join(2) failed: <reason></reason></pre>		
36	ioctl(2) failed trying to read CLUT		Error messages 36-51 indicate either that the AFB was installed incorrectly or that you do not have permission to use it. Check that the AFB packages were installed correctly and that you have the latest version of the driver patches. Also make sure you are running afbtest as root.
37	ioctl(2) failed trying to turn on AFB video		
38	ioctl(2) failed trying to post CLUT		
39	ioctl(2) failed trying to read WID LUT		
40	ioctl(2) failed trying to post WID LUT	A downrev FFB driver or a bad electron board	
41	ioctl(2) failed trying to get RAMDAC signature analysis		
42	<pre>ioctl(2) failed trying to get current video mode</pre>		
43	<pre>ioctl(2) failed trying to set current video mode</pre>		
44	ioctl(2) failed trying to get AFB system info	-	_
45	<pre>ioctl(2) failed trying to go into Diagnostic mode</pre>		_
46	ioctl(2) failed trying to read Transparent Overlay registers		_

 TABLE 2-4
 afbtest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
47	ioctl(2) failed trying to post Transparent Overlay registers		
48	ioctl(2) failed trying to post cursor		_
49	<pre>ioctl(2) failed trying to read cursor</pre>		_
50	stat(2) failed trying to get info about Device Under Test		
51	stat(2) failed trying to get info about screen 0: <value></value>		•

SunATM Adapter Test (atmtest)

atmtest checks the SunATM-155 and SunATM-622 SBus and PCI bus adapters. It runs only in loopback (external or internal) mode. In order to run the atmtest external loopback mode, it requires a loopback connector, ATM adapter, and ATM device driver. The internal loopback mode does not require a loopback connector.

atmtest uses DLPI RAW mode to talk to the device driver. It establishes a virtual circuit (vc) to send a message, receive a message, and compare messages. If the message does not match, or the message is out of sequence, it sends out an error message.

The data that is sent is generated by a random number generator and put into a data buffer. Each message that is sent is selected from a different starting point in the data buffer so that no two consecutive messages are the same.

atmtest can test more than one virtual circuit. The more virtual circuits used increases the stress level of the test. atmtest automatically selects the virtual circuit number which is unique to the test. atmtest is nonscalable as it provides for more than one virtual circuit to be tested for each instance, which is adequate for the purpose of stress test. atmtest can only be selected when the intervention mode is enabled as it requires a loopback connector for external loopback testing. While intervention mode is enabled, atmtest and nettest are both valid as default selections, the user need to deselect the nettest for testing ATM device in loopback mode.

atmtest Options

ba0(atmtest) Test Parameter Options	
Configuration: Host_Name: ss5–4–net191 Host Address: 172.18.191.34 Host ID: 80720852 Domain Name: nettest.eng.sun.com	
Options:	
Total_packets: 🛕 🔻 10000	
Number_of_VC: ▲▼[2	
MAX_PKT_LEN: ▲▼ 9140	
Outstanding_Pkts: 🎄 🔻 4	
First_VC_no:	
Bandwidth: 🛦 🔻 14	
Loopback: 🌘 External 🥥 Internal	
Print_Warning:)Enable 🌘 Disable	
Instance: 🛦 🕶 🗓	
Apply Reset Cancel	

 $\textbf{FIGURE 2-1} \quad \text{atmtest } Option \; Menu$

TABLE 2-1 atmtest Options

atmtest Options	Description
Configuration	Specifies the Post Address, Host ID, and Domain Name of the system being tested.
Total Packets	Specifies the total number of packets sent. The default number of packets sent is 10000.
Number of VC	Specifies the number of virtual circuits to be setup by one instance. The default number of virtual circuits is two for each instance. The atmtest uses these two virtual circuits to send out messages simultaneously. The message is received in sending order.
Loopback	Enables the user to select either the external loopback field or internal loopback field. The default selection is the external loopback field. A loopback connector is only needed for external loopback testing.
MAX_PKG_LEN	Specifies the maximum packet length to be used by the test to send out the data. The default number is 9140.
Outstanding_pkts	Describes the maximum number of outstanding packets. atmtest stops sending messages when the outstanding packet count is more than the number of packets this field specifies.
First_VC_no	Enables the user to setup the starting virtual circuit number to be used for each atmtest instance. atmtest can automatically avoid virtual circuit numbers that have already been used.
Bandwidth	Enables the user to select different bandwidths to test. The default number is 14.

atmtest Test Modes

atmtest can only be run in Functional test mode.

atmtest Command Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/atmtest standard_arguments -o
dev=device,tpkts=n,nv=n,ml=n,bw=n,opkts=n,ld,sd,sl,nc,ns,vcf

TABLE 2-2 atmtest Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation	
dev= <i>device</i>	Specifies the device name to be tested, such as ba0	
tpkts=n	Specifies the number of packets to loopback [12147483647]	
nv=num_vc	Specifies the number of simultaneous virtual circuits to be tested	
ml=max_len	Specifies the maximum length of the random packet	
bw=bandwidth	Specifies the bandwidth in MBits/s of a virtual circuit	
opkts=n	Specifies the number of packets for each virtual circuit that can be transmitted without a corresponding receive	
<u>lb</u>	Selects the internal loopback mode	
sd	Changes the payload data to static instead of random	
sl	Changes all packets to their maximum length	
nc	Instructs the test not to check the receive payload (Improves throughput)	
ns	Instructs the test not to exit on a packet reception failure	
vcf=n	Specifies the first virtual circuit number used	

atmtest Error Messages

The atmtest error messages are listed below with explanations or probable causes:

TABLE 2-3 atmtest Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6000	6000 putmsg failed, errmsg= <data></data>		
6001	6001 getmsg failed, errmsg= <data></data>		

 TABLE 2-3
 atmtest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6002	wrong vc: exp: <number>, obs: <number></number></number>		
6003	VC <number> bogus pkt, seq: exp=<number>, obs=<number>; len: exp=<number>, obs=<number></number></number></number></number></number>		
6004	VC <number> bad pkt len, EXP: <number>, OBS: <number>, seq=<number></number></number></number></number>		
6005	VC <number> memcmp error</number>		
6006	VC <number> failed to rcv a packet</number>		
6007	Complete Usage: <string> u</string>		
6008	<string>: alarm</string>		
6009	<string>: getmsg</string>		
6010	receive <string> for <string> with <string> error</string></string></string>		
6011	DL_OK_ACK was not M_PCPROTO		
6012	short response ctl.len: <number></number>		
6013	<pre>ctl.len > sizeof (dl_ok_ack_t): <number></number></pre>		
6014	receive <string> for <string> with <string> error</string></string></string>		
6015	DL_BIND_ACK was not M_PCPROTO		
6016	ioctl DLIOCRAW failed, errmsg <string></string>		
6017	ioctl DL_IOC_HDR_INFO failed, errmsg <string></string>		
6018	len= <number> > hdrmax=<number></number></number>		
6019	ioctl ADDVC failed, errmsg <string></string>		
6020	ioctl ALLOCBW failed, errmsg <string></string>		

 TABLE 2-3
 atmtest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
8000	open <device> failed, errmsg=<string></string></device>		
8001	sa_add_vpci failed, errmsg= <string></string>		
8002	sa_allocatebw failed, errmsg= <string></string>		
8003	atm_attach failed, errmsg=%s		

Audio Test (audio)

audio test verifies the hardware and software components of the audio subsystem. This test supports all Sun audio implementations.

The audio device is an *exclusive use device*. Only one process or application can interface with it at a time. This test is not scalable.

The availability of the following subtests depends on the particular audio implementation being tested.

audio Subtests

TABLE 3-1 audio Subtests

Subtest	Description	
Record/Play Test	This test plays and records one second of data. No data checking is done. This test is run on all audio implementations	
Crystal Test	The crystal test measures the accuracy of the crystal that generate the sample rate clock. It does this by playing a one-second signal and then measuring the actual time required to play the signal. This measurement is performed for each of the eight standard sample rates. This test is available for dbri(7) and audiocs(7) audio implementations	
Loopback Tests	This test verifies the functionality and signal quality of the audio ports. The test simultaneously plays and records a known signal. The recorded signal is analyzed for loop gain and signal-to-noise ratio plus distortion. This is repeated at various sample rates, encodings, precisions and channels. The audio ports that are supported depend on the audio implementation under test. The audiocs(7) implementation supports loopbacks from/to headphone, line-out, microphone, and line-in. The dbri(7)/speakerbox implementation supports fewer ports. The audioamd(7) implementation does not support loopback tests. Most tests require a stereo loopback cable. NOTE: The microphone loopback tests require special hardware and are used by manufacturing centers and special test facilities. Do not invoke the microphone loopback tests unless you have the required hardware	
Controls Test This test verifies the three control buttons on the Sun Sp. The controls test plays music while the user is prompted the Volume Down, Volume Up, and Mute buttons in a sorder. If no button is pressed, the music plays for about 3 then stops, and returns an error. This test is only support dbri(7)/speakerbox implementation		
Audio Test	This test plays a 30-second music file out of the speaker or headphone. The user must decide if the test passes or fails. Badly distorted audio, or no audible music indicates a problem. This test is supported on all audio implementations	

audio Options

Upon start-up, the SunVTS probe utility determines which audio implementation is present and adjusts the audio option menu appropriately. The possible option menus are as follows:

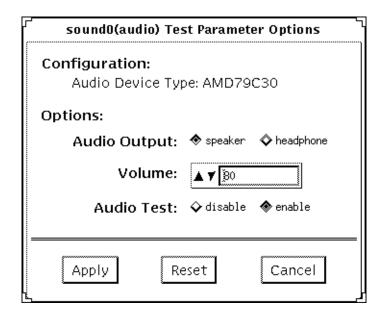


FIGURE 3-1 audio Test Option Menu for audioamd(7)

The audioamd(7) is an 8-bit mono, telephone-quality, audio device.

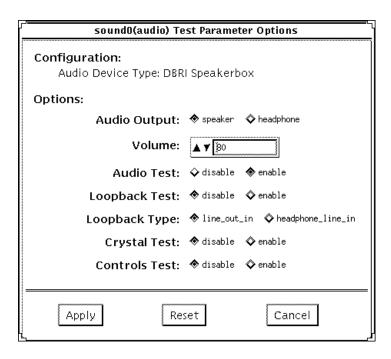


FIGURE 3-2 audio Test Option Menu for Speakerbox dbri(7) audio

The speakerbox dbri is a high-quality 16-bit stereo multimedia codec.

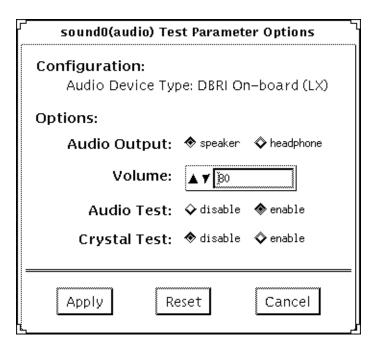


FIGURE 3-3 audio Test Option Menu for SPARCstation LX dbri(7) with no Speakerbox Attached

This is an on-board, high-quality 16-bit stereo multimedia codec.

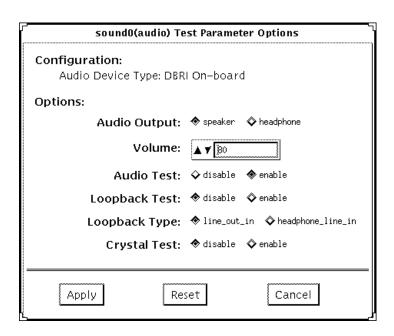


FIGURE 3-4 audio Test Option Menu for on-board $\mathtt{dbri}\,(\,7\,)$ for SPARCstation 20 and S240

This is an on-board, high-quality 16-bit stereo multimedia codec.

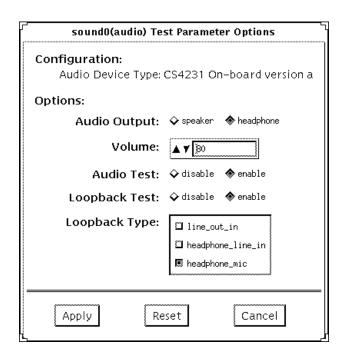


FIGURE 3-5 audio Test Option Menu for audiocs (7)

The audiocs (7) is an on-board, high-quality 16-bit stereo multimedia codec.

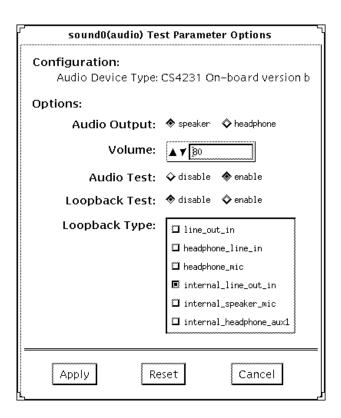


FIGURE 3-6 audio Test Option Menu for audiocs(7) with Internal Loopbacks

The audiocs(7) is an on-board, high-quality 16-bit stereo multimedia codec.

Note – The internal loopbacks are only active if the audio jacks are unused (nothing connected).

Some options can only be selected through the command line. See the command line option descriptions in "audio Command Line Syntax" on page 34.

TABLE 3-2 audio Options

Option	Description
Audio test	Enables or disables the music play test. This test is enabled by default
Audio Output	Selects the output port for the music play test
Volume	Sets the volume for the music play test

 TABLE 3-2
 audio Options (Continued)

Option	Description
Loopback test	enables or disables the loopback test. A loopback cable must be installed between the selected ports to run this test. This test is disabled by default
Loopback type	selects the type of loopback test to run
Crystal test	enables or disables the crystal test. This test is disabled by default
Controls test	enables or disables the speakerbox controls test. This is an interactive test and the user is prompted to press the control buttons on the speakerbox. This test is disabled by default

Note – Do not run the crystal test while running other SunVTS tests. The crystal test is timing-dependent. If the system is too busy, it fails due to time-out errors.

audio Test Modes

TABLE 3-3 audio Test Modes

Test Mode	Description	
Connection Test	A simple open and close is done on the audio device. No data is transferred. The test returns a pass if the device can be opened and closed successfully. If the device cannot be opened because it is busy, then it is assumed that the device is successfully connected to another process and the test passes	
Functional Test	The record/play test is run and the user can optionally run any of the tests described earlier. In this mode, the test will fail if the device is busy.	
	If you invoke SunVTS through SyMON, the following Functional Test description applies: The record/play test is run. If the device cannot be opened because it is busy, then it is assumed that the device is successfully connected to another process and the test passes	

audio Command Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/audio standard_arguments -o dev=/dev/sound/
<unit_no>,I=/dev ioctl_device, M, L, Q, S,
T=loopback_test_type,X,E,LE,CD,CDD=CD_device_name,
CDT=track_number,CDG=play_gain,CDL=play_time,W,
MF=filename,TF=filename

TABLE 3-4 audio Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation	
dev=/dev/ audio_device	Specifies the audio device to be tested. The default is dev=/dev/audio	
I=/dev/ioctl_device	Specifies the audio ioctl device to be tested; the default is /dev/audioctl.	
М	Enables the music play test.	
L	Enables the loopback test.	
Q	Enables the quality test. This option does the same thing as L option except that it prints an extra status message upon completion.	
S	Enables the speakerbox controls test.	
T=loopback_test_type	Specifies the type of loopback test. The default is 1; the choices are listed below. 0 Speaker/Microphone 1 Line-in/Line-out 2 Headphone/Line-in 3 Headphone/Microphone 4 Speaker/CD-input I1 Internal Line-in/Line-out I2 Internal Spk/Mic I3 Internal Headphone/Auxl Note: Test types 0, 3, an 4 require special hardware, and are used by manufacturing centers and special test facilities. Do not invoke these tests unless you have the	
X	required hardware. Enables the Audio Crystal test.	
	Continues testing if an error occurs.	

 TABLE 3-4
 audio Command Line Syntax (Continued)

Argument	Explanation (Continued)	
LE	Loops on Error. This plays the signal data in a continuous loop.	
CD	Enables the cdtest. This is for systems with an internal CD-ROM drive. A CD disc with music tracks must be loaded prior to running this test.	
CDD=CD_device_name	Specifies the raw device name for the CD-ROM drive. The default is CDD=/dev/rdsk/c0t6d0s0.	
CDT=number	Specifies the track number of CD-ROM to play. The default is to play the first track on the disc.	
CDG=play_gain	Specifies the play gain of the CD Play test (0 to 255). The default is 120.	
CDL=play_time	Specifies the number of seconds to run the CD Play test. The default is 30 seconds.	
W	Shows warning messages during the loopback test.	
MF=filename	Selects an optional music file.	
TF=filename	Specifies an optional tolerance file. Note: The tolerance file is used by manufacturing centers and special test facilities. Do not use this option unless you are familiar with the tolerance file format.	

audio Error Messages

 TABLE 3-5
 audio Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Suggested Action (if applicable)
6000	Signal To Noise ratio too low (<name>) on <name>,</name></name>	Loopback cable is missing or faulty	
	<pre>SNR =<number> db, Min SNR =<number> db (<text>)</text></number></number></pre>	Audio hardware (usually consistent failures)	
		System software problem (usually intermittent failures)	

 TABLE 3-5
 audio Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Suggested Action (if applicable)
6001	Channel Separation too low	Loopback cable is faulty	
	<pre>(<name>), SEP =<number> db, Min SEP =<number> db (<text>)</text></number></number></name></pre>	Audio hardware (usually consistent failures)	
		System software problem (usually intermittent failures)	
6002	Loop gain is out of range (<name>), <name> GAIN =<number> db, Min =<number> Max =<number> db (<text>)</text></number></number></number></name></name>	Loopback cable is missing or faulty	
		Audio hardware (usually consistent failures)	
	(/	System software problem (usually intermittent failures)	
8000	Must be super user (root) to execute	The user does not have root privileges.	
8012	Invalid audio device (<device_name>) for Crystal test</device_name>	The crystal test is not supported on the system audio device	
8013	<pre>Invalid audio device (<device_name>) for Controls test</device_name></pre>	The system audio device does not support a speakerbox	
8014	Invalid audio device (<device_name>) for Loopback Quality test</device_name>	No loopback tests are supported on the system audio device	
8015	<pre>Invalid audio device (<device_name>) for Loopback Quality test (T=<number>)</number></device_name></pre>	The specified loopback test is not supported on the system audio device	
		The specified loopback type is not supported on this audio device	
8020	Incomplete button press sequence	The required button presses were not detected in the time allowed	
8023	Underrun/Overrun error failure	The audio driver detected underrun or overrun errors while transferring data to the audio device. These errors usually happen when the loopback test is run while there is heavy system activity	

 TABLE 3-5
 audio Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Suggested Action (if applicable)
8027	<name>: '<name>(<name>=<number>, <name>=<number>, <name>=<number>)' system call timeout. No response after <number> seconds. Device = <device_name></device_name></number></number></name></number></name></number></name></name></name>	The system call is hanging	
		Audio hardware (usually consistent failures)	
		System software problem (usually intermittent failures)	
8028	Audio crystal test did not complete in the expected time, rate = <number> Hz, time = <number> usecs, min = <number>, max = <number></number></number></number></number>	Excessive loading on the system	Disable all other tests and try again
8029	Speaker is an invalid output port for device	The system does not have an onboard speaker	
8032	Failed ioctl <name> (<error_message>)</error_message></name>	The ioctl() system call failed.	See the appended error message
8033	Failed mmap (<error_message>)</error_message>	The mmap() system call failed.	See the appended error message
8034	Failed fstat (<error_message>)</error_message>	The fstat() system call failed.	See the appended error message
8035	Failed ftruncate (<error_message>)</error_message>	The ftruncate() system call failed.	See the appended error message
8036	Write to audio device returned error condition (<error_message>)</error_message>	The write() system call failed.	See the appended error message
8037	Read from audio device returned error condition (<error_message>)</error_message>	The read() system call failed.	See the appended error message
8038	Failed to allocate <number> bytes of memory (<error_message>)</error_message></number>	The memory allocation system call failed, most likely due to a lack of system memory resource.	See the appended error message
8051	Unknown audio device (name= <device_name>, config=<name>)</name></device_name>		
8052	Unable to get platform name		
8053	Unknown architecture/audio = <name> / <device_name></device_name></name>		

 TABLE 3-5
 audio Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Suggested Action (if applicable)
8055	Could not open <device_name>: <error_message></error_message></device_name>	The open() system call failed	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information
		Device does not respond	
		No mmcodec device found	
		Unable to communicate with speakerbox	
8075	Invalid audio file format	Specified audio file is not in expected format	
8077	Invalid audio encoding	An unknown audio encoding type was specified	
8090	Only one <name> loopback can be selected at a time</name>	The user specified more than one loopback test on the same port	
8091	Cannot enable loopback testing without selecting a loopback type	The user enabled loopback testing but did not specify a loopback type	

Bidirectional Parallel Port Printer Test (bpptest)

bpptest verifies the functionality of the bidirectional parallel port. SBus printer cards have two printer ports: one for SPARCprintersTM, and one for any parallel port printer. Use the lpvitest to verify SPARCprinter functionality.

The bpptest verifies that your SBus card and its parallel port are working properly by attempting to transfer a data pattern from the SBus card to the printer.

Two indications occur if the card and printer are functioning properly: First, you can see from the SunVTS Status window that bpptest made a successful pass, and second, that the pattern transmitted to the printer printed correctly.

If this test passes successfully, you know that the SBus DMA circuitry, the printer, and the device driver are functioning properly.

Note – Large Postscript files or raster files may require that the printer has 2 Mbytes or more of memory. Otherwise, the printout may appear on two different sheets of paper.

Printer Test Hardware and Software Requirements

The SBus printer card and device drivers must be installed to run lpvitest or bpptest. A printer must be connected to the SPARCprinter or bidirectional parallel port, and be powered-up. If both a SPARCprinter and a parallel port printer are hooked up to the SBus card, you can test both at the same time.

Note – For a SPARCstation 10, SPARCstation LX, or SPARCclassic system, you can connect a printer directly to the onboard parallel port to run bpptest.

If you are testing the SPARCprinter port, be sure the magnets on the SPARCprinter paper tray are set to the correct paper size. For more information, see the SPARCprinter Installation and User's Guide and the label on the paper tray.

bpptest Options

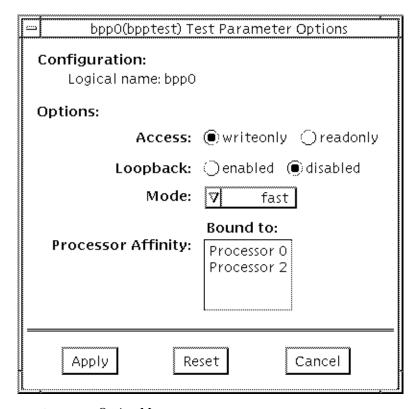


FIGURE 4-1 bpptest Option Menu

 TABLE 4-1
 bpptest Options

bpptest Options	Description	
Access	Determines the direction of data transfer; this field is informational only. writeonly is the only option currently available. This indicates that the only data being transferred is going from the SBus printer card to the printer	
Mode	Sets the print intervals. This option lets you select the intervals at which the test image is printed. The default setting is Fast. In the online and Functional tests this option is set to medium. In the Functional test, the choices are: Fast: Prints an image every 10 seconds. Medium: Prints an image every 12 minutes. Extended: Prints an image every 30 minutes.	

bpptest Test Modes

This test supports Connection and Functional tests.

TABLE 4-2 bpptest Test Modes

Test Mode	Description	
Connection Test	This mode verifies that a bidirectional parallel port is configured on the system. The success of the bpptest in this mode indicates that the system has the bidirectional parallel port hardware and the software driver is installed	
Functional Test	The testing done in this mode is the same as in the online mode, except that the test registers a failure if the port is found busy. This is because SunVTS tests make the assumption that all the resources will be available for testing in the Functional test and therefore the unavailability of the device is interpreted as an indication of a fault condition	
	If you invoke SunVTS through SyMON, the following Functional Test description applies: the test attempts to verify the functionality of the parallel port and the path between the parallel port and the host memory. An internal loopback test is performed, and if a printer is attached to the port a data pattern is transferred to the printer	

bpptest Command Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/bpptest standard_arguments -o
dev=device_name,access=writeonly/readonly,mode=mode,loop=disable/enable

 TABLE 4-3
 bpptest Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation		
dev=device_name	Specifies the name of the device. This should be of the form / dev/bpp#, where # is the minor number of the device.		
access=writeonly readonly	Determines test mode: writeonly or readonly. Note: This flag is mandatory.		
mode=mode	Sets the test image print rate. The test image is a continuous printout of the ASCII character set. Possible rates are: Fast: Prints the test image at 10-second intervals Medium: Prints the test image at 12-minute intervals Extended: Prints the test image at 30-minute intervals		

bpptest Error Messages

TABLE 4-4 bpptest Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Suggested Action (if applicable)
6000	Read compare failed, expected: <value>, observed:<value></value></value>	Suspect DMA circuitry or FIFO associated with bpp	
6001	Error occurred while accessing <device_name>; Time out Error: <value>; Bus Error: <value>; Pin Status: <value></value></value></value></device_name>	System error message	
8000	could not open <device_name></device_name>	System error message	
		Device does not exist	
		Device not configured correctly	

 TABLE 4-4
 bpptest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Suggested Action (if applicable)
8001	Encountered error while writing to <device_name>; Requested bytes to write: <value>; Bytes successfully written: <value></value></value></device_name>	Device not configured correctly or does not exist	
		Too many print requests queued up	
		Printer out of paper	
8002	Failed to obtain memory from malloc() system call	System heavily loaded	
8003	Error occurred while attempting to fork a child process	System error message	
8004	ioctl fail on <device_name></device_name>	System error message	
8005	error= <number></number>	System error message	
8006	Device <device_name> unavailable for testing</device_name>	Device is busy	Retry later

Compact Disc Test (cdtest)

cdtest checks the CD-ROM unit by reading the CD. cdtest is not a scalable test. Each track is classified as follows:

- Mode 1 uses error detection/correction code (288 bytes)
- Mode 2 uses that space for auxiliary data, or as an audio track.

Note — Load a scratch compact disc into the drive before starting the test. See the explanation for CD Type in TABLE 5-2 in the chart in "cdtest Test Modes," later in this chapter.

Volume Management and Compact Discs

cdtest tests the CD-ROM drive(s) even if the Volume Manager is not running. If the Volume Manager is running and no media is installed in the CD-ROM drive(s), then SunVTS prompts you to install media in the drive before selecting the test.

The test fails if you try to run it without a CD in the drive

cdtest Options

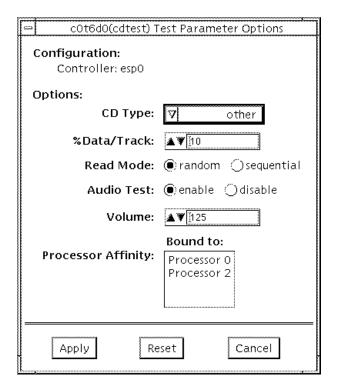


FIGURE 5-1 cdtest Option Menu

 ${\tt TABLE\,5-1} \quad {\tt cdtest\,Options}$

cdtest Options	Description
CD Type Indicates the type of compact disc to test from the C menu. The choices are: pdo, multi-session, or ot default CD type is other). In the connection test this has a canned value of other. NOTE: Your choice must correspond with the disc used for testing	
% Data/Track	Tests a percentage of data on each track; type a value between 0 and 100 in this field to indicate the percentage. In the online and connection tests this option has a canned value of 2%
Read Mode	Indicates the mode; choose between Random or Sequential reading. In random mode, data blocks are read from random track positions; in sequential mode, data blocks are read in sequence. For both modes, the total number of blocks read is determined by the <code>%_of_data</code> option. In the online and connection tests this option has a canned value of random
Audio Test	Enables or disables the audio test. You must connect headphones or a speaker to the audio jack on the CD player to hear audio output. In the connection test this option has a canned value of disable
Volume	Adjusts the volume; type a value between 0 and 255 in this field. In the online and connection tests this option has a canned value of 125

cdtest Test Modes

This test supports Connection and Functional tests.

TABLE 5-2 cdtest Test Modes

Test Mode	Description
Connection Test	In this mode, the test verifies that a CD-ROM drive is connected to and configured in the system
Functional Test	This mode is similar to Online mode except that the test registers a failure if the device is found to be busy. This is because SunVTS tests make the assumption that all the resources will be available for testing in the Functional test and therefore the unavailability of the device is interpreted as an indication of a fault condition
	If you invoke SunVTS through SyMON, the following Functional Test description applies: This mode attempts to verify the functionality of the drive by accessing and reading the media in the drive. If the media contains audio and the audio test is enabled, it tries to play it. Only a small percentage of the media is read, as this is sufficient to verify the functionality of the drive and keeps the test runtime from being unnecessarily extended.
	If the device is found to be busy at the time of testing the test exits after printing a message indicating that the device is unavailable for testing. The pass and error counts are unaffected

cdtest Command Line Syntax

 $\label{local_continuous_continu$

TABLE 5-3 cdtest Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation	
dev=raw_device_name	Specifies the name of the raw device to be tested.	
read=random/sequential	Indicates random or sequential read access.	
data=%_of_data	Sets the percentage of data to be tested; you can specify 0 through 100 percent.	
vol=volume	Controls the audio volume; you can specify 0 through 255; the default is 255.	
audio=enable disable	Enables or disables the audio test; you must connect headphones or a speaker to the audio jack on the CD player to hear audio output.	
type=CD_type	Specifies the type of CD used for the test; the choices are: pdo, multi-session, sunos and others; the default is other.	

cdtest Error Messages

 TABLE 5-4
 cdtest Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Suggested Action (if applicable)	
6000	Fail to seek at block	System error message	Retry with a different CD-	
<value></value>	<value></value>	Bad media	ROM	
6001	Fail to read <number></number>	System error message		
bytes at	bytes at block <number></number>	Bad media		
		Incorrect CD-ROM type passed to cdtest		
6002	Data mode <value> not supported</value>	Datamode has a value other than CD_DATAMODE1 or CD_DATAMODE2 (see cdio(7))		
6003	Error occurred while playing audio track <number></number>			
6004	Failed to obtain memory from malloc() system call	Audio stop before complete at track < number>		
6005	Unexpected audio status <value> received at track <number></number></value>	System error message		
6006	Fail in reading offset of the multi-session, offset	An incorrect value for cdtype has been passed to the cdtest		
	= <value></value>	Bad media		
6007	This is not a CD ROM Multi-Session disc!	An incorrect value for cdtype was passed to the cdtest		
8000	Fail to open device <pre><device_name></device_name></pre>	System error message		
8001	Fail ioctl <name></name>	System error message		
8002	Fail ioctl <name></name>	System error message		
		No partitions on the disc		
8003	Fail to allocate <number> bytes of memory</number>			

 TABLE 5-4
 cdtest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Suggested Action (if applicable)
8004	Error occurred while reading TOC header	Track numbers out of range; First track: < <i>value</i> >, Last track: < <i>value</i> >	
8005	Data miscompare while reading <number> bytes</number>	An incorrect value for cdtype has been passed to cdtest	
	starting from block <number></number>	Bad media	
8006	<pre>ioctl CDROMSTART failure (number of retries: <value>)</value></pre>		

Color Graphics Frame Buffer Test (cg14test)

cg14test checks the cg14 frame buffer card. The cg14test is specific to the VSIMM (Video SIMM) devices in the SPARCstation 10 SX and the SPARCstation 20 SX.



Caution – Due to possible conflicts between SunVTS cg14 frame buffer tests and OPEN LOOK applications that use the cg14 frame buffer, the following restrictions apply when running cg14test:

To start SunVTS with vtsui, but without vtsk, you must add the host name to xhost as: xhost + <hostname>.

- Do not run graphic applications other than OPEN LOOK while SunVTS is running frame buffer tests.
- Do not run OPEN LOOK programs that generate video updates outside or on top of the SunVTS window.
- Do not close the SunVTS window to an icon while it is running frame buffer tests.

Ensure that the frame buffer locking option is enabled from the Options window (see the section about testing frame buffers in *SunVTS 2.1 User's Guide* for details).

cg14test Groups

There are nine test groups with cg14test:

- MDI and VBC Chip Control Registers
- Memory Chips
- MDI Chip Cursor Registers
- MDI Chip CLUT Registers
- DAC Chip Registers
- MDI Chip XLU Registers
- CG14 Display (visual only)
- MDI Chip Testmode Readback in 8-bit mode
- Driver IOCTLs

TABLE 6-1cg14 Test Groups

cg14 Groups	Description
Hardware (Groups 1-6)	Testing is done by opening /dev/fbs/cgfourteenX, mmapping (R/W shared) the MDI Control Address Space, modifying the target test location (using direct writes to the mmap'ed address space), reading from the mmapped address space for verification, and closing the device.
Visual Pattern (Group 7)	Testing is done by loading a visual pattern of 256 colors, then rotating the pattern around by adjusting CLUT1. This subtest must be verified visually.
Data Propagation (Group 8)	Testing is done by loading the frame buffer (FB) memory with four neutral data patterns, then setting a target FB pixel with data that triggers the test mode readback latch. The result is read from the readback register after vertical blanking occurs. Two different trigger patterns are used at each FB pixel. All four MDI pixel paths (A - D) are used, and the pixel locations for each trigger are designed to detect gross MDI input data opens or short, VRAM SAM addressing, and VRAM-to-SAM transfer addressing. The screen shows four horizontal bars, which are either greyscale or colored. These bars change each time the trigger data is inverted, and as it completes the testing of a raster pattern. NOTE — If the resolution and VRAM size permits, 8-bits per pixel mode are tested.

 TABLE 6-1
 cg14 Test Groups (Continued)

cg14 Groups	Description	
Driver (Group 9)	Test all IOCTL calls that have not yet been used to verify proper driver communication to the hardware. Call the driver to perform a hardware update, and then confirm that the update was successful by using the complementary driver read, or reading the mmap'ed address space and comparing it against the stimulus.	
	cg14test performs the appropriate steps before and after each test (if possible) to maintain context and prevent visual confusion by saving the register data before it is overwritten, disabling video (if possible), performing the specific test, and restoring the saved register data information.	
	The data used for register testing is optimized to include all 0's, all 1's, and walking a 1 through each bit being tested.	
MDI and VBC Chip Control Registers (Group 1)	Master Control Register bits 7-0 write/read verify Packed Pixel Register bits 3-0 write/read verify Master Status Register bits 7-4 read-only verify 0x00 and 0x30 occur Horizontal Blank Start Register bits 9-0 write/read verify Horizontal Sync Set Register bits 9-0 write/read verify Horizontal Sync Clear Register bits 9-0 write/read verify Composite Sync Clear Register bits 9-0 write/read verify Vertical Blank Start Register bits 11-0 write/read verify Vertical Blank Clear Register bits 11-0 write/read verify Vertical Sync Set Register bits 11-0 write/read verify Vertical Sync Set Register bits 11-0 write/read verify Transfer Cycle Set Register bits 11-0 write/read verify Transfer Cycle Clear Register bits 9-0 write/read verify (MDI revision 0 only) Transfer Cycle Clear Register bits 15-0 write/read verify Auto-increment Address Space Register bits 7-0 write/read verify Video Base Register bits 23-12 write/read verify	
Memory Chips (Group 2)	The Memory Chips test group includes VRAM Testing, Memory Retention, and Test Write Recovery. VRAM Testing The Data Bus Test uses 18 NTA patterns (Nair, Thatte, and Abraham's testing procedure for RAM) to check for data and address faults. This test is performed in MDI_CHUNKY_XBGR_MAP access mode only. See Table 7-2.	

TABLE 6-1 cg14 Te	est Groups (Continued)
cg14 Groups	Description
Memory Chips (Group 2) Continued	VRAM Testing (Continued The test ascends through the FB memory, clearing it to 0's. The NTA pattern test number <i>x</i> reads a location to make sure test data <i>y</i> is present. It then writes new data <i>z</i> to that location. The location ascends through the FB sequentially. See Table 7-2.
	Memory Retention VRAM Data Retention checks for gross problems with the VRAM refresh. Since refresh is active during this test, no retention problems should occur unless the refresh is defective.
	This test turns off the video, writes 0's to all the VRAM, waits the specified memory_hold time (the default is five seconds), then reads and compares all VRAM data. This process is repeated with data of f's, then the video is restored and the test is complete.
	There are two new command line parameters related to this test: $R=number$ and $H=number$. $R=$ lets the user specify the refresh interval from 128-1023. The time between refresh cycles and the system default is 123. $H=$ lets the user specify the retention test hold time in seconds.
	Test Write Recovery A write recovery test is used in all the EMC mapping modes to write data to 0's followed by immediately reading that data location to see if the VRAM can recover from a write correctly. This is done to all sequential ascending locations. Next, a second independent pass of memory is made with the complementary data of 0xffffffff being written to descending locations of the FB memory buffer.
	The EMC mapping access modes are: MDI_CHUNKY_XGBR_MAP MDI_CHUNKY_BGR_MAP MDI_PLANAR_X16_MAP MDI_PLANAR_C16_MAP MDI_PLANAR_X32_MAP MDI_PLANAR_B32_MAP MDI_PLANAR_G32_MAP

MDI_PLANAR_R32_MAP

 TABLE 6-1
 cg14 Test Groups (Continued)

cg14 Groups	Description	
MDI Chip Cursor Registers (Group 3)	The MDI Chip Cursor Registers are:	
0 1	Cursor Plane 0 Register bits 31-0 write/read verify	
	Cursor Plane 1 Register bits 31-0 write/read verify	
	Cursor Plane 0 Register bits 31-0 write/read verify (with auto increment)	
	Cursor Plane 1 Register bits 31-0 write/read verify (with auto increment	
	Cursor Control Register bits 2-0 write/read verify	
	Cursor Color Register 1 bits 28-0 write/read verify	
	Cursor Color Register 2 bits 28-0 write/read verify	
	X-Cursor Location Register bits 11-0 write/read verify	
	Y-Cursor Location Register bits 11-0 write/read verify	
	Cursor Plane 0 Non-Auto Registers test	
	Cursor Plane 0 Auto Registers test	
	Cursor Plane 1 Non-Auto Registers test	
	Cursor Plane 1 Auto Registers test	
	Cursor Planes Retry A test	
	Cursor Planes Retry B test	
MDI Chip CLUT Registers (Group 4)	The MDI Chip CLUT Registers are:	
8 (LUT1 Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify LUT1 Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify (with auto	
	increment)	
	LUT1D Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify	
	LUT1D Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify (with auto increment)	
	LUT2 Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify	
	LUT2 Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify (with autoincrement)	
	LUT2D Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify	
	LUT2D Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify (with auto increment)	
	LUT3 Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify	
	LUT3 Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify (with auto increment)	
	LUT3D Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify	
	LUT3D Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify (with auto increment)	

 TABLE 6-1
 cg14 Test Groups (Continued)

cg14 Groups	Description	
DAC Chip Registers (Group 5)	The DAC Chip Registers test group includes the RAMDAC registers and control registers.	
	RAMDAC Registers	
	Address Register bits 7-0 (0x7 maximum) write/read verify	
	Mode Register bits 7-0 (skip bit 5) bits write/read verify	
	Control Registers	
	ID Register bits 7-0 r/o verify data is 0x8C	
	Pixel-Mask Register bits 7-0 write/read verify (skipped if dac rev = 2)	
	Command2 Register bits 7-0 write/read verify (skipped if dac rev = 2)	
	Command3 Register bits 7-0 write/read verify (skipped if	
	dac rev = 2)	
MDI Chip XLUT Registers (Group 6)	The MDI Chip XLUT Registers are:	
registers (Group 0)	XLUT Registers 0-255 bits 7-0 write/read verify	
	XLUT Registers 0-255 bits 7-0 write/read verify (with auto	
	increment)	
	XLUTD Registers 0-255 bits 7-0 write/read verify	
	XLUTD Registers 0-255 bits 7-0 write/read verify (with auto increment)	
CG14 Display (visual only)	This visually displays 256 boxes on the screen (each in a different color), and then shifts the CLUT1 entries giving the visual	
Group 7)	impression of the pattern mirroring itself from left to right horizontally. The pattern then rotates up, down, followed by mirroring itself horizontally left to right.	
MDI Chip Test Mode Readback Register (Group 8)	Test Mode Readback Register bits 23-0 read-only verify	

 TABLE 6-1
 cg14 Test Groups (Continued)

cg14 Groups	Description
Driver IOCTLs	MDI_GET_CFGINFO check # of CLUT's, pixel height, pixel width,
(Group 9)	and pixel mode against hardware
•	FBIOGATTR check real_type, fb_height, fb_width,
	fb_depth, fb_cmsize, and fb_size against cfginfo values
	FBIOGTYPE check fb_type, fb_height, fb_width,
	fb_depth,fb_size, and fb_cmsize against driver defines or cfginfo values
	FBIOGVIDEO check status returned against hardware
	FBIOSVIDEO set off, off, on, on, off verifying against hardware FBIOVERTICAL (imbedded in FBIOSVIDEO)
	MDI_VRT_CNTL turn off, off, on, on, off the video interrupt enable
	and verify the hardware agreesMDI_SET_PIXELMODE set different
	modes and verify against the hardware
	MDI_SET_PPR set the different modes and verify against the
	hardware
	MDI_SET_COUNTERS set HSS, HSC, XCC, HBC, XCS, HBS, CSC,
	VSS, VSC, VBC, VBS, HCT, and VCT then verify against hardware
	MDI_SET_XLUT set xlut and verify against hardware
	MDI_GET_XLUT get xlut and verify against hardware
	MDI_SET_CLUT set clut (1-3 as applicable) and verify against
	hardware
	MDI_GET_CLUT get clut (1-3 as applicable) and verify against
	hardware
	FBIOPUTCMAP set and verify clut1 matches
	FBIOGETCMAP verify clut1 matches get
	FBIOSATTR set emu_type to FBTYPE_MDICOLOR and verify
	FBIOGATTR check
	FBIOGCURMAX verify x and y size match driver defines
	FBIOSCURSOR verify set at 3 locations matches hardware
	FBIOGCURSOR verify driver knows what set(s) just did
	FBIOSCURPOS verify set at three locations matches hardware
	FBIOGCURPOS verify driver knows what set(s) just did
	MDI_SET_CURSOR set then check CCR, XCU, and YCU cursor
	hardware registers

 TABLE 6-2
 cg14test NTA Testing Patterns

NTA Test Pattern Number = x	Test Data = y	New Data = z
1.0	0x00000000	0x01010101
1.5	0x01010101	0xfffffff
2.1	0xfffffff	0xf1f1f1f1
2.2	0xf1f1f1f1	0x33333333
3.1	0x33333333	0xf0f0f0f0

 TABLE 6-2
 cg14test NTA Testing Patterns (Continued)

NTA Test Pattern		
Number = x	Test Data = y	New Data = z
3.2	0xf0f0f0f0	0x0f0f0f0f
4.1	0x0f0f0f0f	0x55555555
4.2	0x5555555	0xaaaaaaaa
5.1	0xaaaaaaaa	0x05050505 (1x) 0x8888888 (2x)
5.2	0x8888888	0xf5f5f5f5
3.1	0xf5f5f5f5	0x00000000 (1x) 0x5f5f5f5f (2x)
3.2	0x5f5f5f5f	0x11111111
.1	0x11111111	0x00000000 (1x) 0xccccccc (2x)
'.2	0хссссссс	0xdbdbdbdb
.1	0xdbdbdbdb	0x6d6d6d6d
.2	0x6d6d6d6d	0x6b6b6b6b
.1	0x6b6b6b6b	0x0000000
0.2	0x00000000	_

cg14test Options

TABLE 6-3 cg14 Test Groups

cg14 Groups	Description	
Hardware Groups 1-6) Testing is done by opening /dev/fbs/cgfourteenX, m (R/W shared) the MDI Control Address Space, modifyin target test location (using direct writes to the mmap'ed a space), reading from the mmapped address space for ver and closing the device.		
Visual Pattern (Group 7)	Testing is done by loading a visual pattern of 256 colors, then rotating the pattern around by adjusting CLUT1. This subtest must be verified visually.	
Data Propagation (Group 8)	Testing is done by loading the frame buffer (FB) memory with four neutral data patterns, then setting a target FB pixel with data that triggers the test mode readback latch. The result is read from the readback register after vertical blanking occurs. Two different trigger patterns are used at each FB pixel. All four MDI pixel paths (A - D) are used, and the pixel locations for each trigger are designed to detect gross MDI input data opens or short, VRAM SAM addressing, and VRAM-to-SAM transfer addressing. The screen shows four horizontal bars, which are either greyscale or colored. These bars change each time the trigger data is inverted, and as it completes the testing of a raster pattern. NOTE — If the resolution and VRAM size permits, 8-bits per pixel	
	mode are tested.	
Driver (Group 9)	Test all IOCTL calls that have not yet been used to verify proper driver communication to the hardware. Call the driver to perform a hardware update, and then confirm that the update was successful by using the complementary driver read, or reading the mmap'ed address space and comparing it against the stimulus.	
	cg14test performs the appropriate steps before and after each test (if possible) to maintain context and prevent visual confusion by saving the register data before it is overwritten, disabling video (if possible), performing the specific test, and restoring the saved register data information.	
	The data used for register testing is optimized to include all 0's, all 1's, and walking a 1 through each bit being tested.	

 TABLE 6-3
 cg14 Test Groups (Continued)

cg14 Groups	Description	
MDI and VBC Chip	Master Control Register bits 7-0 write/read verify	
Control Registers	Packed Pixel Register bits 3-0 write/read verify	
(Group 1)	Master Status Register bits 7-4 read-only verify 0x00 and 0x30 occur	
	Horizontal Blank Start Register bits 9-0 write/read verify	
	Horizontal Blank Clear Register bits 9-0 write/read verify	
	Horizontal Sync Set Register bits 9-0 write/read verify	
	Horizontal Sync Clear Register bits 9-0 write/read verify	
	Composite Sync Clear Register bits 9-0 write/read verify	
	Vertical Blank Start Register bits 11-0 write/read verify	
	Vertical Blank Clear Register bits 11-0 write/read verify	
	Vertical Sync Set Register bits 11-0 write/read verify	
	Vertical Sync Clear Register bits 11-0 write/read verify	
	Transfer Cycle Set Register bits 9-0 write/read verify (MDI revision 0 only)	
	Transfer Cycle Clear Register bits 9-0 write/read verify (MDI revision 0 only)	
	Fault Status Address Register bits 15-0 write/read verify	
	Auto-increment Address Space Register bits 7-0 write/read verify Video Base Register bits 23-12 write/read verify	
Memory Chips (Group 2)	The Memory Chips test group includes VRAM Testing, Memory Retention, and Test Write Recovery.	
	VRAM Testing The Data Bus Test uses 18 NTA patterns (Nair, Thatte, and Abraham's testing procedure for RAM) to check for data and address faults. This test is performed in MDI_CHUNKY_XBGR_MAP access mode only. See Table 7-2.	

cg14 Groups	Description
Memory Chips (Group 2) Continued	VRAM Testing (Continued The test ascends through the FB memory, clearing it to 0's. The NTA pattern test number <i>x</i> reads a location to make sure test data <i>y</i> is present. It then writes new data <i>z</i> to that location. The location ascends through the FB sequentially. See Table 7-2.
	Memory Retention VRAM Data Retention checks for gross problems with the VRAM refresh. Since refresh is active during this test, no retention problems should occur unless the refresh is defective.
	This test turns off the video, writes 0's to all the VRAM, waits the specified memory_hold time (the default is five seconds), then reads and compares all VRAM data. This process is repeated with data of f's, then the video is restored and the test is complete.
	There are two new command line parameters related to this test: $R=number$ and $H=number$. $R=$ lets the user specify the refresh interval from 128-1023. The time between refresh cycles and the system default is 123. $H=$ lets the user specify the retention test hold time in seconds.
	Test Write Recovery A write recovery test is used in all the EMC mapping modes to write data to 0's followed by immediately reading that data location to see if the VRAM can recover from a write correctly. This is done to all sequential ascending locations. Next, a second independent pass of memory is made with the complementary data of <code>0xfffffffff</code> being written to descending locations of the FB memory buffer.
	The EMC mapping access modes are: MDI_CHUNKY_XGBR_MAP MDI_CHUNKY_BGR_MAP MDI_PLANAR_X16_MAP MDI_PLANAR_C16_MAP MDI_PLANAR_X32_MAP MDI_PLANAR_B32_MAP MDI_PLANAR_G32_MAP

 TABLE 6-3
 cg14 Test Groups (Continued)

cg14 Groups	Description
MDI Chip Cursor Registers (Group 3)	The MDI Chip Cursor Registers are:
8 (,	Cursor Plane 0 Register bits 31-0 write/read verify
	Cursor Plane 1 Register bits 31-0 write/read verify
	Cursor Plane 0 Register bits 31-0 write/read verify (with auto increment)
	Cursor Plane 1 Register bits 31-0 write/read verify (with auto increment
	Cursor Control Register bits 2-0 write/read verify
	Cursor Color Register 1 bits 28-0 write/read verify
	Cursor Color Register 2 bits 28-0 write/read verify
	X-Cursor Location Register bits 11-0 write/read verify
	Y-Cursor Location Register bits 11-0 write/read verify
	Cursor Plane 0 Non-Auto Registers test
	Cursor Plane 0 Auto Registers test
	Cursor Plane 1 Non-Auto Registers test
	Cursor Plane 1 Auto Registers test
	Cursor Planes Retry A test
	Cursor Planes Retry B test
MDI Chip CLUT Registers (Group 4)	The MDI Chip CLUT Registers are:
8 (u t -)	LUT1 Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify LUT1 Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify (with autoincrement)
	LUT1D Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify
	LUT1D Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify (with auto increment)
	LUT2 Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify
	LUT2 Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify (with autoincrement)
	LUT2D Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify
	LUT2D Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify (with auto increment)
	LUT3 Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify
	LUT3 Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify (with autoincrement)
	LUT3D Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify LUT3D Registers 0-255 bits 31-27 & 23-0 write/read verify (with

 TABLE 6-3
 cg14 Test Groups (Continued)

cg14 Groups	Description	
DAC Chip Registers (Group 5)	The DAC Chip Registers test group includes the RAMDAC registers and control registers.	
	RAMDAC Registers Address Register bits 7-0 (0x7 maximum) write/read verify Mode Register bits 7-0 (skip bit 5) bits write/read verify	
	Control Registers ID Register bits 7-0 r/o verify data is 0x8C Pixel-Mask Register bits 7-0 write/read verify (skipped if dac rev = 2) Command2 Register bits 7-0 write/read verify (skipped if dac rev = 2)	
	Command3 Register bits 7-0 write/read verify (skipped if dac rev = 2)	
MDI Chip XLUT Registers (Group 6)	The MDI Chip XLUT Registers are: XLUT Registers 0-255 bits 7-0 write/read verify	
	XLUT Registers 0-255 bits 7-0 write/read verify (with auto increment)	
	XLUTD Registers 0-255 bits 7-0 write/read verify XLUTD Registers 0-255 bits 7-0 write/read verify (with auto increment)	
CG14 Display (visual only) Group 7)	This visually displays 256 boxes on the screen (each in a different color), and then shifts the CLUT1 entries giving the visual impression of the pattern mirroring itself from left to right horizontally. The pattern then rotates up, down, followed by mirroring itself horizontally left to right.	
MDI Chip Test Mode Readback Register (Group 8)	Test Mode Readback Register bits 23-0 read-only verify	

 TABLE 6-3
 cg14 Test Groups (Continued)

cg14 Groups	Description
Driver IOCTLs (Group 9)	MDI_GET_CFGINFO check # of CLUT's, pixel height, pixel width, and pixel mode against hardware
(Group 9)	FBIOGATTR check real_type, fb_height, fb_width,
	fb_depth, fb_cmsize, and fb_size against cfginfo values
	FBIOGTYPE check fb_type, fb_height, fb_width,
	fb_depth,fb_size, and fb_cmsize against driver defines or
	cfginfo values
	FBIOGVIDEO check status returned against hardware
	FBIOSVIDEO set off, off, on, on, off verifying against hardware
	FBIOVERTICAL (imbedded in FBIOSVIDEO)
	MDI_VRT_CNTL turn off, off, on, on, off the video interrupt enable
	and verify the hardware agreesMDI_SET_PIXELMODE set different
	modes and verify against the hardware
	MDI_SET_PPR set the different modes and verify against the
	hardware
	MDI_SET_COUNTERS set HSS, HSC, XCC, HBC, XCS, HBS, CSC,
	VSS, VSC, VBC, VBS, HCT, and VCT then verify against hardware
	MDI_SET_XLUT set xlut and verify against hardware
	MDI_GET_XLUT get xlut and verify against hardware
	MDI_SET_CLUT set clut (1-3 as applicable) and verify against
	hardware
	MDI_GET_CLUT get clut (1-3 as applicable) and verify against
	hardware
	FBIOPUTCMAP set and verify clut1 matches
	FBIOGETCMAP verify clut1 matches get
	FBIOSATTR set emu_type to FBTYPE_MDICOLOR and verify
	FBIOGATTR check
	FBIOGCURMAX verify $\mathbf x$ and $\mathbf y$ size match driver defines
	FBIOSCURSOR verify set at 3 locations matches hardware
	FBIOGCURSOR verify driver knows what set(s) just did
	FBIOSCURPOS verify set at three locations matches hardware
	FBIOGCURPOS verify driver knows what set(s) just did
	MDI_SET_CURSOR set then check CCR, XCU, and YCU cursor
	hardware registers

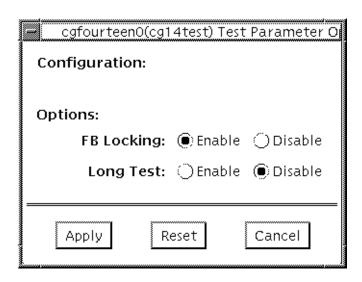


FIGURE 6-1 cg14test Option Menu

TABLE 6-4cg14test Options

cg14test Options	Description	
FB Locking	See the section about Testing Multiple Frame Buffers in the SunVTS 2.1 User's Guide for details	
Long Test	When enabled, the color bar screen(s) in the MDI Testmode Readback test checks all SAM transfers in clock=0 mode and clock=1 mode. If Long test is disabled, clock=1 runs checks on the first eight addresses and first SAM transfer only	
Processor Affinity	For multiprocessor systems, indicates the processor to be tested	

cg14test Command Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/cg14test $standard_arguments$ -o dev= $device_name$, lock=E(nable)/D(isable), L, I

TABLE 6-5 cg14test Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation	
dev=device_name	Specifies the path of the cg14 device file to be tested; for example: /dev/fbs/device_name	
lock= <i>E(nable)/ D(isable)</i>	Enables and disables the window system locking option. See the Testing Multiple Frame Buffers sections in the <i>SunVTS 2.1 User's Guide</i> for details. Do not use when device is the window system display.	
L	Enables the long TMRB test.	
I	Enables optional driver ioctl tests for cursor. Note- Do not move the mouse during the ${\tt cg14test}$ when you run this option.	

cg14test Test Modes

Due to the nature of graphic tests, reading from or writing to the frame buffer during graphic tests will disturb user operation. This test is only available in Functional test.

The Functional test uses all subtests to test the cg14 frame buffer. The user can select the long mode for TRMB subtest.

cg14test Error Messages

 TABLE 6-6
 cg14test Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Suggested Action (if applicable)
6002	<pre>MDI <name> register = <number></number></name></pre>	CG14 video board	
6004	MDI Cursor planes retry test maximum retry limit exceeded	CG14 video board	
6006	<name> error message</name>	CG14 video board	
6008	Failed open of file <name>, errno=<number></number></name>	Disk	
		CPU board	
6010	Failed write to file	CG14 video board	
	<name>, errno=<number></number></name>	CPU board	
		Disk	
6012	Failed close of file <name>, errno=<number></number></name>	Disk	
		CPU board	
6014	MDI chip TestMode Readback, <number>-bit <name> mode, offset= <number> pixelpipe=<name> clock=<number> exp=<number> obs=<number></number></number></number></name></number></name></number>		
6016	MEM (<name>), Data Retention offset= <number> exp=<number> obs=<number></number></number></number></name>	CG14 video board	
		CPU board	
6018	<pre>MEM (<name>), NTA <name> offset= <number> exp=<number> obs=<number></number></number></number></name></name></pre>	CG14 video board	
		CPU board	
6020	MEM (<name>), WRRD <name></name></name>	CG14 video board	
	offset= <number> exp=<number> obs=<number></number></number></number>	CPU board	

 TABLE 6-6
 cg14test Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Suggested Action (if applicable)
6022	<pre>failed, mapping <name> space, errno = <number></number></name></pre>	CG14 device file	
		SunOS	
		CG14 video board	
		CPU board	
6024	MEM (<name>), WRRD <name> offset= <number> exp=<number> obs=<number></number></number></number></name></name>	SunOS	
		CG14 video board	
		CPU board	
6026	VBC Control Register exp= <number> obs=<number></number></number>	CG14 video board	
		CPU board	
8002	<pre><name> is an invalid parameter for <name>!</name></name></pre>	Operator error	
8004	unable to close device <name></name>	CG14 device file	
		SunOS	
		CG14 video board	
8006	invalid CG14 device type from <name></name>	CG14 device file	
		SunOS	
		CG14 video board	
8008	IOCTL Error: <name></name>	CPU board	
		CG14 video board	
8008	IOCTL(<name>) <name></name></name>	CPU board	
		CG14 video board	
8010	unable to unlock OL windows	SunOS	
		Operator error	
8012	<pre>IOCTL(<name>,CLUT<number>) <name></name></number></name></pre>	CG14 device file	
		SunOS	
		CG14 video board	
8014	unable to open CG14 device <name></name>	Incorrect device name	
		No existing device	
		CG14 video board	

Frame Buffer, GX, GX+ and TGX Options Test (cg6)

The cg6 test verifies the cgsix frame buffer and the graphics options offered with most SPARCTM based workstations and servers. This test stresses the frame buffer with the subtests described below.

Note – Disable all screen savers before testing any graphics device. Type **xset** s off at the prompt to disable the Solaris screen saver.

To start SunVTS with vtsui, but without vtsk, add the host name to xhost as: xhost + <hostname>.

cg6 Subtests

TABLE 7-1 cg6 Subtests

Subtests	Description	
Cursor Test	Visually checks the overlay registers of the RAMDAC. A pointer is drawn on the screen and moved around to predetermined locations. There is a problem if the pointer disappears. This visual test ensures that the overlay is working properly	
Fast Copy in Double Buffer Test Mode Creates two full-size screen raster images in double buffer in Different patterns are written to each of them. The hidden bu copied to the visible buffer, and the data is compared. An en message is returned if there are inconsistencies. Then the buf flipped and the process is repeated. Note: This test only app Sun Microsystems GX+ graphic accelerators with double-buf capacity.		
TEC Test	Verifies that the Transformation Engine and Cursor control logic are being accessed. This confirms that further TEC access is performed correctly	
FBC Test	Verifies that the Frame Buffer Controller logic is being accessed. This confirms that further FBC access is performed correctly.	
Frame Buffer Test	Verifies that the frame buffer memory is working. A walking 1 pattern is written to memory, with a specific color signifying one of eight bits. The screen is divided into eight equally wide vertical stripes. A walking one is written to each stripe, causing eight iterations of these stripes. The value written is read back and checked. If the values do not match, an error is reported	
Screen Test Using Blits	Draws blocks of color and performs blit transfers to other portions of the screen. First, the entire screen is drawn with cyan, then a black block is put in the upper left corner. This subtest blits this block on the upper right, lower right, and lower left corners, then or's the whole image	
Blit Test	Draws a block of data and blit into a location at the bottom right rectangle	

TABLE 7-1 cg6 Subtests

Subtests	Description
Line Test	Draws lines on the screen in different colors with different data values. The data is read back and compared with the expected values. An error is returned in the case of a mismatch
Polygon Test	Draws hourglass-shaped polygons on the screen, using the four vertices. After all the polygons are rendered in the video memory, they are read back and the data compared with expected values. If there is a mismatch, an error is displayed
Colormap Test	Loads all 256 locations in the color map with a greyscale, both backwards and forwards. This means decreasing values are loaded to all R, G, and B values. Note: If the system being tested has a monochrome or greyscale monitor, visual color problems are undetectable

cg6 Options

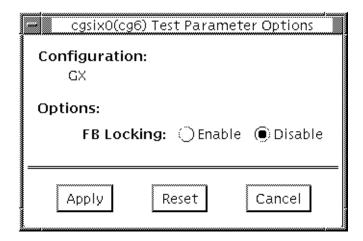


FIGURE 7-1 cg6 Options Menu

FB Locking

See the section about Testing Frame Buffers in the *SunVTS 2.1 User's Guide* for details about frame buffer locking.

cg6 Test Modes

Due to the nature of graphic tests, reading from or writing to the frame buffer during graphic tests will disturb user operation. This test is only available in Functional test.

cg6 Command Line Syntax

 $\label{lock-equiv} $$ \operatorname{SUNWvts/bin/cg14test} $$ standard_arguments - o \ \operatorname{dev=device_name}, $$ \operatorname{lock-}E(nable)/D(isable)$, $ L$, $ \operatorname{Passes=number}, $ L$ $$ $$$

TABLE 7-2 cg6 Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation
dev=device_name	Specifies the path of the cg14 device file to be tested; for example: /dev/fbs/device_name
lock=E(nable)/D(isable)	Enables/disables the window system locking option. See the section about Testing Multiple Frame Buffers in the <i>SunVTS 2.1 User's Guide</i> for details. Do not use when device is the window system display.
L	Enables the long TMRB test.
Passes=number	Indicates the number of passes to run; the default is 1 pass.
I	Enables optional driver ioctl tests for cursor. Note: Do not move the mouse during the cgl4test when you run this option.

Note – Extra swap space of 5 MB is required.

cg6 Error Messages

 TABLE 7-3
 cg6 Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Suggested Action (if applicable)
6000	Resolution not supported for double buffering		Change to other resolutions
6002	<pre>data error: x_pos: <number>, y_pos: <number>. *mobs: <number>, *mexp: <number></number></number></number></number></pre>	Faulty frame buffer	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6004	FB Screen Test data error: xpos= <number>, ypos=<number>, exp(<number>), obs(<number>)</number></number></number></number>	Faulty frame buffer	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6006	Data Error: Screen location x: <number>, y: <number>, Obs: <number>, Exp: <number></number></number></number></number>	Faulty frame buffer	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6007	Multibuffering extension does not exists	Faulty frame buffer	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6008	Cannot create CMAP	System error	If the problem persists, call
		Faulty frame buffer	your authorized Sun service provider.
6009	<name> off(<number>)exp(<number>), obs(<number>), xor(<number>)</number></number></number></number></name>	Faulty frame buffer	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6010	Could not get color	System error	If the problem persists, call
		Faulty frame buffer	your authorized Sun service provider.
6011	<name> off(<number>)exp(<number>), obs(<number>), xor(<number>) <name></name></number></number></number></number></name>	Faulty frame buffer	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6012	Checksum test failed for PROM. Observed: <number>, Expected: <number></number></number>	Faulty frame buffer	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6014	Unable to lock frame buffer	FB lock was enabled while Window System was not running	

 TABLE 7-3
 cg6 Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Suggested Action (if applicable)
6016	Found error in sine test	Faulty frame buffer	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6018	Found error in cursor test	Faulty frame buffer	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6020	Found error in fb test	Faulty frame buffer	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6022	Found error in polygon test	Faulty frame buffer	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6024	Found error in cmap test	Faulty frame buffer	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6026	Found error in db test	Faulty frame buffer	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6028	Found error in line test	Faulty frame buffer	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6030	Found error in dac test	Faulty frame buffer	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8000	<name> not mapped</name>	System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8002	can't acquire console semaphore	System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8004	XCreateSimpleWindow failed	System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8008	Couldn't create enough buffers	Not enough memory available	Reduce the system load.
		System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.

 TABLE 7-3
 cg6 Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Suggested Action (if applicable)
8010	grab of pointer unsuccessful	Not enough memory available	Reduce the system load.
		System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8012	cmap mapping failed	Not enough memory available	Reduce the system load.
		System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8014	Blit status. Could not launch draw	Faulty frame buffer	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8016	Draw Wait FBC_DRAW status= <number></number>	Faulty frame buffer	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8018	Could not get cmap	Faulty frame buffer	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8020	Could not get color	Faulty frame buffer	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8022	Could not create child raster	Incorrect device name	Re-enter the correct name.
		Not enough memory available	Reduce the system load.
8024	Failed to get malloc	Not enough memory available	Reduce the system load.
		System error	
8026	Cannot create CMAP	System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
		Faulty frame buffer	
8028	Couldn't get hostname of machine under test	System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.

 TABLE 7-3
 cg6 Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Suggested Action (if applicable)
8030	Failed in opening device	Incorrect device name	Re-enter the correct name.
	<name></name>	Faulty Frame Buffer	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8032	Failed to create raster	Incorrect device name	Re-enter the correct name.
		Not enough memory available	Reduce the system load.
8034	Failed to create context	Not enough memory available	Reduce the system load.
		System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8036	fbs/cgsix0 FATAL: "mmap() failed	Overloaded system	Reduce the system load.
		System error	Check OS release number.

Disk and Floppy Drives Test

(disktest)

disktest verifies the functionality of hard disk drives and floppy drives using three subtests (see TABLE 8-1). The disktest test performs a random seek check followed by a read test or a read after a write test on the disk. Most disk drives, such as SCSI disks, native or SCSI floppy disks, IPI, and so on, are supported. The type of drive being tested is displayed on the top of the option menu.

Initially, disktest probes the disks under /dev/rdsk. It checks all of the partitions of each disk in the Functional test mode. If any partition has a file system that is not yet mounted, disktest pre-mounts these partitions for the File System subtest. The pre-mount point bears the name of the disk partition appended with a system-wide unique number. For example, if the disk name is /dev/dsk/c0t3d0, disktest mounts it as superuser under the name /disktest_c0t3d0. The option menu shows all partitions (except the swap partition) that are available for testing. The File System subtest can only be run if the selected partition is mounted. The Write option of the Media subtest is allowed only if a selected partition is not mounted.

disktest tests the floppy drive regardless of whether the Volume Management software is running.

■ If the Volume Management software is running, disktest tests the disk drive with the mount point name in the /etc/mnttab file.



Caution – If a power failure occurs while the Media subtest is being run in write mode, disk data will be destroyed.

■ If the Volume Management software is *not* running, disktest tests the disk drive with the device name dev=/dev/diskette. Do not edit the /etc/vold.conf file to change the floppy drives. Currently, the SunVTS software is hard-coded to use these path names as the default logic name.

Table 2-1 describes the disktest subtests.

TABLE 8-1disktest Subtests

Subtest	Description	
Media Subtest	Verifies disk media by writing data to and reading data from the disk. The Media subtest treats a disk as one large chunk of contiguous data.	
	This is a scalable test, that can run multiple copies of it in read/write mode on the same disk partition. To avoid data corruption, all simultaneous instances of disktest communicate through a shared memory service. This ensures that different copies of the media subtest do not overlay the same disk block at the same time.	
File System Subtest	Verifies the disk system's integrity. The file system subtest exercises the partition being tested to determine if it is mounted. If the partition is not already mounted or premounted, then the test is blocked. The test opens two temporary files (of the size specified on File System File Size) and performs a Read/Write test.	
Asynchronous I/O Subtest	Uses the asynchronous read/write feature of the Solaris disk driver to exercise the disk. In read-only mode, the test sends a maximum of four asynchronous read packets, each with a random size and a random offset into the selected partition. The test then waits for all outstanding I/O activity to complete before issuing another round of packets. This process continues until the whole area being tested is covered. In read-write mode, one write packet is issued in every four read packets as a spot check of the write operation. Before data is written to a particular location, data is backed up, write-verified, and restored to its original state.	

disktest Test Options

cOt3dO(disktest)	Test Parameter Options
Configuration: Capacity: 324.42MB Controller: esp0 Vendor: TOSHIBA SUN Id: MK2326FB Firmware Rev: A15B Serial Number:	
Options:	
Partition:	<u>v</u> 000
Test Media:	● Enable
Media Write Read Mode:	Readonly \(\rightarrow\) WriteRead
Media Test Method:	Syncio Asyncio
Media Coverage(%):	▲▼ [30
Test File System:	● Enable
File System File Size:	▽ 512KB
File System Transfer Size:	▽ 512B
File System Test Pattern:	▽ sequential
Instance:	AV [1
Apply	et Cancel

FIGURE 8-1 disktest Configuration and Options Menu

The disktest test (see Figure 2-1 and Table 2-2) has different option menus for different test modes.

 TABLE 8-2
 disktest Configurations and Options

disktest Options	Description	
Partition	Displays the partition for the Media subtest. If a partition is mounted, its mount point is appended after the partition number, such as 1(/usr), where 1 is the partition number, and /usr is the mount point.	
Test Media	Enables or disables the Media subtest	
Media Write Read Mode	Enables Read-Only or Read mode after write, with or without backup	
Media Coverage (%)	Enables users to test all or part of a partition (in percentages)	
Test File System	Enables or disables the File System subtest; File System File Size: creates a file system file size twice the size as what is specified.	
File System Transfer Size	Displays the transfer size of the File System subtest. File System Test Pattern: Test pattern of File System subtest	
Connection Test for Hard Disk	Option Menu for hard disk partition: 0 - 7 [default] Test Media: [Enable~](fixed to Enable) Test Mode: [Read Only~](fixed to Read Only) Media Coverage(%): [1](default - can be changed) Media Transfer Size: [2KB] Test File System: [Disable~](fixed to Disable)	

 TABLE 8-2
 disktest Configurations and Options (Continued)

disktest Options	Description
Online Mode for Hard Disk	Online Mode for hard disk partition: 0 - 7 [default] Test Media: [Enable]<- [Disable] Test Mode: [ReadOnly~](fixed to ReadOnly) Media Coverage(%): [10] Media Transfer Size: [2KB] [10KB] [20KB] <- [40KB] [60KB] Test File System: [Disable~](fixed to Disable)
Functional Test for Hard Disk	(under SCSI-devices group): partition: 0 - 7 [default] Test Media: [Enable]<- [Disable] Mode: [ReadOnly]<- [BackupWriteRead] [NoBackupWriteRead] Media Coverage(%): [30] Media Transfer Size: [2KB] [10KB] [20KB] <- [40KB] [60KB] Test File System: [Enable] [Disable] <- File System File Size:[512KB]<- [2MB][8MB][20MB] [100MB] [200MB] File System Transfer Size:[512B]<- [1024B][10KB][40KB] [100KB] File System Test Pattern:[sequential] [0x00000000] [0xffffffff] [0x5aa55aa5] [0xdb6db6db] [random]
Functional Test for Floppy Disk	(under Other-Devices group): partition: 0 - 7 [default] Test Media: [Enable]<- [Disable] Mode: [ReadOnly]<- [BackupWriteRead] [NoBackupWriteRead] Media Coverage(%): [30] Media Transfer Size: [2KB]<- [10KB] [20KB] Test File System: [Enable] [Disable] <- File System File Size: [512KB]<- [2MB] [8MB] [20MB] [100MB] [200MB] File System Transfer Size: [512B]<- [1024B] [10KB] File System Test Pattern: [sequential] [0x00000000] [0xffffffff] [0x5aa55aa5] [0xdb6db6db] [random] NOTE: The floppy disktest can only be run in Functional test.

disktest Test Modes

disktest supports all three test modes. It performs different test schemes on the network device according to the mode you select.

 TABLE 8-3
 disktest Test Modes

Test Mode	Description
Connection Test	This mode is only available for the hard disk test. There is no connection test for the floppy driver test. Only one instance of disktest is allowed for each disk device, which monitors UNIX error messages. disktest displays messages and reports errors. The test also opens the hard disk, checks the disk configuration, reads a few blocks, and then closes the hard disk. No File System subtest is run. No Write option is available in connection test.
Functional Test	This mode does not allow disktest to monitor UNIX error messages. More than one instance of disktest is allowed for one disk device. Both File System subtest and Media subtest can be run in Functional test. Floppy test can also be run in Functional test
	If you invoke SunVTS through SyMON, the following Functional Test description applies: This mode is only available for the hard disk test. There is no Online mode for the floppy driver test. Only one instance of disktest is allowed for each disk device, which monitors UNIX error messages. disktest displays messages and reports errors.
	In this mode, disktest also opens the hard disk, checks the disk configuration, and executes the Media subtest. Next, disktest performs random seek checks. Only Read Only mode is allowed. The default coverage is 30%. No File System subtest is run. When the test finishes, disktest closes the disk device being tested. No Write option is available in Online mode

disktest Command Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/disktest $standard_arguments$ -o p=n,-i=n, -w=n,dev=<device $_name>$,partition=<0-7>,rawsub=E/D,rawrw=,rawcover=,rawiosize=,fssub=,fssize=,fsiosize=,fspattern=

TABLE 8-4 disktest Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation
p=number	Sets the number of passes for the test to run; default is 1
i=number	Sets the number of total instances for the test; default is 1
w=number	Determines which instance this test is assigned; default is 0
dev= <device_name></device_name>	Specifies the name of the disk to be tested, such as c0t3d0
partition=<0-7>	Specifies the partition number to test as partition=6(/export/s6) if mounted on partition 6
rawsub=Enable/Disable	Enables or disables the media subtest
rawrw= Readonly BackupWriteRead NoBackupWriteRead	Specifies the Media subtest Read and Write mode: -Read Only -Write, read then backup -Write, read without backup
rawcover=	Specifies media coverage from 0-100% of the partition, such as $70526\mathrm{f}$
rawiosize=<2KB,10KB 20KB,40KB,60KB>	Specifies the media size to transfer
fssub=Enable/Disable	Enables or disables the file system subtest
fspattern= <data pattern=""></data>	Specifies the file system data pattern as sequential or random. {seq(uential)/0x0(0000000)/0xf(fffffff)/0xa (5a5a5a5)/0x5(a5a5a5a)/ran(dom)/0xd(b6db6db)}
fssize= <file size="" system=""></file>	Indicates the file system subtest size in kilobytes or megabytes: K/k/KB/kb:kilobytes, M/m/MB/mb: megabytes
fsiosize= <file i="" o<br="" system="">transfer size></file>	Indicates the size of the file system subtest I/O transfer in bytes or kilobytes: {512B/1024B/10KB/40KB/100KB}

disktest Error Messages

 TABLE 8-5
 disktest Error Messages

Error Message		Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6000	Re-reading and recomparing	Media error	If the problem persists, call
	block <number> on <name></name></number>	Faulty cable, disk, or controller	your authorized Sun service provider.
6002	Error on recomparing block	Media error	If the problem persists, call
	<number> on <name></name></number>	Faulty cable, disk, or controller	your authorized Sun service provider.
5004	<pre><name> failed on <name>, blk <number>: <error_message></error_message></number></name></name></pre>	Faulty cable, disk, or controller	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6006	Compare error on <name>, block <number>, offset <number></number></number></name>	Faulty cable, disk, or controller	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6008	Compare error: Block	Media error	If the problem persists, call
	<pre><number> on <name> was written with a repeating hex pattern of <number></number></name></number></pre>	Faulty cable, disk, or controller	your authorized Sun service provider.
6010	TIME OUT!	System too busy	Reduce the system load.
		Faulty cable, disk, or controller	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6012	Couldn't close <name></name>	System error	
6014	<name> read failed on disk,</name>	Media error	If the problem persists, call
	<pre>in-between blocks <number> and <number>: <name></name></number></number></pre>	Faulty cable, disk, or controller	your authorized Sun service provider.
6016	<pre><name> read failed due to unexpected end of media:\</name></pre>		
6018	<name> write failed on</name>	Media error	If the problem persists, call
	<pre>disk, in-between blocks <number> and <number>: <name></name></number></number></pre>	Faulty disk or controller	your authorized Sun service provider.
6020	<pre><name> write failed due to unexpected end of media:</name></pre>		

 TABLE 8-5
 disktest Error Messages (Continued)

Error Me	essage	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6022	<pre><name> compare failed on <name>, block <number>, offset <number></number></number></name></name></pre>	Media error	If the problem persists, call
		Faulty disk or controller	your authorized Sun service provider.
6024	Couldn't close <name></name>	Faulty disk or controller	If the problem persists, call
		System error	your authorized Sun service provider.
6026	failed automount <name> onto <name>:<error_message></error_message></name></name>	Un-supported file system	Disable the file system subtest.
		System error	Disable the file system subtest .
			If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6028	<error_message></error_message>		
8000	File system subtest only allow to run on off-line mode	Parameter error	Re-enter the command line correctly.
8002	malloc() failed	System load too heavy	
		System error	
8006	<pre>File operation error: Couldn't <name> file <name> on <name>: <error_message></error_message></name></name></name></pre>	Lack of system resource	Reduce the system load.
		Permission error	Check directory or file permission.
		System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8008	Not enough free blocks on <name> (partition <number>)</number></name>		Try another partition or delete files.
8010	No writable partition on <name></name>		Try another partition.
8012	No file system on device: <name></name>		Use newfs to create the file system.
			Disable the file system subtest.
8014	Couldn't run fstest on any partition of device:	File system not supported	Disable the file system subtest.
	<name>(except 2)</name>	System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.

TABLE 8-5 disktest Error Messages (Continued)

Error Me	essage	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
8016	Cannot open device: <name></name>	Parameter error	Enter the correct name of disk as dev=c0t3d0.
		System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8018	Couldn't mount /dev/dsk/ <name></name>	Parameter error	Enter the correct name of disk as dev=c0t3d0.
		System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8020	Couldn't remove temporary dir <name>: <error_message></error_message></name>	System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8022	fail get semaphore:	Lack of system resource	Reduce the system load.
	<error_message></error_message>	System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8024	<pre>failed lock mtab semaphore: "semap" system call failure, errmsg <error_message></error_message></pre>	disktest instances exceed system semaphore operation limitation (default system limit for seminfo_semmnu=30)> <syste m software error></syste 	Add the line "set semsys: seminfo_semmnu=0x100" to your /etc/system file and reboot the machine. If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8026	<pre>fail unlock mtab semaphore:</pre>	System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8028	<pre>failed get_volmgr_name()</pre>		
8030	Couldn't open <name>:</name>	Cable loose or disconnected	Check the cable.
	<error_message></error_message>	Device off line or missing	Check the device on line.
		Device not configured	Configure the device.
8032	<pre>Get file state <name> failed: <error_message></error_message></name></pre>	System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8034	Couldn't open <name></name>	Permission error	Check the permissions.
		System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.

 TABLE 8-5
 disktest Error Messages (Continued)

Error Message		Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
8036	<pre>failed putmntent(): <error_message></error_message></pre>	System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8038	fail rename file	Permission error	Check permission.
		System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8040	Couldn't get mount table entry for <name></name>		
8042	<pre>Invalid device name in <name></name></pre>	Parameter error	Enter the correct name of disk as dev=c0t3d0.
8044	Message table overflow on device <name></name>	Parameter error	Enter the correct name of disk as dev=c0t3d0.
		System error	If the problem persists, call
		Program error	your authorized Sun service provider.
8046	<pre>Invalid controller id <name> for <name></name></name></pre>	Parameter error	Re-enter the command line correctly.
8048	<name>, disk DKIOCINFO ioctl: <name></name></name>	Controller is not supported	Disable the file system subtest.
		System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8050	memory for monitor <number>: <error_message>:</error_message></number>	Lack of system resource	Reduce the system load.
		System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8052	failed attaching monitor	Lack of system resource	Reduce the system load.
	<pre>shared memory:<error_message></error_message></pre>	System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8053	failed create monitor	Lack of system resource	Reduce the system load.
	shared memory <number>:</number>	System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8054	Shm remove error: <error_message></error_message>	System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.

TABLE 8-5 disktest Error Messages (Continued)

Error Me	essage	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
8056	New error messages in system log. Extracted	Faulty cable/disk/controller	See /var/adm/messages for more information.
	below: <error_message></error_message>		If the problem persists, consult your authorized Sun service provider.
8060	fails to open any partition of <name></name>	File system not mounted	Mount the file system then run the test.
			Disable the file system subtest.
			If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8060	failed getting semaphore: <pre><error_message></error_message></pre>	System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8062	failed getting shared memory: <error_message></error_message>	System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8064	failed attaching shared memory: <error_message></error_message>	System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8068	<pre>failed unlocking semaphore: <error_message></error_message></pre>	System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8070	fail open floppy disk	No floppy disk in drive	Check the floppy disk.
8072	failed FDIOGCHAR on floppy ioctl	System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8074	ioctl DKIOCGGEOM failed	File system not supported	If the problem persists, call
		System error	your authorized Sun service provider.
8074	ioctl DKIOCGAPART failed	System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8076	fail initialize shared memory	System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8078	Illegal parameters on Online Mode	Parameter error	Enter the correct option.

 TABLE 8-5
 disktest Error Messages (Continued)

Error Message		Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
8080	Illegal parameters on Conn. Mode	Parameter error	Enter the correct option.
8082	failed get_volmgr_name()	No floppy disk in drive	Check the floppy disk.
8084	Mounted file system on	Not enough disk space	Reduce the system load.
	device!	Permission error	Check directory or file permissions.
		System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8086	Invalid controller id <number> from <name></name></number>	Parameter error	Enter the correct name of disk as dev=c0t3d0.
8088	Couldn't get file system information on <name> errno=<number></number></name>	System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8090	<pre>ioctl() failed on <name>: <name></name></name></pre>	System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8092	Fail to get disk information	No supported disk	No UNIX message monitor feature in this disk(2).
		System load too heavy	Reduce the system load
8094	Failed to create a message base for controller <number></number>	No disk under this controller	Connect the disk driver then run the test again.
8096	fail to make directory <name></name>	Lack of system resource	Reduce the system load.
		Permission error	Check directory or file permissions.
		System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8098	Failed to mount partition	Does this disk only have partition 2	Partition 2 must be manually mounted.
8010	r/w is on /dev/r <name></name>	System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8102	write/read count error	Out of disk space	Try another partition or delete some files.

TABLE 8-5 disktest Error Messages (Continued)

Error Message		Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
8104	failed to create buffer	Not enough memory	Reduce the system load. If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8106	<pre>failed aioread() : <offset> <error number=""> <error string=""></error></error></offset></pre>	Faulty cable, disk, or controller	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8108	<pre>failed aiowrite() :</pre>	Faulty cable, disk, or controller	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8110	<pre>failed aiooperation() : <number> <text></text></number></pre>	Faulty cable, disk, or controller	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.

ECP 1284 Parallel Port Printer Test (ecpptest)

The ecpptest verifies the functionality of the ecpp(7) IEEE 1284 parallel printer port device.

The eqp(7) device is an *exclusive use device*. Only one application can interface with it at a time. This test is not scalable.

Printer Test Hardware and Software Requirements

The ecpp(7) driver is installed with the OS if the system being tested supports the ecpp(7) device. To run the optional printer subtest, a Centronics or ECP-mode printer must be attached to the printer port. To run the optional external loopback test, a passive loopback connector must be installed on the printer port.

Note – The external loopback test is intended for Sun internal manufacturing use only. It requires a custom loopback connector not available to an external customer.

ecpptest Subtests

 TABLE 9-1
 ecpptest Subtests

Subtest	Description
Internal Test FIFO Loopback	This verifies DMA and PIO accesses to the ecpp device. It uses an internal test fifo on the ecpp device. There are no printer or loopback connectors required. This test is always executed
External Passive Loopback	This verifies the parallel port I/O connections to the back panel connector. This test requires a passive loopback connector (Sun part no. 270-2965-01). This test is disabled by default and must be manually enabled by the user. Note: The external loopback test is intended for Sun internal manufacturing use only. It requires a custom loopback connector that is not available to an external customer
Printer Test	This verifies the parallel port printer operation. It will output a half page of ASCII character data. The output mode (for example, ECP and Centronics) is determined by whatever mode the printer and ecpp driver automatically negotiate. It will not change the current mode. The user must verify that data printed properly. This test is disabled by default and must be manually enabled by the user. If this test passes successfully, you know that the SBus DMA circuitry, the printer, and the device driver are functioning properly

ecpptest Options

ecpp0(ecpptest)	Test Parameter Options
Configuration: IEEE 1284 parallel port (ECP/nibb	ole/centronics modes)
Options:	
External Loopback:	♦ Enable ♦ Disable
Printer:	♦ Enable ♦ Disable
Printer_data_type:	■ ascii □ postscript
Printer_delay_seconds:	▲▼ ∯0
Internal_loop_during_delay:	❖ Enable ❖ Disable
Apply	et Cancel

FIGURE 9-1 ecpptest Option Menu

 TABLE 9-2
 ecpptest Options

ecpptest Options	Description
External Loopback	Enables or disables the external loopback test. This test requires a special loopback plug
Printer	Enables or disables the printer test; this test requires a printer to be attached to the parallel port

ecpptest Test Modes

TABLE 9-3 ecpptest Test Modes

Test Mode	Description
Connection Test	Opens and closes the ecpp(7) device. No data is transferred. The test passes if the device can be open and closed successfully. The test also passes if the device cannot be opened because the device is busy with another process
Functional Test	Runs the internal loopback test and the user can optionally run the External loopback test and Printer test. The test will fail if the device is busy
	If you invoke SunVTS through SyMON, the following Functional Test description applies: Runs the internal loopback test. If the device cannot be opened because it is busy, then it is assumed that the device is successfully connected to another process

ecpptest Command Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/ecpptest standard_arguments -o
[dev=device_name][,ext_loop=Enable|Disable][,printer=Enable|Disable]

TABLE 9-4 ecpptest Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation
dev=device_name	Specifies the name of the device. This should be of the form /dev/ecpp#, where # is the minor number of the device. The default device is /dec/ecpp0.
ext_loop=enable disable	If enabled, the external loopback test is run. The External loopback plug must be attached to the printer port.
printer=enable disable	If enabled, the printer test is run. A Centronics or ECP mode parallel port printer must be attached

ecpptest Error Messages

 TABLE 9-5
 disktest Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
8000	External loop test and printer test cannot be enabled at the same time	Operator error	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
8001	<pre><device_name>: Device does not exist or is otherwise inaccessible</device_name></pre>	Correct ecpp driver not installed	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
		Faulty ecpp device or motherboard hardware	
		System software problem	
8002	Must be super user (root) to execute	Operator error	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
8003	<pre>Failed to open <device_name> (<error_message>)</error_message></device_name></pre>	Correct ecpp driver not installed	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
		Faulty ecpp device or motherboard hardware	
		System software problem	
8004	<pre>Failed ioctl <name>, device = <device_name>, error = <error_message></error_message></device_name></name></pre>	Correct ecpp driver not installed	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
		Faulty ecpp device or motherboard hardware	
		System software problem	
8005	Device not in correct mode, device = <device_name>, expected mode = <number>, observed mode = <number></number></number></device_name>	Correct ecpp driver not installed	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
		Faulty ecpp device or motherboard hardware	
		System software problem	

 TABLE 9-5
 disktest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
8006	<pre><device_name>: Status line miscompare, expected = <number>, observed = <number>, xor = <number></number></number></number></device_name></pre>	Faulty or missing external loopback connector	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
		Correct ecpp driver not installed	
		Faulty ecpp device or motherboard hardware	
		System software problem	
8007	<pre>ECPP_nACK in wrong state, expected = <number>, observed =</number></pre>	Faulty or missing external loopback connector	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
	<number>, xor = <number></number></number>	Correct ecpp driver not installed	
	Transcr's	Faulty ecpp device or motherboard hardware	
		System software problem	
8008	<pre><subtest_name>: Data miscompare, expected = <number>, observed = <number>, xor = <number></number></number></number></subtest_name></pre>	Faulty or missing external loopback connector	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
		Correct ecpp driver not installed	
		Faulty ecpp device or motherboard hardware	
		System software problem	
8009	<pre>Could not set correct port type, expected = <number> (<device_name>), observed = <number>, device = <device_name></device_name></number></device_name></number></pre>	Correct ecpp driver not installed	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
		System software problem	
		Faulty ecpp device or motherboard hardware	
8010	<pre><subtest_name>: Failed to allocate <number> bytes of memory, error = <error_message></error_message></number></subtest_name></pre>	System resources temporarily not available, try again	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
		Correct ecpp driver not installed	
		Faulty ecpp device or motherboard hardware	
		System software problem	

 TABLE 9-5
 disktest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
8011	<pre><subtest_name>: Write() failed, device = <device_name>, error =</device_name></subtest_name></pre>	Correct ecpp driver not installed	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
	<pre><error_message></error_message></pre>	Faulty ecpp device or motherboard hardware	
		System software problem	
8012	<pre><subtest_name>: Write count is wrong, expected = <number>,</number></subtest_name></pre>	Correct ecpp driver not installed	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
	observed = <number></number>	Faulty ecpp device or motherboard hardware	
		System software problem	
8013	<pre><subtest_name>: Data miscompare, expected = <number>, observed =</number></subtest_name></pre>	Correct ecpp driver not installed	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
	<pre><number>, xor = <number>, offset = <number></number></number></number></pre>	Faulty ecpp device or motherboard hardware	
	(IIIIII)CI /	System software problem	
8014	<pre><device_name>: Device busy</device_name></pre>	Another process is using the device	Make sure no other process is using the device.
		Someone is printing with the device	Make sure no one is printing to the device.
		Faulty ecpp device or motherboard hardware	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
		System software problem	
8015	Bad state for device <name>, expected mode = <number>, observed mode = <number></number></number></name>		
8016	<pre>ecpp device busy: device <name>, expected mode = <number>, observed mode = <number></number></number></name></pre>		
8017	Paper out: device <name>, expected mode = <number>, observed mode = <number></number></number></name>		

 TABLE 9-5
 disktest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
8018	Printer offline: device <name>, expected mode = <number>, observed mode = <number></number></number></name>		
8019	Printer error: device <name>, expected mode = <number>, observed mode = <number></number></number></name>		
8020	Printer unplugged: device <name>, expected mode = <number>, observed mode = <number></number></number></name>		
8021	Unrecognized printer error: device <name>, expected mode = <number>, observed mode = <number></number></number></name>		

Sun Enterprise Network Array Test (enatest)

enatest tests the Sun Enterprise Network Array. The Sun Enterprise Network Array is a high availability mass storage subsystem consisting of:

- SCSI fibre channel protocol host adapters with dual 100 Megabyte FC-AL ports.
- Disk enclosure capable of supporting up to 22 1-inch drives or 14 1.6-inch drives. Facility for display and control of the configuration is provided through a front panel display module.
- Up to two interface boards in the enclosure, which provide FC-AL connections to the enclosure and also provide status information and control of the conditions within the enclosure.
- Other FRUs within the enclosure include power supply units, fan trays and backplane.

enatest can be used for validation, configuration verification, repair verification and fault isolation.

The enatest probe detects all the Sun Enterprise Network Array enclosures connected to the host and collects relevant configuration information. FIGURE 10-1 displays the test parameters associated with enatest. See TABLE 10-1 for a sample of the configuration information that is displayed.

TABLE 10-1 enatest Coverage

Test Coverage	Description
Host Connections	Searches for all the active and inactive connections between the host and the enclosure and reports the number of existing active connections. If the VERBOSE mode is enabled, the socal port on the host side and the GBIC port on the enclosure side is reported for each active connection. The test also diagnoses any inactive connection(s) and reports the possible causes for the failure. The test will fail if there are one or more inactive connections. Please see section on "Fault Isolation Capability" for more information.

Sample Output:

SUNWvts.enatest.1010 06/05/97 13:48:53 enatest ses0 VERBOSE:

"MYBOX: Lower-Right GBIC connected to host via /devices/sbus@1f,0/SUNW,socal@0,0:1" SUNWvts.enatest.1006 06/05/97 13:48:53 enatest ses0 VERBOSE:

"MYBOX: Interface Board (Bottom one in the enclosure) detected to be installed and OK"

SUNWvts.enatest.6023 06/05/97 13:48:53 enatest ses0

ERROR: "MYBOX: Cannot communicate with the enclosure via

/devices/sbus@1f,0/SUNW,socal@0,0:0; possibly connected to Lower-Left

GBIC in the enclosure"

Probable_Cause(s):

- (1) Signal too low at the GBIC module in the enclosure
- (2) Faulty cable or cable disconnected
- (3) Faulty GBIC module on the host side

Recommended_Action(s):

- (1)Ensure the cables are properly connected
- (2)Please contact your service representative

SUNWvts.enatest.2006 06/05/97 13:48:53 enatest ses0 INFO:

"MYBOX: Number of connections to the host: 1"

Disk Access	Each disk is accessed through each active connection leading upto that disk. The access consists of opening partition 2 on the disk and reading 512 bytes of raw data. If there are any failures the test tries to isolate the fault to either an enclosure element, the cable, the host adapter card or the OE module on the host adapter. Please see the section on "Fault Isolation Capability" for more information.

 $\textbf{TABLE 10-1} \quad \texttt{enatest } Coverage$

Test Coverage	Description
Enclosure Status	The status of the enclosure is obtained by querying the SCSI Enclosure Services (SES) device in the enclosure. Detailed information regarding the status of the elements within the enclosure is reported. The test fails if a critical condition is detected in the enclosure. The following information is reported. See TABLE 10-2.

TABLE 10-2 Element Enclosure Status

Enclosure Element	Information
Disk	Fault Sensed: Yes/No Status of ports A and B: Connected or Bypassed
Power Supply	Status: ON/OFF Temperature: OK/Critical Overtemp/Abnormal AC Input: OK/Not OK DC Output: OK/Not OK
Fan	Status: On/Off Speed: High/Low/Stopped
Backplane	Status: OK/Failed Status of ports A and B: Connected/Bypassed
Interface Board	Temperature: OK/Critical Overtemp Loop A status: OK/Failed Loop B status: OK/Failed
GBIC	Status: Disabled/Enabled Signal Level: OK/Too low Transmitter: OK/Failed

enatest Options

sesO(enatest) Test Parameter Options
Configuration:
Product: Sun Enterprise Network Array
Interface Board Firmware rev: 0.15
DISKS(Front):2 Installed
0: Installed
1: Not Installed
2: Not Installed
3: Not Installed
4: Not Installed
5: Not Installed
6: Installed DISKS(Rear):2 Installed
0: Installed
1: Not Installed
2: Not installed
3: Not Installed
4: Not Installed
5: Not Installed
6: Installed
Interface Boards: 1 Installed
Top: Not Installed
Bottom: Installed
GBIC Modules:Installed on Right;Installed on Left
Power Supplies: 3 Installed
Front: 2 Installed; Rear: 1 Installed
Fans: 2 Installed Front: Installed: Rear: Installed
Loop Configuration: Single Loop
Loop Configuration, Single Loop
Options:
Disk Access: • enable disable
Display Enclosure Status: • enable disable
Enclosure Services Functional Test:)enable (@ disable
Bound to:
Processor Affinity: Processor 0
Processor 1
11000001
-
Apply Reset Cancel

FIGURE 10-1 enatest Options

TABLE 10-3 enatest Options

enatest Options	Description
Enclosure Services Functional Test	Certain control operations are performed on devices in the enclosure through the SES device and verified that the operation was performed successfuly. This functional test involves the following steps: (a) Perform control operation. (b) Verify control operation was successful. (c) Restore state to what it was before (a). (d) Verify restore operation was successful. The test will fail if any one of the above steps fails.
	This test targets the Disks and the Fans in the enclosure.
Enclosure Services Disk Test	 (a) Control Operation: Each port of the disk is toggled from its original state: a port that was originally connected will be bypassed and vice-versa. (b) Verify Control Operation: This is done in two ways. First, the new status of the disk ports is verified by reading the status through the SES device. The test will fail if the status read back does not reflect the change. Next, disk access is attempted through the port(s) that was/were originally connected but has/have now been bypassed. The test will fail if the access attempt is successful. (c) Restore State: The port states are restored to what they were before the Control Operation. (d) Verify Restore Operation: This is done in two ways. First the status of the disk ports is verified by reading the status through the SES device. The test will fail if the status read back does not reflect the change. Next, disk access is attempted through the port(s) that has/have been reconnected. The test will fail if the access attempt is unsuccessful.

TABLE 10-3 enatest Options

enatest Options	Description
Enclosure Services Fan Test	 (a) Control Operation: The speed of each fan is toggled. Possible speeds are HIGH and LOW. (b) Verify Control Operation: The status is read back through the SES device and the speeds are compared. Failure to vary the speed in this case will only result in an INFO message indicating that the fan speed could not be changed but not result in a test failure. This is because SES can ignore fan speed change requests if required because of existing ambient temperature conditions. (c) Restore State: Restore the fan speed to the original speed. (d) Verify Restore Operation: This is similar to the Verify Control Operation step above.

Fault Isolation Capability

In the case of a failure the test does fault isolation and reports the possible cause(s) of failure. The fault isolation capability varies depending on the nature of the fault and the system configuration. enatest can detect and isolate hard faults. The following table shows the fault isolation capability for different configurations. A "Yes" indicates that fault isolation capability is available for that component in that configuration and a "No" indicates lack of fault isolation capability for that component in that configuration.

TABLE 10-4 enatest Fault Isolation Configurations

		222	Host	Enclosure Elements			
Connections to Enclosure	System Architecture	SOC+ Host Adapter	Side GBIC or Cable	Disk	Backplane	IB	GBIC
Multiple	sun4u	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Multiple	sun4d	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
Single	sun4u	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
Single	sun4d	Yes	No	No	No	No	No

enatest Test Modes

TABLE 10-5 enatest Test Modes

Test Mode	Description
Connection Test	In this mode the host connections and the status of the enclosure are checked. The test fails if there are any broken connections or if a critical enclosure condition is detected. Non-critical conditions result in a warning. A sample of the output is below:

Connection test starting....

ses0

Status: Connected

Enclosure:

Product Name=Sun Enterprise Network Array,

Enclosure Name=MYBOX,

Host Connections:

Number of Active Connections=2,

Enclosure State:

Critical Conditions=None, Non-Critical Conditions=None

Connection test complete

Functional	When Invoked Through Symon: The Enclosure Services Functional Test is not allowed and the "Disk Access" option is disabled by default. When Invoked Through Regular SunVTS GUI: All the options are allowed in this mode.

enatest Command Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/enatest standard_arguments -o dev=device_name,disk_access=enable | disable, disks=disk1:disk2:disk3:...diskn disp=enable | disable, esfunc=enable | disable,

TABLE 10-6 enatest Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation	
dev	This is the name of a ses device in the enclosure.	
disk	The disks will be accessed only if this option is enabled.	
disks	This argument consists of a ":" seperated list of disks contained within this enclosure, that the test will attempt to access if the disks_access option is enabled. If this option is absent the test will access all the disks that it can find in the enclosure.	
disp	Detailed status information regarding the enclosure elements will be displayed only if this option is enabled.	
esfunc	The Enclosure Services Functional Test will be performed only if this option is enabled.	

enatest Error Messages

TABLE 10-7 describes the enatest error messages, probable causes, and recommended actions.

TABLE 10-7 enatest Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6000	<pre><enclosure_name>: Unable to access disk <diskname> (<enclosure name="">, <front rear="" ="">, Slot)</front></enclosure></diskname></enclosure_name></pre>	Bad disk	Contact your Sun service representative
6001	Unable to access any disk through host adapter: <host adapter="" device<="" td=""><td>Bad host adapter</td><td>Run SunVTS socaltest on the host adapter</td></host>	Bad host adapter	Run SunVTS socaltest on the host adapter

 TABLE 10-7
 enatest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6003	<pre><enclosure_name>: Unable to access disk <diskname> (<enclosure name="">, <front rear="" ="">, Slot) through <host adapter="" device="" name="">. This disk is still accessible through other path(s)</host></front></enclosure></diskname></enclosure_name></pre>	<port <a="" b="" =""> of the disk faulty></port>	Contact your Sun service representative
6004	<pre><enclosure_name>: Failed to determine the location of disk <diskname></diskname></enclosure_name></pre>	Invalid device name	Contact your Sun service representative
6005	<pre><enclosure_name>: Could not access < diskname> (<enclosure_name>,</enclosure_name></enclosure_name></pre>	Host adapter faulty	Contact your Sun service representative
6006	<pre><enclosure_name>: Disk <diskname> cannot be accessed through <host adapter="" device="" name=""></host></diskname></enclosure_name></pre>	Critical failure in the Interface Board (in the enclosure) through which this disk is accessed	Contact your Sun service representative
6007	<pre><enclosure_name>: Disk <diskname> cannot be accessed through <host adapter="" device="" name=""></host></diskname></enclosure_name></pre>	Interface Board (in the enclosure) through which this disk is accessed is not installed	
6008	<pre><enclosure_name>: Disk <diskname> cannot be accessed through <host adapter="" device="" name=""></host></diskname></enclosure_name></pre>	<critical (transmitter<br="" failure="">fault) in the GBIC module (in the enclosure) through which this disk is accessed></critical>	Contact your Sun service representative
6009	<pre><enclosure_name>: Disk <diskname> cannot be accessed through <host adapter="" device<="" pre=""></host></diskname></enclosure_name></pre>	Loss of light at the GBIC module (in the enclosure) through which this disk is accessed	Contact your Sun service representative
	name>	Faulty cable	_
		Faulty GBIC module on the host side	
5013	<pre><enclosure_name>: Could not access <diskname></diskname></enclosure_name></pre>	Faulty GBIC module on host side	
	<pre>(<enclosure name="">, <front rear>, Slot) through <host adapter="" device="" name=""></host></front rear></enclosure></pre>	Bad cable connection	_

 TABLE 10-7
 enatest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6014	<enclosure_name>: Could not</enclosure_name>	Faulty Host Adapter	_
	access <diskname> (<enclosure name="">, <front rear="" ="">, Slot)</front></enclosure></diskname>	Faulty GBIC on host side	
	through <host adapter="" device="" name=""></host>	Faulty cable	
6015	<pre><enclosure_name>: Could not access <diskname> through <host adapter="" device="" name=""></host></diskname></enclosure_name></pre>	Disk not installed	
6016	<pre><enclosure_name>: Could not access <diskname> through <host adapter="" device="" name=""></host></diskname></enclosure_name></pre>	Disk detected to be installed, but may be bypassed or powered off	
6017	<pre><enclosure_name>: Disk <diskname> cannot be accessed through <host adapter="" device="" name=""></host></diskname></enclosure_name></pre>	Critical failure in the enclosure backplane through which this disk is accessed	Contact your Sun service representative
6018	<pre><enclosure_name>: Disk <diskname> cannot be accessed through <host adapter="" device="" name=""></host></diskname></enclosure_name></pre>	Enclosure backplane through which this disk is accessed is not installed	
6019	<pre><enclosure_name>: Disk <diskname> cannot be accessed through <host adapter="" device="" name=""></host></diskname></enclosure_name></pre>	GBIC module (in the enclosure) through which this disk is accessed is not installed	
6020	<pre><enclosure_name>: Cannot communicate with the enclosure via <host adapter="" device="" name=""></host></enclosure_name></pre>	Critical failure in the Interface Board (top/bottom one in enclosure).	Contact your Sun service representative
6021	<pre><enclosure_name>: Cannot communicate with the enclosure via <host adapter="" device="" name=""></host></enclosure_name></pre>	Interface board (top or bottom) is not installed in the enclosure	
6022	<pre><enclosure_name>: Cannot communicate with the enclosure via <host adapter="" device="" name="">; possibly connected to <location> GBIC in the enclosure</location></host></enclosure_name></pre>	Critical failure (transmitter fault in the GBIC module in the enclosure)	Contact your Sun service representative

 TABLE 10-7
 enatest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action	
6023	<pre><enclosure_name>: Cannot communicate with the</enclosure_name></pre>	Signal level too low at the GBIC module in the enclosure	Ensure the cables are properly connected. Contact your Sun	
	<pre>_enclosure via <host adapter="" device="" name="">; _possibly connected to</host></pre>	Faulty cable or cable disconnected	service representative.	
	<pre><location> GBIC in the enclosure</location></pre>	Faulty GBIC module on the host side	_	
6024	<pre><enclosure_name>: Cannot communicate with the enclosure via <host adapter="" device="" name=""></host></enclosure_name></pre>	GBIC module (<location>) is not installed in the enclosure</location>		
6026	<pre><enclosure_name>: Failed to <restore toggle> disk (<front rear>, slot <slot_number>) state. Expected: Port A: <bypassed connected>; Port B: <bypassed connected>; Observed: Port A: <bypassed connected>; Port B: <bypassed connected>;</bypassed connected></bypassed connected></bypassed connected></bypassed connected></slot_number></front rear></restore toggle></enclosure_name></pre>	Error in Enclosure Services or Enclosure Element	Contact your Sun service representative	
6027	<pre><enclosure_name>: Unable to access disk <diskname> (<front rear> slot <slot_number>) through port <a b> even after bringing the port online</a b></slot_number></front rear></diskname></enclosure_name></pre>	Error in Enclosure Services or Enclosure Element	Contact your Sun service representative	
6028	<pre><enclosure_name>: Disk access succeeded for <diskname> (<front rear> slot <slot_number>) through port <a b> even after requesting that the port be bypassed</a b></slot_number></front rear></diskname></enclosure_name></pre>	Error in Enclosure Services or Enclosure Element	Contact your Sun service representative	

 TABLE 10-7
 enatest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6035	<pre><enclosure_name>: Cannot access enclosure through <host adapter="" device="" name=""></host></enclosure_name></pre>	Critical GBIC failure in the enclosure; <location> GBIC: <disabled enabled="" =""> Signal: <signal_level>; Transmitter: <failed ok="" ="">; <location> GBIC: <disabled enabled="" =""> Signal: <signal_level>; Transmitter: <failed ok="" =""></failed></signal_level></disabled></location></failed></signal_level></disabled></location>	Contact your Sun service representative
6036	<pre><enclosure_name>: Critical condition detected in enclosure!</enclosure_name></pre>		Run this test in 'Functional' mode for moreinformation. Contact your Sun service representative
8001	Could'nt determine the host adapter through which <diskname>is being accessed</diskname>	Software error	Contact your Sun service representative
8003	Internal error	Software error in test	Contact your Sun service representative
		system error message	
8004	<pre><enclosure_name>: Could not communicate with enclosure via <host adapter="" device="" name=""></host></enclosure_name></pre>	Bad connection	Ensure the cables are properly connected. Contact your Sun service representative.
8005	Could not communicate with the enclosure	Faulty connection	Ensure the cables are properly connected. Run SunVTS socaltest to verify the host adapter. Contact your Sun service representative.

CHAPTER 11

Environmental Test (envtest)

envtest exercises the I2C bus on the Ultra™ 4, Ultra Enterprise™ 200, and Ultra Enterprise 400 product lines. Five subtests are in envtest to test and report on the power supply status, system temperature status, fan speed, disk LEDs, and front panel and keyswitch. envtest is not scalable.

envtest Options

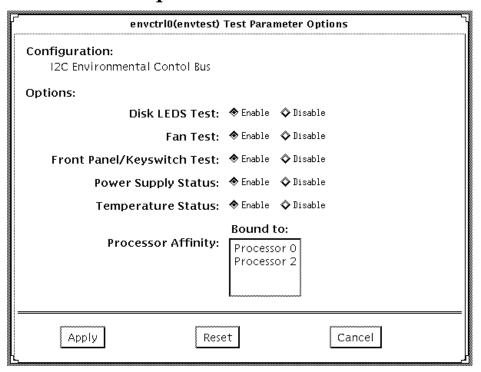


FIGURE 11-1 envtest Options Menu

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{TABLE 11-1} & \textbf{envtest Options} \\ \end{tabular}$

envtest Options	Description
Disk LEDs Test	Illuminates each LED on the disk backplane(s) to green, then amber, and then back to its original state. The test then illuminates <i>all</i> disk LEDs to green, then amber, and then back to their original state. This test is only enabled in Functional test.
Fan Test	Cycles each fanbank speed to low, medium, and high, then verifies the correct speed. Next, each fanbank is stopped, one at a time. The test then verifies that a fan fault has occurred. Next, the watchdog timer is invoked to simulate a catastrophic failure. The test verifies that the system set all fanbanks to high and then resets the fan speed to normal. This test is only enabled in Functional test.
Front Panel and Keyswitch Test	Flashes each individual LED on the front panel to ON (green or amber), then OFF, and then back to its original state. The test then illuminates all front panel LEDs then sets them back to their original state. The power on LED is Read Only and will not be cycled. The test then displays the current keyswitch position. This test is only enabled in Functional test.
Power Supply Status	Identifies the number of power supplies that are in the system, the state of each power supply, and verifies that the power supply temperatures are within normal operating parameters. This test is enabled in all modes.
Temperature Status	Identifies the current temperature of each CPU in the system, the ambient temperature of the system, and verifies that all temperatures are within normal operating parameters. This test is enabled in all modes.

envtest Test Modes

envtest supports Connection and Functional tests.

TABLE 11-2 envtest Test Modes

Test Mode	Description
Connection Test	Reports the status of the power supplies, the temperature sensors within the system, and verifies normal operating parameters
Functional Test	Tests the disk back panel, front panel LEDs, and fan control circuitry. Also uses the same functionality as Online mode and connection test
	If you invoke SunVTS through SyMON, the following Functional Test description applies: Uses the same functionality as connection test (above)

envtest Command Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/envtest [standard arguments] [-o
dev=device name,diskleds=E/D,fans=E/D,fpanel=E/D,
psupply=E/D,temp=E/D

TABLE 11-3 envtest Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation
dev=raw_device_name	Specifies the name of the raw device to test
diskleds=enable disable	Enables or disables diskleds test
fans=enable disable	Enables or disables fans test
fpanel=enable disable	Enables or disables front panel test
psupply=enable disable	Enables or disables power supply test
temp=enable disable	Enables or disables temperature test

envtest Error Messages

Table 11-4 envtest Error Messages

Error N	Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action	
8000	Unable to open driver <pre><driver name="">: <sys< pre=""></sys<></driver></pre>	Device name is wrong or driver is not loaded	Check the device name (if entered) or load driver.	
	error msg>	Device busy	Kill all other processes accessing driver.	
8001	kstat_open failed	No kernel resource available	Consult/var/adm/messages file	
		System software error	for more information.	
8002	kstat_lookup failed for <envtest< td=""><td>envtest module not found</td><td>Check revision and reload envctrl driver.</td></envtest<>	envtest module not found	Check revision and reload envctrl driver.	
	structure> in <kstat< td=""><td>No kernel resource available</td><td>Consult /var/adm/messages file</td></kstat<>	No kernel resource available	Consult /var/adm/messages file	
	module>	System software error	for more information.	
8003	kstat_read failed <envtest structure=""> in <kstat module=""></kstat></envtest>	envtest module not found	Check revision /reload envctrl driver.	
		No kernel resource available	Consult the /var/adm/messages file for more information.	
		System software error		
8004	Unable to close kstat	No kernel resource available	Consult the /var/adm/message file for more information.	
		System software error		
8005	Unable to set mode to DIAG using ioctl.: <sys error="" msg=""></sys>	System software error	Consult the /var/adm/messages file for more information.	
8006	Unable to set disk LEDs: <sys error="" msg=""></sys>	System software error	Consult the /var/adm/messages file for more information.	
8007	Unable to get disk LEDs: <sys error="" msg=""></sys>	System software error	Consult the /var/adm/messages file for more information.	
8008	Unable to set <fan type=""> fan speed to <speed>: <sys error="" msg=""></sys></speed></fan>	Fan hardware failure	Manually check the fan speed and replace the fan.	
		System software error	Consult the /var/adm/messages file for more information.	
8009	Unable to get <fan type> fan speed: <sys error msg></sys </fan 	System software error	Consult the /var/adm/messages file for more information.	

Table 11-4 envtest Error Messages (Continued)

Error N	Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action	
8010	<pre><fan type=""> fan speed <speed> out of range</speed></fan></pre>	Fan hardware failure	Manually check the fan speed and replace the fan.	
		System software error	Consult the /var/adm/messages file for more information.	
8011	Forced fan fault did	Hardware failure	Replace the hardware.	
	not occur for <fan type> fanbank</fan 	System software error	Consult the /var/adm/messages file for more information.	
8012	Forced fan fault did	Hardware failure	Replace the hardware.	
	not clear for <fan type> fanbank</fan 	System over temperature	Consult the /var/adm/messages	
	cype, rambaini	System software error	file for more information.	
8013	Unable to set	Hardware failure	Replace the hardware.	
	watchdog timer	System software error	Consult the /var/adm/messages file for more information.	
8014	Unable to set temperature to <temperature></temperature>	System software error	Consult the /var/adm/messages file for more information.	
8015	Power Supply <supply> has failed: Limit <0=PASS 1=FAIL> Current Share <0=PASS 1=FAIL> Temperature <temperature></temperature></supply>	Power supply hardware failure	Replace the power supply.	
8016	Unable to allocate memory using malloc. : <sys error="" msg=""></sys>	System software error	Consult the /var/adm/messages file for more information.	
8017	Unable to set mode to NORMAL using ioctl. : <sys error="" msg=""></sys>	System software error	Consult the /var/adm/messages file for more information.	
8018	Error encountered during call to <function name=""></function>			
8019	Unable to set front panel LEDs using ioctl.: <sys error="" msg=""></sys>	System software error	Consult the /var/adm/messages file for more information.	

Table 11-4 envtest Error Messages (Continued)

Error Message		Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action	
8020	Unable to reset front panel LEDs to original state	System software error	Consult the /var/adm/messages file for more information.	
8021	Unable to set front panel LEDs to <led mask=""></led>	System software error	Consult the /var/adm/messages file for more information.	
8022	Ambient temperature <temperature> Celsius out of range</temperature>	envctrl hardware error		
8023	CPU <cpu #=""> temperature <temperature> Celsius out of range</temperature></cpu>	envctrl hardware error		
8024	Data Miscompare:	envctrl hardware error		
	<pre>ioctl diskled mask = <diskled mask=""> kstat diskled mask = <diskled mask=""></diskled></diskled></pre>	System software error	Consult the /var/adm/messages file for more information.	
8025	Illegal options passed to envtest <option></option>	User error	Check usage by typing envtest -u.	
8026	Unable to retrieve power supply information.	I2C hardware failure	Replace power supply.	
		I2C bus wedged	Check for other I2C devices that may be corrupting the I2C bus.	
8027	Power Supply Over Temperature: PS Slot <slot> PS Temperature <temperature>.</temperature></slot>	Bad Power Supply	Replace Power Supply.	

Frame Buffer Test (fbtest)

fbtest is a generic test for all dumb frame buffers used with the Solaris 2.x software.

The fbtest checks the frame buffer by sequentially writing, reading, and verifying small blocks of random patterns across the entire video RAM. The block size is 64 x 64 pixels. If a miscompare occurs, the test stops with an error message that indicates the location of the error.

If a generic frame buffer device name (dvc/fb) is specified, fbtest automatically detects the depth of the frame buffer, and adjusts testing to the frame buffer size.

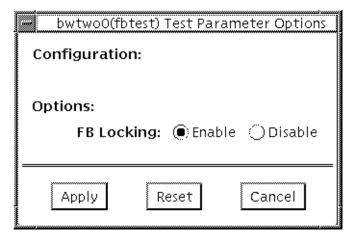


FIGURE 12-1 fbtest Option Menu

Note — To start SunVTS with vtsui, but without vtsk, you must add the host name to xhost as: xhost + <hostname>.

fbtest Command Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/fbtest -o dev= $device_name$ lock=E(nable)/D(isable) $standard_arguments$

TABLE 12-1 fbtest Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation
dev=device_name	Specifies which frame buffer to be tested.
lock=E(nable)/ D(isable)	Enables or disables the window system locking option. See the section about Testing Multiple Frame Buffers in the <i>SunVTS 2.1 User's Guide</i> for details. Frame buffer locking is enabled by default on the window server running the OpenWindows software.

fbtest Test Modes

Due to the nature of graphic tests, reading from or writing to the frame buffer during graphic tests disturbs user operation. This test is only available in Functional test.

fbtest Error Messages

TABLE 12-2 fbtest Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6000	Data compare error	FB lock is disabled.	Enable FB lock.
		Bad frame buffer .	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6001	Video memory error at	FB lock is disabled. Enable FB lock.	Enable FB lock.
	<pre><address>, expected: <number>, observed: <number></number></number></address></pre>	Bad frame buffer.	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.

 TABLE 12-2
 fbtest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6002	Unable to lock frame buffer	FB lock was enabled while Windowsystem was not running.	
8000	can't acquire console semaphore	System load is too heavy	Reduce the system load.
		System error	If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
8001	Parameter error - Improper test parameters supplied	fbtest can only run in Functional test	
8002	Device name missing!	Parameter error	Must provide device name
8003	<pre>Create_Raster() failed for <name></name></pre>	Parameter error	
		No such device	
8004	Create_Raster() failed for type RAS_CHILD	Operator error	Check test options, mode and retry, if appropriate.
		Software error	Contact your Sun service provider.
8005	Malloc failed	System load too heavy	Reduce the system load
		System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.

Fast Frame Buffer Test (ffbtest)

ffbtest can detect and adapt to the video modes of single- and double-buffer versions of the fast frame buffer (FFB). Instead of only running in one standard graphics mode, all tests can run in any mode. In stereo mode, all tests write into the right and left eyes unless you specify otherwise.

You can interrupt ffbtest using Control-C. Turn off all other keyboard input if OPEN LOOK is running on the unit being tested.

Test accuracy is checked using a checksum algorithm. Possible locations of failing pixels are colored chartreuse to help visually identify their position.



Caution – Do not run any other application or screen saver program that uses the FFB accelerator port while running ffbtest. This combination causes SunVTS to return incorrect errors.

Note – Disable all screen savers before testing any graphics device. Type **xset** s **off** at a UNIX prompt to disable the Solaris screen saver.

To start SunVTS with vtsui, but without vtsk, you must add the host name to xhost as: xhost + <hostname>.

Note – ffbtest requires approximately 2 Mbytes of disk space in the /tmp directory to extract its working files. If this space is not available, the diagnostic will fail and report warning and error messages, indicating a lack of disk space.

ffbtest Options

By default, all tests are enabled.

. − μ	Fast FB
Options :	
3DRAM:	Enable Disable
3DRAM Logic:	Enable Disable
RAMDAC:	Enable Disable
Rendering Pipeline:	Enable Disable
Fast Fill/Vertical Scroll:	Enable Disable
Pixel Processor:	Enable Disable
Picking:	Enable Disable
Arbitration:	Enable Disable
Stereo:	Enable Disable
Subtest Repeat:	1 <u>.</u> 1 🗀 99
Test Loop Repeat:	<u>1</u> 1 🗀 99
Pattern:	∇ Random
(Reset) (A	apply)

FIGURE 13-1 ffbtest Option Menu

TABLE 13-1 ffbtest Options

ffbtest Options	Description
3DRAM Test	3DRAM thoroughly tests the video memory in the FFB using 512-bit reads and writes. 3DRAM makes a full screen pass, consisting of a write and a read to each pixel location, for each access mode on the list below. The data used can be either random or specified by the user at the command line. A second pass is made with the one's complement of the data used in the first pass so that each memory location is tested with both a zero and a one. Notice that some passes are skipped on the single-buffered FFB.
	Errors in this subtest are attributes to the 3DRAM. A failing chip is indicated by (x, y) locations and device-specific "U" numbers.
	DFB8R, DFB8G, DFB8B, DFB8X - Buffer A DFB24 - Buffer A DFB32 - Buffer A SFB8R, SFB8G, SFB8B, SFB8X - Buffer A SFB8R, SFB8G, SFB8B, SFB8X - Buffer B (double buffer only) SFB32 - Buffer A SFB32 - Buffer B (double buffer only) SFB32 - Buffer C (double buffer only) SFB34 - Buffers A and C (double buffer only) SFB64 - Buffers B and C (double buffer only)
3DRAM Logic Test	3DRAM Logic provides logical functionality to the FFB. The following services are tested:
	Compare Controls - Match AB Compare Controls - Magnitude AB Compare Controls - Match C (double buffer only) Compare Controls - Magnitude C (double buffer only) Match Mask - AB Magnitude Mask - AB Match Mask - C (double buffer only) Magnitude Mask - C (double buffer only) Raster Operations - RGB Raster Operations - X Raster Operations - YZ (double buffer only) Plane Mask - RGB Plane Mask - RGB Plane Mask - X Plane Mask - Z Group Enable - R, G, B, X Group Enable - Y, Z (double buffer only)

 TABLE 13-1
 ffbtest Options (Continued)

ffbtest Options	Description
3DRAM Logic Test (Continued)	Each function is tested separately with a series of SFB64 writes. A total of 16 writes are made for each different test case with Y coordinate values varying from 0 to 30 in increments of 2 pixels. This dotted column organization provides page thrashing and block flashing in all screen resolutions. For each operation all possible combinations are tested. For example, in ROP RGB new==old there are three possible values are: new < old, new == old, and new > old. Each of these cases are tested.
	Five passes of the functions are made. Each pass writes into a different FFB address space: SFB32-A, SFB32-B, SFB32-C, SFB64-AC, and SFB64-BC. Note that the passes that write into the SFB32 address spaces are writing two pixels at a time because the tests use SFB64 writes.
	Care is taken to ensure that all 3DRAM chips are tested. Errors in this subtest are attributed to the 3DRAM.
RAMDAC Test	RAMDAC registers are tested using simple read/write patterns to determine if there are any bad bits. This includes all LUTs. ffbtest ensures that data is actually being read from the RAMDAC and not being supplied by the driver. Next, the RAMDAC Signature Register captures the pixels going to the screen. This test determines that all of the different data paths within the RAMDAC are functioning properly.
	The following modes are tested:
	24-bit true color from A 24-bit true linear color from A 24-bit direct color from A 24-bit true color from B (double buffer only) 24-bit true linear color from B 24-bit direct color from B (double buffer only) 8-bit pseudo color (from each plane in RGB) from A 8-bit pseudo color (from each plane in RGB) from B (double buffer only) 8-bit non-linear grayscale (from each plane in RGB) from A 8-bit non-linear grayscale (from each plane in RGB) from B (double buffer only) 8-bit linear grayscale (from each plane in XRGB) from A 8-bit linear grayscale (from each plane in XRGB) from A 8-bit linear grayscale (from each plane in XRGB) from B (double buffer only) 8-bit overlay pseudo color (from buffer A, X plane)

 TABLE 13-1
 ffbtest Options (Continued)

ffbtest Options	Description
RAMDAC Test (Continued)	A total of 11 different types of windows are displayed on the screen for the single-buffered configuration; 22 for double-buffered. A cursor is also displayed on the screen.
	Errors in this test are attributed to the RAMDAC.
Rendering Pipeline Test	Rendering Pipeline uses the rendering pipeline tests developed for the FFB stand-alone diagnostics.
	Each primitive is tested thoroughly with the following sources and configurations:
	Dots Anti-aliased dots Lines using all four line drawing primitives Triangles Polygons Rectangles Fonts
	Errors in this test are attributed to the FBC.
Fast Fill/Vertical Scroll Test	Fast Fill/Vertical Scrol primitives are separated from the Rendering Pipeline tests because of their dependence on screen type. There are three different tests, one for each screen type. Each test uses both block and page mode fast_fills. Errors in this test are attributed to the FBC.
Pixel Process Test	Pixel Processor, a subtest, exercises the following options selected by the FFB's Pixel Processor Control (PPC) register.
	Auxiliary clipping (additive and subtractive) Depth cueing Alpha blend Viewport clip (2D and 3D) Area pattern (transparent and opaque)
	Errors in this test are attributed to the FBC.
Picking Test	Picking exercises the pick detect login of the 3DRAM. We define a pick detect window and make sure that writes to the window are picked, and writes outside the window are not picked. The test is repeated once for each 3DRAM.

 TABLE 13-1
 ffbtest Options (Continued)

ffbtest Options	Description
Arbitration Test	Arbitration, a subtest, continuously renders an object into the accelerator port while doing reads and writes through the direct port. For single buffered configuration, picture is rendered into the RGB planes while another process does DFB reads and writes in the X plane. For doubled buffered, a picture is rendered into all 32 planes of the B buffer while the other does 32-bit DFB reads and writes in the A plane. This subtest simulates conditions in the read world, where rendering processes and windows operations run concurrently.
	Errors in this test are attributed to the FBC.
Stereo Test	Stereo displays an object in stereo mode with different images for the right and left eye. The user can verify proper operation by looking at the screen with stereo glasses and following the instructions being displayed. If the monitor type is not 1280x1024 @ 76MHz, this test prints a warning message and does not execute. To prevent this message from being displayed or written to the SunVTS information log, disable the stereo test in the test option menu. Only Sony P4 and N2 monitors support stereo resolutions. This test temporarily switches the monitor into stereo mode, renders a stereo image, performs a signature analysis on the stereo image (using the RAMDAC signature capture register), and after displaying the image for five seconds, restores the monitor to its previous resolution.
	Errors in this test are attributed to the RAMDAC.
	NOTE — If vertical lines are displayed on the console when running SunVTS, this could be caused by the ffbtest stereo test. There is a time-critical period in the FFB hardware when trying to change the screen resolution from standard to stereo and back to standard. When the system is heavily loaded or running all of the SunVTS tests, the FFB device driver may get interrupted while changing screen resolution. If this occurs, FB ASIC and RAMDAC get out of synchronization, resulting in an unusual display on the FFB screen. This problem could also cause a system hang condition.
	To avoid this type of display problem, disable the ffbtest stereo test when other SunVTS tests are enabled.

ffbtest Test Modes

Due to the nature of graphic tests, reading from or writing to the frame buffer during graphic tests will disturb user operation. This test is only available in Functional Test and Stress Mode.

TABLE 13-2 ffbtest Test Modes

Test Mode	Description	
Functional Test	The ffbtest verifies both the single (SFB) and double buffer (DBZ) fast frame buffer boards	
Stress Mode	The Stress mode exercises the device being tested as much as possible. The Random Test generator, constructed as part of the verification effort, is used. Starting from a known seed, random primitives with random attributes are generated. Then the primitives are checked to ensure that they were rendered the same as on a known good system. The test is repeated ten times, with each random picture overlaying the previous one	

ffbtest Command Line Syntax

 $\label{loops} $$ \operatorname{SUNWvts/bin/ffbtest}$ standard_arguments $$ -o $ dev=device_name, $$ = subtest_number, $$ = \#_of_test_loops, $$ B = \#_of_test_loops, $$ P = test_pattern $$$

TABLE 13-3 ffbtest Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation
dev=device_name	<pre>device_name is the full path name of the device being tested; the default is /dev/fbs/ffb0.</pre>

TABLE 13-3 ffbtest Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation (Continued)	
S=subtest_number	subtest_number is the test number of the subtest to be run. Select from the subtests below. You can run multiple subtests by adding the subtest numbers. For example, n=0x3 runs both test 1 and test 2; n=0x180 runs both test 0x080 and test 0x0100. Note that you do not need the leading zeros. n - 0x00001 3DRAM n - 0x00002 3DRAM Logic n - 0x00004 RAMDAC n - 0x00008 Rendering Pipeline n - 0x00010 FastFill/Vertical Scroll n - 0x00020 Pixel Processor n - 0x00040 Picking n - 0x00080 Arbitration n - 0x00100 Stereo More than one test can be selected by ORing subtest numbers. For example: n = 0x00009 means 3DRAM and Rendering Pipeline tests. A hex number must be preceded by 0x,decimal numbers are also acceptable	
F=#_of_subtest_loops	Specifies the number of times to repeat each subtest; default is 1.	
B=#_of_test_loops	Specifies the number of times to repeat a test loop before passing; default is 1.	
P=test_pattern	Specifies the test pattern number. The default is r, for random patterns. You may also choose 0 for 0x00000000, 3 for 0x3333333, 5 for 0x5555555, or 9 for 0x99999999.	

ffbtest Error Messages

Errors returned by ffbtest are nonspecific. It is not possible to determine which component caused a failure. In all error conditions, the field replaceable unit (FRU) is the entire FFB.

TABLE 13-4 ffbtest Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
1	Data compare error		Error messages 1-7 all occur
2	Cannot gain control of mouse: < reason>		during the screen locking procedure where ffbtest is interacting with the X window
3	Cannot gain control of keyboard: <reason></reason>		system. The test only supports FFB devices on display 0 - most
1	DGA error grabbing window on screen < <i>value</i> >		machines only have display with multiple screens, but it is possible to have multiple
5	DGA error getting window from token on screen < <i>value</i> >		displays. Make sure you are using OPEN LOOK windows —from SunSoft - other window
6	No FFB device found on display 0		systems are not supported and
7	There is an inconsistency with the version of the X Window System		may not work.
8	Can't access XWindows - may need to run xhost(1).	The ffbtest process must have write access to the X Windows display on the FFB. To grant access, run 'xhost +'	
9	<pre><test name=""> error: 3DRAM Memory error <plane group=""> Plane at (<x>, <y>) Expected = <value>, actual = <value>, xor = <value>.</value></value></value></y></x></plane></test></pre>	The value written to the frame buffer was not the same as the value read back. This usually indicates a faulty 3DRAM chip. The u-number (FFB board position) of the failing chip is indicated in the error message. This message may be reported by the 3DRAM test or the arbitration test.	

 TABLE 13-4
 ffbtest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
10	<test name="">: Down-revved 3DRAM single bit failure detected <plane group=""> Plane at (<x>,<y>) Expected = <value>, actual = <value>, xor = <value>.</value></value></value></y></x></plane></test>	Early production 3DRAM chips exhibited single-bit read back errors on this test. This warning message indicates that your FFB has one of these chips, and the error was detected. The unumber (FFB board position) of the failing chip is indicated in the error message. This message may be reported by the 3DRAM test or the arbitration test.	
11	<test name=""> error. Miscompares, starting at %s, are colored chartreuse.</test>	The image generated by the test does not match the image generated on a known good FFB. The pixels which are colored chartreuse are where the images don't agree. Because of the checksum algorithm used for image comparison, some of the colored pixels may actually have been correct, but incorrect pixels obscured the comparison.	
12	Installed FFB has downrev RAMDAC - skipping RAMDAC test	Early versions of the FFB RAMDAC chip had faulty signature analysis and therefore could not be used for the RAMDAC test. These chips are not necessarily bad, but they cannot be tested with ffbtest.	
13	Unsupported screen resolution - skipping RAMDAC test	Almost all screen resolutions are supported by the RAMDAC test, but a few are not.	
14	Miscompare found in <red Green Blue> channel of CLUT entry <value>. Expected = <value>, Observed = <value>, XOR = <value></value></value></value></value></red 		

 TABLE 13-4
 ffbtest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
15	Miscompare found in WID LUT entry < <i>value</i> >. Expected = < <i>value</i> >, Observed = < <i>value</i> >, XOR = < <i>value</i> >	The RAMDAC test writes values to each entry of the lookup tables and then reads back the values. These error messages indicate that the readback value was different from the written value. This could indicate a faulty RAMDAC.	
16	RAMDAC test failed. The on- screen image is incorrect	The RAMDAC test puts up squares of data using all of its different output modes. It then gets a "signature" from the RAMDAC, which is a checksum of the pixels actually being written to the screen. This message indicates that the checksum is different from the checksum generated on a known good FFB. This could indicate a faulty RAMDAC.	
17	Picking test error. Got a pick hit with picking disabled	Error messages 17-19 indicate a failure in the picking test. On the FFB, picking is done by the	
18	Picking test error. Got a pick hit outside the picking area	3DRAM chips, so the u-number (FFB board position) of the failing chip is indicated in theerror message.	
19	Picking test error. Should have detected a pick hit		

 TABLE 13-4
 ffbtest Error Messages (Continued)

<u>-</u>	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
Stereo image incorrect	The Stereo test uses the RAMDAC signature analysis feature to verify that the pixels going to the screen are correct. This message indicates a failure of the test, which probably indicates a faulty RAMDAC.	Error messages 20-22 indicate incorrectly installed or corrupted software installation. Try reinstalling SunVTS
Stereo not supported on current monitor type: < <i>value</i> >	Only certain kinds on monitors support Stereo output mode. Only the P4 monitors will work with the ffbtest Stereo test. File not found Could not open file <file name="">.</file>	Reinstall software
Could not open file <i><filename></filename></i> :	Suspect data file corruption	_
Keyword not Found, line <i><value></value></i>		
Out of memory	A call to mailloc(3c) or new() failed	Increase swap space
/usr/bin/tar failed		Check for existence and/or permissions on <i><file name=""></file></i> . Also check for available space in /tmp
/usr/bin/uncompress failed		Error messages 25-35 indicate that there is a permissions problem. You must be root to run ffbtest. These messages may also indicate some other kind of corruption. Try rebooting, and if that fails, reinstall.
fork1(2) failed: <reason></reason>		_
execl(2) failed: <reason></reason>		
sysinfo(2) failed getting hostname. Must be superuser		_
mmap(2) failed: <reason></reason>		_
<pre>munmap(2) failed:</pre>		_
close(2) failed: <reason></reason>		
Close(2) lalled: <leason></leason>		_
	Stereo not supported on current monitor type: <value> Could not open file <filename>: <reason>. Keyword not Found, line <value> Out of memory /usr/bin/tar failed /usr/bin/uncompress failed fork1(2) failed: <reason> execl(2) failed: <reason> sysinfo(2) failed getting hostname. Must be superuser mmap(2) failed: <reason> munmap(2) failed: <reason> munmap(2) failed: <reason></reason></reason></reason></reason></reason></value></reason></filename></value>	RAMDAC signature analysis feature to verify that the pixels going to the screen are correct. This message indicates a failure of the test, which probably indicates a faulty RAMDAC. Stereo not supported on current monitor type: <value> Only certain kinds on monitors support Stereo output mode. Only the P4 monitors will work with the ffbtest Stereo test. File not found Could not open file <file name="">. Could not open file <filename>:</filename></file></value>

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 TABLE 13-4
 ffbtest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
33	signal(2) failed: <reason></reason>		
34	thr_kill(2) failed		
35	<pre>thr_join(2) failed: <reason></reason></pre>		
36	ioctl(2) failed trying to read CLUT		Error messages 36-51 indicate either that the FFB was installed incorrectly or that you do not have permission to use it. Check that the FFB packages were installed correctly and that you have the latest version of the driver patches. Also make sure you are running ffbtest as root.
37	ioctl(2) failed trying to turn on FFB video		_
38	ioctl(2) failed trying to post CLUT		
39	ioctl(2) failed trying to read WID LUT		
40	ioctl(2) failed trying to post WID LUT	A downrev FFB driver or a bad electron board	
41	ioctl(2) failed trying to get RAMDAC signature analysis		_
42	<pre>ioctl(2) failed trying to get current video mode</pre>		
43	ioctl(2) failed trying to set current video mode		_
44	ioctl(2) failed trying to get FFB system info		_
45	ioctl(2) failed trying to go into Diagnostic mode		_
46	ioctl(2) failed trying to read Transparent Overlay registers		

 TABLE 13-4
 ffbtest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
47	ioctl(2) failed trying to post Transparent Overlay registers		
48	ioctl(2) failed trying to post cursor		_
49	<pre>ioctl(2) failed trying to read cursor</pre>		
50	stat(2) failed trying to get info about Device Under Test		
51	stat(2) failed trying to get info about screen 0: <value></value>		_

Floating Point Unit Test

(fputest)

fputest checks the floating point unit on machines with the SPARC-based architecture. fputest performs the following subtests:

Instruction tests:

- FSR Register test
- Registers test
- NACK test
- Move Registers test
- Positive to Negative test
- Negative to Positive test
- Absolute test
- Single Precision Integer to Floating Point test
- Double Precision Integer to Floating Point test
- Single Precision Floating Point to Integer test
- Double Precision Floating Point to Integer test
- Single Precision Round Toward Zero test
- Double Precision Round Toward Zero test
- Single to Double Precision Format Conversion test
- Double to Single Precision Format Conversion test
- Single and Double Precision Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Square-root, Division, and Compare tests
- Single and Double Precision Compare and Exception if Unordered tests
- Branching and no Branching on Condition Instructions tests
- Single and Double Precision Chaining tests
- Weitek Status tests
- Lock test
- Single and Double Precision Datapath tests
- Timing (load) test

Benchmark tests:

- Linpack test
- Cparanoia test
- Cora test
- Kcsqrt test
- Kcdiv test
- Clorenz test
- Cvector test

fputest Options

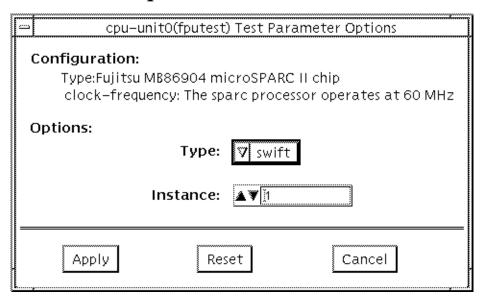


FIGURE 14-1 fputest Option Menu

fputest Test Modes

TABLE 14-1 fputest Test Modes

Test Mode	Description	
Connection Test	In this mode, fputest includes all the instruction tests	
Functional Test	Functional test includes all the Instruction Tests and all the benchmark tests	
	If you invoke SunVTS through SyMON, the following Functional Test description applies: In this mode, fputest includes Linpack test and all the instruction tests	
Stress Mode	When stress mode is selected, several fpu benchmark tests are run	

fputest Command Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/fputest standard_arguments

fputest Error Messages

TABLE 14-2 fputest Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6012	Precision worse than 5 decimal figures	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider
6013	Radix is too big: roundoff problems	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider
6014	Radix is not as good as 2 or 10	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider
6015	(1-U1)-1/2 < 1/2 is FALSE, prog. fails?	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider

 TABLE 14-2
 fputest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6016	X=1 but X-1/2-1/2!= 0	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider
6017	Subtraction is not normalized X=Y,X+Z != Y+Z!	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider
6018	Multiplication lacks a Guard Digit, so 1*X != X	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider
6019	Multiplication gets too many final digits wrong	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6020	Division lacks a Guard Digit	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6021	Division lacks a Guard Digit, so X/1 != X	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6022	Computed value of 1/ 1.0001 >= 1	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6023	Multiplication and/or Division gets too many last digits wrong	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6024	Subtraction lacks Guard Digit, so cancellation is obscured	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6025	X * (1/X) differs from 1	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6026	Radix * (1 / Radix) differs from 1	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6027	Incomplete carry- propagation in Addition	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6028	Square root of 0.0, -0.0 or 1.0 wrong	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6029	sqrt gets too many last digits wrong	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6030	Square root is neither chopped nor correctly rounded	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6031	PseudoZero prints out as: <pre><value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6032	PseudoZero prints out as: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider

 TABLE 14-2
 fputest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6033	Underflow prints out as: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6034	Accuracy deteriorates as numbers approach a threshold = <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6035	Underflow confuses Comparison	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6036	<pre>X = <value> is not equal to Z = <value> yet X - Z yields <value></value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6037	<pre>X = <value> is not equal to Z = <value> yet X - Z yields <value></value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6038	Calculation yields: <value> :This is not between 0 and underflow threshold = <value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6039	Calculation yields: <value> :This is not between 0 and underflow threshold = <value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6040	Calculated <value> for (1 + (<value>) ^ (<value>); differs from correct value by <value></value></value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6041	Calculated <value> for (1 + (<value>) ^ (<value>); differs from correct value by <value></value></value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6042	Overflow(`Z = -Y') test on Y = <value> finds that -(- Y) differs from Y</value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6043	Overflow(`Z = -Y') test on Y = <value> finds that -(- Y) differs from Y</value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6044	Overflow past <value> shrinks to <value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6045	Overflow past <value> shrinks to <value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.

 TABLE 14-2
 fputest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6046	Comparisons involving +- <value>, +-<value>and +- <value> are confused by Overflow</value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module.	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6047	Comparisons involving +- <value>, +-<value>and +- <value> are confused by Overflow</value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6048	A total of <value> floating point exceptions were registered</value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6049	<pre>(<value>) ^ (<value>) yielded <value>; which compared unequal to correct <value>; they differ by <value></value></value></value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6050	<pre>(<value>) ^ (<value>) yielded <value>; which compared unequal to correct <value>; they differ by <value></value></value></value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6051	What prints as Z = <value> compares different from Z * 1 = <value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6052	What prints as Z = <value> compares different from 1 * Z == <value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6053	What prints as Z = <value> compares different from Z / 1 = <value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6054	What prints as Z = <value> compares different from Z * 1 = <value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6055	What prints as Z = <value> compares different from 1 * Z == <value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6056	What prints as Z = <value> compares different from Z / 1 = <value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.

 TABLE 14-2
 fputest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6057	Multiplication does not commute:Comparison alleges that 1 * Z = <value> differs from Z * 1 = <value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6058	Multiplication does not commute:Comparison alleges that 1 * Z = <value> differs from Z * 1 = <value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6059	<pre><subtest_name> test appears to be inconsistent</subtest_name></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6060	Comparison alleges that - 0.0 is Non-zero!	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6061	Disagreements among the values X1, Y1, Z1 respectively <value> <value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6062	Disagreements among the values X1, Y1, Z1 respectively <value>, <value>,</value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6063	Comparison alleges (1-U1) < 1 although subtraction yields (1-U1) - 1 = 0	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6064	Multiplication appears to chop	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6065	Multiplication is neither chopped nor correctly rounded	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6066	Division appears to chop	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6067	Division is neither chopped nor correctly rounded	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6068	Addition/Subtraction appears to be chopped	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists contact your Sun service provider.
6069	Addition/Subtraction neither rounds nor chops	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists contact your Sun service provider.
6070	(X - Y) + (Y - X) is non zero	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists contact your Sun service provider.

 TABLE 14-2
 fputest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6071	Sticky bit used incorrectly or not at all	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6072	X * Y == Y * X trial fails	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider
6073	Sqrt(X) is non-monotonic for X near <value></value>	Faulty CPU module.	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6074	Sqrt(X) is non-monotonic for X near <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6075	Anomalous arithmetic with Integer < Radix^Precision = <value> fails test whether sqrt rounds or chops</value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6076	Anomalous arithmetic with Integer < Radix^Precision = <value> fails test whether sqrt rounds or chops</value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider
6077	Square root appears to be chopped	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6078	<pre>Comparison alleges that Z = <value> is too far from sqrt(Z) ^ 2 (<value>)</value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6079	<pre>Comparison alleges that Z = <value> is too far from sqrt(Z) ^ 2 (<value>)</value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6080	Unbalanced range; UfThold * V = <value> is too far from 1</value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6081	Unbalanced range; UfThold * V = <value> is too far from 1</value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6082	Sqrt(<value>) - <value> = <value> instead of correct value 0</value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6083	Sqrt(<value>) - <value> = <value> instead of correct value 0</value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6084	Similar discrepancies have occurred <value> times</value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.

 TABLE 14-2
 fputest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6085	<pre>X / X traps when X = <value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6086	<pre>X / X traps when X = <value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6087	<pre>X / X differs from 1 when X = <value> instead, X / X - 1/2 - 1/2 = <value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6088	<pre>X / X differs from 1 when X = <value> instead, X / X - 1/2 - 1/2 = <value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6089	Computed: <character> Expected:<character></character></character>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6090	Failed Vector test	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6091	Error : Invalid operator (<character>)</character>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6092	Error : Invalid version (<character>)</character>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6093	Error : Invalid precision (<character>)</character>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6094	Error : Illegal input (<character>)</character>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6095	<pre>Failed Vector</pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.

 TABLE 14-2
 fputest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6096	Failed Vector <subtest_name> sub- test[<text>]\n Operand 1 <text> <value> <value> <value>\n Operand 2 <text> <value> <value> <value> <value> <value> <value> \n <character> <character> <character> <character> <value> <value> <value> <value> (<text>)\n Computed <text> <value> <v< td=""><td>Faulty CPU module.</td><td>Retry test. If the problem persists contact your Sun service provider.</td></v<></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></text></text></value></value></value></value></character></character></character></character></value></value></value></value></value></value></text></value></value></value></text></text></subtest_name>	Faulty CPU module.	Retry test. If the problem persists contact your Sun service provider.
6097	Failed Vector <subtest_name> sub- test[<text>]\n Operand 1 <text> <value> <value><value>\n Operand 2 <text> <value>\n <pre> <value><value><character><character><char acter=""> Correct <text> <value> <value> <value> <value> <value> <value> <value> <value> <value> <character> <char acter=""> Correct <text> <value> <</value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></text></char></character></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></text></char></character></character></value></value></pre></value></text></value></value></value></text></text></subtest_name>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists contact your Sun service provider.
6098	Failed Vector <subtest_name> sub- test[<text>]\n Operand 1 <text> <value> <value> <value>\n Operand 2 <text> <value> <value> <value>\character> <character> <character> <character> <character> <value> <valu< td=""><td>Faulty CPU module</td><td>Retry test. If the problem persists contact your Sun service provider.</td></valu<></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></character></character></character></character></value></value></value></text></value></value></value></text></text></subtest_name>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists contact your Sun service provider.
6099	<pre><character><character><char acter=""> <value> (<text>) <character> <value> (<text>) <computed <character="">></computed></text></value></character></text></value></char></character></character></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists contact your Sun service provider.

 TABLE 14-2
 fputest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6100	<pre><character><character><char acter=""> Op1 (<text>) <character> Op2 (<text>) <computed <character="">></computed></text></character></text></char></character></character></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6101	Flags : Correct (<text>) Computed (<text>)</text></text>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6102	FPU initialization failure	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider
6103	Multiplication failed, result was (<value>), expected (<value>)</value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6104	Failed single precision FPA math test	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6105	Failed double precision FPA math test	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6106	Failed linpack test	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6107	Failed cparanoia test	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6108	Failed cora test	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6109	Failed clorenz test	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider
6110	Failed kcsqrt test	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6111	Failed kcdiv test	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6112	Error: a + b\nExpected: 2.2221000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6113	Error a - b\nExpected: 0.2469000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6114	Error a * b\nExpected: 1.2191922 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6115	Error a / b\nExpected: 1.2500000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6116	Error: a + (a + b)\nExpected: 1.4814000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.

 TABLE 14-2
 fputest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6117	Error: a - (a + b)\nExpected: -0.9876000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6118	Error: a + (a * b)\nExpected: 2.4536924 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider
6119	Error: a - (a * b)\nExpected: 0.0153078 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6120	a + (a / b)\nExpected: 2.4845002 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6121	Error: a - (a / b)\nExpected: -0.0155000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6122	Error: a * (a + b)\nExpected: 2.7431825 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6123	Error: a * (a - b)\nExpected: 0.3047980 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6124	Error: a / (a - b)\nExpected: 0.5555550 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6125	Error: a / (a - b)\nExpected: 5.0000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6126	Error: a * (a / b)\nExpected: 1.5431250 Actual: <value>)</value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6127	Error: a / (a * b)\nExpected: 1.0125557 Actual: <value>)</value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6128	Error: a + b\nExpected: 2.222100000000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6129	Error: a - b\nExpected: 0.24689999999999 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.

 TABLE 14-2
 fputest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6130	Error: a * b\nExpected: 1.219192199999999 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6131	Error: a / b\nExpected: 1.24999999999999 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6132	Error: a + (a - b)\nExpected: 1.48139999999999 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6133	Error: a - (a + b)\nExpected: - 0.98760000000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6134	Error: a + (a * b)\nExpected: 2.45369220000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6135	Error: a - (a * b)\nExpected: 0.01530780000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6136	Error: a + (a / b)\nExpected: 2.48450000000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6137	Error: a - (a / b)\nExpected: - 0.01549999999999 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6138	Error: a * (a + b)\nExpected: 2.74318244999999 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6139	Error: a * (a - b)\nExpected: 0.30479804999999 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6140	Error: a / (a + b)\nExpected: 0.55555555555555 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.

 TABLE 14-2
 fputest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6141	Error: a / (a - b)\nExpected: 5.000000000000002 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6142	Error: a * (a / b)\nExpected: 1.54312499999999 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6143	Error: a / (a * b)\nExpected: 1.0125555690562980 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6144	Error: sin(-2pi)\nExpected: -0.000000000820413 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6145	Error: sin(-3pi 2)\nExpected: 1.00000000000000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider
6146	Error: sin(-3pi/ 2)\nExpected: 1.00000000000000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6147	Error: sin(-pi)\nExpected: 0.000000000410206 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider
6148	Error: sin(-pi/ 2)\nExpected: -1.00000000000000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6149	Error: sin(0)\nExpected: 0.00000000000000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6150	Error: sin(pi/2)\nExpected: 1.0000000000000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6151	Error: sin(pi)\nExpected: - 0.0000000000410206 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.

 TABLE 14-2
 fputest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6152	Error: sin(3pi/ 2)\nExpected: - 1.00000000000000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6153	Error: sin(2pi)\nExpected: 0.000000000820143 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6154	Error: cos(-2pi)\nExpected: 1.0000000000000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6155	Error: cos(-3pi/ 2)\nExpected: 0.0000000000615310 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6156	Error: cos(-pi)\nExpected: -1.0000000000000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6157	Error: cos(-pi/ 2)\nExpected: - 0.00000000000205103 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6158	Error: cos(0)\nExpected: 1.00000000000000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6159	Error: cos(pi/2)\nExpected: -0.0000000000205103 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6160	Error: cos(pi)\nExpected: - 1.00000000000000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6161	Error: cos(3pi/ 2)\nExpected: 0.0000000000615310 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6162	Error: cos(pi/2)\nExpected: 1.00000000000000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6163	Error: sin(pi/4)\nExpected: 0.707106781259062 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.

 TABLE 14-2
 fputest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6164	Error: sin(3pi/ 4)\nExpected: 0.707106780969002 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6165	Error: sin(5pi/ 4)\nExpected: - 0.707106781549122 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6166	Error: sin(7pi/ 4)\nExpected: - 0.707106780678942 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6167	Error: cos(pi/4)\n Expected: 0.707106781114032 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6168	Error: cos(3pi/4)\n Expected: - 0.707106781404092 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6169	Error: cos(5pi/4)\n Expected: - 0.707106780823972 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6170	Error: cos(7pi/4)\n Expected: 0.707106781694152 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6171	Error: exp(0)\n Expected: 1.0000000000000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6172	Error: exp(1)\n Expected: 2.718281828459045 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6173	Error: exp(2)\n Expected: 7.389056098930650 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6174	Error: exp(5)\n Expected: 148.413159102576600 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6175	Error: exp(10)\n Expected: 22026.465794806718000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.

 TABLE 14-2
 fputest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6176	Error: exp(-1)\n Expected: 0.367879441171442 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6177	Error: exp(-2)\nExpected: 0.135335283236612 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6178	Error: exp(-5)\nExpected: 0.006737946999085 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6179	Error: exp(-10)\nExpected: 0.000045399929762 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6180	Error: exp(log(1)\nExpected: 1.00000000000000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6181	Error: exp(log(10)\nExpected 10.000000000000002 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6182	Error: log(1)\nExpected: 0.00000000000000000000000000000000000	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6183	Error: log(2)\nExpected: 0.693147180559945 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6184	Error: log(10)\nExpected: 2.302585092994045 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6185	Error: log(100)\nExpected: 4.605170185988091 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6186	Error: log(exp(0))\nExpected: 0.0000000000000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6187	Error: log(exp(1))\nExpected: 1.0000000000000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.

 TABLE 14-2
 fputest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6188	Error: log(exp(10))\nExpected: 10.00000000000000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6189	Error: tan(-2pi)\nExpected: -0.000000000820414 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6190	Error: tan(-7pi/ 4)\nExpected: 0.999999998564275 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6191	Error: tan(-5pi/ 4)\nExpected: - 1.000000001025517 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
5192	Error: tan(-pi\nExpected: 0.0000000000410207 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6193	Error: tan(-3pi/ 4)\nExpected: 0.999999999384690 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6194	Error: tan(-pi/ 4)\nExpected: - 1.0000000000205103 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6195	Error: tan(0.0)\nExpected: 0.0000000000000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6196	Error: tan(pi / 4)\nExpected: 1.000000000205103 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6197	Error: tan(3pi/ 4)\nExpected: - 0.999999999384690 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6198	Error: tan(pi)\nExpected: 0.000000000410207 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.

 TABLE 14-2
 fputest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6199	Error: tan(5pi/ 4)\nExpected: 1.000000001025517 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6200	Error: tan(7pi/ 4)\nExpected: - 0.999999998564275 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists contact your Sun service provider.
6201	Error: tan(2pi)\nExpected: 0.000000000820414 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists contact your Sun service provider.
6202	Error: sqrt(0)\nExpected: 0.0000000000000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists contact your Sun service provider.
6203	Error: sqrt(1)\nExpected: 1.0000000000000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists contact your Sun service provider.
6204	Error: sqrt(4)\nExpected: 2.0000000000000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists contact your Sun service provider.
6205	Error: sqrt(9)\nExpected: 3.0000000000000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists contact your Sun service provider.
6206	Error: sqrt(16)\nExpected: 4.0000000000000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists contact your Sun service provider.
6207	Error: sqrt(25)\nExpected: 5.000000000000000000000000000000000000	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists contact your Sun service provider.
6208	Error: sqrt(36)\nExpected: 6.0000000000000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists contact your Sun service provider.
6209	Error: sqrt(49)\nExpected: 7.000000000000000000000000000000000000	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists contact your Sun service provider.
6210	Error: sqrt(64)\nExpected: 8.0000000000000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists contact your Sun service provider.
6211	Error: sqrt(81)\nExpected: 9.0000000000000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists contact your Sun service provider.

 TABLE 14-2
 fputest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6212	Error: sqrt(100)\nExpected: 10.000000000000000 Actual: <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6213	<pre>log-test failed: int = <value>, expected / observed = <value> / <value></value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6214	<pre>kvm_read(mem,nl[0].n_value,) failed</pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6215	kvm_open() failed: <error_message></error_message>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6216	<pre>kvm_nlist() failed:<error_message></error_message></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6217	Add SP failed: expected / read = <value> / <value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6218	<pre>Multiply SP failed:expected / read = <value> / <value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6219	Add DP failed: msw : expected / read = <value> / <value>\n lsw : expected / read = <value> / <value></value></value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6220	Multiply DP failed: msw : expected / read = <value> / <value>\n lsw : expected / read = <value> / <value></value></value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6221	<pre>Single Precision: add, expected / observed = 0x41200000 / 0x<value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6222	Single Precision: Multiply, expected / observed = 0x43470000 / 0x <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6223	Double Precision: Add, MSW : expcected / observed = 0x40240000 / 0x <value>\n LSW : expected / observed = 0x0 / 0x<value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.

 TABLE 14-2
 fputest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6224	Double Precision: Multiply, MSW: expected / observed = 0x4034000/0x <value>\n LSW: expected / observed = 0x0 / 0x<value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6225	Error: expected / observed = <value> / 0x<value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6226	Error: expected / observed = <value> / 0x<value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6227	<pre>fitos failed: int = <value>, expected / observed = <value> / <value></value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6228	<pre>fitod failed: int = <value>, expected / observed = <value> / <value></value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6229	<pre>fstoi failed: int =</pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6230	<pre>fdtoi failed: int =</pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6231	<pre>fstod failed: int = <value>, expected / observed = <value> / <value></value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6232	<pre>fdtos failed: int =</pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6233	<pre>fmovs failed : written <value> to f0, read from f31 = <value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6234	<pre>fnegs failed(from pos to neg): int = <value>, expected / observed = <value> / <value></value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.

 TABLE 14-2
 fputest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6235	<pre>fnegs failed (from neg. to pos): int = <value>, expected / observed = <value> / <value></value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6236	<pre>fabs failed: int = <value>, expected / observed = <value> / <value></value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6237	<pre>fadds failed: int =</pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6238	<pre>faddd failed: int = <value>, f0 = <value>, f2 = <value>, f0+f2 = f4 = <value></value></value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6239	<pre>fsubs failed:int = <value>, f0 = <value>, f2 = <value>, f0-f2 = f4 = <value></value></value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6240	<pre>fsubd failed: int = <value>, f0 = <value>, f2 = <value>, f0-f2 = f4 = <value></value></value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6241	<pre>fsqrt(single) failed: written / read = <value> / <value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6242	<pre>fsqrt(double) failed: written / read = <value> / <value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6243	<pre>fdivs failed: int =</pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6244	<pre>fdivd failed: int = <value>, f0 = <value>, f2 = <value>, f0 / f2 = f4 = <value></value></value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6245	<pre>fmuls failed: int = <value>, f0 = <value>, f2 = <value>, f0 / f2 = f4 = <value></value></value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.

 TABLE 14-2
 fputest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6246	<pre>fmuld failed: int =</pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6247	<pre>fcmps failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value> : expected / observed = 0 / <value></value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6248	<pre>fcmps failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value> : expected / observed = 1 /<value></value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6249	<pre>fcmps failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value> : expected / observed = 2 /<value></value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6250	<pre>fcmps failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = NaN : expected / observed = 3 /<value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6251	<pre>fcmpd failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value> : expected / observed = 0 / <value></value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6252	<pre>fcmpd failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value> : expected / observed = 1 /<value></value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6253	<pre>fcmpd failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value> : expected / observed = 2 /<value></value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6254	<pre>fcmpd failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = NaN : expected / observed = 3 /<value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6255	FBU failed. result = <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6256	FBG failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6257	FBUG (unordered) failed	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6258	<pre>FBUG (greater) failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6259	<pre>FBL failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.

 TABLE 14-2
 fputest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6260	FBUL (unordered) failed	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6261	FBUL (Less) failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6262	FBLG (Less) failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6263	<pre>FBLG (Greater) failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6264	<pre>FBNE failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6265	<pre>FBE failed : f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6266	FBUE (unordered) failed	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6267	FBUE (equal) failed : f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6268	FBGE (equal) failed : f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6269	<pre>FBGE (greater) failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6270	FBUGE (unordered) failed	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6271	<pre>FBUGE (equal) failed : f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6272	FBUGE (greater) failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6273	FBLE (Less) failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6274	<pre>FBLE (equal) failed : f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6275	FBULE (unordered) failed	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6276	FBULE (Less) failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6277	<pre>FBULE (equal) failed : f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.

 TABLE 14-2
 fputest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6278	FBO failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6279	<pre>FBA failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6280	<pre>FBN failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6281	FBU failed	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6282	<pre>FBG failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6283	<pre>FBUG failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6284	FBLfailed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6285	FBUL failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6286	<pre>FBLG failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6287	<pre>FBNE failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6288	<pre>FBE failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6289	<pre>FBUE failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6290	<pre>FBGE failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6291	<pre>FBUGE failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider
6292	<pre>FBLE failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6293	FBULE failed: f0 = <value>, f2 = <value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6294	FBO failed	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6295	<pre>fcmpxs failed: Exception did not occur. fsr = <value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.

 TABLE 14-2
 fputest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6296	<pre>fcmpxd failed: Exception did not occur. fsr = <value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6297	<pre>Error: Bus error occured. ftt = <value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6298	<pre>Error: Bus error did not occur(IEEE exception). ftt = <value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6299	<pre>Error: Bus error did not occur(Unfinished exception). ftt = <value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6300	<pre>register read/write failed : reg = <value>, expected / observed = <value> / <value></value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6301	<pre>register test-2 read/write failed : reg = <value>, expected / observed = <value> / <value></value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6302	<pre>register read/write failed : reg = <value>, expected / observed = <value> / <value></value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6303	FSR Error: expected / observed = <value> / <value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
5304	Wrong code is given	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
5305	FPU Trap did not occur , i = <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6306	FPU Trap Should not occur but occured	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6307	Bus Error did not occur	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6308	Did not create correct IEEE exception (Inexact): expected = 1, observed = <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.

 TABLE 14-2
 fputest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6309	Did not create correct IEEE exception (Divide By zero) : expected = 2, observed = <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6310	Did not create correct IEEE exception (Overflow) : expected = 8, observed = <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6311	Did not create correct IEEE exception (Invalid) : expected = 10, observed = <value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6312	Sun FPU Reliability Test Failed due to segment violation error	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6313	Sun FPU Reliability Test Failed due to fpu bus error	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6314	Number of failures (out of <value> cases) = <value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6315	malloc(0x <value>) failed :<error_message></error_message></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6316	Failed <value> precision linpack test</value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6317	DIVTEST <value>: Number of failures (out of <value> cases) = <value></value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6318	<pre>\n expected t <value>, observed<value>\n expected x <value>,observed<value>\n expected y <value>, observed <value>\n expected z <value>, observed <value>,</value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6319	<pre>\n expected t <value>, observed <value> /n expected x <value>, observed <value> \n expected y <value>, observed <value> \n expected z <value>, observed <value>,</value></value></value></value></value></value></value></value></pre>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.

 TABLE 14-2
 fputest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6320	Failed <value> precision Cora test:Check Sum = <value> Expected <value></value></value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6321	<value></value>	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6322	Sun FPU Reliability Test Failed due to floating point exception error	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
6323	Sun FPU Reliability Test Failed due to illegal instruction error	Faulty CPU module	Retry test. If the problem persists, contact your Sun service provider.
8000	Failed systest for FPU		
8001	Floating point exception interrupt		

Dual Basic Rate ISDN (DBRI) Chip (isdntest)

isdntest verifies the functionality of the ISDN portion of the Dual Basic Rate ISDN (DBRI) chip.

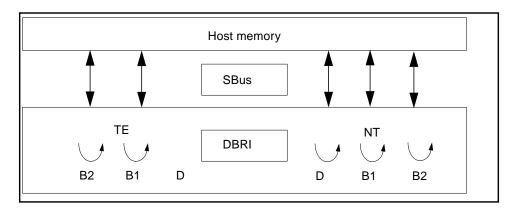
The isdntest is actually a set of several subtests. Three main channels exist within an ISDN: D, B1 and B2. In each of the following subtests, unless otherwise indicated, the D channels are in Basic Rate HDLC data mode, the B1 channels are in 56 kbps HDLC data mode, and the B2 channels are in 64 kbps HDLC data mode. The D channel packet size is 256 bytes, and the B channel packet size is 1024 bytes. The packet count is 10 packets. Each channel runs as an independent thread.

TABLE 15-1 indntest Subtests

indntest Subtests	Description
Local Loopback Test	The local loopback test checks the initial activation state of the Network Termination (NT) and Terminal Equipment (TE) interfaces to make sure they are deactivated. Then it activates each interface using the "force activation" capability of DBRI. Each interface is put into local loopback mode (See FIGURE 15-1). Data residing in host memory is written to each interface, which loops the data back to itself. The data is then read back into host memory and verified. Each channel, D, B1 and B2 is tested (with the exception of the TE D channel, which cannot be tested in local loopback mode). The local loopback test runs internal to the DBRI chip and does <i>not</i> require an NT-to-TE external loopback connector.
Activation/ Deactivation Test	The activation/deactivation test runs through the activation/deactivation sequence for the NT and then the activation sequence for the TE. The T101 and T103 timers are set to five seconds. This subtest requires an NT-to-TE external loopback connector.

TABLE 15-1 indntest Subtests (Continued)

indntest Subtests	Description
Remote Loopback Test	The remote loopback capability is tested next. The TE interface is put into remote loopback mode, and the NT transmits data to the TE on all three channels, D, B1 and B2 (See FIGURE 15-2). The TE loops all data back to the NT and reads a copy of it. Data is then verified. Next, the whole process is repeated with the TE transmitting to the NT, which is placed in remote loopback mode. This subtest requires an NT-to-TE external loopback connector.
Read/Write Test	Next, a read/write test is performed on all six ISDN channels: TE D, TE B1, TE B2, NT D, NT B1 and NT B2. The external loopback connector connects each channel on the TE interface to its corresponding channel on the NT (See FIGURE 15-3). A unique data pattern is used for each path. Packets read are compared against packets written. The test is repeated with the B1 channels placed in 64 kbps HDLC data mode and the B2 channels in 56 kbps HDLC data mode. This subtest requires an NT-to-TE external loopback connector.
Packet Size Test	The next subtest is a packet size test. A read/write test, similar to the previous one, is performed with a packet count of 100. Each packet transmitted and received is a unique size, computed randomly. This subtest requires an NT-to-TE external loopback connector.
Data Path Test	The last subtest is a data path test. Using the ISDN_SET_CHANNEL ioctl, data is routed through a series of short pipe interconnects within DBRI (See FIGURE 15-4). This subtest requires an NT-to-TE external loopback connector.



 $\textbf{FIGURE 15-1} \ \, \texttt{isdntest} \ \, \textbf{Local} \ \, \textbf{Loopback} \ \, \textbf{Subtest}$

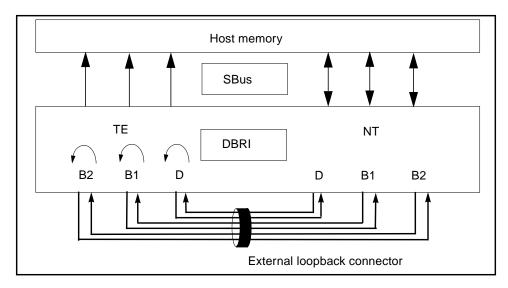


FIGURE 15-2 isdntest Remote Loopback Subtest

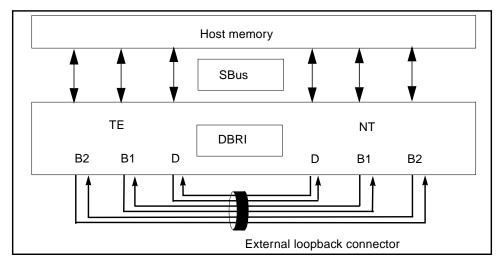


FIGURE 15-3 isdntest Read/Write Subtest

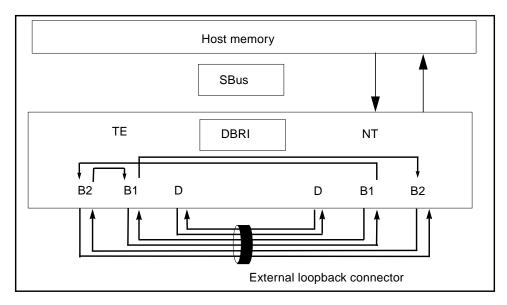


FIGURE 15-4 isdntest Data Path Subtest

isdntest Options

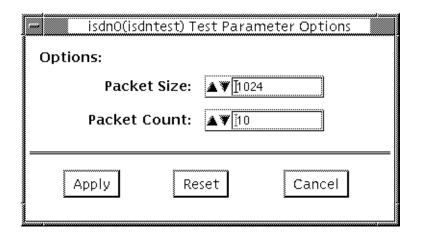


FIGURE 15-5 isdntest Options Menu

TABLE 15-2 isdntest Options

isdntest Options	Description
Packet Size	Packet size indicates the byte size of the B channel packets. The default size is 1024 bytes for the B channels and 256 for the D channels. The maximum packet size is 8186 bytes for the B channels, and the minimum packet size is 1 byte. The D channel packet size is set to 256, except during the packet size test, when it is set to random values between 1 and 256
Packet Count	Packet Count indicates how many packets are to be transmitted and received for all channels. The default packet count is 10 packets. The maximum packet count is 100 packets

isdntest Test Modes

This test only supports the Functional Test mode.

isdntest Command Line Syntax

 $\verb|/opt/SUNWvts/bin/isdntest| standard_arguments| -o size=packet_size, \\ \verb|count=packet_count| \\$

TABLE 15-3 isdntest Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation
size=packet_size	Specifies the byte size of the B channel packets B channel default size = 1024 bytes D channel default size = 256 bytes B channel maximum packet size = 8186 packets B channel minimum packet size = 1 packet D channel packet size = 256 (except during the packet size test, when it is set to random values between 1 and 256)
count=packet_count	Indicates how many packets are to be transmitted and received for all channels Default count = 10 packets Maximum packet count = 100 packets

isdntest Error Messages

TABLE 15-4 isdntest Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6000	<pre>ISDN_PARAM_SET ioctl failed for <device_name>. (<error_message>)</error_message></device_name></pre>		
6001	<pre>ISDN_SET_LOOPBACK ioctl failed for <device_name>. (<error_message>)</error_message></device_name></pre>		
6002	<pre>ISDN_RESET_LOOPBACK ioctl failed for <device_name>. (<error_message>)</error_message></device_name></pre>		
6003	<pre>ISDN_SET_CHANNEL ioctl() failed for <device_name>. (<error_message>)</error_message></device_name></pre>		
6004	Unable to open <device_name>. (<error_message>)</error_message></device_name>		
6005	<pre>poll() failed. (<error_message>)</error_message></pre>		
6006	Invalid packet size: S= <number>. Max is <number></number></number>		
6007	<pre>Invalid packet count: C=<number>. Max is <number></number></number></pre>		
6008	<pre>ISDN_SET_FORMAT, ioctl() failed for ISDN_CHAN_TE_D during <device_name>. (<error_message>)</error_message></device_name></pre>		
6009	<pre>ISDN_SET_FORMAT, ioctl() failed for ISDN_CHAN_NT_D during <device_name>. (<error_message>)</error_message></device_name></pre>		
6010	<pre>ISDN_SET_FORMAT, ioctl() failed for ISDN_CHAN_TE_B1 during <device_name>. (<error_message>)</error_message></device_name></pre>		

TABLE 15-4 isdntest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6011	<pre>ISDN_SET_FORMAT, ioctl() failed for ISDN_CHAN_NT_B1 during <device_name>. (<error_message>)</error_message></device_name></pre>		
6012	Mode is unknown: <number></number>		
6013	<pre>ISDN_SET_FORMAT, ioctl() failed for ISDN_CHAN_TE_B2 during <device_name>. (<error_message>)</error_message></device_name></pre>		
6014	<pre>ISDN_SET_FORMAT, ioctl() failed for ISDN_CHAN_NT_B2 during <device_name>. (<error_message>)</error_message></device_name></pre>		
6015	Unable to open <device_name> during <device_state>. (<error_message>)</error_message></device_state></device_name>		
6016	<pre>Unable to close <device_name> during <device_state>. File descriptor = <number> (<error_message>)</error_message></number></device_state></device_name></pre>		
6017	Initial state of <string> is ISDN_ACTIVATED</string>		
6018	<pre>Initial state of <string> is unknown: <number></number></string></pre>		
6019	<pre>ISDN_PARAM_SET ioctl() <parameter> failed for <device_name>. (<error_message>)</error_message></device_name></parameter></pre>		
6020	<pre>ISDN_ACTIVATION_STATUS ioctl() failed for <device_name>. (<error_message>)</error_message></device_name></pre>		
6021	<pre>getmsg() failed. (<error_message>)</error_message></pre>		
6022	Invalid message returned from getmsg()		
6023	<pre><string> ioctl() failed for <device_name>. (<error_message>)</error_message></device_name></string></pre>		

TABLE 15-4 isdntest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6024	<pre>\n<device_name>.\nTE state = <string>\tNT state = <string></string></string></device_name></pre>		
6025	<pre>shmget() failed.(<error_message>)</error_message></pre>		
6026	Initial state unknown: <number></number>		
6027	<string></string>		

ZX and TZX Graphics Accelerator Test (leotest)

leotest verifies the Sun Microsystems ZX and TZX graphics accelerators with a sequence of subtests. All tests are nondestructive and maintain the system integrity during and after the tests are run.



Caution – Do not run any other application that uses the ZX or TZX accelerator port while running leotest. This combination causes SunVTS to return incorrect errors.

Note – Disable all screen savers before testing any graphics device. Type **xset** s off at a UNIX prompt to disable the Solaris screen saver.

To start SunVTS with vtsui, but without vtsk, you must add the host name to xhost as: xhost + <hostname>.

leotest requires approximately 2 Mbytes of disk space in the /tmp directory to extract its working files. If this space is not available, the diagnostic will fail and report warning and error messages, indicating a lack of disk space.

This test cannot be run on UltraSPARC systems.

leotest Options

By default, SunVTS runs all of the available tests, except the Stereo test. See the test descriptions section below. To avoid excessive test cycle times when testing the ZX or TZX Graphics Accelerators, follow these instructions to ensure that leotest runs once, reports the status as each test routine executes, and then exits:

- 1. Select Single Pass on the SunVTS Options menu.
- 2. Select Verbose on the SunVTS Options menu.
- 3. Do not select any other diagnostic tests.

Note – Disable all screen savers before testing any graphics device. Type **xset** s off at a UNIX prompt to disable the Solaris screen saver.

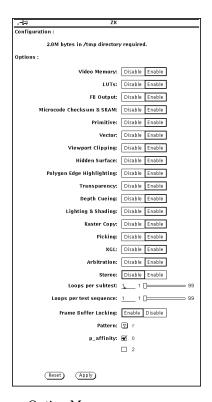


FIGURE 16-1 leotest Option Menu

leotest Subtests

leotest is divided into two subtest categories:

■ Direct Port tests

The direct port tests check the non-accelerated portion of the ZX using various subtests (refer to TABLE 16-1).

■ Accelerator Port tests

The accelerator port test consists of a sequence of subtests that are designed to ensure the ZX Graphics Accelerator integrity at the system level (refer to TABLE 16-1). They take accelerator port transaction files as input. These files contain graphic data that is passed to the ZX Accelerator port in groups of 32-bit words called packets. These packets contain dots, vectors, triangles, and pass-through commands, and are generated in either immediate (programmed I/O) or DMA mode. The ZX SunVTS queries the system software for DMA capability, and if applicable, renders objects in DMA mode for some subtests. For more information on ZX hardware, refer to the *Leo Hardware Reference Manual*.

For verification, after the image is rendered to the frame buffer, each subtest reads the RGB image data from the frame buffer and compares the data against known good images. To save disk space, the good image data is stored in a reduced size (64 times smaller that the normal size), and are stored in the Sun raster file format. The files are stored in the leotest.data file in /opt/SUNWvts/bin.

Note – The leotest subtests verify a frame buffer region of 1152 by 900 pixels, regardless of monitor size.

TABLE 16-1 leotest Subtests

leotest Subtests	Description
Direct Port Tests	
Video Memory	The video memory array subtest selects and tests 64 x 64 pixel regions covering all video memory planes, including the 24-bit double-buffered image plane, 8-bit overlay plane, 24-bit depth (Z buffer) plane, and 10-bit window identification (WID) plane. If the subtest detects an error, SunVTS reports the defective plane and location.
LUTs	This subtest performs a nondestructive read-write test on the frame buffer color look-up tables and the WID look-up tables. After the test is complete, the table contents are restored. If this subtest detects a failure, SunVTS reports the location of the failure. At the beginning of this subtest, red, green, and blue stripes are displayed for visual verification of the digital-to-analog converters (DACs).
Frame Buffer Output	The Frame Buffer Output subtest creates various windows in the Window ID plane, then sets up the look-up tables (LUTs) associated with these windows. This subtest then writes random values to the video memory of these windows. Next, the test verifies the RGB image data of each pixel by triggering the trap registers, reading and generating RGB checksums from these values, and comparing these checksums with known values. This is also a visual cursor test as the cursor is being displayed for each pixel that is being tested. Note: Moving the mouse cursor during the test can prolong the test and cause failures. For best results, remove the mouse from the mouse pad during this test.
Accelerator Port Tests	
Microcode SRAM Checksum and Read/Write Selftest	This subtest sends a diagnostic package to the microcode of the floating point transform engine with instructions to reset the accelerator port, run the SRAM selftest, and restart the engine. Then the test verifies each SRAM of all four Leo float chips in the floating point transform engine to make sure they have the same checksum. If not, the test reports an error, based on the information it receives from the microcode. Nondestructive read/write tests are also performed on each SRAM.
Primitive	This subtest renders primitives such as dots and lines, as well as triangle, with different color and shading at each vertex.
Vector	This subtest renders fairly large vector objects with aliased and anti-aliased vectors. This subtest is rendered in DMA mode, when applicable.

 TABLE 16-1
 leotest Subtests (Continued)

leotest Subtests	Description
Viewpoint Clipping	This subtest renders and clips an object around and in front of the screen.
Hidden Surface	This subtest renders objects with the Z-buffer-compare attribute turned on.
Polygon edge Highlighting	This subtest renders an object with the polygon edge attribute turned on. This subtest is rendered in DMA mode, when applicable.
Transparency	This subtest renders a scene with two transparency modes (standalone and alpha blend) in various degrees. This results in a two-pass transparency of the objects in the scene. This subtest is rendered in DMA mode, when applicable.
Depth-Cueing	This subtest renders an object with the depth-cueing attribute turned on.
Lighting and Shading	This subtest renders an object with multiple light sources and Gouraud shading for front and back surfaces. This subtest is rendered in DMA mode, when applicable.
Raster Copy	This subtest renders 32-bit image and various subregions of it, and zooms in on a subregion, using the microcode raster data copy command.
Picking	This subtest has two parts: a Pick Detect test and a Pick Echo test.
XGL	The transaction file for this subtest was generated from an XGL program to ensure that the XGL registers are exercised.
Arbitration This subtest continually renders an object into the accelerator while a second process performs a read-write test to the WID planes from the direct port on the frame buffer. This subtest simulates conditions where rendering processes and windows operation run concurrently. This subtest is rendered in DMA m when applicable.	
Stereo (Interactive)	This subtest displays text information in stereo mode. The user verifies proper operation by looking at the screen with stereo glasses and following the instructions displayed.
Loops per subtest	Type the number of times each test should be run before going on to the next test. The default is one loop.

 TABLE 16-1
 leotest Subtests (Continued)

leotest Subtests	Description
Loops per test sequence	Type the number of times the entire test sequence should be run. Each sequence pass registers one in the SunVTS Pass Count window. The default is one loop.
FB Locking	See the section "Testing Multiple Frame Buffers" in Chapter 3 of the SunVTS 2.1 User's Guide for details.
Pattern	Press MENU to select a data pattern for the direct port tests. The default is r for random patterns. You may select a pattern of 0s, 3s, 5s, or 9s. For example, if you choose a pattern of 3s, the value 0x33333333 is written to and read from the frame buffer.

leotest Test Modes

Due to the nature of graphic tests, reading from or writing to the frame buffer during graphic tests will disturb user operation. This test is only available in Functional test.

In Functional test, leotest verifies the ZX and TZX graphics accelerators by running direct port tests and accelerator port tests.

leotest Command Line Syntax

 $\label{lem:condition} $$ \operatorname{S=subtest_number}, F=\#_of_subtest_loops, B=\#_of_test_loops, lock=E(nable)/$$ D(isable), P=pattern$

TABLE 16-2 leotest Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation		
dev=device_name	device_name is the full path name of the device being tested; the default is /dev/fbs/leo0.		
S=subtest_number	from the sub the subtest n 2; n=0x180 re	per is the test number of the subtest to be run. Select tests below. You can run multiple subtests by adding numbers. For example, n=0x3 runs both test 1 and test numbers test 0x080 and test 0x0100. Note that you do leading zeros. To run all tests, enter n=0xFFFF.	
	0x 000 00	1Direct port—video memory	
	0x 000 00	2Direct port—CLUTs and WID LUTs	
	0x 000 00	4Direct port—Frame buffer output section	
		8Direct port—SRAM checksum and read/write	
		OAccelerator port—primitives	
		20Accelerator port—vectors	
		OAccelerator port—clipping	
		30Accelerator port—z-buffer	
		0Accelerator port—polygon edge	
		OAccelerator port—transparency	
		0Accelerator port—depth cueing	
		OAccelerator port—lighting & shading	
		OAccelerator port—raster copy	
		0Accelerator port—picking	
		0Accelerator port—XGL	
		00Accelerator port—arbitration	
	0x 010 00	OAccelerator port—stereo (interactive)	
F=#_of_subtest_loops	#_of_subtest_loops is the number of loops for each subtest; the default is 1.		

TABLE 16-2 leotest Command Line Syntax (Continued)

Argument Explanation (Continued)		
B=#_of_test_loops	#_of_test_loops is the number of loops of each test sequence. The default is 1.	
lock=E(nable)/ D(isable)	Enables or disables frame buffer locking. See the section "Testing Multiple Frame Buffers" in Chapter 3 of the <i>SunVTS 2.1 User's Guide</i> for details.	
P=pattern_number	Selects a pattern number to be used with the direct ports tests; the default is r , for random patterns. You may also choose 0, 3, 5, or 9.	

leotest Command Line Examples

Here are three examples that illustrate how to run leotest from a command line. Make sure to change the directory to /opt/SUNWvts/bin before running leotest from the command line. leotest is hard-wired to look for its data file, leotest.data, in /opt/SUNWvts/bin.

■ A simple accelerator port test, primitive single pass:

```
machine# cd /opt/SUNWvts/bin
machine# leotest -o S=0x10
```

■ All direct port tests, five loops of sequence:

```
machine# cd /opt/SUNWvts/bin
machine# leotest -o S=0x7,B=0x5
```

■ All subtests (except the interactive tests), two loops of each subtest, four loops of each test sequence:

```
machine# cd /opt/SUNWvts/bin
machine# leotest -o S=0xFFFF,F=2,B=4
```

leotest Error Messages

In all error conditions, the field replaceable unit (FRU) is the entire FFB.

TABLE 16-3 leotest Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
1	Arbitration test failed	The arbitration test fails, and the cause is given in the message that follows.	
2	Background process wouldn't die. System error	A software error.	Reboot the SPARCstation.
3	Busy wait exceeded <number> loops. Error in the Floating Point Transform section. Rerun Leoconfig</number>	A timeout error.	There is a possible problem with the floating point transform section. Execute the leoconfig software (located in /etc/opt/SUNWleo/bin/leoconfig) again. Check the leoconfig man pages for more details.
4	[Plane group name] Byte Access Mode error at x= <number> y=<number>, bank=<number>, expected=<number>, observed=<number>, XOR=<number></number></number></number></number></number></number>	The direct port video memory test found an error at pixel (x,y) in the named plane group. The bank # refers to the corresponding VRAM bank number. Byte/Stencil Access Mode applies to all plane groups that access 8 bits of the frame buffer memory (in other words, the 8-bit image and overlay planes). The test expected to find exp but observed obs, yielding xor when the two values are exclusive or'd with each other.	
5	Cannot read Window ID look up table from device <device_name></device_name>	Software error.	Check device for existence or permissions.
6	Cannot write Window ID look up table to device <device_name></device_name>	Software error.	Check device for existence or permissions.
7	Cannot post Color LUTs to device <device_name></device_name>	Software error	Check device for existence or permissions.

 TABLE 16-3
 leotest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
8	Cannot get monitor mode from device <device_name></device_name>	Software error.	Check device for existence or permissions.
9	Cannot set diagnostic mode from device <device_name></device_name>		Check device for existence or permissions.
10	Cannot set monitor mode from device <device_name></device_name>		Check device for existence or permissions.
11	Cannot create raster for device <device_name></device_name>		Check device for existence or permissions.
12	Cannot create color map for device <device_name></device_name>		Check device for existence or permissions.
13	Cannot create context for device <device_name></device_name>		Check device for existence or permissions.
14	Cannot create color translation object for device <device_name></device_name>		Check device for existence or permissions.
15	Cannot create path object for device <device_name></device_name>		Check device for existence or permissions.
16	Cannot create child raster for device <device_name></device_name>		Check device for existence or permissions.
17	Cannot create multiple plane group information for device <device_name></device_name>	Software error. The device that you specified (the default is / dev/fbs/leo0) may not be available to the test, therefore the above operation cannot be performed on this device.	Check device for existence or permissions. Make sure that you are executing the test on a machine with a ZX, and that you have permission to access it, and that the device is not being used by another application.
18	Cannot start another process. Software error	Software error. The process table may be full.	Reboot.

 TABLE 16-3
 leotest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
19	Cannot grab mouse or keyboard because <message></message>	Software error. When the FB locking option is selected, leotest tries to lock the mouse and keyboard but was not successful. The reason can be one of the following, according the window system software: • Mouse/keyboard is frozen • Grab window is not viewable • Grabbed at an invalid time • Another client grabbed it	Bring down other graphic software that is currently running the same window server.
20	CLUT <number>, index <number>, color <name>, expected <number>, observed <number>, XOR=<number></number></number></number></name></number></number>	An error was found in one of the three color look-up tables tested by SunVTS. The error was found in the nth CLUT. The index is out of 256 entries in each CLUT. Each CLUT has an 8-bit value for RED, GREEN, and BLUE. The color indicates the 8-bit set in which the error was found. The test expected to find expected but received observed, yielding XOR when the two values are exclusive or 'd with each other	
21	Data file <file_name> missing in the current test directory</file_name>	Software error. ZX SunVTS can't find the data file (leotest.data) in the current /opt/SUNWvts/bin directory	Reinstall the SUNWvts package in the specified directory.
22	Error in <subtest_name> test</subtest_name>	The subtest fails and the cause is given in the message that follows.	
23	Error in verifying the <red blue="" green=""> plane at x=<number>, y=<number>, bank=<number>, expected=<number>, observe d=<number>, XOR=<number></number></number></number></number></number></number></red>	Failed accelerator port test. The error is in either the RED, GREEN, or BLUE image plane. The x-y coordinate of the pixel should contain the expected value but instead received the observed value. This yields XOR value, or the bits in error, when the two values are exclusive or 'd with each other.	

 TABLE 16-3
 leotest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
24	Failed to open data file <file_name>. Suspect incomplete or incorrect hardware installation. Files may also have been corrupted</file_name>	Software initialization problem. <file_name> is the data file that SunVTS can't open.</file_name>	
25	Failed to read data file <file_name>. Suspect incomplete or incorrect hardware installation. Files may also have been corrupted</file_name>	Indicates a software initialization problem where <i><file_name></file_name></i> is the data file that SunVTS can't read.	
26	<pre>Illegal SBus DVMA code = <number> addr = 0x%x data= <number></number></number></pre>	Data file may be corrupt.	
27	<pre>Illegal SBus packet, code = <number> addr = <number> data = <number>. Maybe data file is corrupted</number></number></number></pre>	This error occurs while the subtest is reading the transaction file. It is likely that the data file is corrupt.	The SUNWVts package may need to be reinstalled.
28	Out of Memory	No memory available.	Increase swap space or kill other processes.
29	Pick Detect misses: <number> lines and/or triangles inside the pickbox and/or <number> lines and triangles outside the pickbox</number></number>	Failed the Picking accelerator port test. Only the failing component < <i>Red, Green or Blue></i> appears in the message.	
30	Pick Echo failed: *** Error(s) found in <red, blue="" green="" or=""> components</red,>	Failed the Picking accelerator port test. Only the failing component <i><red< i="">, <i>Green or Blue></i> appears in the message.</red<></i>	
31	Picking: *** Error(s) found in <red, blue="" green="" or=""> components</red,>	Failed the picking accelerator port test. Only the failing component < <i>Red, Green or Blue></i> appears in the message.	

 TABLE 16-3
 leotest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
32	<pre><plane group="" name=""> Pixel Access Mode error at x=<number> y=<number>, bank=<number>, expected=<number>,observe d=<number>, XOR=<number></number></number></number></number></number></number></plane></pre>	The direct port video memory test found an error at pixel (x,y) in the named plane group. Pixel Access Mode applies to all plane groups that access the frame buffer memory 4-bytes at a time. (In other words, all planes except 8-bit planes). The memory for the pixel resides in the given VRAM bank. The test expected to find expected but found observed, yielding XOR when the two values are exclusive or'd with each other.	
33	SRAM checksum mismatch. Float #1 = <number>, Float #2 = <number>, Float #3 = <number>, Float #4 = <number></number></number></number></number>	All four checksums of the SRAMs in the floating point transform section are not identical. The subtest displays the mismatched checksum from each SRAM of each LeoFloat chip.	
34	SRAM of the LeoFloat [0/1/2/3], number of failures = <number>, first SRAM location = <number>, expected = <number>, observed = <number>, XOR = <number></number></number></number></number></number>	An error is found in the SRAM test of the LeoFloat chip number 0, 1, 2, or 3. If the number of failures is more than one, the subtest displays the first SRAM location that fails, the expected and observed values in this location, and the bits in error (values of expected and observed are xor'd together).	
35	tar never finished. System software problem	Software error.	Make sure that the tar program is installed correctly on your system. Also, use df to see if you have enough disk space left in your /tmp directory.
36	tar <error></error>	Software error. The tar program cannot unpack data file to the /tmp directory due to limited disk space. A space of approximately 2MB in /tmp is required for the test to run correctly.	Make sure that the tar program is installed correctly on your system. Also, use df to see if you have enough disk space left in your /tmp directory.

 TABLE 16-3
 leotest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
37	The checksums for <red blue="" green=""> image data of all pixels don't match, expected = <number>, observed = <number>, XOR = <number></number></number></number></red>	The FB output section subtest prints this message when the checksums of either RED, GREEN, or BLUE image data <i>observed</i> from the trap registers in the Video Output test are not the same as the <i>exp</i> ected values. It also prints the error messages below if the upper four bits in the trap registers are not set or reset as expected.	
38	The Even Field bit expected to be 0, observed 1		
39	The Composite Sync bit expected to be 1, observed 0		
40	The Composite Blank field expected to be 1, observed 0		
41	The Stereo bit expected to be 1, observed 0		
42	The Stereo bit expected to be 1, observed 0	These bits are either not set correctly, or the read is from the wrong location, which indicates there is an error in the Video Output section.	
43	Unable to map <device_name>. Not enough memory</device_name>	Software error. There is not enough memory to map the addresses for the ZX device; the default is /dev/fbs/leo0.	You may have to increase swap space or add more memory.
44	Unable to open device <device_name>. Check device for existence and/or permission</device_name>	Software error. SunVTS is unable to open the ZX device.	Make sure that /dev/fbs/ leo0 exists and that the permissions are correct. There may be a software installation problem in which the ZX software packages need to be reinstalled.

 TABLE 16-3
 leotest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
45	Uncompression of data file failed. Note: A space of approximately 2MB in /tmp is required for the test to run correctly	Software error. There is not enough disk space in /tmp; about 2 Mbytes is required to uncompress the data file.	You may have to remove unneeded files or link /tmp to a larger disk partition.
46	<pre>Unknown data file magic number = <number></number></pre>	Software error. The data file was generated by an older version of software tools.	Report this error by filing a bug report or contacting your Sun Service representative.
47	Unsupported 24-bit data length. Maybe data file is corrupted	This error occurs while the subtest is reading the transaction file. Data may be corrupt.	Reinstall the SUNWvts package.
48	Unable to open display. Window server not running	Warning message only. This message is displayed when the ZX SunVTS is executed from the command line remotely or if SunVTS is run in TTY mode.	
49	vfork: <error></error>	Software error. An error occurred while trying to fork a child process.	Increase swap space, or close other processes.
50	[PWID/QWID] WLUT: Look up table error at index <number>, expected <number>, observed <number>, XOR <number></number></number></number></number>	An error was found in either the PWID (Hardware Window ID) or the QWID (Software Window ID) look-up tables. The error was found in the nth WLUT. The index is out of 64 entries for PWID or 15 for QWID. The test expected to find expected but received observed, yielding XOR when the two values are exclusive or'd with each other, which indicates the bits in error. This error message indicates there is an error in the Video Output section.	

SPARCprinter Ports Test

(lpvitest)

lpvitest verifies the functionality of SPARCprinter ports, and bpptest verifies the functionality of bidirectional parallel ports. SBus printer cards have two printer ports: one for SPARCprinters, and one for any parallel port printer.

Printer Test Hardware and Software Requirements

The SBus printer card and device drivers must be installed in order to run lpvitest or bpptest. A printer must be connected to the SPARCprinter or bidirectional parallel port, and powered-up. If both a SPARCprinter and a parallel port printer are hooked up to the SBus card, you can test both ports simultaneously.

If you are testing the SPARCprinter port, be sure the magnets on the SPARCprinter paper tray are set to the correct paper size. For more information, see the SPARCprinter Installation and User's Guide and the label on the printer tray.

The lpvitest verifies that your SBus card and SPARCprinter are working properly by attempting to transfer a data pattern from the SBus card to the SPARCprinter and printing the pattern.

If the SBus card and printer are functioning properly, you can see in the SunVTS Status window that lpvitest made a successful pass, and the pattern transmitted to the printer printed correctly.

If this test passes successfully, the SBus DMA circuitry, the SPARCprinter, and the device driver are functioning properly.

lpvitest Options

□ IpviO(Ipvitest) T	est Parameter Options
Configuration: Printing device: lpv	io
Options:	
Access:	writeonly readonly
Mode:	7 fast
Image:	▽ default
Resolution:	€400)300
Processor Affinity: Processor 0 Processor 2	
Apply Re	eset Cancel

FIGURE 17-1 lpvitest Option Menu

TABLE 17-1 lpvitest Options

lpvitest Options	Description
Access	This field is informational only. Writeonly is the only option currently available. This indicates that the only data being transferred is going from the SBus printer card to the SPARCprinter.
Mode	Use this option to select how often to print the test image. The default setting is Fast; the available settings are: Fast: Prints an image every 1 minute. Medium: Prints an image every 12 minutes. Extended: Prints an image every 30 minutes.
Image	This option lets you choose which test image to print. The settings are: Default: A pattern of vertical lines on one page and a checkerboard pattern on another. 57fonts: An image of the 57 different fonts that the printer supports. Userdefined: You can use any raster file as a test image. Just place the file in the /opt/SUNWvts/bin directory and save it as the file name u_image.
Resolution	This setting defines the printer resolution of the printed test pattern. The choices are 300 or 400 dots per inch. Note: Patterns such as the default test pattern are printed at different sizes and at different dpi resolutions. The text in the 57 fonts pattern prints in the same size, using the two different resolutions.

lpvitest Test Mode

This test only supports the Functional test.

lpvitest Command Line Syntax

TABLE 17-2 lpvitest Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation	
dev=device_name	Specifies the name of the device. This should be of the form /dev/lpvi#, where # is the number of the device.	
access=	Choices are write-only or read-only, but just write-only is supported at this time. See Access in "lpvitest Options."	
image= <i>filename</i>	This is the name of the file containing the test image. Possible values are:	
	imagefile: Any file containing user-defined images. Before running SunVTS, copy the raster image file to the <code>/opt/SUNWvts/bin</code> directory and save it with the filename <code>u_image</code> . The size of the image is adjusted based on the resolution	
	57fonts: Contains an image of 57 fonts. The size of the image is adjusted, based on the resolution	
	default: The default images print on two pages, one image is a pattern of vertical lines and the other is a checkerboard	
reso=resolution	<i>resolution</i> is the resolution of the output in dots per inch (DPI). Possible values are 300 and 400.	
mode= <i>mode</i>	<i>mode</i> is the print speed mode. This is the rate at which the test image is printed. Possible values are:	
	fast:Prints the test image at 1-minute intervals.	
	medium: Prints the test image at 12-minute intervals.	
	extended: Prints the test image at 30-minute intervals.	

lpvitest Error Messages

TABLE 17-3 lpvitest Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6000	Error occurred while attempting to obtain paper size	System error message	
		No tray installed	
		Printer out of paper	
6001	Error occurred while attempting to fork a child process	System error message	
6002	image in <name> raster file too big</name>		
6003	error= <number></number>	System error message	
8000	couldn't open	Device does not exist	
	<device_name></device_name>	Device not configured correctly	
8001	<pre>ioctl fail on <device_name></device_name></pre>	System error message	
8002	Failed to obtain memory from malloc() system call	System is heavily loaded	
8003	Couldn't open <file_name></file_name>		
8004	Error occurred while reading raster file header <value> for <device_name></device_name></value>	Specified image raster file does not have the proper format	
8005	Error occurred while loading image file <value> for <device_name></device_name></value>	Specified image raster file does not have the proper format	
8006	Error occurred while writing to printer device	System error message	
8007	Error encountered while accessing printer device <device_name>; Paper size: <value>,Counters: <value>, Print Engine: <value></value></value></value></device_name>		

 TABLE 17-3
 lpvitest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
8008	Error encountered while accessing printer device <device_name>; Error code: <value></value></device_name>	Error in main motor	
8009	Error encountered while accessing printer device <device_name>; Error code: <value></value></device_name>	ROS out of order	
8010	Error encountered while accessing printer device <device_name>; Error code: <value></value></device_name>	FUSER out of order	
8011	Error encountered while accessing printer device <device_name>; Error code: <value></value></device_name>	XERO failure	
8012	Error encountered while accessing printer device <device_name>; Error code: <value></value></device_name>	Interlock open	
8013	Error encountered while accessing printer device <device_name>; Error code: <value></value></device_name>	No tray installed	
8014	Error encountered while accessing printer device <device_name>; Error code: <value></value></device_name>	No paper exists in selected tra	ny
8015	Error encountered while accessing printer device <device_name>; Error code: <value></value></device_name>	Exit JAM	
8016	Error encountered while accessing printer device <device_name>; Error code: <value></value></device_name>	Misfeed JAM	
8017	Error encountered while accessing printer device <device_name>; Error code: <value></value></device_name>	Drum cartridge is nearly exhausted	

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 TABLE 17-3
 lpvitest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
8018	Error encountered while accessing printer device <device_name>; Error code: <value></value></device_name>	Deve module is nearly exhausted	
8019	Error encountered while accessing printer device <device_name>; Error code: <value></value></device_name>	No drum cartridge	
8020	Error encountered while accessing printer device <device_name>; Error code: <value></value></device_name>	No deve cartridge	
8021	Error encountered while accessing printer device <device_name>; Error code: <value></value></device_name>	Drum cartridge exhausted	
8022	Error encountered while accessing printer device <device_name>; Error code: <value></value></device_name>	Deve cartridge exhausted	
8023	Timed out while accessing printer device <device_name></device_name>		
8024	EIO error		

M64 Video Board Test (m64test)

 ${\tt m64test}$ tests the PCI-based M64 video board by performing the following subtests:

- Video memory test
- RAMDAC test
- Accelerator port test

Caution – DO NOT run any other application or screen saver program that uses the Pineapple accelerator port while running m64test. This combination could cause sunvts to return incorrect errors.

Note – Disable all screen savers before testing any graphics device. Type **xset** s off at a UNIX prompt to disable the Solaris screen saver.

To start SunVTS with vtsui, but without vtsk, you must add the host name to xhost as: xhost + <hostname>.

m64test Options

By default, all tests are enabled.

	PCI FB
Options :	
Video Memory:	Enable Disable
RAMDAC:	Enable Disable
Accelerator Port:	Enable Disable
Subtest Repeat:	<u>1, </u>
Test Loop Repeat:	<u>1</u> 1 ()====== 99
Frame Buffer Locking:	Enable Disable
Pattern:	∇ Random
(Reset)	Apply

FIGURE 18-1 m64test Option Menu

TABLE 18-1 m64test Options

m64test Options	Description
Video Memory	Tests the on screen video memory (the memory part that is visible on the screen of the M64 video board in 8-bit, 16-bit, 32-bit, 64-bit, and 64 byte (block) modes. The test completes two passes consisting of a write and read to each byte of onscreen video memory. The first pass is made using random data or data specified by the user at the command line. The second pass is made with the one's complement of the data used in the first pass so that each on-screen video memory location (bit) is tested with a zero (electrical low state) and one (electrical high state).

 $\textbf{TABLE 18-1} \quad m64 test \ Options$

m64test Options	Description
RAMDAC	The RAMDAC test completes three phases. The first phase tests the RAMDAC memory by writing to and reading from the RAMDAC memory (look up table LUT) with four data patterns. Data patterns written to and read from the RAMDAC memory are compared for consistency. The four data patterns include: -Random data -Complement of the random data (used as first data pattern) -The data pattern 0101 -The data pattern 10101 The second phase draws four different patterns on the screen. Each pattern stays on the screen for approximately three seconds. The four patterns include: -Red ramp with cursor at top left corner of the screen -Blue ramp with cursor at top right corner of the screen -Green ramp with cursor at bottom left of the screen -Grey ramp with cursor at bottom right of the screen -A signature is captured with each pattern and compared with the signature obtained for the corresponding pattern on a known good board. This test verifies that all the different data paths within the RAMDAC are functioning properly. The third phase tests the Vertical Retrace Interrupt. The Vertical Retrace Interrupt is tested for 300 interrupts.
Accelerator Port	Tests all the data paths (sources: fixed color, host data, blit, fixed pattern), arithmetic and logic unit (ALU), color comparator, primitives (destinations: line, rectangle), and mono to color expansion logic. Primitives are drawn using a combination of different data paths (allowed), ALU functions, and color comparator functions. A signature is captured for each data combination and is compared with the signature captured for the same data combination on a known good board.

m64test Test Modes

Due to the nature of graphic tests, reading from or writing to the frame buffer during graphic tests will disturb user operation. This test is only available in the Functional Test mode.

TABLE 18-2 m64test Test Mode

Test Mode	Description
Functional Test	The m64test verifies the M64 video board.

m64test Command Line Syntax

 $\label{loopt} $$ \operatorname{SUNWvts/bin/m64} test\ standard_arguments\ -o\ dev=device_name, $$ S=subtest_number, F=\#_of_subtest_loops, B=\#_of_test_loops, L, P=test_pattern $$$

TABLE 18-3 m64test Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation	
dev=device_name	<i>device_name</i> is the full path name of the device being tested; the default is /dev/fbs/m640.	
S=subtest_number	<code>subtest_number</code> is the test number of the subtest to be run. Select from the subtests below. You can run multiple subtests by adding the subtest numbers. For example, $n=0x00003$ runs both test 00001 and test 00002 ; $n=0x00005$ runs both test $0x00001$ and test $0x000001$. Note that you do not need the leading zeros. $n - 0x00001$ VRAM $n - 0x00002$ RAMDAC $n - 0x00004$ Accelerator port test (Rendering Pipeline) More than one test can be selected by ORing subtest numbers. For example: $n = 0x00005$ means VRAM and Rendering Pipeline tests. A hex number must be preceded by $0x$, decimal numbers are also acceptable	

TABLE 18-3 m64test Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation (Continued)	
F=#_of_subtest_loops	Specifies the number of times to repeat each subtest; default is 1.	
B=#_of_test_loops	Specifies the number of times to repeat a test loop before passing; default is 1.	
P=test_pattern	Specifies the test pattern number. The default is r, for random patterns. You may also choose 0 for 0x0000000, 3 for 0x3333333, 5 for 0x5555555, or 9 for 0x9999999.	

m64test Error Messages

Errors returned by m64test are nonspecific. It is not possible to determine which component caused a failure. In all error conditions, the field replaceable unit (FRU) is the entire M64 video board. The errors messages are listed below, along with probable causes and recommended actions.

TABLE 18-4 m64test Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6002	%s error: Misaligned raster.\n	Software error	If problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider
6003	Unable to open%s.\n	Device not present	Check for device presence
		Device failure	Replace device
		Permission restrictions	Check device permissions
6004	ioctl(2) Error in loading the Frame Buffer structure fbtype.\n	IOCTL call to driver failure	Try replacing device
		Device failure	Call your authorized Sun service provider
6005	ioctl(2) Error in loading the Original Color Map Values.\n	IOCTL call to driver failure	Try replacing device.
		Device failure	Call your authorized Sun service provider
6006	ioctl(2) Error in Setting the Cursor	IOCTL call to driver failure	Try replacing device.
	Values .∖n	Device failure	Call your authorized Sun service provider

 TABLE 18-4
 m64test Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6007	ioctl(2) Error in loading the	IOCTL call to driver failure	Try replacing device.
	GXInfo Structure fbtype .\n	Device failure	Call your authorized Sun service provider
6008	%s (1-byte access) error:\n x/y (%d,%d) Expected 0x%02x,	Device failure	Replace device.
	Actual 0x%0 2x, Xor 0x%02x.\n		Call your authorized Sun service provider
5009	%s (2-byte access) error: \n x/y (%d,%d) Expected 0x%04x,	Device failure	Replace device.
	Actual 0x%0 4x, Xor 0x%04x.\n		Call your authorized Sun service provider
6010	%s (4-byte access) error:\n x/y (%d,%d) Expected 0x%08x,	Device failure	Replace device.
	Actual 0x%0 8x, Xor 0x%08x.\n		Call your authorized Sun service provider
5011	%s (8-byte access) error:\n x/y (%d,%d) Expected 0x%08x,	Device failure	Replace device.
	Actual 0x%0 8x, Xor 0x%08x.\n		Call your authorized Sun service provider
6012	%s (64-byte access) error:\n x/y (%d,%d) Expected 0x%08x, Actual 0x% 08x, Xor 0x%08x.\n	Device failure	Replace device.
			Call your authorized Sun service provider
6013	Error in Allocating Memory < mmap call Failure >.\n	System error	If problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider
6014	Error in DeAllocating Memory < unmap call Failure >.\n	System error	If problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider
5015	ioctl(2) failed trying to turn on M64 video.\n	IOCTL call to driver failure	Replace device.
		Device failure	Call your authorized Sun service provider
5016	ioctl(2) failed trying to post CLUT.\n	IOCTL call to driver failure	Replace device.
	co post chor. (ii		Call your authorized Sun service provider
		Device failure	

 TABLE 18-4
 m64test Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6017	ioctl(2) failed trying	IOCTL call to driver failure	Replace device.
	to read CLUT.\n	Device failure	Call your authorized Sun service provider
6018	Miscompare found in Red	RAMDAC failure	Replace device.
	channel of CLUT entry%d.\n Expected 0x%02x, Ob served 0x%02x, XOR 0x%02x.\n	Device failure	Call your authorized Sun service provider
6019	Miscompare found in Green	RAMDAC failure	Replace device.
	channel of CLUT entry%d.\n Expected 0x%02x, Observed 0x%02x, XOR 0x%02x.\n	Device failure	Call your authorized Sun service provider
6020	Miscompare found in Blue channel of CLUT entry%d.\n Expected 0x%02x, O served 0x%02x, XOR 0x%02x.\n	RAMDAC failure	Replace device.
		Device failure	Call your authorized Sun service provider
6021	RAMDAC test screen CRC signature error message. Monitor type%d, Cursor Position %d, Expected Signature 0x%x, Actual Signature 0x%x	Device failure	Call your authorized Sun service provider
6022	sysinfo(2) failed getting	No system permissions	Become superuser
	hostname.\n		If problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6023	Can't acquire console semaphore\n	System error	If problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6024	Cannot gain control of mouse:%s\n	System error	If problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6025	Cannot gain control of keyboard:%s\n	System error	If problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.

 TABLE 18-4
 m64test Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6026	Already grabbed by another client		Try stopping other similar actions.
			If problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6027	grabbed at invalid time	System error	If problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6028	grab window is not viewable		If problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6029	pointer/keyboard is frozen		If problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6030	Unknown cause		If problem persists, all your authorized Sun service provider
6031	ioctl(2) failed trying to	IOCTL call to driver failure	Replace device.
	get current video mode.\n	Device failure	Call your authorized Sun service provider
6032	ioctl(2) failed trying to	IOCTL call to driver failure	Replace device.
	set current video mode.\n	Device failure	Call your authorized Sun service provider
6033	ioctl(2) failed trying to	IOCTL call to driver failure	Replace device.
	get M64 system info.\n	Device failure	Call your authorized Sun service provider
6034	mmap(2) failed:%s.\n	System error	If problem persists, all your authorized Sun service provider
6035	munmap(2) failed:%s.\n	System error	If problem persists, all your authorized Sun service provider
6036	close(2) failed:%s.\n	System error	If problem persists, all your authorized Sun service provider

 TABLE 18-4
 m64test Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6037	DGA error grabbing window on screen%d.\n	System error	If problem persists, all your authorized Sun service provider
6038	DGA error getting window from token on screen%d.\n	System error	If problem persists, all your authorized Sun service provider
6039	ioctl(2) failed trying to	IOCTL call to driver failure	Replace device.
	post cursor.\n	Device failure	Call your authorized Sun service provider
6040	ioctl(2) failed trying to	IOCTL call to driver failure	Replace device.
	read cursor.\n	Device failure	Call your authorized Sun service provider
6041	No M64 device found on	IOCTL call to driver failure	Replace device.
	display 0.\n	Device failure	Call your authorized Sun service provider
6042	There is an inconsistency with the version of the X Window System.\n	System error	If problem persists, all your authorized Sun service provider
6043	stat(2) failed trying to get info about Device Under Test.\n	System error	If problem persists, all your authorized Sun service provider
6044	stat(2) failed trying to get info about screen 0:%d.\n	System error	If problem persists, all your authorized Sun service provider
6045	Can't access XWindows	Permission denial from Host	Run xhost(1).
		System error	If X server is not running, run
		X Server is not running	X server.
			If problem persists, all your authorized Sun service provider
6046	wait(2) failed:%s\n	System error	If problem persists, all your authorized Sun service provider
6047	signal(2) failed:%s\n	System error	If problem persists, all your authorized Sun service provider

 TABLE 18-4
 m64test Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6048	ioctl(2) Error in	IOCTL call to driver failure	Replace device.
	vertical retrace test.\n	Device failure	Call your authorized Sun service provider
6049	Can't open display	Permission denial from Host	Run xhost(1).
		System error	If X server is not running, run
		X Server is not running	X server.
			If problem persists, all your authorized Sun service provider

Multiprocessor Test (mptest)

mptest verifies the functionality of multiprocessing hardware. This test allocates a page of virtual memory for the test, declaring the page shared, locks the page against swapping, and creates threads to each of the processors being tested. Up to 64 processors can be tested by mptest in a CPU.

The processor mask argument can be sent to mptest during test probing. The mptest verifies that the current processor mask matches what is entered from the command line or from the GUI/TTYUI.

mptest Options

mp(mptest) Te	st Parameter Options
Configuration: Number of processors:4	4
Options:	
Processors:	■ 0
	1
	■ 2 ····
	■ 3
Lock/Unlock:	● Enable
Data I/O:	● Enable Oisable
Shared Memory:	● Enable
Cache Consistency:	● Enable
	Bound to:
Processor Affinity:	Processor 0 Processor 1
	Processor 2 Processor 3
	[
Apply Re:	set Cancel

 $\textbf{FIGURE 19-1} \ \, \texttt{mptest Option Menu}$

The processors that can be tested are listed in the Configuration area of the menu. The multiprocessing test can be enabled or disabled for individual processors on this menu.

The options listed in Table 17-1 can be run alone or concurrently with other options.

TABLE 19-1 mptest Options

mptest Options	Description
Processors	Lets you specify which processors to test. Click SELECT on the check boxes to enable or disable each processor. A check mark means the processor is enabled for testing; the default setting is all processors enabled. Note that mptest requires at least two enabled processors to test multiprocessing systems.
Lock/Unlock	Tests the lock/unlock mechanism that guarantees exclusive access to a physical page to one processor. A thread is created at each of the processors. Each processor uses the SPARC atomic instruction ldstub to write to the same shared physical memory page. While one processor is attempting the write, the other processors should be free spinning for their turn. As each processor acquires the lock, it writes an ordinal number to a shared trace buffer using a shared write pointer. After the test cycle is complete, the trace buffer is dumped for analysis. This test fails and returns an error message if the trace buffer does not contain an equal number of ordinal numbers for each processor. For example, if the specified loop count is 5, the trace buffer should contain five 0s, five negative 1s, five 2s, and so on.
Data I/O	Requires two or more threads, each of which locks onto one of the processors. Each processor, in turn, writes data to a temporary file that has been mapped to the physical address. The modified data is immediately read by other processors being tested. This test hangs and fails if the processors do not recognize the expected data.
Shared Memory	A shared memory buffer is divided into a number of contiguous chunks, one for each of the CPUs participating in the test. Each CPU is assigned a unique chunk based upon its ID (1-N). This subtest has two parts. First, each CPU locks and writes data to its data chunk. Identical data is written for each CPU. Then each CPU reads and compares the information on its data chunk with that of another CPU. If two CPUs do not confirm consistent data, the test fails and returns an error message. If that happens, testing stops and this test is run again in verbose mode to return more detailed information.
Cache Consistency	Requires two or more processors to access and write to the same physical address. This test verifies that a change in physical address by one processor is confirmed by another. If two processors do not confirm consistent data, the test continues to run, but the Pass Count in the SunVTS status window stops incrementing. If this happens, stop testing and run the test again in verbose mode for a more detailed picture of the problem.

mptest Test Modes

TABLE 19-2 mptest Test Modes

Test Mode	Description
Connection Test The Connection test checks the current processors on the sy with the original processor mask. An error is reported if the not match. The original processor mask is set during probin which shows the processors on system during the probe. The status of each selected processor is checked by processor.	
Functional Test	If you invoke SunVTS through SyMON, the following Functional Test description applies: This test mode verifies that the current processor mask is the same as that from the command line, or the same as that from the GUI/TTYUI

mptest Command Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/mptest standard_arguments -o
M=0+1+2+3...,NL,ND,NS,NC

TABLE 19-3 mptest Command Line Syntax

Arguments	Explanation	
NL	Disable the Lock/Unlock subtest	
ND	Disable the Data I/O subtest	
NS	Disable the Shared Memory subtest	
NC	Disable Cache Consistency subtest	
M= <processors be="" enabled<="" td="" to=""><td colspan="2">e Where 0, 1, 2 are processors</td></processors>	e Where 0, 1, 2 are processors	
omask= <original mask="" of="" processors=""></original>		

mptest Error Messages

TABLE 19-4 mptest Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6000	mp lock failed	Faulty processor	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6001	All subtests are disabled	Parameter error	Enable at least one subtest.
6002	thr_setconcurrency error	System load is too heavy	Reduce the system load.
		System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6003	Error in creating threads: <name></name>	System load is too heavy	Reduce the system load.
		System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6004	thr_join() thread <number></number>	System load is too heavy	Reduce the system load.
	error status: <number></number>	System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6005	Processor Mask Error: Expect <number> Was <number< td=""><td>Some processors are disappeared from processor mask</td><td>If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.</td></number<></number>	Some processors are disappeared from processor mask	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6006	Failed in system call	System load is too heavy	Reduce the system load.
	<pre>uadmin, errno = <number>, sys_errlist = <name></name></number></pre>	System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6007	Failed in function getnextbitmsk!	System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6008	Processor Mask Error: check mask <number> cpu mask <number></number></number>	Some processors disappeared from the processor mask	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6009	Failed to get shared memory, err = <name></name>	System load is too heavy	Reduce the system load.
		System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6010	Failed to create shared	System load is too heavy	Reduce the system load.
	memory, err = <name></name>	System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.

 TABLE 19-4
 mptest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6011	Shared Memory Subtest:	System load too heavy	Reduce the system load.
	Process <number>, Processor <number>, *curr_add <number> curr_addr <number>, cpu_mask <number> failed</number></number></number></number></number>	System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
6014	Failed on read & compare: Processor <number>, read=<number>, exp=<number></number></number></number>		
6016	Not a MP system!	Faulty Processor	
		Do not run mptest on this system.	
8000	Failed to open <name></name>	Not enough disk space	Allocate disk space.
		Permission error	Check directory/file permissions .
		System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8001	Failed to create a page	System load too heavy	Reduce the system load.
		System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8002	mmap address space to	System load too heavy	Reduce the system load.
	device	System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8003	mlock error. <name></name>	Processor error	Isolate the bad processor.
8005	All subtests are disabled	Parameter error: None subtest is selected	Re-enter command line correctly: Select at least one subtest.
8006	Can not run mptest! You need to enable at least two processors	Parameter error You have selected less than two processors for testing	Re-enter command line correctly; Select at least two processors.

Network Hardware Test

(nettest)

nettest checks all the networking hardware on the system CPU board and separate networking controllers (for example, a second SBus Ethernet controller). For this test to be meaningful, the machine under test must be attached to a network with at least one other system on the network.

Note – This version of nettest is used for *all* networking devices, including Ethernet (ie and le), token ring (tr, trp), quad Ethernet (QED), fiber optic (fddi, nf, bf, pf), SPARCclusterTM 1 System (em), ATM (sa, ba), and 100 megabits per second Ethernet (be, hme) devices.

The nettest mainly uses the Internet control message protocol (ICMP), and requires at least two machines on a network—the machine under test and another machine reliable enough to be a test target. Both machines must support the transport control protocol/interface program (TCP/IP) (ICMP is part of TCP/IP). The target machine must either be configured to respond to ICMP broadcast or to RPC broadcast.

The first thing nettest does is to determine the target machine(s) to test against. If no targets are specified, it sends an ICMP broadcast to find them. If it fails to find all necessary targets, it tries RPC broadcast to the RPC port mapper daemon. If you specify the targets, nettest uses the specified target(s) instead.

After finding the necessary targets, nettest performs the following tests:

- Random test sends out 256 packets with random data length and random data.
- Incremental test sends out packets with length from minimum to maximum packet size using incremental data. (Minimum and maximum values differ for each device.)

■ Pattern test sends 256 packets of maximum length, where each packet contains one test pattern, and all byte patterns (0 to 0xFF hex) are used. That is, the first packet contains pattern 0, the second packet contains pattern 1, and so on, until the last packet pattern of 0xFF.

Note — nettest is a scalable test. However, the maximum number of networked devices allowed on a system is 255, and the number of instances for each device is limited to 200. So, if you start the SunVTS exerciser using the -i option to specify a default number of instances for all tests, nettest cannot assign more than 200 instances per each networked device.

nettest Options

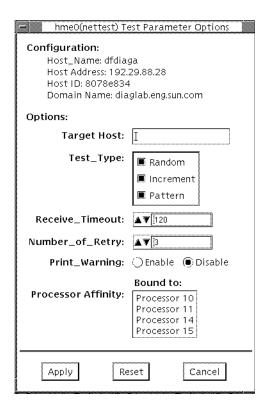


FIGURE 20-1 nettest Option Menu

The Configuration section specifies the host name, host ID, host address, and domain name of the system being tested.

 $\textbf{TABLE 20-1} \quad \texttt{nettest Options}$

nettest Options	Description
Target Host	Specifies one or more targets to be tested against. Target host entries can be either a host name or an Internet address. When no target host is specified, the test finds necessary targets via broadcasting. The default setting leaves this field empty.
Receive Timeout field	The default is 120 seconds, but can be changed. Use a range between 0 - 600 seconds.
Number of Retries The default number of retries before flagging an error is three, can be changed. Use a range between 0 to 128 retries.	
Print Warning	Disabled by default. Click Enable to see warning errors, such as retry on timeout.

nettest Test Modes

All three modes are supported by nettest. Different test schemes are performed on the network device based on the mode selected.

TABLE 20-2 nettest Test Modes

Test Mode	Description	
Connection Test	The nettest checks whether the device is connected or not under this mode. It searches through all the network interfaces for specified device name. The nettest considers the device not connected and test failed if it can not find the match, otherwise it returns device is connected.	
Functional Test	Functional test, the nettest performs all three tests (Random test, Incremental test, and Pattern test) sequentially. It allows user to specify option in such a way that the nettest performs a very stressful test	
	If you invoke SunVTS through SyMON, the following Functional Test description applies: Online mode, nettest is aware that the user's application may be running, it tries to minimize the influence on the application while it is testing. So the nettest uses only random test in online mode. Since the network device can be shared and the system resource is available, applications shall be affected fairly small	

nettest Command Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/nettest $standard_arguments$ -o target=h1+h2+..., dev=interface, test=type, packets=n, pattern=hex, delay=seconds, timeout=seconds, retry=n, warn

TABLE 20-3 nettest Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation		
target= $h1+h2+$	Specifies a list of test targets by host name or Internet address.		
dev=interface Network interface name. The default value is 1e0 for networks.			
test=type	Specifies the test type. Type Random for only the Random test, Increment for the Incremental test, Pattern for the Pattern test. The default value is Random+Increment+Pattern for all the tests to be run.		
packets=n	Number of random/pattern packets. The default is 256.		
pattern=hexn	Specifies a data pattern, in hexadecimal form. The default is all patterns from 0 to 0xff.		
delay=seconds Indicates the time between subtests in seconds; default seconds.			
timeout=seconds	=seconds Indicates the number of seconds to wait before a timeout; default is 20 seconds.		
retry=n	Indicates the number of test timeout retries; default is three retries.		
warn	When enabled, prints warning messages.		

nettest Error Messages

 TABLE 20-4
 nettest Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6000	RPC broadcast failure <error_message></error_message>		
6001	Unable to resolve <host_name> ethernet address</host_name>		
6002	No ICMP echo reply from <host_name></host_name>	System load too heavy	Reduce system load or increase timeout time
		No cable connection	Check cable connection!
		Target machine too busy	Reduce target machine load
6003	<pre>ICMP echo reply incorrect length from <host_name>, exp <data> obs <data></data></data></host_name></pre>		
6004	<pre>ICMP echo reply length <number> from <host_name>, data mismatch at byte <number>, exp <value> obs <value></value></value></number></host_name></number></pre>		
6005	Unable to find any test target		
6006	Unable to find necessary test targets for the ethernet switch		
8000	Unable to open <device_name> <error_message></error_message></device_name>		
8001	Bad ioctl <name> <error_message></error_message></name>		
8002	Unable to allocate <number> bytes of memory <error_message></error_message></number>		
8003	System call <name> returned <value> <error_message></error_message></value></name>		

 TABLE 20-4
 nettest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
8004	Unable to map network entry for <host_name></host_name>		
8005	ATM device <device_name> requires target specification</device_name>		
8006	Failed to allocate <number> bytes of swap space for configuration</number>		
8007	<pre>dl_primitive response = <value></value></pre>		
8008	dl_ok_ack: short response		
8009	dl_phys_addr_ack: short response		
8010	Invalid Argument <string></string>		
8011	Interface <device_name> not configured in system</device_name>		

PCMCIA Modem Card Test

(pcsertest)

posertest verifies the functionality of the PCMCIA Modem Card. The posertest issues a series of commands to the modem that instructs the modem's firmware to run an internal analog loopback diagnostic test. Upon completion, the firmware sends back a three-digit status message indicating whether the test passed or failed.

As an option, the posertest tests socket I/O cards. This test writes an 8-Kbyte incrementing data pattern to the I/O card, which is then looped back, read, and verified.

Note – When testing socket I/O cards, a 9-pin loopback connector is required. However, no loopback connector is required when testing the default modem card. See Appendix A for loopback connector wiring instructions.

pcsertest Options

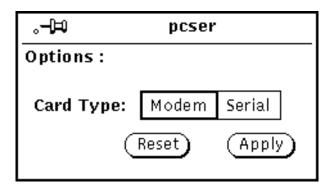


FIGURE 21-1 pcsertest Option Menu

The default card type for each PCMCIA slot is a modem card. If only one modem card is plugged in, the empty slot is ignored.

From the posertest Option window, you can choose to test socket I/O cards. To test a socket card, choose Socket on the Card Type switch. If you choose to test a socket I/O card in an empty slot, the test fails.

Any combination of modem and socket I/O cards may be placed in the PCMCIA slots. However, you must select the correct type of card in the Option window. If you select an incorrect card type, the test fails.

pcsertest Test Mode

This test only supports the Functional test mode.

pcsertest Command Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/pcsertest standard_arguments -o dev=device_name, type=card_type

TABLE 21-1 pcsertest Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation
dev=device_name	Specifies the device name (for example, dev=pc0 and pc1)
type=card_type	Specifies the card type for the previously specified device name (for example, type=serial). You do not need to specify the type if the device is a modem, since modem is the default card type.

pcsertest Error Messages

TABLE 21-2 pcsertest Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6000	tcgetattr failed for modem card <number> <error message=""></error></number>		
6001	tcsetattr failed for modem card <number> <error message=""></error></number>		
6002	Write failed while setting modem card <number> <error message=""></error></number>		
6003	<pre>ioctl TIOCSSOFTCAR failed for serial card <number> <error message=""></error></number></pre>		
6004	tcgetattr failed for serial card <number> <error message=""></error></number>		
6005	tcsetattr failed for serial card <number> <error message=""></error></number>		

 TABLE 21-2
 pcsertest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6006	Card in slot <number> is not a serial card</number>		
6007	Data miscompare error		
6008	Modem card <number> returned unknown status</number>		
6009	<pre>ioctl TIOCMSET failed for serial card <number> <error message=""></error></number></pre>		
6010	<pre>ioctl TIOCMBIS failed for serial card <number> <error message=""></error></number></pre>		
6011	Write to serial card <number> failed. <error message></error </number>		
6012	Timeout waiting for data from serial card <number></number>		
6013	Read from serial card <number> failed. <error message=""></error></number>		
6014	Status timeout from modem card <number></number>		
6015	Read from modem card <number> failed. <error message></error </number>		
6016	Card in slot %d is not a modem card		
8000	can't open <device> <error message=""></error></device>		
8001	Serial card <number> loopback defective</number>		
8002	Write to modem card <number> failed. <error message></error </number>		

SPARCstorage Array Controller Test (plntest)

plntest checks the controller board on the SPARCstorage™ Array. The SPARCstorage Array (SSA) is a large disk storage I/O subsystem capable of housing up to 30 SCSI hard drives. The SSA communicates with a host system over a fiber optic link provided by an SBus-based host adapter card in the host system and the corresponding SSA Controller board hardware.

The SSA controller card is an intelligent, CPU-based board with its own memory and ROM-resident software. In addition to providing a communications link to the disk drives, it also buffers data between the host system and disk drives in its nonvolatile RAM (NVRAM). For data to go from the host to a particular disk, it must first be successfully transferred to this NVRAM space.

The host machine, SBus host adapter card, fiber-channel connection, and the SSA controller board must be working properly to perform this data transfer operation. This is the operation that plntest tries to stress and verify. By stressing this operation, plntest can isolate failures on the SSA disk drives from failures on the SSA controller board.

Note — disktest transfers data on the SSA disk drives over the same path mentioned above. However, disktest does not transfer data as quickly as plntest can.

plntest Controller Test

The plntest exercises the hardware and software by invoking SCSI read buffer commands of various sizes to the NVRAM. These operations exercise the host fiber channel hardware, the SSA fiber channel hardware, the SSA resident management software, and the hardware component interaction on the SSA controller card (all components except the SCSI devices). In addition, the plntest reports failure of the fan module and the NVRAM battery module of the SPARC storage array.

plntest Options

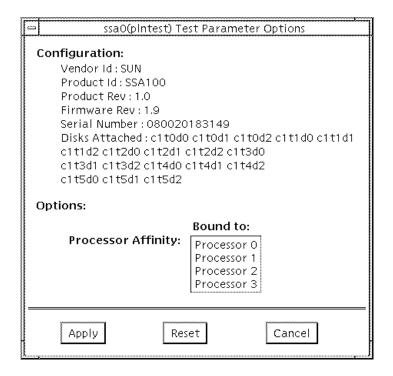


FIGURE 22-1 plntest Option Menu

Configuration lists the names of all the logical disk drives (both single and grouped) that are attached to the SPARCstorage Array controller board. plntest is not a scalable test.

Note – If no disks are present, none is displayed under the Attached Disks heading.

plntest Test Modes

TABLE 22-1 plntest Test Modes

Test Mode	Description
Connection Test	In this mode, plntest checks the state of the battery module and the fan module of the SPARCstorage array.
Functional Test	This mode performs the same type of tests as the Online mode
	If you invoke SunVTS through SyMON, the following Functional Test description applies: In this mode, plntest checks the state of the battery module and the fan module of the SPARCstorage array. The plntest issues a SCSI command, READBUFFER, causing the entire NVRAM to be read. This test uses different transfer buffer sizes

plntest Command Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/plntest standard_arguments -o ?,dev=device_name, x,

TABLE 22-2 plntest Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation
?	Probes the system for valid SSA controller devices and prints them to screen (see "Probing for SSA Controller Devices.")
dev=device_name	Specifies the physical path name of the SSA controller card to be tested. This argument <i>must</i> be included when running plntest from the command line, unless the ? argument is used.

TABLE 22-2 plntest Command Line Syntax

Argument	(Continued)Explanation
x	Probes the specified SSA controller card for the single and grouped disks attached to the controller card, and prints their logical names to the screen. Note: The dev=device_name must be specified for this option to work.

Probing for SSA Controller Devices

Unlike most other hardware devices, the SSA controller card does not have a logical device name (one you would find in the /dev directory). Therefore, the SSA controller card is identified by its longer, physical device name.

Note – The physical device name of the SSA controller card cannot be used.

When running plntest from the command line, the physical device name of the SSA controller card cannot be used, so a logical name must be specified. ANSI standards require commas as delimiters between items. Since the physical name of the SSA controller contains embedded comas, if you use a physical name that contains commas as a command line option, plntest misinterprets the option.

There are two ways that you can create a logical name:

■ Run the SunVTS kernel (vtsk), which automatically creates a logical name entry for the SSA Controller under the /dev directory, such as:

/dev/ssaXX, where XX represents the decimal number of the controller

Use this name as the parameter for the dev= option of plntest.

Manually make a softlink from the actual physical device name to a logical name of your choice (under /dev). Use this name as the parameter for the dev= option of plntest. See the example below:

```
machine# ./plntest "?"

1: /devices/io-unit@f,e3200000/sbi@0,0/SUNW,soc@1,0/
SUNW,pln@0c0d,0e0f0102:ctlr
2: /devices/io-unit@f,e0200000/sbi@0,0/SUNW,soc@3,0/
SUNW,pln@0c0d,0e0f0102:ctlr

machine# ln -s \ /devices/io-unit@f,e3200000/sbi@0,0/SUNW,soc@1,0/SUNW,pln@0c0d,0e0f0102:ctlr \
/dev/ssa1
machine# /opt/SUNWvts/bin/plntest dev=/dev/ssa1
```

plntest Error Messages

TABLE 22-3 envtest Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6010	<pre><device_name> <text1> during <text2>. <text1> indicates SCSI sense information for the SCSI command <text2></text2></text1></text2></text1></device_name></pre>		
6011	<pre><device_name> SCSI status returned is <text>, Command issued was <text></text></text></device_name></pre>		
6012	<pre><device_name>: NVRAM Battery is low or has failed</device_name></pre>	Suspect battery module.	Fast writes will be disabled. Consult your authorized Sun service provider.
8000	<pre></pre>	Suspect fiber optic cable.	Consult your authorized Sun service provider.
		Suspect SSA controller board.	
		Suspect SOC host adapter.	

 TABLE 22-3
 envtest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
8010	<pre><device_name> <text1> during <text2>. <text1> indicates SCSI sense information for the SCSI command <text2></text2></text1></text2></text1></device_name></pre>		
8011	<pre><device_name> SCSI status returned is <text>, Command issued was <text></text></text></device_name></pre>		
8012	<pre><device_name> Fans have failed</device_name></pre>	Consult your authorized Sun service provider.	

Physical Memory Test (pmem)

The pmem test checks the physical memory of the system. The pmem test locates parity errors, hard and soft error correction code (ECC) errors, memory read errors, and addressing problems. The pseudo driver mem(7) is used to read the physical memory.

pmem Options

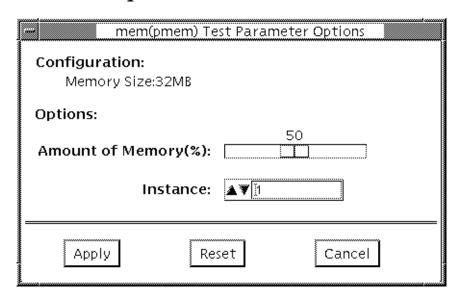


FIGURE 23-1 pmem Option Menu

The amount of memory shown in the configuration field is the total physical memory probed by the SunVTS kernel. It reflects the amount of physical memory found, rounded up to the nearest megabyte. The options to the test enables the user to choose the amount of memory to be read.

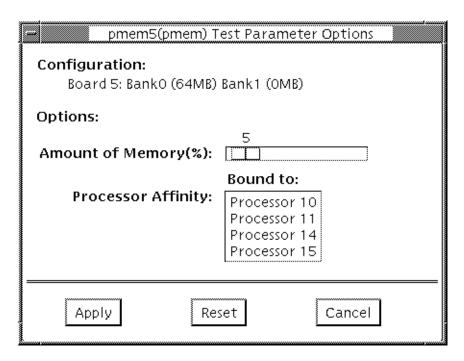


FIGURE 23-2 pmem UltraSPARC Server Option Menu

In the case of UltraSPARC servers, the configuration field lists the banks of memory on each cpu or memory board separately. When physical mapping is used pmem test is registered for each cpu or memory board separately.

pmem Test Modes

TABLE 23-1 pmem Test Modes

Test Mode	Description	
Connection Test	In this mode, 1 percent of the memory is read; it also informs the user of how much physical memory is available. For sun4m, sun4u, and UltraSPARC servers, the test reports the ECC errors that have occurred since it was last invoked. The test reports ECC errors for a particular CPU or memory board when physical mapping is selected, otherwise it provides the SIMM number of the ECC memory error.	
Functional Test	In Functional test, the amount of memory to be read can vary; the default is 100 percent. For UltraSPARC servers, this test mode reports all ECC errors that have occurred since the system was brought online	
	If you invoke SunVTS through SyMON, the following Functional Test description applies: A variable amount of memory is read in Online mode; the default is 100 percent. For UltraSPARC servers, the ECC error reporting is the same as for the Connection test	

pmem Command Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/pmem standard_arguments[-p=n] [-i=n] [-w=n] [size=n]
[bdinfo=n]

TABLE 23-2 pmem Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation
size=number	Specifies the percentage of memory to be read.
bdinfo= <i>number</i>	For UltraSPARC servers, it indicates board number information. For example, if board 0 and board 5 have memory and you want the test to read the memory on these two boards, then $bdinfo=33$ $(2^{**}5 + 2^{**}0)$.

pmem Error Messages

 TABLE 23-3
 pmem Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6003	<pre><number> intermittent errors on <text>. <text> would indicate the SIMM locations</text></text></number></pre>		
6004	Symbol <text> not found in kernel image. <text> will indicate the name of the symbol not found in the kernel image</text></text>		
6005	<pre><number> persistent errors on <text> SIMM(s). <text> would indicate the SIMM locations</text></text></number></pre>	SIMM(s), check the SIMM location	Call your Sun service representative.
8000	<pre>kvm_open() failed: <error_message></error_message></pre>		
8001	<pre>sysinfo(SI_PLATFORM) failed: <error_message></error_message></pre>		
8002	Symbol <text> not found in kernel image. <text> will indicate the name of the symbol not found in the kernel image</text></text>		
8003	Couldn't open file /dev/ mem: <error_message></error_message>		
8004	Unable to read pointer to memlist structure		
8005	Unable to read "size" and "address" in memlist		
8006	<pre>llseek() to address <address> failed (<error_message>)</error_message></address></pre>		
8007	<pre>read() at address <address> failed (<error_message>)</error_message></address></pre>		

 TABLE 23-3
 pmem Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
8008	<pre>sysconf(_SC_NPROCESSORS_O NLN) failed: <error_message></error_message></pre>		
8009	llseek to address <address> failed (<error_message>)</error_message></address>		
8010	<pre>llseek to address <address> [<text>] failed (<error_message>)</error_message></text></address></pre>	This message is seen on UltraSPARC servers only. The <text> indicates to which board and bank the physical address <address> maps.</address></text>	
8011	<pre>read() at address <address> [<text>] failed (<error_message>)</error_message></text></address></pre>	This message is seen on UltraSPARC servers only. The <text> indicates to which board and bank the physical address <address> maps.</address></text>	

Prestoserve Test (pstest)

Prestoserve[™] is an NFS accelerator. It reduces the frequency of disk I/O access by caching the written data blocks in nonvolatile memory. Prestoserve then flushes the cached data to disk asynchronously, as necessary.

pstest verifies the Prestoserve accelerator's functionality with the following three checks:

Board Battery Check

To ensure proper battery power level, the test runs this check before running the other two checks. If it finds a bad battery, it exits pstest immediately with a fatal error message.

Board Memory Check

This check maps the entire board memory to a process address space and locks the board to prevent multiple accesses. The test then travels through the mapped address spaces sequentially, doing a char, short, and long comparison on each space. The pstest executes this check twice.

■ Board Performance and File I/O Access Check

This check exercises only synchronous read/write access. pstest writes data equal to the amount of on-board memory to the memory cache and reads the data back for comparison. The time taken to write that data is measured twice: the first time with the Prestoserve accelerator disabled, the second time with Prestoserve enabled. The first value is divided by the second to get the performance ratio. If the ration is less than 1.5 on three passes of the test, the Prestoserve board may or may not have a problem.

Since the Prestoserve accelerator speeds up the /opt partition during testing and this partition may be mounted remotely, there may or may not be a problem with the Prestoserve board itself, a network performance problem could be the problem. In either case, a warning message is displayed if the performance ratio is less than 1:5.



Caution – To insure consistent results, run as many concurrent tests as possible when a Prestoserve product has been installed. Tests are selected from the Option menu. The default is 2; the maximum is 10. However, do not enable pstest and kmem at the same time. Running these tests together causes SunVTS to report erroneous errors.

pstest Options

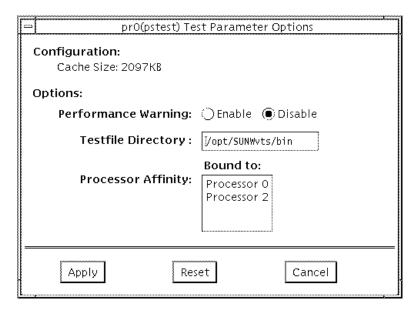


FIGURE 24-1 pstest Option Menu

pstest Test Modes

TABLE 24-1 pstest Test Modes

Test Mode	Description
Functional Test	The test executes the Board Battery Check subtest, Board Memory Check subtest, and Board Performance and File I/O Access Check subtest

pstest Command Line Syntax

 $\verb|/opt/SUNWvts/bin/pstest| \textit{standard_argument} - \verb|o| e, l, f= \textit{testfile_directory}|$

TABLE 24-2 pstest Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation
e	Enables performance warning, which displays a warning message if the performance ratio is less than 1:5
1	Enables long memory test
f = testfile_directory	Specifies the directory of a test file

pstest Error Messages

TABLE 24-3 pstest Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6001	Checking prstatus failed: <error_message></error_message>		
6002	Failed to turn prestoserve DOWN: <error_message></error_message>		
6003	File I/O test failed with low performance ratio: <number></number>		Check that Prestoserve is configured for $/ \text{tmp}$.
6004	<pre>byte compare: location = <address>, observed = <number>,expected = <number></number></number></address></pre>		
6005	<pre>word compare: location =</pre>		
6006	<pre>(data type) long compare: location = <address>, observed = <number>, expected = <number></number></number></address></pre>		
6007	lseek() failed: <error_message></error_message>		
6008	NVRAM write failed: <error_message></error_message>		
6009	NVRAM read failed: <error_message></error_message>		
6010	Failed to get status of Prestoserve failed: <error_message></error_message>		
6011	Failed to reinitialize Prestoserve: <error_message></error_message>		
6012	Failed to turn prestoserve UP: <error_message></error_message>		

 TABLE 24-3
 pstest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6013	Failed to munmap prestoserve: <error_message></error_message>		
6014	File write failed: <error_message></error_message>		
6015	File read failed: <error_message></error_message>		
6016	Data compare failed		
6017	Failed to restore prestoserve state: %s		
6018	Prestoserve test is applicable in Functional test only		
8001	Failed to open prestoserve board: <error_message></error_message>	Prestoserve hardware not installed	
		NVSIMM/NVRAM SBus board not seated correctly	
		Prestoserve software not installed	
		Not in superuser mode	
8002	Prestoserve is in the ERROR state	Errors occurred on a disk drive	
8003	Some batteries are not good or not enabled		
8004	memory_check (pass <pass_id>) failed</pass_id>		
8005	fileio_check (pass <pass_id>) failed</pass_id>		
8006	File I/O test failed (Prestoserve down)		
8007	File I/O test failed (Prestoserve up)		
8008	Open %s also failed: %s. Please enter test file directory		
8009	PRESTOSERVE TESTS FAILED!		

SunVideo Test (rtvctest)

rtvctest verifies the functionality of the SunVideo™ SBus card. SunVideo technology captures and compresses video input in real-time, making it possible to have realtime video conferencing over standard Ethernet networks.

rtvctest is available as a customtest. To enable the test to show up on the SunVTS user interface, you must:

- 1. Edit the .customtest_OtherDevices file in the SunVTS bin directory.
- 2. Uncomment the line starting with the label SunVideo.

The rtvctest was originally written for Sundiag and the messages from the test are displayed on the SunVTS console within a SunVTS INFO message wrapper.

The rtvctest is available under the OtherDevices group, and is only available in the Functional test mode.

rtvctest Subtests

rtvctest is divided into four sub-tests: PROMCheck, Memory, Jalapeno, and CL4000. The PROMCheck sub-test verifies the SunVideo card's programmable read only memory. The memory test verifies all of the memory on the card, including the 2 Mbytes of memory on the CL4000 compression engine and the memory on the Jalapeno application-specific integrated circuit (ASIC). The Jalapeno sub-test verifies the interface logic between the SBus, A/D conversion chips, and the CL4000 compression engine. The CL400 sub-test verifies that the compression engine ASIC is able to compress digitized video data from the A/D chips and send this data to the SBus, through the Jalapeno ASIC.

The ${\tt rtvctest}$ is composed of 49 verification test modules. TABLE 25-1 lists these modules and their associated test sequence numbers.

TABLE 25-1 rtvctest Verification Modules

SunVideo Verification Module Name	Test Sequence Number
RTVC SUNDIAG Start	0
RTVC Checksum	1
RTVC Jalapeno SMEM	2
RTVC CL4000 DMEM	3
RTVC Jalapeno SBus Interrupt Mask	4
RTVC CL4000 Interrupt Mask	5
RTVC DVMA Control Register	6
RTVC DVMA Transfer Size Counter	7
RTVC DVMA Memory Address Counter	8
RTVC DVMA Virtual Memory Address Counter	9
RTVC DVMA Slave SBus Rerun Register	10
RTVC IIC Control Register	11
RTVC IIC Data Register	12
RTVC Video DMA Control Register	13
RTVC Video DMA Transfer Size Counter	14
RTVC Video DMA Memory Address Counter	15
RTVC User Interrupt 0	16
RTVC User Interrupt 1	17
RTVC User Interrupt 2	18
RTVC User Interrupt 3	19
RTVC Video Control and Status Register	20
RTVC Video Control Field Line Interrupt 1	21
RTVC Video Control Field Line Interrupt 2	22
RTVC Video Scan Line Mask Registers	23
RTVC Video Input Format Type	25
RTVC Video Horizontal Lock	26
RTVC Video Even Odd Field	27
RTVC CL4000 Host Control	28

 TABLE 25-1
 rtvctest Verification Modules (Continued)

SunVideo Verification Module Name	Test Sequence Number
RTVC CL4000 Host Lock	29
RTVC CL4000 Video Port A Control	30
RTVC CL4000 Video Port B Control	31
RTVC CL4000 Video Port A FIFO	32
RTVC CL4000 Video Port B FIFO	33
RTVC CL4000 Address Memory Registers	34
RTVC CL4000 Instruction Memory Access Registers	35
RTVC Time Stamp Register	36
RTVC CL4000 Register Memory	37
RTVC CL4000 Scratch Memory	38
RTVC CL4000 DMA Mode	39
RTVC CL4000 Motion Estimation Registers	40
RTVC CL4000 PSW	41
RTVC CL4000 Variable Length Coder Registers	42
RTVC CL4000 Channel Memory Registers	43
RTVC CL4000 CPU Control	44
RTVC CL4000 Multiply Control	45
RTVC CL4000 DMA Interrupt Control	46
RTVC CL4000 Block Transfer Mode	47
RTVC CL4000 Accumulator MSB	48
RTVC CL4000 JPC Field	49
RTVC SUNDIAG Finish	50

rtvctest Options

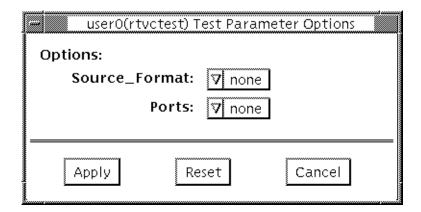


FIGURE 25-1 rtvctest Option Window

You may test the SunVideo card without any video device (camera, video disc player, or VCR) connected to a input port. However, if you connect a video device to the card, then you must state the format of the video source and the input port which the device is connected.

Note – If you do not state both the video source and the input port, the rtvctest prints an error and terminates testing.

Source Format

Select the format of the video source used for testing. You may select from the following sources:

TABLE 25-2 rtvctest Options - Source Format

Video Source	Definition
None	No video source
NTSC	A National Television System Committee (NTSC) video source, which is the video standard in the United States and Japan
PAL	A phase alternate line video source, which is the video standard in Europe

Ports

If you have selected a video source for testing, then you must state which input port you have used to connect the source to the SunVideo card. You may select from the following ports:

TABLE 25-3 rtvctest Options - Ports

Input Port	Definition
None	No input port used
CV1	The composite video input Port 1 (RCA type input)
CV2	The composite video input Port 2 (RCA type input)
SVHS	The super VHS input port

rtvctest Command Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/rtvctest [fmt=none|ntsc|pal] [port=none|cv1|cv2|svhs] dev=rtvc_device

TABLE 25-4 rtvctest Command Line Syntax

Arguments	Description
fmt	Select the format of the video source used for testing. Select either ntsc (video standard in the United States and Japan) or pal (video standard in Europe).
port	If you have selected a video source for testing, then you must state which input port you have used to connect the source to the SunVideo card. You may select from the following ports: • cv1Composite video input port 1 (RCA type) • cv2Composite video input port 2 (RCA type) • svhsSuper VHS port
dev	You are required to state the SunVideo device when running the rtvctest from the command line. Replace $rtvc_device$ with rtvcn, where n is the device number (from 0 to 31) of the SunVideo card being tested.

rtvctest Error Messages

 TABLE 25-5
 rtvctest Error Messages

Error Message	Description	
SunVideo 10	<pre><message> Where: <message> is one of the following: Missing REQUIRED argument D=rtvc[031]</message></message></pre>	
SunVideo 20	<pre> <message> Error # <number> Where: <message> is one of the following: ioctl RTVC_CMD_RESET fault ioctl RTVC_CMD_SET_VIDEO fault ioctl RTVC_CMD_GET_VIDEO fault open /dev/rtvc fault close /dev/rtvc fault close /dev/rtvcctl fault close /dev/rtvcctl fault Unknown Jalapeno Version <number> is one of the following: ioctl error module version</number></message></number></message></pre>	
SunVideo 30	<pre>module version <message> <name> Error # <number> Where: <message> is one of the following: memory map fault for memory unmap fault for selected /dev/rtvc and /dev/rtvcc1 not available <name> is one of the following: prom sram buses reset dmem rtvc <number> is the error number</number></name></message></number></name></message></pre>	

 TABLE 25-5
 rtvctest Error Messages (Continued)

Error Message Description		
SunVideo 40	RTVC Fault Detected via module <name> Physical Address <value> Expected Value <value> Actual Value <value> RTVC Sundiag Module number <number> Location <location> Message: <message(s)> Where: <name> is the name of the module under test <value> are the values associated with physical address, expected value, actual value <number> is the Sundiag Module under test <location> is the U location of the faulty component <message(s)> are any additional messages</message(s)></location></number></value></name></message(s)></location></number></value></value></value></name>	
SunVideo 41	RTVC Fault Detected via module < <i>name</i> > Where: < <i>name</i> > is the name of the module under test	
SunVideo 42	<pre><message> <value1> Actual <value2> Where: <message> is one of the following: Video Format Expected Video Port Expected <value1> is the expected value <value2> is the actual value</value2></value1></message></value2></value1></message></pre>	
SunVideo 50	<pre><message> <number> Where: <message> is one of the following: Unknown RTVC CL4000 test module Unknown RTVC Jalapeno test module Unknown RTVC test module Unknown RTVC memory test module Unknown Start Bit <number> is the module number or start bit location</number></message></number></message></pre>	

Serial Asynchronous Interface (PCI) Test (saiptest)

saiptest checks the functionality of the Serial Asynchronous Interface card through its device driver.

saiptest Hardware Requirements

Before running the SunVTS diagnostics software, make sure you install the device driver and the cards to be tested. Also, you should reboot your system with the boot -r command to reconfigure the system and allow the SunVTS kernel to recognize the new driver.

Note – You must run the saiptest in intervention mode.

The following minimum hardware configuration is required to successfully run the Internal test:

- PCI-based SPARC desktop system with a PCI slot
- Serial Asynchronous Interface card, installed in one of the PCI slots

The following hardware is also required to run other SunVTS Serial Asynchronous Interface tests:

- Serial Asynchronous Interface Patch Panel (Part No. 7600-0027)
- 25-pin serial loopback plugs (Part No. 540-1558)
- RS-232 serial cables (Part No. 530-1685)
- TTY terminal

saiptest Options

saipO(saiptest) Test Parameter Options		
Configuration: Ports: term/a0 – term/a7		
Options:		
Test Mode:	7 Internal	
Stop Bit:	○ 1 ○ 2	
Baud Rate:	7 9600	
Char Size:	4 8	
Parity:	▽ none	
Flow Control:	▼ xonoff	
Data Type:	▽ random	
Serial Port term :	V AII	
Apply Reset Cancel		

Figure 26-1 saiptest Options Menu

The Configuration section of the option menu displays the asynchronous serial ports available for the Serial Asynchronous Interface board. Table 4-1 shows the available ports.

Table 26-1 saiptest Asynchronous Serial Ports

Board Number	Board Device	Serial Ports
0	saip0	term/a000-a007
1	saip1	term/b000-b007
2	saip2	term/c000-c007
3	saip3	term/d000-d007

Table 26-1 saiptest Asynchronous Serial Ports (Continued)

Board Number	Board Device	Serial Ports
4	saip4	term/e000-e007
5	saip5	term/f000-f007
6	saip6	term/g000-g007
7	saip7	term/h000-h007
8	saip8	term/i000-i007
9	saip9	term/j000-j007
10	saip10	term/k000-k007
11	saip11	term/1000-1007

Table 26-2 saiptest Options

saiptest Options	Description
Internal Test	Performs internal loopback testing on the Serial Asynchronous Interface card(s) installed in PCI slots. You do not need to attach anything to the card(s) to perform this test
25-pin Loopback	Provides full-duplex transmission and full-modem loopback testing of the serial port selected in the Serial Port section of the option menu. You must attach the 25-pin loopback plug to the serial port on the Serial Asynchronous Interface Patch Panel that is being tested. This test cannot be run concurrently with the Echo-TTY option enabled.
Echo-TTY	Checks the proper operation of the serial port selected in the Serial Port selection of the option menu by echoing characters typed on a TTY terminal keyboard to the TTY terminal screen. Type anything on you TTY keyboard, and the characters you type should show up on the TTY screen. NOTE: A TTY connection to the Serial Asynchronous Interface serial port requires corresponding character size set up. For example, if a TTY attachment is running with 8-bit character size, then the Char Size saiptest option should be set to 8-bits. If you do not type anything within two minutes, this test will time-out.

Table 26-2 saiptest Options (Continued)

saiptest Options	Description
Baud Rate	Specifies the baud rate; choose 110, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, or 38400 baud. NOTE: The baud rate of 38400 can only be used if the Internal Test is disabled and you are testing one port at a time.
Char Size	Specifies the character length; choose 5, 6, 7, or 8 characters
Stop Bit	Specifies the number of stop bits; choose 1 or 2 bits
Parity	Specifies the selectable parity; choose none, odd, or even
Flow Control	Specifies the selectable flow control; choose XOnOff, rtscts, or both
Data Type	Specifies the selectable data type pattern; choose 0x55555555 (0x55), 0xaaaaaaaa (0xaa), or random
Serial Port	Specifies the serial port to be tested. The available ports are listed in the Configurations section at the top of the saiptest options menu

saiptest Test Modes

saiptest is only available in the Functional test mode.

saiptest Command Line Syntax

 $\label{lem:control} $$ \operatorname{\colored}_{\operatorname{\colored}}_{\operatorname{\colored}_{\operatorname{\co$

Table 26-3 saiptest Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation
dev=device_name	Specifies the asynchronous serial ports in PCI card slots being tested. Since there is no default, you must type a device nameeither a board (saip0-12) or an individual port (term/x000-term/x007, where x is a-l): •saip0 = the 8 asynchronous serial ports in the first card •saip1 = the 8 asynchronous serial ports in the second card •saip2 = the 8 asynchronous serial ports in the third card •saip3 = the 8 asynchronous serial ports in the fourth card •saip4 = the 8 asynchronous serial ports in the fifth card •saip5 = the 8 asynchronous serial ports in the sixth card •saip6 = the 8 asynchronous serial ports in the seventh card •saip7 = the 8 asynchronous serial ports in the eighth card •saip9 = the 8 asynchronous serial ports in the tenth card •saip10 = the 8 asynchronous serial ports in the tenth card •saip11 = the 8 asynchronous serial ports in the twelfth card or /dev/term/x00m Where x is a-l and m is 0 to 7 (any of the asynchronous serial ports in PCI card slots)
M=test_mode	Specifies Internal, 25_pin_loopback, or Echo_TTY test mode
B=baud_rate	Sets the baud rate to 110, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400; the default is 9600
Stop=#of_stop_bits	Toggles the number of stop bits to 1 or 2; the default is 1
Size=character_size	Sets character size as an integer between 5 and 8
Parity=parity	Specifies the parity as none, odd, or even; the default is none
F=flow_control	Specifies flow control as xonoff, rtscts, or both
Data=test_pattern	Specifies test pattern as 0x55555555, 0xAAAAAAAA, or random
sp=serial_port	Specifies the terminal and asynchronous serial port number, such as $\text{term}/\text{a}003$

saiptest Error Messages

The saiptest error messages are generated when the SunVTS Serial Asynchronous Interface discovers errors. The error descriptions below identify probable causes for the card or test failure, and identify the Field Replaceable Unit (FRU), if possible. The three FRUs affected are: the Serial Asynchronous Interface card, the 78-pin shielded cable, and the Patch panel.

Table 26-4 saiptest Error Messages

Error I	Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6000	<error_message></error_message>		
6001	<pre>Expected = <value>, observed = <value></value></value></pre>		
6002	Expected (<value>):</value>		
6003	Observed (<value>):</value>		
6004	Modem Loopback test failed on <device_name></device_name>		
6005	Off-line error on device <device_name></device_name>		
6007	Busy error on device <device_name></device_name>		
6008	Error on device <device_name></device_name>		
6009	Retry <number> exceeds limit <number> rc =s <value></value></number></number>		
6010	Expected <number> bytes, observed <number> bytes</number></number>		
6011	Internal test failed on <pre><device_name></device_name></pre>		
6012	Data Loopback test failed on <device_name></device_name>		
6013	<pre>loctl TIOCSSOFTCAR error on <device_name></device_name></pre>		
8000	Must provide device name!		

Table 26-4 saiptest Error Messages (Continued)

Error Message		Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action	
8001	No SAI/P card found or device driver not installed			
8002	<pre>Ioctl TCSETS failed on <device_name></device_name></pre>			
8003	Open error on <device_name> - device driver may not be installed properly</device_name>			
8004	Device <device_name> is already opened</device_name>			
8005	<pre>Ioctl SAIP_ENLOOP error in <device_name></device_name></pre>			
8006	<pre>Ioctl SAIP_DISLOOP error in <device_name></device_name></pre>			
8011	<pre>Ioctl TIOCMGET failed on <device_name></device_name></pre>			
8012	<pre><device_name>: Expected DSR set, observed clear</device_name></pre>			
8013	<pre><device_name>: Expected DSR clear, observed set</device_name></pre>			
8014	<pre>Ioctl TIOCMSET failed on <device_name></device_name></pre>			
8015	Ioctl TIOCMBIC failed on <pre><device_name></device_name></pre>			
8016	Read error on <device_name></device_name>			
8017	Write error on <pre><device_name></device_name></pre>			
8020	Timeout error on <device_name></device_name>	No loopback plug	Check the loopback plug	
8021	Timeout error on <device_name></device_name>	TTY terminal not connected	Check the TTY terminal connected to the device	
8022	Timeout error on <pre><device_name></device_name></pre>			

Environmental Sensing Card Test (sentest)

sentest checks the SCSI Environmental Sensing card (SEN) installed in the SPARCstorage RSM to monitor the enclosure environment. The SEN card monitors the enclosure's over-temperature condition, fan-failures, power-supply failures, and drive activity.

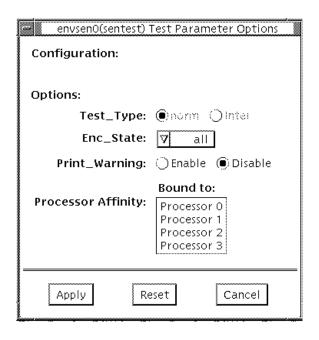
sentest verifies the SEN card by first setting each control function to a predetermined value, and then reading it back to verify if the value is correct.

sentest verifies the following control functions in the enclosure:

- Alarm (enable/disable): sentest toggles the alarm to the disable state, then to the enable state.
- Alarm time (0-0xff seconds): sentest sets the time (from 0 to 4095), then reads it back to verify the time setting.
- Drive fault LED (DL0-DL6): sentest toggles each LED to its OFF and ON states.

sentest is a nonscalable test. It cannot verify the setting correctly if another instance is changing the setting.

sentest Options



 $\textbf{FIGURE 27-1} \ \, \texttt{sentest Options Menu}$

TABLE 27-1 sentest Options

sentest Options Description		
Test Type	Specifies the test to be performed. Norm test type performs normal testing as alarm enable/disable, alarm time setting, and drive LED on/off testing; Interactive test type reports the current enclosure status.	
Enc_state	Specifies which subsystem's status in the enclosure is reported. Default is ALL. This test is only used with the inter test type and in Functional test. The test options are: •Alarm enable/disable status •Drive present status •Drive LED status •Power modules status •Fan modules status •Over temperature, abs (abnormal, no immediate attention needed), chk (abnormal, immediate attention needed) status •All of the above	

sentest Test Modes

sentest supports all three modes. Each mode performs a different test scheme on the SEN card.

TABLE 27-2 sentest Test Modes

Test Mode	Description
Connection Test	Checks the device connection by opening the device. If the device does not open, the device is not connected.
Functional Test	Checks three components within the enclosure. It checks alarm enable/disable, alarm time setting, and the drive's LEDs. It does not test the power on/off function (only functions whose values can be changed are tested)
	If you invoke SunVTS through SyMON, the following Functional Test description applies: Opens the device and reports the current enclosure status

sentest Command Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sentest [standard arguments]
-o dev=interface,[test=type],[enc=component]

TABLE 27-3 sentest Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation
dev=interface	SEN card device name; the default value is ${\tt ses0}$.
test= <i>type</i>	Specifies the test type; select Norm for normal testing or Inter for interactive testing; the default value is Norm.Possible values are: norm and inter
enc=component	Indicates which part of the enclosure status is reported; the default value is ALL. Possible values are: enalm, dp, dl, pm, fan, ovt, and ALL

sentest Error Messages

TABLE 27-4 sentest Error Messages

Error Message		Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6000	Check alenb failed, exp= <value></value>		
6001	Check alenb failed, exp= <value></value>		
6002	Check alenb failed, exp= <value></value>		
6003	Check altime failed, exp time= <value>, obs=<value></value></value>		
6004	Fan failed		
6005	Dual fan failed		
6006	Enclosure over temperature		

TABLE 27-4 sentest Error Messages (Continued)

Error Message		Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6007	Device failed, need immediate attention		
6008	Power module A failed		
6009	power module B failed		
8000	power module B failed		
8001	<pre>ioctl get state failed, errmsg=<message></message></pre>		
8002	ioctl get state failed, errmsg= <message></message>		

Soc+ Host Adapter Card Test(socaltest)

socaltest aids the validation and fault isolation of the SOC+ host adapter card. In the case of a faulty card, it tries to isolate the fault to the card, the GBIC module, or the DMA between the host adapter card and the host memory.

E	socalO(socaltest) Test Parameter Options
	Options:
	Internal_Loopback_Test:
	External_Loopback_Test:
	Processor Affinity: Processor 0 Processor 2
	Apply Reset Cancel

FIGURE 28-1 socaltest Options Menu

socaltest Options

TABLE 28-1 socaltest Options

socaltest Options	Description
Internal Loopback Test	The internal loopback test checks the host adapter card and the DMA with the host system. This is accomplished as follows:
	 A frame is created in the host adapter local memory, sent out through the SOC+ transmitter and internally looped back to the SOC+ receiver. The received data is compared with the original data. A frame is created in the host adapter local memory, sent out through the SOC+ transmitter and looped back through the SERDES (serialiser-deserialiser) chip on the host adapter card. The received data is compared with the original data.
	A frame is created in the host main memory, transferred through the DMA to the host adapter transmitter, looped back within the SOC+ chip, and transferred from the receiver to the host main memory through the DMA. The received frame is compared with the original transmitted frame, which tests the host memory to the host adapter DMA path.
External Loopback Test	The external loopback test is useful for verifying the proper functioning of the GBIC module. A frame is created in the host adapter local memory, sent out and looped back through the external loopback connector attached to the port. If the external loopback test is run together with the internal loopback test then the DMA path is also tested by creating a frame in host main memory, transferring it to the host adapter through the DMA, looping it back through the external loopback connector and transferring the received frame back to the host main memory by DMA.

Note – In addition to the internal and external loopback tests described above, socaltest also tests the basic functions of the SOC+ chip, the on board XRAM, and the host control buffer by invoking the appropriate tests implemented in firmware.

socaltest Test Modes

socaltest can only be run in the Functional test mode.

Note – You cannot run this test if the port is connected to a disk array.

socaltest Command Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/socaltest [standard arguments]
-o dev=device name,[elb=enabled|disabled],[ilb=enabled|disabled]

TABLE 28-2 socaltest Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation
dev=device name	Specifies the name of the socal port to be tested
elb=enabled/disabled	Enables or disables the external loopback test
ilb=enabled disabled	Enables or disables the internal loopback test

socaltest Error Messages

 TABLE 28-3
 socaltest Error Messages

Error Message		Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action	
8000	Couldn't open <device_name></device_name>	SOC+ card not installed	Verify that the target SOC+ card is installed properly.	
8002	{SOC+ host adapter} {host memory} loopback test failed!	Fault in DMA between host and SOC+ host adapter	Contact your authorized Sun service provider.	

 TABLE 28-3
 socaltest Error Messages (Continued)

Error Mo	essage	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action	
8006	SOC+ host adapter	Loopback cable not connected	Connect loopback cable	
	external loopback test failed!	OEC module faulty or not installed properly	Replace OEC module and retry	
			Contact your authorized Sun service provider.	
8009	SOC+ host adapter internal loopback test failed!	SOC+ host adapter is faulty or is not properly installed	Verify that the SOC+ host adapter is installed properly.	
			Replace the host adapter and retry.	
			Contact your authorized Sun service provider.	
8010	Failed ioctl <ioctl_name></ioctl_name>	System error	Contact your authorized Sun service provider.	
8011	Host control buffer test failed	SOC+ host adapter is faulty	Replace the host adapter and retry.	
			Contact your authorized Sun service provider.	
8012	SOC+ selftest fails	SOC+ host adapter is faulty	Replace the host adapter and retry.	
			Contact your authorized Sun service provider.	
8013	XRAM test fails	SOC+ host adapter is faulty	Replace the host adapter and retry.	
			Contact your authorized Sun service provider.	

NeWSprinter Test (spdtest)

spdtest is a two-part test that checks the printer support hardware. The first part is a register test that checks the NeWSprinter $^{\text{TM}}$ 20 SBus printer card's internal functions. The second part is a printing test that checks the interaction between the printer and the print server, as well as the printer's capabilities.

spdtest Options

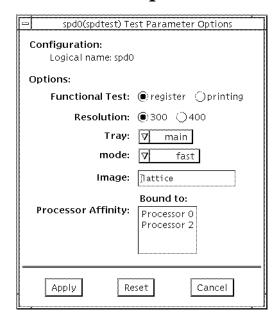


FIGURE 29-1 spdtest (NeWSprinter) Option Menu

TABLE 29-1 spdtest Options

spdtest Options	Description
Functional Test	This test is composed of two subtests: • The Register subtest checks the NeWSprinter 20 SBus printer card. • The Printing subtest tests the printer's capabilities. The default setting is Register.
Resolution	This exclusive setting defines the printer resolution of the printer test pattern. You can choose either 300 or 400 dots per inch (dpi). The default setting is 300 dpi.
Tray	From the Tray menu, you can choose from five different types of paper cassettes: • Main Tray (or Tray 1) is the top cassette that feeds paper to the printer. • Tray 2 is the bottom cassette that feeds paper to the printer. • Tray 3 is an optional tray. • Manual Tray is a manual feed tray connected to the rear of the printer. This tray is used to hand-feed print media that cannot be accommodated by the paper cassettes. • Auxiliary Feeder is optionally installed in place of the manual feed tray. The Feeder stores and automatically feeds print media that would otherwise require the manual feed. The default setting is the Main tray.
Mode	From the Mode menu, you can set the interval at which images are printed. The choices are: • Fast: prints an image every 10 seconds. • Medium: prints an image every 12 minutes. • Extended: prints an image every 30 minutes. The default setting is Fast.
Image	Use this option lets you enter the file name of the test image to print

spdtest Test Mode

This test only supports the Functional test mode.

spdtest Command Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/spdtest standard_arguments -o dev=device_name, func=function, reso=resolution, tray=tray, mode=mode, image=image

TABLE 29-2 spdtest Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation
dev=device_name	Specifies the full path name of the device.
func=function	Represents one of the following functional tests: register = Register test printing = Printing test
reso=resolution	Specifies a number that indicates print resolution: $300 = 300 \text{ dpi}$ $400 = 400 \text{ dpi}$
tray=tray	Specifies a number that represents the printer cassette type: main = Main tray (Tray 1) tray2 = Tray 2 tray3 = Tray 3 (optional) manual = Manual Tray aux = Auxiliary feeder (optional)
mode=mode	Specifies a number that represents how often to print the test image: fast = Fast (Prints an image every 10 seconds) medium = Medium (Prints an image every 12 minutes) extended = Extended (Prints an image every 30 minutes)
image= <i>image</i>	Specifies a raster file name.

spdtest Error Messages

TABLE 29-3 spdtest Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6000	Test function is not selected		Select from register and printing for the Functional Test (func) parameter.
6001	Error occurred while driver was running self diagnostics on spd device	Initialization Error	Retry. If failure persists, contact your authorized Sun service provider.
6002	Error occurred while driver was running self diagnostics on spd device	Read/Write Error	Retry. If failure persists, contact your authorized Sun service provider.
6003	Error occurred while driver was running self diagnostics on spd device	Loopback Error	Retry. If failure persists, contact your authorized Sun service provider.
6004	Error occurred while printing raster image	Printer RAM failure	Retry. If failure persists, contact your authorized Sun service provider.
6005	Error occurred while printing raster image	Printer motor failure	Retry. If failure persists, contact your authorized Sun service provider.
6006	Error occurred while printing raster image	Printer ROS failure	Retry. If failure persists, contact your authorized Sun service provider.
6007	Error occurred while printing raster image	Printer fuser failure	Replace the fuser unit.
6008	Error occurred while printing raster image	Printer XERO failure	Properly install or replace toner kit.
6009	Error occurred while printing raster image	No toner kit	Install a new toner kit.
6010	Error occurred while printing raster image	Toner end of life	Replace toner kit.
6011	Error occurred while printing raster image	Printer cover open	Close the printer cover.
6012	Error occurred while printing raster image	Paper jam	Clear the paper jam.
6013	Error occurred while printing raster image	No cassette in the selected tray	

 TABLE 29-3
 spdtest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6014	Error occurred while printing raster image	No paper in the selected tray	
6015	Error occurred while printing raster image	No paper in the manual tray	
6023	Error occurred while printing raster image	Late error	Retry. If failure persists, contact your authorized Sun service provider.
6024	Error occurred while printing raster image	Serial buffer overrun	Retry. If failure persists, contact your authorized Sun service provider.
6025	Error occurred while printing raster image	Serial error	Retry. If failure persists, contact your authorized Sun service provider.
6026	Error occurred while printing raster image, in setting tray or resolution		
6027	Error in setting tray or resolution		
6028	Error occurred while printing raster image	Specified file is not a raster file	
6029	Error occurred while printing raster image	Specified file is not a raster file	
		Not enough memory	
6030	Error occurred while printing raster image	File error: raster width does not fall on 32 bit boundary	
6031	Failure to write raster header to file		
6032	Failure to write raster image to file		
8000	<pre><device_name> not found</device_name></pre>	Device does not exist on system under test	
8001	<pre><device_name> could'nt be opened</device_name></pre>	The device is not configured correctly	
8002	Image file could'nt be opened	The specified image file does not exist	
8003	<pre>Invalid parameter(s)</pre>		Please refer to the routine usage.

TABLE 29-3 spdtest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
8004	Can't create raster file		Check the directory permission, user status, and other
8005	Error occurred while printing raster image	Printer power off	
8006	Cannot get memory		

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Serial Parallel Controller Test (spif)

The spif test accesses card components such as the cd-180 and ppc2 chips, and the serial and parallel ports via the serial parallel controller device driver.

spif Hardware Requirements

Before running the SunVTS system exerciser, make sure you install the cards to be tested and the device driver. Also, you should reboot your system with the boot -r command to reconfigure the system and allow the SunVTS kernel to recognize the new driver.

Note – The spif test must be run in intervention mode.

The following minimum hardware configuration is required to successfully run the Internal test:

- SBus-based SPARC desktop system with an SBus slot
- Serial parallel controller card, installed in one of the SBus slots

The following hardware is also required to run the other SunVTS serial parallel controller tests:

- Serial parallel controller patch panel (part number 540-2007)
- 96-pin loopback plugs (part number 370-1366)
- 25-pin serial loopback plugs (part number 540-1558)
- RS-232 serial cables (part number 530-1685)
- TTY terminal

spif Options

stcO(spif) Test Parameter Options			
Configuration: Ports: term/0 – term/7 printers/0			
Options:			
Test Mode:	/ 96_pin_Loopback		
Printer:)Enable (Disable		
Stop Bit:	_)1 (2		
Baud Rate:	<u>/ 9600</u>		
Char Size: 8			
	Parity: / none		
Flow Control: 🖟 xonoff 🖟			
Data Type:	/ random		
Serial Port term :	≟AII}		
Processor Affinity: Processor 0 Processor 1			
Apply Reset Cancel			

FIGURE 30-1 spif Option Menu

The Configuration section of the option menu displays the serial ports available for the SPC/S board. The available ports are:

TABLE 30-1 spif Serial Ports for the SPC/S Board

Board Number	Board Device	Serial Ports	Parallel Ports
0	stc0	term/0-7	printers/0
1	stc1	term/8-15	printers/1
2	stc2	term/16-23	printers/2
3	stc3	term/24-31	printers/3
4	stc4	term/32-39	printers/4
5	stc5	term/40-47	printers/5
6	stc6	term/48-55	printers/6
7	stc7	term/56-63	printers/7

The spif test options are described in Table 8-7.

TABLE 30-2 spif Options

spif Options	Description
96-pin Loopback (LB)	Provides data transmission, full-modem loopback, and parallel port loopback testing. You <i>must</i> attach a 96-pin loopback plug to the card under test before running this test (see Appendix A).
Internal Test	Performs a quick internal check of the serial parallel controller card(s) installed in SBus slots. You do not need to attach anything to the card(s) to perform this test.
25-pin Loopback (LB)	Provides full-duplex transmission and full-modem loopback testing of the serial port selected in the Serial Port section of this menu. You <i>must</i> attach the 25-pin Loopback plug to the serial port on the Serial Parallel Controller Patch Panel that is being tested (See Appendix A). This test cannot be run concurrently with the Echo-TTY option enabled.

TABLE 30-2 spif Options

spif Options	Description	
Echo-TTY	Checks the proper operation of the serial port selected in the Serial Port section of this menu by echoing characters typed on a TTY terminal keyboard to the TTY terminal screen. Type anything on your TTY keyboard, and the characters you type should show up on the TTY screen. Note: TTY connection to the spif serial port requires corresponding character size set up. For example, if a TTY attachment is running with 8-bit character size, then the spif test option 'Char Size' should also be set to 8 bits. If you do not type anything within two minutes, this test will time-out. If you do not type anything, this test will still timeout. Terminate this test by pressing Control-C. After a short delay, the Status Window updates the Pass Count. This test cannot be run concurrently with the 25-pin Loopback subtest.	
Printer	Sends the entire ASCII character set to a parallel printer. You must attach a parallel printer to the parallel port on the Serial Parallel Controller patch panel. Observe the printer output to validate the test.	
Baud Rate	Specifies the baud rate; choose 110, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, or 38400 baud. Note: The baud rate of 38400 can only be used if one port is tested at a time and the Internal Test is disabled	
Char Size	Indicates character length; choose 5, 6, 7, or 8 characters.	
Stop Bit	Specifies the number of stop bits; choose 1 or 2 bits.	
Parity	Specifies the selectable parity; choose none, odd or even.	
Flow Control	Specifies the selectable flow control; choices are XOnOff, rtscts, or both.	
Data Type	Specifies the selectable data type pattern; it can be 0x55555555 (0x55), 0xaaaaaaaa (0xaa), or random.	
Serial Port	Specifies the serial port to be tested. The available ports are listed in the Configurations section at the top of the spif options menu	

You can also change the test options by modifying the <code>/opt/SUNWvts/bin/.customtest</code> file. See "Adding Your Own Tests" in <code>.customtest</code> in the <code>SunVTS 2.1 User's Guide</code>.

spif Test Modes

The spif test supports only the Functional test mode..

spif Command Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/spif standard_arguments -o dev=device_name,
M=test_mode,Ptr=enable/disable,B=baud_rate,Size=character_size,S=#of_stop_bits,
Parity=parity,F=flow_control,Data=test_pattern,sp=serial_port

TABLE 30-3 spif Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation
dev=device_name	Specifies the serial ports in SBus card slots (0-63) being tested. Since there is no default, you must type a device name—either a board (stc0-7) or an individual port (term/0 - term/63):
	stc0 = the 8 serial ports in the first card
	stc1 = the 8 serial ports in the second card
	stc2 = the 8 serial ports in the third card
	stc3 = the 8 serial ports in the fourth card
	stc4 = the 8 serial ports in the fifth card
	stc5 = the 8 serial ports in the sixth card
	stc6 = the 8 serial ports in the seventh card
	stc7 = the 8 serial ports in the eighth card
	or
	/dev/term/mm
	Where mm is 0 to 63 (any of the serial ports in SBus card slots)
M=test_mode	Specifies Internal, 96_pin_Loopback, 25_pin_loopback, or Echo_TTY test mode
Ptr=printer_test	Enables or disables the Printer subtest
B=baud_rate	Sets the baud rate to 110, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, or 38400; the default is 9600. To use the 38400 rate, only one port at a time can be tested, and the Internal test must be disabled.

TABLE 30-3 spif Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation	
Stop=#of_stop_bits	Toggles the number of stop bits to 1 or 2; the default is 1.	
Size=character_size	Sets character size as a number between 5 and 8.	
P=parity	Specifies the parity as none, odd, or even; the default is none.	
F=flow_control	Specifies flow control as xonxoff, rtscts, or both.	
Data=test_pattern	Specifies test pattern as 0x55555555, 0xAAAAAAA, or random.	
sp=serial_port	Specifies the terminal and serial port number, such as term/3.	

spif Error Messages

These error messages are generated when the SunVTS serial parallel controller discovers any errors. The error descriptions below identify probable causes for the card or test failure, and identify the Field Replaceable Unit (FRU), if possible. The three FRUs affected are: the serial parallel controller card, the 96-pin shielded cable, and the patch panel.

TABLE 30-4 spif Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6000	<pre><error_message></error_message></pre>		
6001	<pre>Expected = <value>, observed = <value></value></value></pre>		
6002	Expected (<value>):</value>		
6003	Observed (<value>):</value>		
6004	Modem Loopback test failed on <device_name></device_name>		
6005	Off-line error on device <device_name></device_name>		
6006	Paper out error on device <device_name></device_name>		
6007	Busy error on device <device_name></device_name>		
6008	Error on device <device_name></device_name>		

 TABLE 30-4
 spif Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6009	retry <number> exceeds limit <number> rc =s <value></value></number></number>		
6010	Expected <number> bytes, observed <number> bytes</number></number>		
6011	<pre>Internal test failed on <device_name></device_name></pre>		
6012	Data Loopback test failed on <device_name></device_name>		
6013	<pre>ioctl TIOCSSOFTCAR error on <device_name></device_name></pre>		
8000	Must provide device name!		
8001	No SPC/S card found or device driver not installed		
8002	ioctl TCSETS failed on <pre><device_name></device_name></pre>		
8003	Open error on <device_name> - device driver may not be installed properly</device_name>		
8004	Device <device_name> is already opened</device_name>		
8005	<pre>ioctl STC_SREGS(STC_IOREG- COR2) error in <device_name></device_name></pre>		
8006	<pre>ioctl STC_GREGS(STC_IOREG- CCR) error in <device_name></device_name></pre>		
8007	<pre>ioctl STC_S1REGS(STC_IOREG- CCR) error in <device_name></device_name></pre>		
8008	<pre>ioctl STC_SREGS(STC_PPCREG- PDATA) error in <device_name></device_name></pre>		
8009	<pre>ioctl STC_GREGS(STC_PPCREG- PDATA) error in <device_name></device_name></pre>		
8011	ioctl TIOCMGET failed on <pre><device_name></device_name></pre>		
8012	<pre><device_name>: Expected DSR set, observed clear</device_name></pre>		
8013	<pre><device_name>: Expected DSR clear, observed set</device_name></pre>		

 TABLE 30-4
 spif Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
8014	ioctl TIOCMSET failed on <pre><device_name></device_name></pre>		
8015	ioctl TIOCMBIC failed on <pre><device_name></device_name></pre>		
8016	Read error on <device_name></device_name>		
8017	Write error on <device_name></device_name>		
8018	ioctl STC_GPPC error on device <device_name></device_name>		
8019	Can't kill all processes		
8020	Timeout error on <pre><device_name>.</device_name></pre>	No loopback plug	Check the loopback plug.
8021	Timeout error on <device_name></device_name>	TTY terminal not connected	Check the TTY terminal connection.
8022	Timeout error on <device_name></device_name>		

Serial Ports Test (sptest)

sptest checks the system's on-board serial ports (zs[0,1], zsh[0,1], se[0,1], $se_hdlc[0,1]$), as well as any multi-terminal interface (ALM2) boards (mcp[0-3]). Data is written and read in asynchronous and synchronous modes utilizing various loopback paths.

Intervention Mode must be enabled to run this test. This test is non-scalable.

TABLE 31-1 Serial Port Tests

Mode	Description
Asynchronous Testing	This mode uses the asynchronous communication protocol as described in the zs(7D)and se(7D)man pages. The termio(7I)interface is used for configuring port characteristics.
	The user can select the loopback paths to utilize, the amount of data to transfer, and the baud rate to use.
	The test writes and reads data through the loopback path and compares the data to the original data. The test starts by sending a single character. If no errors or timeouts are detected, the rest of the data is simultaneously written and read, then compared.

 TABLE 31-1
 Serial Port Tests (Continued)

Mode	Description	
Synchronous Testing	This mode uses the synchronous hdlc-framing interface as described in the $zsh(7D)$ and $se_hdlc(7D)$ man pages. Data is written and read in checksum-protected packets.	
	The user can select the loopback paths to use and the clock rate.	
	The synchronous test runs in three phases:	
	The first phase looks for activity on the port. If no activity is detected for at least four seconds, the test proceeds to the next phase. If activity is detected sptest exits with an error.	
	The second phase attempts to send and receive one packet. If no packets are detected after five attempts, the test exits with an error If a packet is returned, the result is compared to the original. If the length and content of the packets do not match exactly, the test exits with an error.	
	The third phase attempts to send many packets through the loop. Some packet drops are to be expected especially on a heavily loaded system. The test allows a percentage of the packets to be dropped. The user can set the drop tolerance between 0% and 99%. The default is 20%. If the system is extremely busy then the drop tolerance should be increased. Each packet is compared with its original for length and content. If a mismatch is detected, the test exits with an error.	

Synchronous Testing Software Requirements

If you have zs(7D) serial ports on your machine, the synchronous devices may not exist. Look in /dev for zsh[0,1]. If they do not exist you can create them. Verify that the following two lines are in the /etc/devlink.tab file. If they are not there, then add them.

```
type=ddi_pseudo;name=zsh zsh\M0
type=ddi_pseudo;name=clone;minor=zsh zsh
```



Caution – The white spaces in the lines above *must* be a single tab character before and after the zsh variables; using spaces will not work.

When these lines have been added to the /etc/devlink.tab file:

- Change directories to /kernel/drv, and execute the add_drv zsh command.
 - If this command does not work:
- Execute the rem_drv zsh command and then execute the add_drv zsh command again.

sptest Options

seO(sptest) Tes	st Parameter Options			
Configuration: port a = se0 = /dev/term/a = /devices/se:a port b = se1 = /dev/term/b = /devices/se:b				
Options:				
Test_Type:	/ a_to_b			
Loopback_Type:	/ No_modem_a_to_b			
Test_Mode:	/ async			
Data_Type:	// random			
Async_Baud_Rate:	9600			
Async_Block_Size:	/ default			
Async_Data_Size:	/ default			
Async_Parity:	/ none			
Async_Flow_Control:	/ default			
Sync_Baud_Rate:	/ 9600			
Sync_Packet_drop_tolerance(%):	▲ ▼ 20			
Sync_Poll_Wait(seconds):	AY 2 0			
Apply	t Cancel			

FIGURE 31-1 sptest Option Menu

There are a variety of loopback paths available. The internal loopback paths do not require an external connector. Their availability depends on the device. The zs(7D) device has an internal path for synchronous mode and the se(7D) device has an internal path for asynchronous mode. The external loopback connectors are described in Appendix A. The exact type of loopback connector required depends on the system I/O panel.

Legend: In the following table, a represents port a of the CPU board (motherboard), b represents port b of the CPU board, and the device names of the ports for each CPU board are listed.

TABLE 31-2 sptest Serial devices

CPU	Port	Async Device	Sync Device
0	a	zs0 or se0	zsh0 or se_hdlc0
	b	zs1 or se1	zsh1 or se_hdlc1
1	a	zs2	zsh2 *
	b	zs3	zsh3 *
2	a	zs4	zsh4 *
	b	zs5	zsh5 *

^{*} Currently, only zsh0 and zsh1 are supported by device drivers.

TABLE 31-3 sptest Options

sptest Options	Description Selects how the test will run. Test options include: • a= runs the test on port a • b= runs the test on port b • a_b= runs the test on ports a and b sequentially • a_b_concurrent= runs the test on port a and port b concurrently	
Test Type		
Test Mode	Selects the mode to put the serial device into before running the test. The modes available are asynchronous, synchronous or both When both is selected, the test runs in asynchronous mode then synchronous mode	
Loopback Type	Selects the loopback test. Options include: • Internal is an internal path for a, b, a_b, and a_b_concurrent test types • Plug_a_to_a_b_to_b is an external loopback plug for a, b, a_b, and a_b_concurrent test types • no_modem_a_to_b is an external loopback cable for a_to_b and a_to_b_concurrent test types • Modem_a_to_b is an external loopback cable with a modem attached to generate synchronous Transmit and Receive clocks. This type is only available in synchronous test mode	

 TABLE 31-3
 sptest Options

sptest Options	Description
Data Type	Selects the data pattern to transfer. The user can select: •Random •Sequential •Alphanumeric •0x00-0xff
Async Baud Rate	Selects the baud rate for asynchronous mode testing. The valid rates are: 110, 300, 600, 1200, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 76800, 115200, 153600, 230400, 307200, 460800, and ALL. The default rate is 9600 baud. Some platforms can only support up to 38400 or 76800. The test will return an error if you try to use a higher baud rate then is supported. For baud rates greater then 153600 the serial line drivers must be set for RS-423 mode and not RS-232 mode. The RS-423 and RS-232 modes are usually selected by a hardware jumper on the motherboard. Consult your hardware installation manual for more information.
Async Block Size	Selects the size (in bytes) of each write. This can range from 1 to 10000. The default is 100. If it is larger than the async size it will be truncated to the async size.
Async Data Size	Selects the total number of bytes to transfer in asynchronous mode. This can range from 1 to 10000.
Async Parity	Selects the parity to use in asynchronous mode. The user can select even, odd, or none. The default is none.
Async Flow Control	Selects the type of flow control to use in asynchronous mode testing. The user can select Hardware (RTS/CTS), Software (XON/XOFF) or None. The default depends on the loopback type. Software flow control is not allowed on a, b, a_b, or a_b_concurrent loopback types.
Sync Baud Rate	Selects the device generated clock rate for synchronous mode testing. The valid rates are from 110 to 230400. The rate does not have to be a specific value as required for async mode baud rates. The default rate is 9600. Some platforms can only support up to 38400 or 76800. The test will return an error if you try to use a higher rate then is supported. For rates greater then 100000 the serial line drivers must be set for RS-423 mode and not RS-232 mode. The RS-423 and RS-232 modes are usually selected by a hardware jumper on the motherboard. Consult your hardware installation manual for more information.
Sync Packet Drop Tolerance	Selects the tolerance level of synchronous mode dropped packets during the many_packets subtest. The default is 20%. The valid range is from 0% to 99%. Some packet drops are expected especially at higher clock rates and on a heavily loaded system.

TABLE 31-3 sptest Options

sptest Options	Description
Sync Poll Count	Selects the number of seconds in additional time to wait for a synchronous mode packet to be sent. Additional time may be needed when there is heavy system activity and tim-outs are being detected. In general, the user can decrease the value to 0 when the system load is light or increase the value when there is a heavy system load.

sptest Test Modes

 ${\tt sptest} \ {\tt supports} \ {\tt all} \ {\tt three} \ {\tt SunVTS} \ {\tt test} \ {\tt modes}.$

TABLE 31-4 sptest Test Modes

Test Mode	Description	
Connection Test	In this mode, the sptest tries to open the port to determine if the device is connected. If it fails and the port is not busy, the test exits with an error. If it is successful or fails with a busy or exclusive use error, then the port is considered connected, and the test passes	
Functional Test	In Functional test, sptest performs the selected loopback test	
	If you invoke SunVTS through SyMON, the following Functional Test description applies: sptest tries to minimize the impact on the application being tested. The Online test runs in synchronous and asynchronous modes. If the device supports an internal loopback then the functional test is run utilizing the internal loopback. The $zs(7D)$ device supports an internal synchronous loopback and the $se(7d)$ device supports an internal asynchronous loopback	

sptest Command Line Syntax

 $\label{local_cont_sum} $$ \operatorname{dev}=\operatorname{device_name}, \operatorname{port}=\operatorname{first_port_name}, \operatorname{T=port}, \operatorname{L=loopback_type}, \operatorname{M=mode}, \operatorname{D=data_pat} tern, \operatorname{AB=async_baudrate}, BS=async_write_size, S=async_total_size, PAR=parity, F=flow_cont rol, \operatorname{B=sync_speed}, DP=sync_drop_tolreance, P=sync_timeout$

TABLE 31-5 sptest Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation		
dev=device_name	Specifies which serial port(s) to test. There is no default value; you must specify a device name such as: se0, zs0, zs1 zs2, zs3,		
porta= <i>port_name</i>	The name of the first device of a serial device pair. The default is a.		
M=mode	The default test mode is asynchronous. Specify one of the following modes: asynch synch both		
T=test_type	Specifies the type of test to run: • a= runs the test on port a • b= runs the test on port b • a_b= runs the test on ports a and b sequentially • a_b_concurrent= runs the test on port a and port b concurrently • a_to_b= runs the test from port a to port b		
L=test_loopback	Type of loopback connector attached to ports: No_modem_a_to_b Internal_a_to_ab_to_b Plug_a_to_ab_to_b Modem_a_to_b		
D=data_pattern Selects the data pattern to transfer. The user can select: Random Sequential Alphanumeric 0x00-0xFF			
AB=baud_rate	Asynchronous baud rate (default = 9600). The valid values are between 110 - 460800. Note: Some platforms can only support asynchronous baud rates up to 38400 or 76800. For baud rates greater then 153600 the serial line drivers must be set for RS-423 mode and not RS-232 mode.		

 $\textbf{TABLE 31-5} \quad \textbf{sptest Command Line Syntax (} \textit{Continued} \textbf{)}$

Argument	Explanation (Continued)	
BS=write_size	Asynchronous mode write size; from 1 to 10000 bytes.	
S=size	Asynchronous mode total number of bytes to write. 1 to 10000 bytes.	
PAR=parity	Asynchronous mode parity type: None Even Odd	
F=flow_control and default	Asynchronous mode flow control Hardware (RTS/CTS) Software (xon/xoff) None	
B=baud_rate	Synchronous baud rate (default = 9600). The valid rates are between 110 - 256000. Note: Some platforms can only support synchronous rates up to 38400 or 76800. For rates greater then 100000 the serial line drivers must be set for RS-423 mode and not RS-232 mode.	
DP=drop_tolerance	Synchronous mode drop packet tolerance (default=20%)	
P=poll_seconds	Synchronous mode additional wait time during poll (in seconds).	

sptest Error Messages

TABLE 31-6 sptest Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6003	<pre>data miscompare, cnt = <number>, exp = <value>, obs = <value>, receive device = <name>, source device = <name>, baud rate = <value></value></name></name></value></value></number></pre>	System load too heavy for selected baud rate	Reduce the system load.
		Loopback connection defective	Lower the baud rate.
		Bad serial port hardware	Check loopback connection.
		System software error	If the problem persists, contact your authorized Sun service provider.
5011	<pre><name>: packet read failed, error = <error_message>, speed = <number></number></error_message></name></pre>	System load too heavy	Reduce the system load.
		Loopback connection missing or defective	Check loopback connection.
		Bad serial port hardware	If the problem persists, contact your authorized Sun service provider.
		System software error	
5012	<pre><name>: packet write failed, error = <error_message>, speed = <number></number></error_message></name></pre>	System load too heavy	Reduce the system load.
		Bad serial port hardware	If the problem persists, contact—your authorized Sun service provider.
		System software error	
5013	Device ' <device_name>' not responding. No data detected after <number> seconds. Received <number> bytes out of <number> sent. Baud rate</number></number></number></device_name>	System load too heavy for selected baud rate	Reducethe system load.
		Loopback connection missing or defective	Lower the baud rate.
		Bad serial port hardware	Check the loopback connection.
	= <number></number>	System software error	If the problem persists, contact your authorized Sun service provider.
6014	<pre><name>: expected <text> got <text></text></text></name></pre>		

 TABLE 31-6
 sptest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action	
6015	Incomplete write on Port	System load too heavy	Reduce the system load.	
	<pre><name>, len <number> should be <number>, speed = <number></number></number></number></name></pre>	Loopback connection missing or defective	Check loopback connection.	
		Bad serial port hardware	If the problem persists, contact	
		System software error	your authorized Sun service provider.	
6016	Incomplete read on Port	System load too heavy	Reduce the system load.	
	<pre><name>, len <number> should be <number>, speed = <number></number></number></number></name></pre>	Loopback connection missing or defective	Check loopback connection.	
		Bad serial port hardware	If the problem persists, contact	
		System software error	your authorized Sun service provider.	
5018	<name>: port not ready</name>	System load too heavy	Reduce the system load.	
	<pre>for writing after <number> seconds, speed = <number></number></number></pre>	Loopback connection missing or defective	Check loopback connection.	
		Bad serial port hardware	If the problem persists, contact	
		System software error	your authorized Sun service provider.	
5020	<pre>packet data miscompare, cnt = <number> exp = <value>, obs = <value>, device = <name>, speed = <number></number></name></value></value></number></pre>	System load too heavy	Reduce the system load.	
		Loopback connection defective	Check loopback connection.	
		Bad serial port hardware	If the problem persists, contacyour authorized Sun service provider.	
		System software error		
5021	<name>: port not ready</name>	System load too heavy	Reduce the system load.	
	<pre>for reading after <number> seconds, no data available, speed =</number></pre>	Loopback connection missing or defective	Check loopback connection.	
	<number></number>	Bad serial port hardware	If the problem persists, contact	
		System software error	your authorized Sun service provider.	
5022	<pre><name>: port not ready</name></pre>	System load too heavy	Reduce the system load.	
	for writing after <number> seconds, wrote <number> bytes out of</number></number>	Loopback connection missing or defective	Check loopback connection.	
	<pre><number>. Baud rate =</number></pre>	Bad serial port hardware	If the problem persists, contactyour authorized Sun service provider.	
	<number></number>	System software error		

 TABLE 31-6
 sptest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
8001	Test Type a_to_b is not allowed on Quick Test!		
8002	<name>: open() failed, error = <error_message></error_message></name>		
8003	Invalid Data Type: I= <text></text>		
8004	<name>: poll() error, (revents & (POLLERR POLLHUP POLLNVAL)) = <value></value></name>		
8005	Siemens serial device (se) does not support synchronous internal loopback test		
8006	<pre>Invalid port parameter: <name></name></pre>		
8007	Invalid device name ' <name>', must specify either zs<x> or se<x>, where X is the first instance number of a device pair (ex., zs0)</x></x></name>		
8009	<pre>Failed ioctl <name>, device = <name>, error = <error_message></error_message></name></name></pre>		
8010	<pre><name>: Not able to push Tty compatibility STREAMS module</name></pre>		
8011	Invalid Test Type: T= <name></name>		
8012	Invalid Mode: M= <name></name>		
8013	<name> device does not exist</name>		
8014	<pre>Invalid baud_rate: <number></number></pre>		
8015	<pre>write() to <name> failed: <error_message>, baud rate = <number></number></error_message></name></pre>		

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 TABLE 31-6
 sptest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
8016	<pre>read() to <name> failed: <error_message>, baud rate = <number></number></error_message></name></pre>		
8017	<pre>Invalid size, requested = <number> bytes, min = <number>, max <number></number></number></number></pre>		
8018	Could not open <name> after waiting <number></number></name>	Another process is using the port	Stop other process using the port.
	seconds	Port is hung	If the problem persists, contact
		Bad serial port hardware	your authorized Sun service provider.
		System software error	
8021	<name>: No valid packets</name>	System load too heavy	Reduce the system load.
	<pre>returned after <number> attempts, last error = <error_message>, wrote</error_message></number></pre>	Timeout too short	Increase Sync_Poll_Count from pop menu.
	<pre><number> packets, read <number> packets, device accounting shows <number> packets sent and <number></number></number></number></number></pre>	Loopback connection missing or defective	Check the loopback connection
		Bad serial port hardware	If the problem persists, contac
	packets received	System software error	your authorized Sun service provider.
8022	<pre>printdlprim: unsupported primitive type <value></value></pre>		
8023	<pre>stringtoaddr: invalid input string: <text></text></pre>		
8025	<pre>dlinfoack: response ctl.len too short: <number></number></pre>		
8026	dlinfoack: DL_INFO_ACK was not M_PCPROTO		
8027	<pre>dlokack: response ctl.len too short: <number></number></pre>		
8028	dlokack: DL_OK_ACK was not M_PCPROTO		
8029	<pre>dlerrorack: response ctl.len too short: <number></number></pre>		
8030	dlerrorack: DL_OK_ACK was not M_PCPROTO		

 TABLE 31-6
 sptest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action	
8031	<pre>dlbindack: response ctl.len too short: <number></number></pre>			
8032	dlbindack: DL_OK_ACK was not M_PCPROTO			
8033	sigalrm: TIMEOUT			
8037	<pre>invalid packet length: <number></number></pre>			
8038	<name>: poll() failed,</name>	System load too heavy	Reduce the system load.	
	error = <error_message></error_message>	Bad serial port hardware	If the problem persists, contact	
		System software error	your authorized Sun service provider.	
8039	<pre>Failed I_STR ioctl, cmd = <name>, device = <name>, error = <error_message></error_message></name></name></pre>			
8040	<name>: No packets sent,</name>	No transmit clock present	Reduce the system load.	
	<pre>last error = <error_message>, wrote <number> packets, read</number></error_message></pre>	System load too heavy	Increase Sync_Poll_Count from the pop menu.	
	<pre><number> packets, device</number></pre>	Timeout too short	Check the loopback connection	
	accounting shows <number> packets sent and <number> packets received</number></number>	Loopback connection missing or defective	If the problem persists, contact your authorized Sun service	
		Bad serial port hardware	provider.	
		System software error	_	
8041	Sporadic packets detected on <name>. The port must</name>	Another process is generating activity on the port	Stop other process using the port.	
	be quiescent before running test	Bad serial port hardware	Stop other process using the	
		System software error	port.	
8042	syncinit: <name> missing minor device number</name>			
8046	Test requires local or remote modem loopback (external data loop, external clocking)			
8047	<name> loopback type not allowed on Connection test</name>			

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 TABLE 31-6
 sptest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
8048	<pre><name> loopback type not allowed on online mode</name></pre>		
8049	<pre>Invalid baud rate for device <name>, select between <number> and <number></number></number></name></pre>		
8050	<pre><name> internal loopback test not allowed on <name> device</name></name></pre>		
8051	Thread creation failed, <pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>		
8054	<name>: At least <number></number></name>	System load too heavy	Reducethe system load.
	<pre>packets dropped (tolerance = <number>), last error =</number></pre>	Loopback connection missing or defective	Increase the drop tolerance option.
	<pre><error_message>. Wrote</error_message></pre>	Bad serial port hardware	Check the loopback connection
	<pre><number> packets, read <number> packets. Device statistics shows <number> packets sent and <number> packets received. <number> packets dropped in outbound queueing, <number> packets dropped in inbound queueing</number></number></number></number></number></number></pre>	System software error	If the problem persists, contact your authorized Sun service provider.
8055	<name>: <number> bad</number></name>	System load too heavy	Reduce the system load.
	<pre>packets received, last error = <error_message>, wrote <number> packets,</number></error_message></pre>	Loopback connection missing or defective	Check the loopback connection.
	read <number> packets,</number>	Bad serial port hardware	If the problem persists, contact
	device accounting shows <number> packets sent and <number> packets received</number></number>	System software error	your authorized Sun service provider.

SunButtons Test (sunbuttons)

The sunbuttons test verifies that the SunButtons graphics manipulation device is working correctly.

Note — Install SunVTS2.1 making sure that the following packages are installed: SUNWdial and SUNWdialh.

Running the sunbuttons Tests

The following tests verify SunButton functionality:

From a .customtest file in /opt/SUNWvts/bin

Create a .customtest file to verify that each button functions; each button lights up in a round-robin fashion.

Edit the .customtest file to include the following lines:

sunbuttons; sunbuttons; Mode<CYCLE|diag|diag|mode>
sundials; sundials; Mode<CYCLE|diag|diag|mode>
(For diag mode you may have to execute the xhost + command)

Configure the Port using the bdconfig command

To configure the port, follow the steps below.

1. Run the /usr/sbin/bdconfig command to configure the /dev/term/a or /dev/term/b port and enable it. The following example shows how to check a configured serial port b:

2. Connect the sunbuttons/sundials device to your configured serial port (a or b).

Starting SunVTS

After starting SunVTS, you should see Customtest as one of the available options with sundials and sunbuttons available for selection.

- 1. Change to the Functional test mode and enable intervention.
- 2. Enable the sunbuttons and sundials tests.
- 3. Start testing.

In diag mode a popup window appears.

4. Select the Diagnostics button.

Let the test run its course (the Diagnostics button will be selectable again).

5. Quit the popup window.

The test should register a single pass.

From a shell command line

This is an interactive test. The test displays a screen representation of the buttonbox (see FIGURE 32-1) where you can press each of the buttons and see the corresponding button's display change.

To run the diagnostic test, select the Diagnostics Button on the top of the menu representation. The buttonbox buttons on the screen do not change while the diagnostics test is running.

Be sure that the buttonbox is connected to one of the serial ports, and that the buttonbox has a power transformer.

There is no option menu for this test.

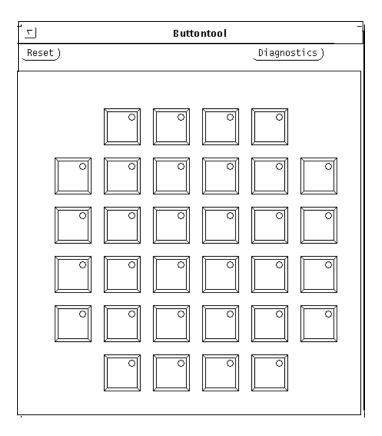


FIGURE 32-1 sunbuttons Test Menu

sunbuttons Command Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sunbuttons diag standard_arguments

sunbuttons Test Modes

Available only in the Functional test mode. In the Functional test mode, the sunbuttons test verifies the functionality of each button, and that each button lights up in sequence.

sunbuttons Error Messages

TABLE 32-1 sunbuttons Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6000	Cannot open device		
6001	ioctl(VUIDSFORMAT, VUID_NATIVE)		
6002	Writing diag command failed		
6003	No response from Buttonbox		
6004	Selftest failed		
6005	Weird unknown kind of error		
6006	Can not open device /dev/db		
6007	ioctl(VUIDSFORMAT, VUID_NATIVE) you may need to run bdconfig		

SunDials Test (sundials)

The sundials test verifies that the SunDials graphics manipulation device controls are working properly. sundials also verifies the connection between the dialbox and serial port.

Running the sundials Tests

The following tests verify SunDial functionality.

From a .customtest file

Create a .customtest file to test the SunDials.

Here is an example of a .customtest entry for sundials:

sundials; sundials; text<TEXT | 20 | -s | >

From a command line

Running the sundials test from a command line starts an interactive test that displays a screen representation of the dialbox (see FIGURE 33-1). You can move each of the dials and see the corresponding dial's display change. To run the interactive test, select the Diagnostics button on the top of the window representation. The dialbox dials on the screen will not move while the diagnostics test is running

Be certain that the dialbox is connected to one of the serial ports, and that the dialbox has a power transformer.

There is no option menu for this test.

The sundials Test menu is shown in FIGURE 33-1.

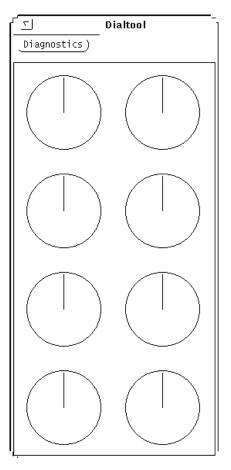


FIGURE 33-1 sundials Test Menu

sundials Test Modes

This test is available only in the Functional test mode. The sundials test verifies the connection between dialbox and serial port. The test also verifies all manipulation device controls.

sundials Command Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sundials diag standard_arguments

sundials Error Messages

TABLE 33-1 sundials Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6000	Open failed for /dev/bd		
6001	ioctl(VUIDSFORMAT, VUID_NATIVE) error		
6002	ioctl(VUIDSFORMAT, VUID_EVENT) error		
6003	Could not talk to Dialbox		
6004	Cannot open device		
6005	Writing Diag Command failed		
6006	No response from Dialbox		
6007	Selftest failed		
6008	Weird unknown kind of error		
6009	ioctl(VUIDSFORMAT, VUID_NATIVE) you may need to run bdconfig		

HSI/S Boards Test (sunlink)

The sunlink test verifies the functionality of the SBus HSI boards. sunlink tests the HDLC and SDLC protocol of SBus HSI boards and PCI bus HSI boards. sunlink downloads the DCP microcode, initializes the selected channel, and configures the selected channel to the protocol being tested.

Next, sunlink opens a datagram socket and tries to modify the socket to accept ioctl communications with the driver, and receive synchronous mode information from it.

sunlink then opens the ports, linking the upper and lower layers with ioctl calls. After initialization, this test checks for activity before attempting to send or receive data. An error message is returned if activity is detected; otherwise the transmit buffer is filled with random data. Random data is used by default; other patterns may be specified. The data is then transmitted. If the transmission succeeds, sunlink then receives the returned data and verifies that it is identical to what was sent. Finally, statistics about the send and receive are gathered from the socket.

A full sunlink test takes approximately eight minutes per port and does a brief check of the board ports before the actual test begins. If the port is bad, the test immediately aborts and returns an error message.

Note – This test will not pass unless you install the correct loopback connectors or port to port cables on the ports you are testing. The ports specified for test in the option menu must have loopback connectors attached. See Appendix A for loopback connector part numbers and wiring instructions.

sunlink Options

The Configurations field displays the available ports. (See FIGURE 34-1.)

hihO(sunlink) To	est Parameter Options
Configuration:	
Amount: 400KB	
Ports: 0 1 2 3	
Port type: RS449	
Protocol: HDLC	
Options:	
Clock Source:	⊕ Baud
Internal Loopback:	○Enable ●Disable
Loopback:	7 0+1+2+3
······	
Apply Re	set Cancel

FIGURE 34-1 sunlink Options menu

TABLE 34-1 sunlink Options

sunlink Options	Description
Clock source	Lets you select either the on-board clock or an external clock for use when using sunlink. To use the external clock option, the transmit, receive, and clock data lines must be physically loopbacked
Internal Loopback	Enables or disables internal loopback tests. Internal Loopback is only needed when the Loopback setting is not port-to-port, and the clock source is on-board
Loopback	Specifies the loopback type: simple single external port loopback, multiple external port loopback, and port-to-port external loopback

sunlink Command Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sunlink standard_arguments -o dev=device_name, P=port#, p=data_pattern, I, C=B/E

TABLE 34-2 sunlink Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation
dev=device_name	Specifies the device to be tested.
	hih0 HDLC and SDLC protocols
P=ports	Specifies the port number to be tested.
p=data_pattern	Specifies the data_pattern as one of the following:
	c: Character (0x55)
	i: Incrementing
	d: Decrementing
	r: Random (default)
I	Enables internal loopback for HSI/S (external).
c=clocksource	Specifies the clock source value as one of the following:
	B: On-board clock source
	E: External clock source

The following is a typical command line syntax for testing an HSI/S Sbus card:

```
# /opt/SUNWvts/bin/sunlink -o dev=hih0,P=0_to_1+2_to_3
```

Typing this at the command line tests the internal loopback for port 0.

sunlink Test Modes

The sunlink test only supports the Functional test mode.

sunlink Loopback Connectors

Refer to Appendix A of this manual, and the High Speed Serial Interface hardware manuals for information on loopback connectors.

sunlink Error Messages

TABLE 34-3 sunlink Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6000	Device name must be provided!		
6001	Invalid port specification		
6002	Invalid port number		
6003	BSC protocol is not implemented for <device_name></device_name>		
6004	ASYNC protocol is not implemented for <device_name></device_name>		

 TABLE 34-3
 sunlink Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6005	Illegal protocol specified for ' <device_name>'</device_name>		
6006	Could not open file : <pre><file_name></file_name></pre>		
6007	Could not open file devname <pre><device_name></device_name></pre>		
6008	Could not open file (clonename) <file_name></file_name>		
6009	Can't get sync mode info for <pre><device_name></device_name></pre>		
6010	Can't set sync mode info for <pre><device_name></device_name></pre>		
6011	Couldn't successfully execute '/usr/sunlink/dcp/dcp <file_name></file_name>		
6012	Packet received but none sent! Activity on-line. Quiesce other end before starting		
6013	Transmit failed on ' <device_name>'</device_name>		
6014	Receive failed on ' <device_name>'</device_name>		
6015	<pre>Data compare error on '<device_name>', exp = <value>, actual = <value>, offset = <number></number></value></value></device_name></pre>		
6016	<device_name> does not</device_name>	No loopback plug	Check loopback plug
	respond	System load too heavy	Reduce system load
6017	sigalrm: TIMEOUT	No loopback plug	Check loopback plug
		System load too heavy	Reduce system load
8000	Unsupported primitive type <pre><value></value></pre>		
8001	<text> (<error_message>)</error_message></text>		

 TABLE 34-3
 sunlink Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
8002	Response ctl.len too short: <value></value>		
8003	DL_INFO_ACK was not M_PCPROTO		
8004	DL_OK_ACK was not M_PCPROTO		

Pixel Processor Test (sxtest)

sxtest checks models of SPARCstation 10 and SPARCstation 20 machines equipped with an onboard Pixel Processor module. sxtest is specific to the VSIMM (Video SIMM)/SX Memory Controller) devices in the SPARCstation 10 SX and SPARCstation 20 SX.

Note – Because of possible conflicts between cg14 SunVTS frame buffer tests and OpenWindows applications that use the cg14 frame buffer, the following restrictions apply when running the sxtest SunVTS test:

Do not run any graphic applications other than OpenWindows while running SunVTS frame buffer tests.

To start SunVTS with vtsui, but without vtsk, you must add the host name to xhost as: xhost + <hostname>.

Do not run any OpenWindows programs that generate video updates outside or on top of the SunVTS window.

Do not close the SunVTS window to an icon while it is running frame buffer tests.

Enable the frame buffer locking option from the Options window for the system console cg14 device (see "The sxtest test parameter options are described in TABLE 36-1.." on page 320).

If you run sxtest with VRAM enabled, then frame buffer locking *must* be enabled.

sxtest locates load error, store error, ALU error, logic error, and so on, of the pixel processor by reading and verifying data from the control registers of the pixel processor, virtual memories, or video memories.

This test also verifies the integration function of the cg14 frame buffer and its device driver, video memories, and data memories. sxtest also writes a test pattern to the frame buffer for visual verification. The accuracy of this test is dependant on other hardware, such as the CPU, memory card(s), and cg14 graphics card. Run cg14test and other tests before running sxtest. sxtest is a series of 13 modules, described below.

sxtest Options

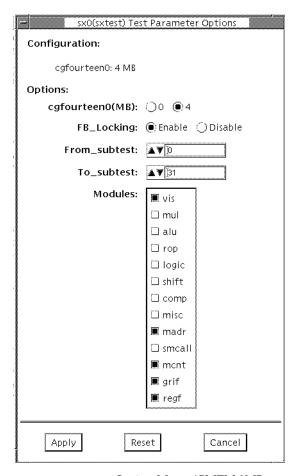


FIGURE 35-1 sxtest Option Menu (CMEM:0MB, none, cg14 board)

Note – The sxtest option menu is customized, based on the configuration of the test system.

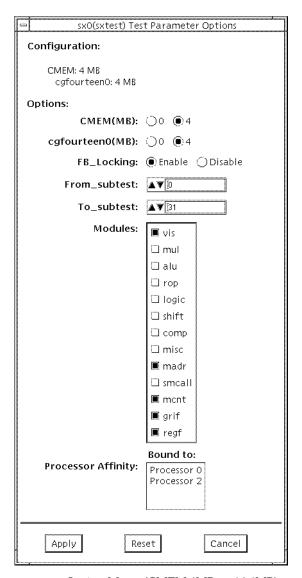


FIGURE 35-2 sxtest Option Menu (CMEM:4MB, cg14:4MB)

sxtest Test Parameters

The sxtest test parameter options are described in TABLE 35-1..

 TABLE 35-1
 sxtest Test Parameter Options

Option	Description	
FB Locking	Frame buffer locking is enabled by default on the window server running the OpenWindows software.	
	See the section about testing multiple frame buffers in the <i>SunVTS 2.1 User's Guide</i> for details.	
CMEM (Contiguous Memory)	Choose either 0 or 4 if your system has 4 Mbytes (or more) of contiguous memory available.	
	To set CMEM on a SPARCstation 10, enter the following: cd /usr/platform/SUNW,SPARCstation10,SX/sbin	
	The system must have 32 Mbytes of memory or more to set CMEM. For example: % sxconfig -s 4 -1 28 -f	
VRAM (Video Random Access Memory)	Choose either $0 \mid 4 \mid 8$ video random access memory. CAUTION: If sxtest is run with its VRAM enabled, then frame buffer locking must be enabled or SunVTS results in errors.	

sxtest Module Descriptions

The 13 sxtest modules are described in TABLE 35-2.

TABLE 35-2 sxtest Modules

Module	Description
Display (module0)	Click Enable to display visual patterns.
	Three subtests call the SPAM library and display pictures to verify the integrity of a subset of the kernel and the SPAM libraries via the SPARCstation 10 SX video system. These routines are ported from the SPAM demonstration programs. All subtests in this module are skipped if the cg14 frame buffer does not exist, or if the VRAM is disabled.
	One of the following subtests displays screens between other subtests. This helps you determine whether the system is hung or if sxtest is running.
	rect_test: The screen is filled with random rectangles. The rectangles are drawn in CHUNKY_XBGR mode if 32-bit mode OpenWindows is running. If not, they are drawn in CHUNKY_C8 mode with the SPAM library routine sl_rect_fill_32.
	shaa: A picture of shaded lines is drawn in CHUNKY_BGR mode with the SPAM library routines sl_line_shaa_32, sl_span_load_8, and sl_rect_fill_8. NOTE: The shaa test is skipped if the test is running on an 8-bit window.
	lines — The screen is filled with lines of various colors. These lines are drawn in CHUNKY_XBGR mode if 32-bit mode OpenWindows is running; If not, they are drawn in CHUNKY_C8 mode with SPAM library routine sl_line_fill_8.

Module	Description	
MUL (module1)	Click Enable to test the multiplier operations.	
	Eight subtests are called, each having 2500 randomly generated MUL SPAM macros.	
	sp_mul0	
	sp_mul1	
	sp_mul2	
	sp_mul3	
	sp_mul4	
	sp_mul5	
	sp_mul6	
	sp_mul7	
	Each subtest tests SPAM MUL instruction sets by executing	
	random SPAM MUL macro patterns, for example:	
	<pre>spam_dot(S_0,R42,R45,R31,5) spam_mulr(L_16,R44,R29,R52,1)</pre>	
	spam_mul(S_15,R115,R114,R58,4)	
	spam_mul(L_16,R89,R110,R81,8)	
	spam_mulr(S_8,R21,R76,R53,1)	
	spam_saxpr(S_8,R54,R46,R98,2)	
	spam_dotr(L_16,R75,R40,R20,5)	
	spam_dot(L_16,R44,R45,R84,4)	
	spam_saxp(L_0,R93,R96,R44,8)	
	spam_mulr(L_0,R86,R56,R56,5)	
	spam_dotr(L_0,R14,R62,R40,2	
	spam_saxpr(S_15,R112,R85,R95,7)	
ALU (Module2)	Click Enable to test ALU operations.	
	Five subtests are called, each having 2500 randomly generated	
	ALU SPAM macros.	
	sp_alu0	
	sp_alu1	
	sp_alu2 sp_alu3	
	sp_alu3 sp_alu4	
	SP_aiu+	
	Each subtest tests SPAM ALU instruction sets by executing random SPAM ALU macro patterns, for example:	
	spam_subv(R101,R31,R42,1)	
	spam_subs(R90,R44,R90,14)	
	spam_subv(R44,R70,R29,14)	
	spam_sum(R58,R95,R114,9)	
	spam_adds(R54,R46,R98,10)	
	spam_addi(R9,51,R68,9)	
	spam_abs(R76,R28,7)	
	spam_addv(R80,R59,R93,11)	

 TABLE 35-2
 sxtest Modules (Continued)

Module	Description
ROP (Module3)	Click Enable to test the ROP operations.
	Five subtests are called, each having 2500 randomly generated ROP SPAM macros.
	sp_rop0
	sp_rop1 sp_rop2
	sp_rop3
	sp_rop4
	Each subtest tests SPAM ROP instruction sets by executing random SPAM ROP macro patterns, for example: spam_selb(R101,R31,R42,1)
	spam_ropl(R90,R27,R44,14)
	spam_sels(R19,R16,R112,15)
	spam_ropm(R47,R29,R96,16)
	spam_selb(R52,R43,R29,5)
	spam_ropb(R115,R114,R58,7)
	spam_selv(R57,R75,R16,2)
	spam_ropm(R110,R93,R83,13)
LOGIC (Module4)	Click Enable to test the logical operations.
Logic (Module)	ener Enable to test the logical operations.
	Five subtests are called, each having 2500 randomly generated
	LOGIC SPAM macros.
	sp_logic0
	sp_logic1
	sp_logic2
	sp_logic3
	sp_logic4
	Each subtest tests SPAM LOGIC instruction sets by executing
	random SPAM LOGIC macro patterns, for example:
	spam_xors(R101,R31,R42,1)
	spam_xori(R90,101,R90,14)
	spam_xorv(R30,R19,R95,13)
	spam_ands(R108,R16,R125,1)
	spam_andv(R115,R114,R58,7)
	spam_ors(R46,R89,R8,16)
	spam_orv(R57,R75,R16,2)
	spam_andi(R9,51,R68,9)

Module	Description	
SHIFT (Module5)	Click Enable to test the shift operations.	
	Five subtests are called, each having 2500 randomly generated	
	SHIFT SPAM macros.	
	sp_shift0	
	sp_shift1	
	sp_shift2	
	sp_shift3	
	sp_shift4	
	Each subtest checks SPAM SHIFT instruction sets by executing random SPAM SHIFT macro patterns, for example:	
	spam_sllv(R101,R31,R42,1)	
	spam_slli(R90,5,R90,14)	
	spam_srai(R30,19,R95,13)	
	spam_srli(R108,16,R125,1)	
	spam_sllv(R52,R43,R29,5)	
	spam_slfi(R46,25,R8,16)	
	spam_slfs(R57,R75,R16,2)	
	spam_srav(R54,R44,R93,8)	
	spam_srlv(R58,R60,R96,16)	
COMP (Module6)	Click Enable to test the compare operations.	
	Five subtests are called, each having 2500 randomly generated COMP SPAM macros.	
	sp_comp0	
	sp_comp1	
	sp_comp2 sp_comp3	
	sp_comp4	
	SP_COMP4	
	Each subtest checks SPAM COMP instruction sets by executing	
	random SPAM COMP macro patterns. For example:	
	spam_cmpv_gt(R101,R31,R42,1)	
	spam_cmps_lt(R90,R44,R90,14)	
	spam_cmps_eq(R95,R112,R19,12)	
	spam_cmpv_gt(R44,R43,R29,14)	
	<pre>spam_cmpv_lt(R115,R114,R58,7) spam_cmps_gt(R46,R89,R8,16)</pre>	
	spam_cmps_eq(R57,R75,R16,2)	
	spam_cmpv_le(R54,R46,R98,10)	
	spam_cmpv_eq(R9,R51,R68,9)	
	spam_cmps_gt(R76,R103,R28,7)	
	~F~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	

spam_cmpv_eq(R52,R37,R50,8)
spam_cmpv_ge(R61,R86,R16,12)

 TABLE 35-2
 sxtest Modules (Continued)

Module Description			
MISC (Module7)	Click Enable to test the miscellaneous operations.		
	Five subtests are called, each having 2500 randomly generated		
	MISC SPAM macros.		
	sp_misc0		
	sp_misc1		
	sp_misc2		
	sp_misc3		
	sp_misc4		
	Each subtest checks SPAM MISC instruction sets by executing		
	random SPAM MISC macro patterns, for example:		
	spam_scat(R45,-1,R29,1)		
	spam_gath(R95,-6,R114,9)		
	spam_delt(R89,R9,R16,16)		
	spam_plot(R54,R46,R98,10)		
	spam_plot(R53,R20,R75,16)		
	spam_scat(R91,-2,R70,9)		
	spam_gath(R120,-2,R51,15)		
spam_delt(R59,R95,R120,1)			
MADR (Module8)	Click Enable to test the address lines of sx.		
	Eight subtests are called; each subtest verifies the 0x100000 SPAM		
	address with spam_stld and spam_ldld instructions. All address		
	bits and data bits of 4 Mbytes of VRAM and 4 Mbytes of DRAM		
	are tested after running through the eight subtests.		
	0x0000000-0x000fffff		
	0x00100000-0x001fffff		
	0x00200000-0x002fffff		
	0x00300000-0x003fffff		
	0xfc000000-0xfc0fffff *		
	0xfc100000-0xfc1fffff *		
	0xfc200000-0xfc2fffff *		
	0xfc300000-0xfc3fffff *		
	* These subtests are skipped if the CMEM option is disabled.		

 TABLE 35-2
 sxtest Modules (Continued)

Module	Description	
SMCALL (Module9)	Click Enable for a brief test of sxtest functionality.	
(Module9)	Eleven subtests are called from spam.smcall to verify the general function of the SMC chip. All subtests have a cg14 version and a non-cg14 version. These subtests repeat four times, each time with the IQ FIFO programmed to a different number of entries (8, 16, 32, or 64). shift_ldst instr_mix * arith_ldst cmp_ldst select_ldst interlock_all * logic_ldst mult_ldst rop scat_ldst	
	delt_ldst* These subtests are skipped if the VRAM option is set to disable.	
MCNT (Module10)	Click Enable to test the load and store functions with different repeat counts.	
	Twelve subtests are called; they test the SPAM store functions by varying address offset and item count. spsd_stba_cnt spsd_stbd_cnt spsd_stcd_cnt spsd_stla_cnt spsd_stld_cnt spsd_stld_cnt spsd_stpd_cnt spsd_stpd_cnt spsd_stpd_cnt spsd_stsa_cnt spsd_stsd_cnt spsd_stsd_cnt spsd_stsd_cnt	

 TABLE 35-2
 sxtest Modules (Continued)

Module	Description		
GRIF (Module11)	Click Enable to test the graphic interface logic.		
	Thirty-six subtests are called; they test the SPAM graphic interface login with load/store instructions. All subtests are skipped if cg14 doesn't exist.		
	spsd_stbd_dram		
	spsd_stbd_xbgr		
	spsd_stbd_bgr		
	spsd_stbd_8x		
	spsd_stbd_8c		
	spsd_stbd_x32		
	spsd_stbd_b32		
	spsd_stbd_g32		
	spsd_stbd_r32		
	spsd_stsd_dram		
	spsd_stsd_xbgr		
	spsd_stsd_bgr		
	spsd_stsd_8x		
	spsd_stsd_8c		
	spsd_stsd_x32		
	spsd_stsd_b32		
	spsd_stsd_g32		
	spsd_stsd_r32		
	spsd_ldbd_dram		
	spsd_ldbd_xbgr		
	spsd_ldbd_bgr		
	spsd_ldbd_8x		
	spsd_ldbd_8c		
	spsd_ldbd_x32		
	spsd_ldbd_b32		
	spsd_ldbd_g32		
	spsd_ldbd_r32		
	spsd_ldsd_dram		
	spsd_ldsd_xbgr		
	spsd_ldsd_bgr		
	spsd_ldsd_8x		
	spsd_ldsd_8c		
	spsd_ldsd_x32		
	spsd_ldsd_b32		
	spsd_ldsd_g32		
	spsd_ldsd_r32		

 TABLE 35-2
 sxtest Modules (Continued)

Module	Description
REGF (Module12)	Click Enable to test the register file pointer logic.
	Twenty-two subtests are called from spam.regfile to verify the register file's logic with assorted SPAM instructions.
	readpointer1 *
	readpointer2 *
	readpointer3 *
	readpointer4 *
	writepointer1 *
	writepointer2*
	writepointer3 *
	writepointer4 *
	readpointer5 *
	writepointer5 *
	rdptr0 †
	wrptr0 †
	rdptr1 †
	wrptr1 †
	rdptr2 †
	wrptr2 †
	rdptr3 †
	wrptr3 †
	rdptr4 †
	wrptr4 †
	rdptr5 †
	wrptr5 †
	* These subtests are skipped if the VRAM option is disabled.
	† These subtests are skipped if the CMEM option is disabled.

sxtest Test Modes

Due to the nature of graphic tests, reading from or writing to the frame buffer during testing will disturb user production. sxtest is available only in the Functional test mode.

In Functional test, sxtest runs the visual subtest, memory address subtest, memory count subtest, graphic interface subtest, and register file subtest by default. The user can select or de-select other subtests as needed.

sxtest Command Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/sxtest $standard_arguments$ -o dev= $device_name$, lock=E(nable)/D(isable), tm= $to_module\#$, cmem=n, vram=n, md=XXX

TABLE 35-3 sxtest Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation	
dev=device_name	Specifies the device_name to be tested.	
lock=E(nable)/ D(isable)	Enables/disables frame buffer locking. See "Testing Multiple Frame Buffers" in Chapter 3 of the <i>SunVTS 2.1 User's Guide f</i> or details. Frame buffer locking is enabled by default on the window server running the OpenWindows software.	
tm=to_module#	Specifies an ending module number; use these last four arguments to narrow sxtest to a specific test scope.	
cmem=0/4	Enables or disables the contiguous memory; choose either 1 to enable or 0 to disable. Note: You must choose disable (0) if your system is equipped with less then 4 Mbytes of contiguous memory.	
cgfourteen0=0/4/8	Enables or disables the video random access memory; choose 1 to enable or 0 to disable.	
md=vis+alu+ Selects which modules are tested in a pass.		

sxtest Error Messages

TABLE 35-4 sxtest Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6002	Unable to lock frame buffer	FB lock was enabled while Window System was not running	
6004	Can`t get sem <number></number>		
6006	Failed lock sem:dev <number>, type <number></number></number>		
6008	Failed unlock sem		
6010	Failed GETVAL sem=		
6012	Failed sem_val		
6014	console_p() failed :		
6016	Failed sem_setall		
6017	Failed sem_rmid		
6018	Failed get sem		
6020	ioctl command <name> failed</name>		
6022	<error_message></error_message>		
6024	Failed to malloc for <name></name>		
6026	<pre>mem ccitt[<name>+<number>,<name>+ <number>]: o:<number> e:<number> o^e:<number></number></number></number></number></name></number></name></pre>		
6028	<pre>mem crc16[<name>+<number>,<name>+ <number>]: o:<number> e:<number> o^e:<number></number></number></number></number></name></number></name></pre>		
6030	reg ccitt: o: <number> e:<number> o^e:<number></number></number></number>		
6032	reg crc16: o: <number> e:<number> o^e:<number></number></number></number>		
6034	Failed to open <name> device</name>		
6035	First Open of sx device		

 TABLE 35-4
 sxtest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6036	Modules selected improperly!!!		
6038	<name>, i_module = <name></name></name>		
6040	FB unlock request failed		
8000	Can't acquire console semaphore	System load too heavy	Reduce the system load.
		System error	If the problem persists, call your authorized Sun service provider.
8002	Can`t get sem <number></number>		
8004	Unable to set page bounds		
8006	mmap: unable to map MDI control register space		
8008	Failed to mmap <name></name>		
8010	sxtest is only running in Functional test		
8012	Failed to open <name></name>		

System Test (systest)

systest checks the CPU board by exercising the I/O, memory, and CPU channels simultaneously as threads. There is no quick test option for systest; it is a CPU stress test.

systest Options

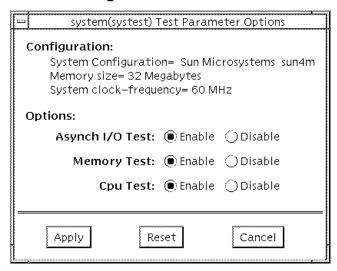


FIGURE 36-1 systest Option Menu

systest Test Modes

The Functional test is the only test mode available for systest.

systest Command Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/systest standard_arguments

systest Error Messages

TABLE 36-1 systest Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6005	<pre>(<thread_id>)Couldn't open file /dev/mem: <error_message></error_message></thread_id></pre>		
6006	<pre>(<thread_id>)'valloc' results incorrect: <error_message></error_message></thread_id></pre>		
6007	<pre>(<thread_id>)Bad 'mmap' results: <error_message>, page = <value>/<value>, addr = <address></address></value></value></error_message></thread_id></pre>		
6008	<pre>(<thread_id>)kvm_open() failed: <error_message></error_message></thread_id></pre>		
6009	<pre>(<thread_id>)kvm_nlist() failed: <error_message></error_message></thread_id></pre>		
6010	<pre>(<thread_id>)Defective namelist in '/vmunix'</thread_id></pre>		
6011	<pre>(<thread_id>)Couldn't read physical memory list: <error_message></error_message></thread_id></pre>		

 TABLE 36-1
 systest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6012	(<thread_id>)Couldn't read physical memory address</thread_id>		
6013	<pre>(<thread_id>)Couldn't read physical memory size: <error_message></error_message></thread_id></pre>		
6014	Cannot open <device_name></device_name>		
6015	Test Failed due to segment violation error	Lack of sufficient memory resources	Retry the test after increasing available memory.
6016	Test Failed due to fpu bus error	Lack of sufficient memory resources	Retry test after increasing available memory.
6017	Test Failed due to fpu exception error	Lack of sufficient memory resources	Retry test after increasing available memory.
6018	Test Failed due to illegal instruction	Lack of sufficient memory resources	Retry test after increasing available memory.
8000	Failed system test (FPU, VMEM, I/O)		

Tape Drive Test (tapetest)

The tapetest synchronous I/O test writes a pattern to a specified number of blocks (or, for a SCSI tape, writes to the end of the tape). The tapetest then rewinds the tape and reads and compares the data just written. The tapetest asynchronous I/O test sends a series of up to 5 asynchronous read/write requests to the tape drive, writing to the tape and then reading and comparing the data. The tapetest file test writes four files to the tape and then reads them back, comparing the data. For tape library testing, the pass count is incremented only after all tapes in the library have been tested.

Note — If you have a tape drive in your system, load a blank writable tape (scratch tape) before you start SunVTS. If you fail to do this, the tapetest option displays drive type:unknown on the option menu for the tapetest.

tapetest Options

tapetest supports 4mm, 8mm, DLT, 1/4-inch cartridge, and 1/2-inch front-load tape drive testing. The options available for each of the tape devices differ slightly. An example of the option pop-up menu for a device is shown in FIGURE 37-1.

The Async I/O subtest uses the asynchronous read and write feature of the Solaris tape driver to exercise tape drives. In read-only mode the test sends a maximum of four asynchronous read packets, each with a random size and a random offset, to the tape drive. The test then waits for all outstanding I/O activity to complete before issuing another round of packets. This process continues until the whole area being tested has been covered. In read-write mode, one write packet is issued for every four read packets to ensure a spot check of the write operation. The area of the tape to be tested is written to first in order for the test to work correctly. This test is only supported under Solaris 2.6 and later releases.

tape1(tapetest)	Test Parameter Options	
Configuration: Drive Type: Archive Python 4mm Helical Scan		
Options:		
Туре:	(DAT)DAT_Stacker	
Number_Of_Tapes:	i	
Density:	Low	
Mode:	Readonly Write/Read	
Length:	EOT	
Blocks:	ž25300	
File Test:	: Enable) Disable	
Media Test Method:	¥ SyncIO	
	∀ AsyncIO	
Apply Re	eset	

FIGURE 37-1 tapetest Option Menu (4mm tape drives)

Note – This test does not immediately stop after being disabled.

The example in FIGURE 37-1 shows the options menu for a 4mm tape drive.

Note – The option menus for the 1/4-inch, 1/2-inch, DLT, and 8mm tape drives differ slightly from FIGURE 37-1.

 TABLE 37-1
 tapetest Options

tapetest Options	Description
Туре	Normal tape drive or tape library (stacker)
# of Tapes	The number of tapes in the tape library. tapetest registers a single tape library pass only after all tapes in the library pass.
Format	QIC-11 and QIC-24 are quarter-inch tape formats that this test uses when it writes to the scratch tape you inserted. QIC-11 uses a 1-byte block ID; QIC-24 uses a 4-byte block ID, so each block on a QIC-24 tape is uniquely identifiable. Use a standard scratch tape for this test. QIC-11 format is the default testing format; however, you can choose QIC-24 only, or both of QIC-11 and QIC-24 formats. If you choose both, the test first writes one pass to the tape in QIC-11 format, and then writes a second pass over it in QIC-24 format
Density	The following settings are available for 8mm tape drives: -EXB8200: Writes 2.3 Gbytes of data to the tape -EXB8500: Increases the density and writes 5 Gbytes of date to the tape -Both: Writes both 2.3 Gbytes, and 5 Gbytes of data to the tape. For half-inch tape drives the available settings are 800, 1600, and 6250 BPIs
Mode	If you enable Write/Read mode, the test first writes to the tape and then reads it back to compare. If you enable Read_Only mode, the test assumes the tape has been properly written and merely reads and compares. This mode is useful to check proper head alignment
Length	The amount of the tape to be tested. The choices are: -EOT: The default; tests to the entire tape. -Long: The SCSI tape tests 70,000 blocks of the tape. -Short: Only the first 1000 blocks are tested. -Specified: You must type the number of blocks to be tested in the # of blocks field.
# of Blocks	If you select Specified under the Length option, you must type the number of blocks you want to test.

TABLE 37-1 tapetest Options

tapetest Options	Description
File Test	The tape file test sequence is as follows: -Writes three files -Rewinds -Reads part of the first file -Forward spaces to the start of the second file -Reads the second file -Forward spaces to the start of the third file -Tries to read to the end of that file for SCSI tapes only, the tape file test tries to backspace to the start of the second file and read it
Retension	When enable is selected, the program retensions the tape.
Media Test Method	SyncI/O: tapetest reads and or writes the number of blocks selected in Length. AsyncI/O: tapetest makes four asynchronous read requests to the tape drive. If read and write testing is selected, one asynchronous write request is also sent. The test continues after completing the requests.

tapetest Test Modes

The tapetest supports all three modes. It performs different test schemes on the network device, according to the mode you select.

 TABLE 37-2
 tapetest Test Modes

Test Mode	Description
Connection Test	In this mode, tapetest verifies that the drive can be opened and that the drive type can be determined. If both checks are successful, or if the drive is currently busy, then the test passes. The tapetest fails if the open operation is unsuccessful for any reason other than the drive is busy.
Functional Test	In this mode, tapetest checks the status, rewinds the tape, erases and retensions it. If the device is a cartridge tape, tapetest writes a pattern to nblks or eot (default), rewinds the tape, and then does a read and compare of the pattern
	If you invoke SunVTS through SyMON, the following Functional Test description applies: tapetest opens the device and reads several blocks from it. If the read operation is successful, the test has passed. On the other hand, if the device is busy or if no tape cartridge can be found in the drive, the test cannot be run and fails

tapetest Command Line Syntax

TABLE 37-3 tapetest Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation	
dev=device_name	Specifies the device_name of the tape drive (required)	
s=block_count	Specifies the number of blocks to be tested	
d=density	Specifies the density of the tape to open	
m= <i>mode</i>	Enables either the Write_Read or Read_Only tests	
1=length	Specifies the length of the test (EOT, Specified, Long, or Short)	
method=method	Specifies the media test method (SyncI/O and or AsyncI/O) used.	
ft=enables/disables	Enables or disables the file test	
ret=enables/disables	Enable or disables tape retention	
dat=dat_type	If you are testing a digital audio tape drive, specify if it's a regular DAT drive or a DAT stacker. The choices are DAT and DAT_Stacker.	
8mm= <i>8mm_type</i>	If you are testing an 8mm tape drive, specify if it's a regular 8mm tape drive or a tape library. The command line choices are 8mm and 8mm_Library.	
num= <i>magazine_size</i>	If you are testing a tape library, specify the magazine size.	

tapetest Error Messages

 TABLE 37-4
 tapetest Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6000	Missing device name	No device name specified	Retry test with correct device name specification
6001	<pre>failed ioctl on unload and load next tape: err_code = <number>!</number></pre>	This stacker/library unit may lack the Automatic Cycle option	Run the test with Single Pass Option enabled
6002	Cannot open <device_name>: <error_message></error_message></device_name>	No tape media in drive	Load tape media and retry test
6005	Cannot close <device_name>: <error_message></error_message></device_name>	Bad drive	Retry test; if problem persists, check or replace the drive
6006	<pre><text> write failed on <device_name>, block <number>: EOF reached</number></device_name></text></pre>	EOF reached prematurely	Retry test with reduced blocksize specification or until EOF.
6007	<pre><text> write failed on <device_name>, block <number>: <error_message>, sense key(0x<value>) = <text></text></value></error_message></number></device_name></text></pre>	Drive needs attention	Perform action to reset sense key and retry the test
6008	<pre><text> read failed on <device_name>, block <number>: EOF reached</number></device_name></text></pre>	EOF reached prematurely	Retry test with reduced blocksize specification or until EOF
6009	<pre><text> read failed on <device_name>, block <number>: <error_message>, sense key(0x<value>) = <text></text></value></error_message></number></device_name></text></pre>	Drive needs attention	Perform action to reset sense key and retry test
6010	<pre><text> compare failed on <device_name>, block <number>, offset <number>, pattern 0x<value>, data= 0x<value></value></value></number></number></device_name></text></pre>	Bad drive	Retry test; if problem persists, check or replace the drive
6011	<pre><device_name> tape MTIOCGETDRIVETYPE ioctl: <error_message></error_message></device_name></pre>	Bad drive	Retry test; if problem persists, check or replace the drive

 TABLE 37-4
 tapetest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6012	<pre><text> failed on <device_name>: <error_message></error_message></device_name></text></pre>	Bad drive	Retry test; if problem persists, check or replace the drive
6013	Failed Connection test	Broken cable.	Check or replace the cable
	on <device_name>:<error_mes sage></error_mes </device_name>	Bad drive	Check or replace the drive
6014	Failed Online test: <device_name></device_name>	Device may be in use	Retry later
6015	Failed Online test: <device_name>:<erro r_message></erro </device_name>	No tape media in drive	Load tape media and retry test
6016	Online test was unsuccessful: <device_nam e=""></device_nam>	No tape media in drive	Load tape media and retry test
6017	Failed Online read test: <device_name></device_name>	Bad drive	Retry test; if problem persists, check or replace the drive
6018	Open Failed on	Broken cable	Check or replace the cable
	<pre><device_name>: <error_message></error_message></device_name></pre>	Bad drive	Check or replace the drive
6018	recon : No Corresponding SCSI disk device		
6019	Needs both SCSI disk and SCSI tape to run the test		
6020	Couldn't retension ' <device_name>'</device_name>		
6021	Couldn't read file ' <device_name>'</device_name>		
6022	SCSI disconnect/ reconnect failed		
6023	Spurious signal received from child		

S24 Frame Buffer Test (tcxtest)

Through a series of protocol, memory, acceleration, and colormap tests, textest checks the functionality of the S24 Frame Buffer SBus card used on the SPARCstation5 and checks the FSV (fast SBus video) ASIC on the SPARCstation4 motherboard.

Note – Disable all screen savers before testing any graphics device. Type xset s off at a UNIX prompt to disable the Solaris screen saver.

Test Groups

textest has four distinct test groups:

- AFX Protocol tests (in 8/16/32/64-bit mode)
 - WRC
- Frame Buffer Memory tests (in 8/16/32/64-bit14 mode)
 - address
 - constant
 - random
- Acceleration tests (both User and Raw modes)
 - blit
 - stip
- Colormap and Cursor tests
 - cursor (does not apply to SPARCstation4)
 - colormap

tcxtest Subtests

TABLE 38-1tcxtest Subtests

tcxtest Subtests	Description
WRC	By performing multiple writes and reads, and then verifying the results, the WRC test exercises the FIFO inside the S24 chip. The WRC test is composed of these three subtests: test_afx_alt_wr, test_memafx, and test_afx_random. If these tests fail, they print an error message showing the expected and observed data.
Test_afx_alt_wr	This test performs 16 writes to alternative pages (for example: WR (Page1), WR (Page2), WR (Page1+off), WR (Page2+off), etc.). It then reads back the data and compares it with the expected results. This test also writes to the frame buffer space 16 times, followed by a write to a different page in the frame buffer space. The test then reads this data back and verifies it with the expected results.
Test_memafx	The CPU in the SWIFT chip has closely coupled interfaces for the DRAM and the AFX bus. This test checks the arbitration between the two accesses. This test performs a number of alternating writes to the AFX and the CPU memory. After writing to different locations, the test reads and verifies the data. By performing an access across the page boundaries, the test covers both the cached and non-cached accesses.
Test_afx_random	After writing to one page in the DRAM memory, the test performs a few random writes/reads to random locations in the AFX space. The test then writes to a different page in the DRAM space, where it performs random accesses again. This test does not perform any data verification, it just checks to see if any of these random accesses caused a time out.
Constant	This test writes a data pattern to the whole memory. This pattern is read back and compared with the expected data. Once the memory fill operation is completed, the test reads the memory back and verifies that the value read is correct.
Address	This test writes a data pattern (which is same as the value of the address) to the whole memory. This pattern is then read back to verify that it is the correct value.
Random	This test writes a random data pattern to the whole memory. This pattern is read back and compared with the expected data. After the memory fill operation is completed, the test reads the memory and verifies the values read are correct.

 TABLE 38-1
 tcxtest Subtests

tcxtest Subtests	Description
blit	This test has two parts, the raw blit test and the user blit test. The raw blit test draws a 64x64x24 pixel image at the top left corner of screen. It then blits the image to the screen. The destination images are read back and compared with the original image to verify the raw blit operation executed correctly. The user blit test draws a 64x64x24 pixel image at the top left corner of screen. It then blits the image to the screen. The destination images are read back and compared with the original image. The user blit test is the same as the raw blit test, except the user blit test uses the user data space for the blit command
stip	This test performs numerous coner cases for stipple. The test writes to the destination with different data values using a stipple operation. The destination data is read back and verified. For the fast SBus video (SV), the following is checked: Walks 1 through pixel mask Walks 1 through ROP bits Walks 1 through destination byte Walks 1 through IDX byte
cursor (does not apply to SPARCstation 4)	This test performs a data register regression test. It writes a walking 1 pattern to the cursor data registers. The data is then read back and verified with the expected results. The test is repeated using a walking 0 as the data pattern
colormap	Loads all locations in the colormap with varying values of RGB. Note: If the system being tested has a monochrome or greyscale monitor, visual color problems are undetectable.

tcxtest Options

FB Locking is the only test parameter options for this test. See the section about testing multiple frame buffers in the *SunVTS 2.1 User's Guide* for details.

• Click enable or disable to configure Frame Buffer locking.

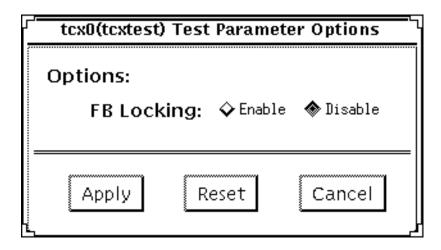


FIGURE 38-1 textest Option Menu

tcxtest Test Modes

Available only in the Functional test mode. Functional test is the default for textest. textest executes the appropriate subtests for the hardware platform being tested.

textest Command Line Syntax

 $\label{lock} $$ \operatorname{dev-device_name}, \operatorname{lock=E(nable)/D(isable)}, $$ X=bit_mode, T=test, S=[dfb8, dfb24, dfb32] $$$

TABLE 38-2 textest Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation	
dev=device_name	Specifies the filename of the device to be tested, for example: dev=tcx0	
lock= <i>E(nable)/</i> D(isable)	Enables or disables the window system locking option. See the section about Testing Frame Buffers in <i>SunVTS 2.1 User's Guide</i> for details. Do not use when device is the window system display.	
X=bit_mode	Specifies the data transfer size; supported values are:	
	8byte 16short 32long 64double word	
T=test	Specifies a particular test; to specify an individual test, replace $\it test$ with:	
	a=Address c=Constant r=Random b=Blit s=Stipple h=Cursor w=WRC Note: When you select either the Blit or Stipple test, both the User and Raw mode tests are executed.	
S=[dfb8, dfb24, dfb32]	Specifies which frame buffer memory space to use. -dfb8Dumb frame buffer 8-bit space. Memory is accessed only by bytes. -dfb24Dumb frame buffer 24-bit space. Memory is accessed only by 24-bit reads and writes. -dfb32Dumb frame buffer 8-bit space. Memory is accessed by 8-bit reads and writes.	

textest Error Messages

 TABLE 38-3
 tcxtest Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6000	FBIOGATTR failed in is_24bit subroutine	Driver not installed	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
		OS driver problem	
		AFX bus error	
6010	Colormap failure,	Bad RAMDAC	Replace the frame buffer card.
	Address: <address>, red, Expected: <value> Observed: <value></value></value></address>	Bad a24 board	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
		AFX bus error	
6011	Colormap failure,	Bad RAMDAC	Replace the frame buffer card.
	Address: <address>, green, Expected: <value> Observed: <value></value></value></address>	Bad a24 board	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
		AFX bus error	
6012	Colormap failure, Address: <address>, blue, Expected: <value> Observed: <value></value></value></address>	Bad RAMDAC	Replace the frame buffer card.
		Bad a24 board	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
		AFX bus error	
6013	THC Cursor Regression	Bad a24 board	Replace the frame buffer card.
	<pre>failed Address:</pre>	AFX bus error	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
6014	Can't clear frame	Bad a24 board	Replace the frame buffer card.
	<pre>buffer, dst_start: <address>, src_start: <address>, Address: <value>, Observed: <value> Expected: <value></value></value></value></address></address></pre>	AFX bus error	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.

 TABLE 38-3
 tcxtest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6015	Frame buffer pattern	Bad a24 board	Replace frame buffer card
	<pre>test failed, dst_space:</pre>	AFX bus error	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
6016	Can't clear frame buffer	Bad a24 board	Replace the frame buffer card.
	<pre>pattern, dst_space: <address>, src_space: <address>, check_x: <value>, check_y: <value>, Address: <value> Observed: <value> Expected: <value></value></value></value></value></value></address></address></pre>	AFX bus error	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
5017	Can't clear frame buffer after write, Address: <value>, Expected: <value> Observed: <value></value></value></value>	Bad a24 board	Replace the frame buffer card.
		AFX bus error	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
5018	Raw Blit test failed, Offset: <address>, Expected: <value> Observed: <value></value></value></address>	Bad a24 board	Replace the frame buffer card.
		AFX bus error	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
5019	Blit test failed	Bad a24 board	Replace the frame buffer card.
	<pre>CHECKING, Offset: <address>, Expected: <value> Observed: <value></value></value></address></pre>	AFX bus error	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
6020	Blit test failed,	Bad a24 board	Replace the frame buffer card.
	Offset: <value>, Expected: <value> Observed: <value></value></value></value>	AFX bus error	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
6021	Blit accel test failed.	Bad a24 board	Replace the frame buffer card.
	Offset: <value>, Expected :<value> Observed: <value></value></value></value>	AFX bus error	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.

 TABLE 38-3
 tcxtest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6022	Stipple test failed.	Bad a24 board	Replace the frame buffer card.
	Offset: <address>, Expected:<value> Observed: <value></value></value></address>	AFX bus error	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
6025	Raw Stipple test failed.	Bad a24 board	Replace the frame buffer card.
	Offset: <address>, Expected:<value> Observed: <value></value></value></address>	AFX bus error	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
6027	Frame buffer pattern	Bad RAMDAC	Replace the frame buffer card.
	<pre>test miscompare, y:</pre>	Bad a24 board	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
	Address: <value></value>	AFX bus error	
6029	Afx protocol test <message> Expected: <value></value></message>	AFX bus error	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
		Bad a24 board	
		Bad CPU board	
6030	Null allocation to membase	AFX bus error	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
		Bad a24 board	
		Bad CPU board	
6031	Afx_mem test failure, Address: <address>, Expected: <value></value></address>	AFX bus error	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
		Bad a24 board	
		Bad CPU board	
6032	Afx_mem Mem test failure, Address+0x4000 Value: <value>, Exp</value>	AFX bus error	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
	0x5555aaaa	Bad a24 board	
		Bad CPU board	

 TABLE 38-3
 tcxtest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6033	Pattern test failed in Byte mode for DFB <value>. Offset:</value>	AFX bus error	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
	<address>, Expected: <value> OBserved:</value></address>	Bad a24 board	
	<pre><value> xor(<value>)</value></value></pre>	Bad CPU board	
6034	Pattern test failed in Short mode for DFB <value>. Offset:</value>	AFX bus error	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
	<value>, Expected: <value> OBserved:</value></value>	Bad a24 board	
	<pre><value> xor(<value>)</value></value></pre>	Bad CPU board	
6035	Pattern test failed in Long mode for DFB <value>. Offset: <value>, Expected: <value> OBserved: <value> xor(<value>)</value></value></value></value></value>	AFX bus error	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
		Bad a24 board	
		Bad CPU board	
6036	Pattern test failed in Long mode for DFB <value> Offset: <value>, Expected: <value> OBserved: <value></value></value></value></value>	AFX bus error	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
		Bad a24 board	
		Bad CPU board	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
6039	Random test failed in	AFX bus error	
	Byte mode for DF <value>, Offset: <value>, Expected: <value> Observed: <value> xor: <value></value></value></value></value></value>	Bad a24 board	
		Bad CPU board	
6040	Random test failed in Short mode for DFB <value>, Offset:</value>	AFX bus error	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
	<pre><value>, Expected: <value> Observed: <value> xor: <value></value></value></value></value></pre>	Bad a24 board	
		Bad CPU board	

 TABLE 38-3
 tcxtest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6041	Random test failed in Long mode for DFB <value>, Offset:</value>	AFX bus error	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
	<pre><value>, Expected: <value> Observed:</value></value></pre>	Bad a24 board	
	<pre><value> conserved: <value> conserved: <value> conserved: </value></value></value></pre>	Bad CPU board	
6042	Pattern test failed in Dblword mode for DFB <value>, Offset:</value>	AFX bus error	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
	<pre><value>, Expected: <value></value></value></pre>	Bad a24 board	
	Observed: <value>, xor:<value></value></value>	Bad CPU board	
6043	Address test failed in Char mode for DFB <value>. Offset:</value>	AFX bus error	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
	<pre><value>, Expected: <value> Observed:</value></value></pre>	Bad a24 board	
	<pre><value> xor: <value></value></value></pre>	Bad CPU board	
6044	Address test failed in Short mode for DFB <value>, Offset: <value>, Expected: <value> Observed: <value> xor: <value></value></value></value></value></value>	AFX bus error	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
		Bad a24 board	
		Bad CPU board	
6045	Address test failed in Long mode for DFB <value>, Offset: <value>, Expected: <value> Observed: <value> xor: <value></value></value></value></value></value>	AFX bus error	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
		Bad a24 board	
		Bad CPU board	
6046	Address test failed in Dblword mode for DFB <value>, Offset: <value>, Expected: <value> Observed: <value> xor: value></value></value></value></value>	AFX bus error	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
		Bad a24 board	
		Bad CPU board	
6047	Verifying Double:word writes	AFX bus error	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
		Bad a24 board	
		Bad CPU board	

 TABLE 38-3
 tcxtest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
8000	Open failure for device <device name=""></device>	Driver not installed	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
		OS driver problem	
		AFX bus error	
8001	Pattern test failed in Long mode, Offset: <value>, Expected:</value>	Driver not installed	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
	<value> Observed: <value></value></value>	AFX bus error	
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Bad CPU board	
8002	can't acquire console semaphor	Not enough memory	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
		Not enough swap space	
8003	XCreateSimpleWindow failed	Not enough memory	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
		Not enough swap space	
8004	Multibuffering extension does not exists	Not enough memory	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
		Not enough swap space	
8005	Couldn't create enough buffers	Not enough memory	Examine system message files (/var/adm/messages) for other information.
		Not enough swap space	

Virtual Memory Test (vmem)

The vmem test checks virtual memory; that is, it tests the combination of physical memory and the swap partitions of the disk(s).

Note – This test may not stop immediately after being disabled.

This test uses the Solaris valloc (page aligned) system call to allocate, write, read, and compare virtual memory. These operations normally cause heavy paging activity on the system and simulates a stressful environment for the operating system. This test also detects ECC parity errors, memory read errors, addressing problems, and displays the corresponding virtual memory addresses on failure.

Handling Swap Space

Running this test puts a significant burden on the operating system, since it uses the majority of swap space available for testing. You should use the swap space reserve option to vmem when non-SunVTS test processes are started after SunVTS testing has started. See *Swap Space Requirements* in the *SunVTS User's Guide* for a complete discussion of swap space requirements.

vmem Options

kmem(vmem) Te	est Parameter Options	
Configuration: Total Swap: 225M	В	
Options:		
Mode:	Regular () Page	
Reserve:	A V [0	
Test Amount:	AY [0	
Contiguous Errors:	AV [10	
Processor Affinity:	Processor 0 Processor 2	
Instance: ▲▼ [1		
Apply Re	eset Cancel	

FIGURE 39-1 vmem Option Menu

TABLE 39-1 vmem Options

vmem Options	Description
vmem Configuration	The amount of memory listed in the configuration field is equivalent to the sum of the used and available swap space amounts returned by the swap -s command. It indicates the amount of virtual memory found, rounded up to the nearest Kbyte.
Test Amount	An amount can be specified to test the virtual memory, instead of the default. Specifying a number greater than the available memory, can cause vmem or other running tests to fail.
Mode	Two modes are available: - Regular mode tests the amount of memory and is limited by the amount of physical memory available to the system under test.
	-Page mode tests assign virtual memory one page at a time. Each page is mapped to the temporary file <code>/tmp/vmem.page</code> and is then paged out to storage once test data is written. Next, the temporary page is paged back into memory for a read and compare.
	When the stress test execution option is selected, vmem test allocates the entire assigned system memory (through valloc), writing from beginning to end. The memory is then read back and compared with the original pattern, one long word at a time.
Reserve	The Reserve option specifies the amount of memory to reserve from being tested by vmem. The reserved space is used for other processes running concurrently with the or SunVTS tests. The Reserve option can be used to reserve memory in addition to the default. This option applies only to a specific instance. Trying to reserve more memory than what is assigned to be tested by this instance will cause the test to fail

vmem Test Modes

This test is only available in the Functional test mode. In this mode, <code>vmem</code> test writes a pattern to an amount of virtual memory specified by the user. Then the data is read back and compared. If there is a miscompare, the data is read again and compared. Whenever there is a miscompare, the virtual address is reported. When there is a miscompare on recomparison, an attempt is made to convert the virtual address to the physical address if the SunVTS diagnostic driver is installed.

vmem Command Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/vmem standard_arguments -o mode=type, reserve=number, amount=number, bdinfo=number, cerr=number

TABLE 39-2 vmem Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation	
mode=type	Specifies which mode of the vmem test you want to run; you can choose between page mode, which tells the write/read memory test to proceed one system memory page at a time, and regular, which valloc's the entire assigned memory which is read and compared, one long word at a time.	
reserve= <i>number</i>	Specifies the amount of Mbytes of virtual memory to reserve in addition to the default amount.	
amount= <i>numbe</i> r	Specifies the number of Mbytes of memory to be tested instead of the default amount.	
bdinfo= <i>numbe</i> r	Provides the board number information for all the CPU/memory boards in the system. For example, if board 0 and board 5 have memory, then the $bdinfo=33$ ($2^{**}5+2^{**}0$).	
cerr=number	Specifies the maximum number of contiguous errors to be dumped when a memory error occurs.	

vmem Error Messages

TABLE 39-3 vmem Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6001	<pre>setrlimit(RLIMIT_DATA) failed to set to RLIM_INFINITY: <error_message></error_message></pre>	Failed to increase the size of test process' heap to 2GB (fatal error)	
6002	Test terminated after finding maximum number (<number>) of noncontiguous errors</number>	Fatal error	
6003	<pre>msync() failed: <error_message></error_message></pre>	Failed to synchronize memory with physical storage (fatal error)	
6004	Test terminated after finding miscompared data	Test failed (fatal error)	
8001	Test completed. Found %d noncontiguous miscompare errors	Suspect swap partition(s) (fatal error)	Consult your authorized Sun service provider.
		Suspect SCSI controller	
		Faulty system software	
8002	Increase swap space to allocate at least <number> MB from the process' heap</number>	Failed to increase mem process' heap storage	
8003	Attempt to reserve more than what's been assigned	Fatal error	Reduce the "reserve" amount.
8004	<pre>valloc(<address>) failed: <error_message></error_message></address></pre>	Fatal error	Increase swap space or reduce the reserve amount.
8005	<pre>Open(<file_name>) failed: <error_message></error_message></file_name></pre>	Failed to open the file <file_name> used in the "page" mode (fatal error)</file_name>	
8006	<pre>mmap() virtual address <address> to <file_name> failed: <error_message></error_message></file_name></address></pre>	Failed to map a region at the virtual address of the file <file_name> used in the "page" mode (fatal error)</file_name>	

 TABLE 39-3
 vmem Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
8007	<pre>munmap(<address>) failed: <error_message></error_message></address></pre>	Failed to unmap a region at the virtual address of the file <i><file_name></file_name></i> used in the "page" mode (fatal error)	
8008	<pre>close() failed on <file_name>: <error_message></error_message></file_name></pre>	Fatal error	
8009	Not enough space to store miscompare information	Failed to allocate space to store miscompare data (fatal error)	Increase swap space or reduce the load on the system
8010	swapctl() failed: <error_message></error_message>	Failed to obtain the amount of swap space configured in the system (fatal error)	

SBus Expansion Subsystem Test (xbtest)

xbtest verifies the functionality of the Sun SBus expansion subsystem (XBox) hardware and its peripherals. The SBus expansion subsystem can be used in two mutually exclusive modes: transparent and nontransparent. Transparent mode test checks SBus expansion subsystem peripherals, such as SBus cards and disk drives. Nontransparent mode test checks the actual expansion subsystem itself.

Note – Do not select the Nontransparent mode test if SBus cards are installed in the SBus expansion slots. Do not select transparent mode test if the SBus expansion slots are empty.

xbtest Modes

The xbtest modes are described in the following table:

TABLE 40-1 xbtest Modes

Mode	Description
Transparent Mode	In Transparent mode, wait_for_error test is used. When xbtest is invoked, a child process is created. The parent process waits for the child process to terminate and then it exits. The child process issues a WAIT_FOR_ERROR_PAK ioctl call and then enters sleep mode.
	When the device driver receives an error, it wakes up and passes an error packet to the child process. The child process dumps the contents of the error packet, and also exits.
	If the child process does not receive an error message before the end of the test period specified by the time option, it exits. The parent process then exits. The default value for the time option is one minute. If you do not specify another value for the time option, the default value is used in both regular and stress test modes.
Nontransparent Mode	In Nontransparent mode, self_diagnostic test is used. If you do not have an XBox SBus card in any slot of your system, you must add the following line to the /etc/system file: set xbox:xbox_no_cards_in_slot0=1
	After adding this line to /etc/system, reboot the machine using the $-r$ option. You can now run the nontransparent mode test of xbtest.
	This test checks the expansion subsystem hardware; the subtests are described below. The subtests, part of the diagnostic test, are repeated three times in both regular and stress test modes. Timeout checks are included to avoid indefinite hangs. If any test should fail, it does not result in a system panic; however, full recovery is not guaranteed.

To Do a Self Diagnostic Test

- 1. Reset your system using the <L1-A> or <Stop-A> keyboard commands.
- 2. Check for the expected value from the XAC register.
- 3. Run a DVMA XAC Interrupt test:
 - a. Create a DVMA transfer by asserting DVTE + INTT in control register 1 of XAC.
 - b. Wait for the interrupt.
 - c. Compare the error status packet with the expected values.
- 4. Run a DVMA XBC Interrupt test:
 - a. Create a DVMA transfer by asserting DVTE + INTT in control register 1 of XBC.
 - b. Wait for the interrupt.
 - c. Compare the error status packet with the expected values.

xbtest Options

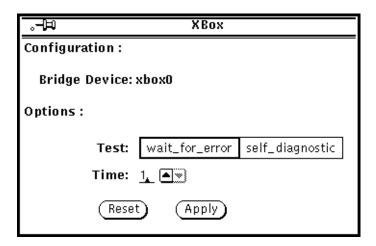


FIGURE 40-1 xbtest Option Menu

The top section of the xbtest Options menu displays the device name of the SBus Expansion Subsystem card being tested.

TABLE 40-2 xbtest Options

xbtest Options	Description
Test	Specifies self_diagnostic or wait_for_error test. See "Nontransparent Mode" on page 364 before running the self_diagnostic test.
Time	Specifies how long this xbtest waits for an error to be returned. You can change the xbtest time setting by selecting the text field and typing the number of minutes you want the test to run (minimum 1 minute; maximum 20 minutes).

xbtest Test Modes

This test is only available in the Functional test mode. A wait time of 10 seconds is used with the wait_for_error test if the XBox is in Transparent mode. If the XBox is in nontransparent mode, the subtests that are part of the self-diagnostic test are repeated three times.

xbtest Command Line Syntax

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/xbtest -o dev=xbox#,test=we/sd,time=test_time

TABLE 40-3 xbtest Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation	
dev=xbox#	Specifies the physical path name of the subsystem unit to be tested (.xbox#), where # is the instance number defined in path_to_inst(4). You need to search the /devices tree to find the physical pathname of the subsystem. Note: You must include the device_name path when running xbtest from the command line.	
time=test_time	Specifies how long this test waits for an error to be returned. Used only with the we option. Substitute <i>test_time</i> with the number of minutes you want xbtest to wait. The default is one minute.	

TABLE 40-3 xbtest Command Line Syntax

Argument	Explanation	
test=we/sd	we=specifies wait_for_error test. This option directs xbtest to run in transparent mode. This option runs xbtest continually until an error is returned, or until the time interval specified with the T=test_time option has ended	
	sd= specifies self_diagnostic test. This option is used in Nontransparent mode. See "Nontransparent Mode" on page 364, before running Nontransparent mode	

For example, to run xbtest, type:

/opt/SUNWvts/bin/xbtest -o dev=xbox0,test=we,time=2

xbtest Error Messages

TABLE 40-4 xbtest Error Messages

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6002	Incorrect options	Failed to increase the size of test process' heap to 2GB (fatal error).	
6003	<pre>XAC_WAIT_FOR_ERROR ioctl command fail (<error_message>)</error_message></pre>		
6004	<pre>XAC_CLEAR_WAIT_FOR_ERROR ioctl command fail (<error_message>)</error_message></pre>		
6005	<pre>XAC_WRITE0 ioctl command fail (<error_message>)</error_message></pre>		
6006	<pre>Failed to open /etc/ path_to_inst file (<error_message>)</error_message></pre>		
6007	<pre><device_name> invalid device name</device_name></pre>		
6008	<pre><device_name>'s instance number(%d) not in /etc/ path_to_inst file</device_name></pre>		

 TABLE 40-4
 xbtest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6009	error status dirty bit <number></number>	This bit is set to 0 when the XBox detects an error.	
6010	error status indicator <number></number>	This bit is set to 0 when the XBox detects an error.	
6011	expansion sbus slave selects 0x%x		
6012	parent master request %d		
6013	packet type %d		
6014	physical address info %d		
6015	sbus size %d		
6016	cable resend limit timeout error (dpr1)	This error is detected by the XBox controller.	
6017	cable parity error (dpr1)	This error is detected by the XBox controller.	
6018	expansion sbus read error (err ack)	The signal err ack is asserted on the expansion SBus by XBox slave while being read by an XBox master.	
6019	expansion sbus read error (rsvd ack)	The signal rsvd ack is asserted on the expansion SBus by XBox slave while being read by an XBox master.	
6020	expansion sbus read error (late error)	The signal rsvd ack is asserted on the expansion SBus by XBox slave while being read by an XBox master.	
6021	expansion sbus timeout error	XBox controller detects a timeout on the expansion SBus during a read or write to an XBox slave.	
6022	write 0 error		
6023	buffer write error (err ack)	The signal err ack is asserted on the expansion or host SBus while the XBox controller / XAdapter was performing a DVMA write.	

 TABLE 40-4
 xbtest Error Messages (Continued)

	Error Message	Probable Cause(s)	Recommended Action
6024	buffer write error (rsvd ack)	The signal rsvd ack is asserted on the expansion or host SBus while the XBox controller / XAdapter was performing a DVMA write.	
6025	buffer write error (late error)	The signal late error is asserted on the expansion or host SBus while the XBox controller / XAdapter was performing a DVMA write.	
6026	cable resend timeout error (dpr0)	This error is detected by the XAdapter controller.	
6027	cable ack timeout error	This error occurs when XAdapter does not detect cable acknowledgment.	
6028	cable parity error (dpr0)	This error is detected by the XAdapter controller.	
6029	cable serial interrupt parity error	This error is detected by the XAdapter controller.	
6030	child not ready error	This error indicates that the XBox controller can no longer communicate with the XAdapter.	
6031	<pre>XAC_GET_REG_VALUES ioctl command fail (<error_message>)</error_message></pre>		
6032	<pre>XAC_GET_ERROR_PKT ioctl command fail (<error_message>)</error_message></pre>		
6033	<pre>XAC_TRANSPARANT ioctl command fail (<error_message>)</error_message></pre>		
6034	<pre>XAC_NON_TRANSPARANT ioctl command fail (<error_message>)</error_message></pre>		
8003	<pre>XAC_NON_TRANSPARANT ioctl command fail (<error_message>)</error_message></pre>		
8004	<pre>XAC_REG_CHECK ioctl command fail (<error_message>)</error_message></pre>		



Loopback Connectors

Loopback connectors are designed for the testing of communication ports. They take the form of either a single plug or a port-to-port cable with some communication connections shorted (looped-back).

Note – Loopback connectors must be wired properly and connected firmly for the Serial Port tests to work correctly. Miswired, poorly soldered, or missing loopback connectors can cause erroneous diagnostic error messages.

TABLE A-1 depicts the pin assignments for most loopback plugs and cables that may be used when testing a system.

TABLE A-1 Pin Connections for Loopback Plugs

Signal Description	EIA	CCITT#	RS-449 "A" "I		DIN 8 8-pin round	DB9 9-pin	DB25 25-pin	Direction	Alpha ID
Chassis/Frame Ground	AA	101	1	NC*	NC*	NC*	1	none	AA
Transmit Data (TxDa)	BA	103	4	22	3	3	2	output	BA
Receive Data (RxDa)	ВВ	104	6	24	5	2	3	input	BB
Request To Send (RTSa)	CA	105	7	25	6	7	4	output	CA
Clear To Send (CTSa)	СВ	106	9	27	2	8	5	input	СВ
Data Set Ready (DSRa)	СС	107	11	29	NC*	6	6	input/ output	СС

 TABLE A-1
 Pin Connections for Loopback Plugs (Continued)

Signal Description	EIA	CCITT #	RS-449		DIN 8 8-pin round	DB9 9-pin	DB25 25-pin	Direction	Alpha ID
Signal Ground (SG)	AB	102	19	NC*	4	5	7	none	AB
Data Carrier Detect (DCDa)	CF	109	13	31	7	1	8	input	CF
Transmit Clock In (TRxCa)	DB	114	5	23	NC*	NC*	15	input	DB
Receive Clock in (RTxCa)	DD	115	8	26	8	NC*	17	input	DD
Data Terminal Ready (DTRa)	CD	108	12	30	1	4	20	output	CD
External Clock Out (TRxCa)	DA	113	17	35	NC*	NC*	24	output	DA
Secondary Data Carrier Detect (DCDb)	SCF	122	NC*	NC*	NC*	NC*	12	input	SCF
Secondary Clear to Send (CTSb)	SCB	121	NC*	NC*	NC*	NC*	13	input	SCB
Secondary Transmit Data (TxDb)	SBA	118	NC*	NC*	NC*	NC*	14	output	SBA
Secondary Receive Data (RxDb)	SBB	119	NC*	NC*	NC*	NC*	16	input	SBB
Secondary Request to Send (RTSb)	SC A	120	NC*	NC*	NC*	NC*	19	output	SCA

NC = No connection

25-Pin RS-232 Loopback Plug

The RS-232 and RS-423 single-port loopback plug is a specially wired male DB-25 connector. It is plugged in to a serial port in the back of the system under test. The wiring is shown in FIGURE A-1.

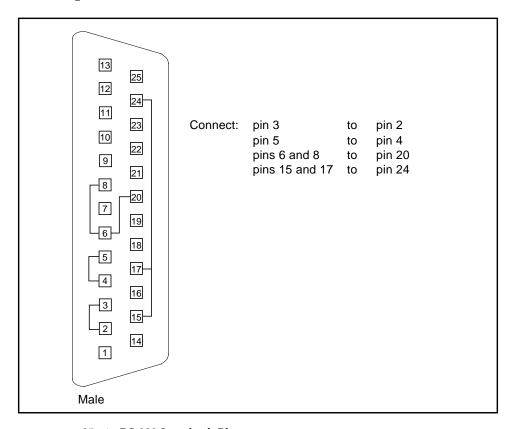


FIGURE A-1 25-pin RS-232 Loopback Plug

25-pin RS-232 Port-to-Port Loopback Cable

Use these wiring directions for 25-pin RS-232 and RS-423 port to 25-pin RS 232 and RS 423 port loopback cables (two DB-25 connections). It is plugged into a pair of serial ports in the back of the system under test. Both connectors are male. The wiring is shown in FIGURE A-2.

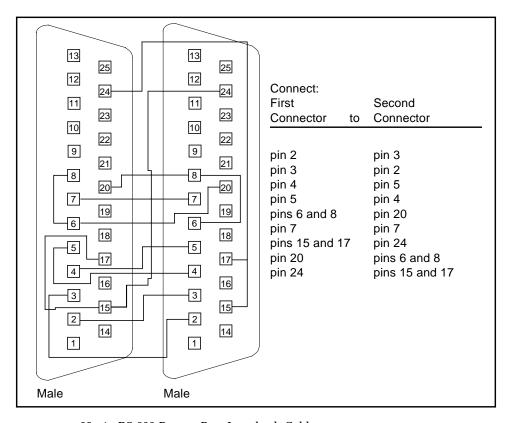


FIGURE A-2 25-pin RS-232 Port-to-Port Loopback Cable

8-Pin to 8-Pin Loopback Cable

Use these wiring directions for 8-pin round DIN RS-232 port to RS-423 to 8-pin round-DIN RS-232 and RS-423 port loopback cable (see FIGURE A-3). Both connectors are male.

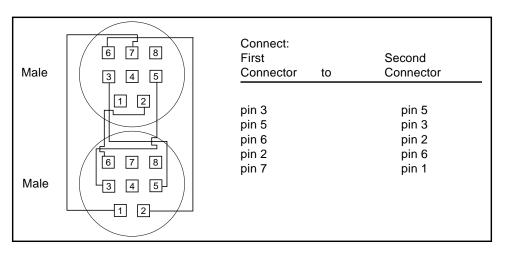


FIGURE A-3 8-Pin to 8-Pin Loopback Cable

Pin 8, Receive clock In (DD), remains unconnected.

8-Pin Loopback Plug

Use these wiring directions for male 8-pin round-DIN RS-232 and RS-423 Single port loopback plugs (see FIGURE A-4).

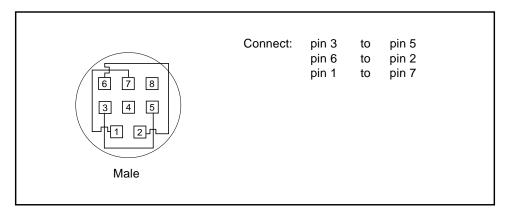


FIGURE A-4 8-Pin Loopback Plug

Pin 8, Receive Clock In (DD), remains unconnected.

25-pin Port A-to-Port B Loopback Plug

Use these wiring directions for a 25-pin Port A to Port B loopback plug for most systems (see FIGURE A-5).

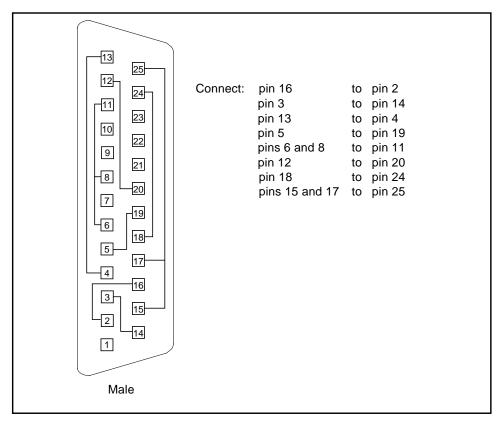


FIGURE A-5 Port A-to-Port B Loopback Plug

25-pin Port A-to-A Port B-to-B Loopback Plug

If your system has a single communication port to connect it to peripherals, use these wiring instructions for making a male 25-pin loopback plug for that communication port (see FIGURE A-6):

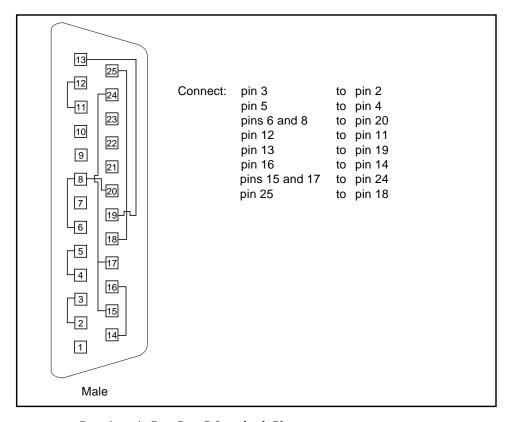


FIGURE A-6 Port A-to-A, Port B-to-B Loopback Plug

96-Pin Female Loopback Connector

This 96-pin connector (see FIGURE A-7) can be ordered from Sun Microsystems (Part Number 370-1366).

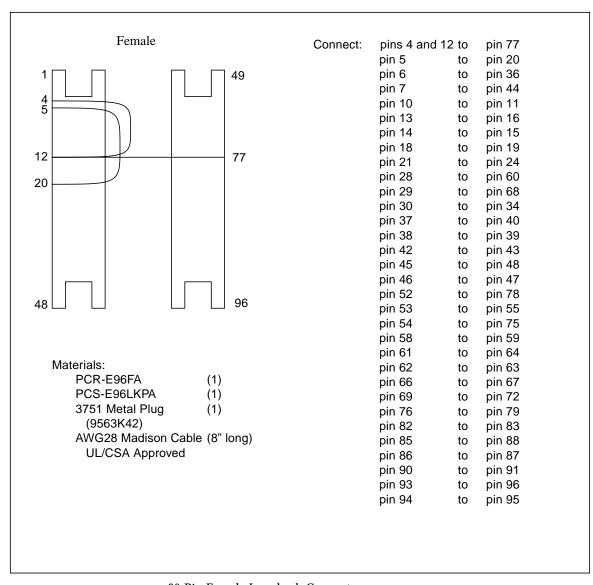


FIGURE A-7 96-Pin Female Loopback Connector

96-Pin Female Special Loopback Connector

This 96-pin connector (see FIGURE A-8) can be ordered from Sun Microsystems (Part Number 370-1381).

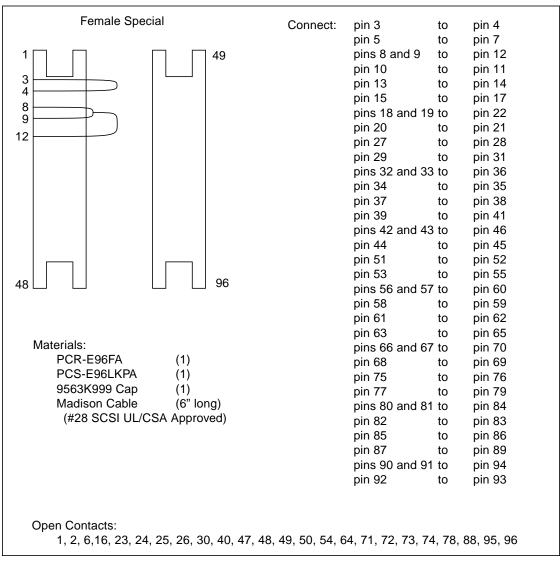


FIGURE A-8 96-Pin Female Special Loopback Connector

37-Pin RS-449 Loopback Cable

Use these wiring instructions for a loopback cable for two 37-pin RS-449 synchronous ports (see FIGURE A-9).

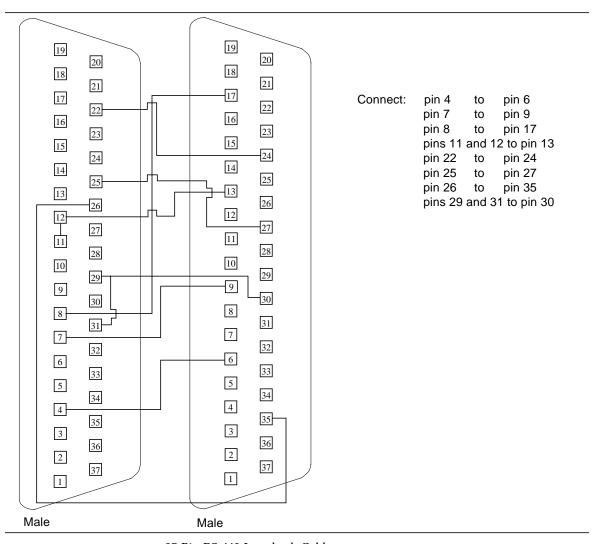


FIGURE A-9 37-Pin RS-449 Loopback Cable

37-Pin RS-449 Loopback Plug

Use these wiring instructions for making a male 37-pin RS-449 loopback plug (see FIGURE A-10). This connector is also available from Sun (Part Number 530-1430).

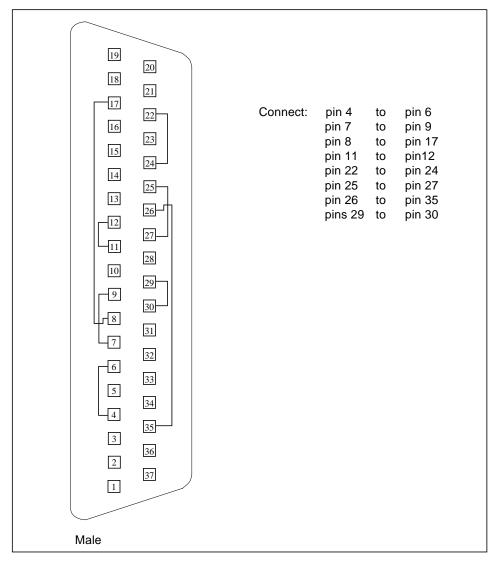


FIGURE A-10 37-Pin RS-449 Loopback Plug

9-pin Male Single-port Loopback Plug

Use these wiring directions for male 9-pin RS-232 and RS-423 single-port loopback plugs (see FIGURE A-11):

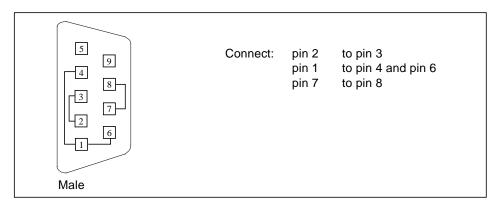


FIGURE A-11 9-Pin Male Single-port Loopback Plug

9-pin Female Single-port Loopback Plug

Use these wiring directions for female 9-pin RS-232 and RS-423 single-port loopback plugs (see FIGURE A-12):

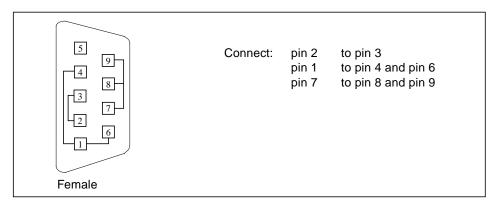


FIGURE A-12 9-Pin Female Single-port Loopback Plug

9-Pin to 25-Pin Port-to-Port Loopback Cable

Use these wiring directions for a 9-pin RS-232 and RS-423 port to 25-pin RS-232 and RS 423 port loopback cables (see FIGURE A-13). Both connectors are male.

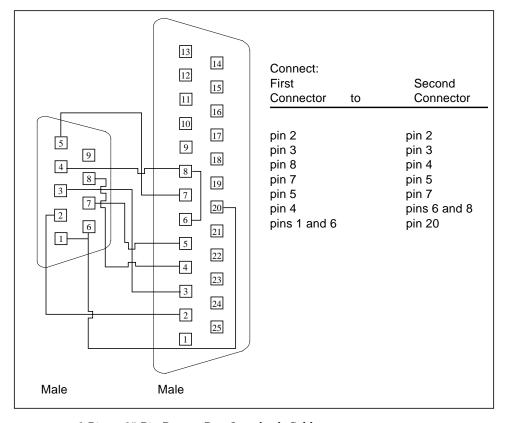


FIGURE A-13 9-Pin to 25-Pin Port-to-Port Loopback Cable

9-Pin to 9-Pin Port-to-Port Loopback Cable

Use these wiring directions for 9-pin RS-232 and RS 423 port to 9-pin RS-232 and RS-423 port loopback cables (see FIGURE A-14). Both connectors are male.

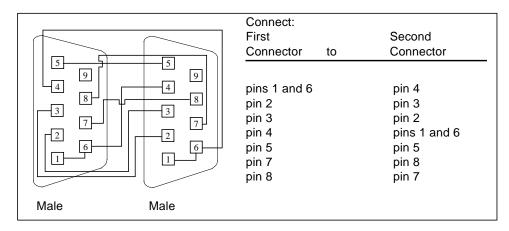


FIGURE A-14 9-Pin to 9-Pin Port-to-Port Loopback Cable

Please note that this cable has no Sun part number assigned to it.

NT to TE Loopback Cable

Using two standard RJ45 connectors, and connect pin1 to pin1, pin 2 to pin 2, and so on, for all pins. This loopback is a "straight-through" connection.

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